

Price: \$6.25

**MODELS 92200/93200 SERIES  
TIME-MULTIPLEXED  
COMMUNICATION CHANNELS  
(TMCC)  
Technical Manual**

SDS 900685C

September 1965



SCIENTIFIC DATA SYSTEMS/1649 Seventeenth Street/Santa Monica, California/UP 1-0960

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Section |  | Page |
|---------|--|------|
| I       | GENERAL DESCRIPTION  |      |
| 1.1     | General. . . . .   | 1-1  |
| 1.5     | Purpose of Option . . . . .                                | 1-1  |
| 1.7     | Description and Leading Particulars . . . . .              | 1-1  |
| 1.10    | Physical Description. . . . .                              | 1-4  |
| 1.12    | TMCC Models 922XX. . . . .                                 | 1-4  |
| 1.14    | One Channel Configuration . . . . .                        | 1-4  |
| 1.16    | Two Channel Configuration . . . . .                        | 1-5  |
| 1.18    | Three Channel Configuration . . . . .                      | 1-5  |
| 1.20    | Four Channel Configuration . . . . .                       | 1-5  |
| 1.22    | TMCC Models 932XX. . . . .                                 | 1-5  |
| 1.24    | One Channel Configuration . . . . .                        | 1-5  |
| 1.26    | Two Channel Configuration . . . . .                        | 1-5  |
| 1.28    | Three Channel Configuration . . . . .                      | 1-5  |
| 1.30    | Four Channel Configuration . . . . .                       | 1-5  |
| 1.32    | Semiconductor Complement . . . . .                         | 1-5  |
| 1.34    | Interlace Feature. . . . .                                 | 1-5  |
| II      | PROGRAMMING  |      |
| 2.1     | Purpose . . . . .  | 2-1  |
| 2.3     | General Operation . . . . .                                | 2-1  |
| 2.11    | Direct Parallel Input/Output . . . . .                     | 2-1  |
| 2.13    | Single-Bit Input/Output . . . . .                          | 2-1  |
| 2.15    | Primary Input/Output Instructions . . . . .                | 2-1  |
| 2.16    | Energize Output M (EOM). . . . .                           | 2-2  |
| 2.24    | Skip If Signal Not Set (SKS) . . . . .                     | 2-3  |
| 2.30    | Communication Channel Input/Output . . . . .               | 2-3  |
| 2.31    | General Information. . . . .                               | 2-3  |
| 2.42    | Communication Channel Description . . . . .                | 2-4  |
| 2.45    | Time-Multiplexed Channel Registers . . . . .               | 2-4  |
| 2.51    | Interlace Registers. . . . .                               | 2-5  |
| 2.56    | Communication Channel Programming. . . . .                 | 2-5  |
| 2.58    | Standard EOM Channel Instructions . . . . .                | 2-6  |
| 2.60    | Alert Channel (ALC) . . . . .                              | 2-6  |
| 2.62    | Disconnect Channel (DSC). . . . .                          | 2-6  |
| 2.64    | Alert to Store Address From Channel (ASC) . . . . .        | 2-6  |
| 2.68    | Terminate Output of Channel (TOP). . . . .                 | 2-7  |
| 2.71    | Compatible/Extended Input/Output Modes . . . . .           | 2-7  |
| 2.78    | Input/Output Class EOM . . . . .                           | 2-7  |
| 2.80    | Terminal Functions; Extended Mode . . . . .                | 2-8  |
| 2.82    | Input/Output of a Record and Disconnect (IORD) . . . . .   | 2-9  |
| 2.83    | Input . . . . .  | 2-9  |
| 2.85    | Output . . . . .   | 2-9  |
| 2.89    | Input/Output Until Signal Then Disconnect (IOSD) . . . . . | 2-9  |
| 2.90    | Input . . . . .  | 2-9  |
| 2.92    | Output . . . . .   | 2-9  |
| 2.94    | Input/Output of a Record and Proceed (IORP) . . . . .      | 2-9  |
| 2.95    | Input . . . . .  | 2-9  |
| 2.99    | Output . . . . .   | 2-10 |
| 2.105   | Input/Output Until Signal Then Proceed (IOSP) . . . . .    | 2-10 |
| 2.106   | Input . . . . .  | 2-10 |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

| Section |   | Page |
|---------|---|------|
| 2.109   | Output . . . . .  | 2-10 |
| 2.112   | Channel and Device SKS. . . . .                               | 2-11 |
| 2.114   | Channel Tests. . . . .  | 2-11 |
| 2.115   | Standard SKS Instructions . . . . .                           | 2-11 |
| 2.117   | Channel Active Test (CAT) . . . . .                           | 2-11 |
| 2.121   | Channel Error Test (CET) . . . . .                            | 2-11 |
| 2.125   | Channel Zero Count Test (CZI) . . . . .                       | 2-12 |
| 2.128   | Channel Inter-Record Test (CIT) . . . . .                     | 2-12 |
| 2.131   | Device Tests. . . . .   | 2-12 |
| 2.133   | Single-Word Data Transfer Via Channels W (A) and Y . . . . .  | 2-13 |
| 2.134   | Instructions . . . . .  | 2-13 |
| 2.137   | Memory Into Channel W When Empty (MIW) . . . . .              | 2-13 |
| 2.140   | Channel W Into Memory When Full (WIM) . . . . .               | 2-13 |
| 2.142   | Memory Into Channel Y When Empty (MIY) . . . . .              | 2-13 |
| 2.144   | Channel Y Into Memory When Full (YIM) . . . . .               | 2-13 |
| 2.146   | Memory Into Channel A When Empty (MIA) . . . . .              | 2-13 |
| 2.148   | Channel A Into Memory When Full (AIM) . . . . .               | 2-13 |
| 2.150   | Single-Word Operations . . . . .                              | 2-13 |
| III     | THEORY OF OPERATION   |      |
| 3.1     | General. . . . .  | 3-1  |
| 3.7     | Character Buffer . . . . .                                    | 3-1  |
| 3.9     | Word Assembly Register . . . . .                              | 3-1  |
| 3.11    | Unit Address Register . . . . .                               | 3-1  |
| 3.13    | Word Counter . . . . .  | 3-1  |
| 3.15    | Address Counter. . . . .                                      | 3-1  |
| 3.17    | Input Process. . . . .  | 3-3  |
| 3.23    | Output Process . . . . .                                      | 3-3  |
| 3.27    | Parity . . . . .  | 3-3  |
| 3.29    | TMCC and Interlace Configuration. . . . .                     | 3-3  |
| 3.31    | Detailed Description. . . . .                                 | 3-3  |
| 3.34    | Pulse Counter . . . . .                                       | 3-3  |
| 3.39    | Input/Output Processing . . . . .                             | 3-4  |
| 3.43    | W Register . . . . .  | 3-6  |
| 3.53    | Input Process (W9 true) . . . . .                             | 3-9  |
| 3.78    | Output Process (W9 true) . . . . .                            | 3-24 |
| 3.91    | SYS Gate. . . . .   | 3-31 |
| 3.94    | Skip Gate . . . . .   | 3-36 |
| 3.102   | Interlace, Compatible Mode (Time Share) . . . . .             | 3-36 |
| 3.131   | Interlace, Extended Mode (Time Share). . . . .                | 3-46 |
| 3.134   | IORD - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-48 |
| 3.135   | Output . . . . .  | 3-48 |
| 3.140   | IOSD - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-50 |
| 3.141   | Output . . . . .  | 3-50 |
| 3.144   | IORP - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-50 |
| 3.145   | Output . . . . .  | 3-50 |
| 3.152   | IOSP - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-52 |
| 3.153   | Output . . . . .  | 3-52 |
| 3.158   | IORD - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-53 |
| 3.159   | Input. . . . .  | 3-53 |
| 3.164   | IOSD - $I_{wg} \overline{I_{wh}} \overline{I_{wi}}$ . . . . . | 3-54 |
| 3.165   | Input. . . . .  | 3-54 |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

| Section |  | Page |
|---------|--|------|
| 3.168   | IORP - Iwg Iwh $\overline{\text{Iwi}}$ . . . . . | 3-55 |
| 3.169   | Input. . . . .                                   | 3-55 |
| 3.176   | IOSP - Iwg Iwh Iwi . . . . .                     | 3-57 |
| 3.177   | Input . . . . .                                  | 3-57 |
| 3.180   | Pin Address Counter . . . . .                    | 3-57 |
| 3.184   | Glossary of Logic Terms . . . . .                | 3-58 |
| 3.185   | Logic Equations. . . . .                         | 3-61 |
| 3.186   | Pulse Counter . . . . .                          | 3-61 |
| 3.187   | Buc, Ioc, Sys, Etc. . . . .                      | 3-61 |
| 3.188   | CPU Signals Received. . . . .                    | 3-61 |
| 3.189   | Input/Output Signals Generated . . . . .         | 3-62 |
| 3.190   | CPU Signals Generated. . . . .                   | 3-62 |
| 3.191   | TMCC Signals Received . . . . .                  | 3-64 |
| 3.192   | Input/Output Signals Received. . . . .           | 3-64 |
| 3.193   | TMCC Signals Generated . . . . .                 | 3-64 |
| 3.194   | Logic Equations For W Buffer . . . . .           | 3-64 |
| 3.195   | Unit Address Register . . . . .                  | 3-64 |
| 3.196   | Input/Output . . . . .                           | 3-64 |
| 3.197   | Clear and Set Signals. . . . .                   | 3-64 |
| 3.198   | Clock Counter . . . . .                          | 3-64 |
| 3.199   | Character Counter . . . . .                      | 3-64 |
| 3.200   | Character Counter Even . . . . .                 | 3-64 |
| 3.201   | Halt Interlock. . . . .                          | 3-64 |
| 3.202   | Computer Interlock . . . . .                     | 3-64 |
| 3.203   | End-of-Record Detector . . . . .                 | 3-65 |
| 3.204   | Halt Interlock. . . . .                          | 3-65 |
| 3.205   | Signal Complete . . . . .                        | 3-65 |
| 3.206   | Interrupt Signals . . . . .                      | 3-65 |
| 3.207   | WIM + MIW Interlock = . . . . .                  | 3-65 |
| 3.208   | Load Buffer From C . . . . .                     | 3-65 |
| 3.209   | Time Share Request . . . . .                     | 3-65 |
| 3.210   | Time Share Select . . . . .                      | 3-65 |
| 3.211   | Time Share Priority . . . . .                    | 3-65 |
| 3.212   | W Register. . . . .                              | 3-65 |
| 3.213   | Character Buffer . . . . .                       | 3-66 |
| 3.214   | Character Buffer Extended to 12 Bits . . . . .   | 3-66 |
| 3.215   | Character Buffer Extended to 24 Bits . . . . .   | 3-66 |
| 3.216   | Parity Flip-Flop . . . . .                       | 3-67 |
| 3.217   | Error Detector. . . . .                          | 3-67 |
| 3.218   | Interlace Prepare. . . . .                       | 3-67 |
| 3.219   | Interlace Clear. . . . .                         | 3-67 |
| 3.220   | Interlace Load . . . . .                         | 3-67 |
| 3.221   | Interlace Active . . . . .                       | 3-67 |
| 3.222   | Zero Count . . . . .                             | 3-67 |
| 3.223   | Interlace Count Trigger. . . . .                 | 3-67 |
| 3.224   | Interlace Counter Clock Enables. . . . .         | 3-67 |
| 3.225   | Extend Operations. . . . .                       | 3-67 |
| 3.226   | Channel Command Interrupt Enables. . . . .       | 3-68 |
| 3.227   | Channel Command Register . . . . .               | 3-68 |
| 3.228   | Word Counter . . . . .                           | 3-68 |
| 3.229   | Address Counter . . . . .                        | 3-68 |
| 3.230   | PIN Address Counter . . . . .                    | 3-69 |



## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

| Section |   | Page |
|---------|---|------|
| 3.231   | Skip Gate . . . . .                               | 3-69 |
| 3.232   | Input/Output Signals Received . . . . .           | 3-69 |
| 3.233   | Input/Output Signals Generated . . . . .          | 3-69 |
| 3.234   | Logic Equations For Y Buffer . . . . .            | 3-69 |
| 3.235   | Unit Address Register . . . . .                   | 3-69 |
| 3.236   | Input/Output . . . . .                            | 3-69 |
| 3.237   | Clear and Set Signals . . . . .                   | 3-70 |
| 3.238   | Clock Counter . . . . .                           | 3-70 |
| 3.239   | Character Counter . . . . .                       | 3-70 |
| 3.240   | Character Counter Even . . . . .                  | 3-70 |
| 3.241   | Halt Interlock . . . . .                          | 3-70 |
| 3.242   | Computer Interlock . . . . .                      | 3-70 |
| 3.243   | End-of-Record Detector . . . . .                  | 3-70 |
| 3.244   | Halt Detector . . . . .                           | 3-71 |
| 3.245   | Signal Complete . . . . .                         | 3-71 |
| 3.246   | Interrupt Signals . . . . .                       | 3-71 |
| 3.247   | YIM + MIY Interlock = . . . . .                   | 3-71 |
| 3.248   | Load Buffer From C . . . . .                      | 3-71 |
| 3.249   | Time Share Request . . . . .                      | 3-71 |
| 3.250   | Time Share Select . . . . .                       | 3-71 |
| 3.251   | Time Share Priority . . . . .                     | 3-71 |
| 3.252   | Y Register . . . . .                              | 3-71 |
| 3.253   | Character Buffer Extended to 12 Bits . . . . .    | 3-71 |
| 3.254   | Character Buffer . . . . .                        | 3-71 |
| 3.255   | Character Buffer Extended to 24 Bits . . . . .    | 3-71 |
| 3.256   | Parity Flip-Flop . . . . .                        | 3-72 |
| 3.257   | Error Detector . . . . .                          | 3-72 |
| 3.258   | Interlace Prepare . . . . .                       | 3-72 |
| 3.259   | Interlace Clear . . . . .                         | 3-73 |
| 3.260   | Interlace Load . . . . .                          | 3-73 |
| 3.261   | Interlace Active . . . . .                        | 3-73 |
| 3.262   | Zero Count . . . . .                              | 3-73 |
| 3.263   | Interlace Count Trigger . . . . .                 | 3-73 |
| 3.264   | Interlace Counter Clock Enables . . . . .         | 3-73 |
| 3.265   | Extend Operations . . . . .                       | 3-74 |
| 3.266   | Channel Command Interrupt Enables . . . . .       | 3-74 |
| 3.267   | Channel Command Register . . . . .                | 3-74 |
| 3.268   | Word Counter . . . . .                            | 3-74 |
| 3.269   | Address Counter . . . . .                         | 3-74 |
| 3.270   | Pin Address Counter . . . . .                     | 3-74 |
| 3.271   | Skip Gate . . . . .                               | 3-74 |
| 3.272   | Input/Output Signals Received . . . . .           | 3-74 |
| 3.273   | Input/Output Signals Generated . . . . .          | 3-75 |
| IV      | INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE                      |      |
| 4.1     | General . . . . .                                 | 4-1  |
| 4.3     | Installation . . . . .                            | 4-1  |
| 4.5     | Interconnecting . . . . .                         | 4-1  |
| 4.9     | 925/930 Computer W Channel Test Program . . . . . | 4-1  |
| 4.11    | 9300 Computer A Channel Test Program . . . . .    | 4-1  |
| 4.13    | Module Location . . . . .                         | 4-1  |
| 4.15    | Maintenance . . . . .                             | 4-1  |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

| Section |  | Page |
|---------|--|------|
| 4.17    | Periodic Inspection . . . . .                                  | 4-1  |
| 4.19    | Corrective Maintenance . . . . .                               | 4-1  |
| 4.21    | Input/Output Signals and Timing Relationships . . . . .        | 4-1  |
| 4.24    | Qq1, Qq2, and Qq3 . . . . .                                    | 4-9  |
| 4.26    | Eom, Buc, Ioc, Sys . . . . .                                   | 4-9  |
| 4.31    | Pin, Rt, Cdn, Rti . . . . .                                    | 4-10 |
| 4.34    | Pot 1, Pot 2, Rt, Cn . . . . .                                 | 4-11 |
| 4.37    | Skss, Ssc . . . . .  | 4-12 |
| 4.40    | Test Programs . . . . .  | 4-13 |
| 4.42    | Extended Mode I/O Test Program For 925/930 Computers . . . . . | 4-13 |
| 4.45    | Fill . . . . .   | 4-13 |
| 4.47    | Operation . . . . .  | 4-13 |
| 4.51    | Punching . . . . .   | 4-14 |
| 4.55    | Reading . . . . .  | 4-14 |
| 4.57    | Test Program . . . . .   | 4-14 |
| 4.59    | Extended Mode I/O Test Program For 9300 Computer . . . . .     | 4-14 |
| 4.62    | Fill . . . . .   | 4-14 |
| 4.64    | Operation . . . . .  | 4-35 |
| 4.68    | Punching . . . . .   | 4-35 |
| 4.72    | Reading . . . . .  | 4-35 |
| 4.74    | Test Program . . . . .   | 4-36 |
| V       | TROUBLESHOOTING  |      |
| 5.1     | General . . . . .  | 5-1  |
| 5.4     | Test Program Flow Chart . . . . .                              | 5-1  |
| 5.6     | Flow Chart Example . . . . .                                   | 5-1  |
| 5.13    | Troubleshooting Information . . . . .                          | 5-15 |
| 5.16    | Troubleshooting . . . . .                                      | 5-15 |
| VI      | DRAWINGS   |      |
| 6.1     | General . . . . .  | 6-1  |
| 6.3     | Scope of Section . . . . .                                     | 6-1  |

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

| Number | Title  | Page |
|--------|--|------|
| 1-1    | TMCC Configuration, Models 922XX . . . . .                                     | 1-2  |
| 1-2    | TMCC Configuration, Models 932XX . . . . .                                     | 1-3  |
| 3-1    | Time Multiplexed Communication Channel With Interlace, Block Diagram . . . . . | 3-2  |
| 3-2    | TMCC Information Flow Diagram, Input/Output (6 Bit) . . . . .                  | 3-5  |
| 3-3    | Precession Loop and Input Parity Checking Logic . . . . .                      | 3-7  |
| 3-4    | Input Clock Timing Charts (Typical) . . . . .                                  | 3-10 |
| 3-5    | Input Clock Timing Charts . . . . .  | 3-11 |
| 3-6    | Input Timing Chart (Two Characters Per Word) . . . . .                         | 3-13 |
| 3-7    | Data Transfer From W Register to C Register . . . . .                          | 3-15 |
| 3-8    | Information Flow Diagram - Phototape . . . . .                                 | 3-16 |
| 3-9    | Termination Timing A - Phototype Input . . . . .                               | 3-18 |

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Continued)

| Number |  | Page |
|--------|--|------|
| 3-10   | Termination Timing B - Phototype Input . . . . .   | 3-19 |
| 3-11   | Information Flow Diagram - Magnetic Tape . . . . .   | 3-21 |
| 3-12   | Input Timing - Magnetic Tape . . . . .   | 3-22 |
| 3-13   | Input Termination Timing - Magnetic Tape . . . . .   | 3-23 |
| 3-14   | Forward Scan Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape . . . . .  | 3-25 |
| 3-15   | Reverse Scan Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape . . . . .  | 3-26 |
| 3-16   | Output Information Flow Diagram . . . . .  | 3-27 |
| 3-17   | Output Timing Chart 1 . . . . .  | 3-29 |
| 3-18   | Output Timing Chart 2 . . . . .  | 3-30 |
| 3-19   | Output Termination Timing (Except Magnetic Tape) . . . . .   | 3-32 |
| 3-20   | Output Termination Timing - Magnetic Tape . . . . .  | 3-33 |
| 3-21   | Output Timing Chart - Punch . . . . .  | 3-34 |
| 3-22   | Output Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape . . . . .  | 3-35 |
| 3-23   | Information Flow - Interlace Operation . . . . .   | 3-38 |
| 3-24   | Interlace Word Counter - Typical Clock Input . . . . .   | 3-39 |
| 3-25   | Relationship of Instruction Bits to Address and Word Counter Bits . . . . .  | 3-40 |
| 3-26   | Interlace Register Loading Time Chart . . . . .  | 3-41 |
| 3-27   | Interlace Word Transfer Timing Chart . . . . .   | 3-43 |
| 3-28   | Interlace Input/Output Timing Chart . . . . .  | 3-44 |
| 3-29   | Interlace Output Timing Chart . . . . .  | 3-45 |
| 3-30   | Input Termination Timing Chart - Interlace (Compatible Mode) . . . . .   | 3-47 |
| 4-1    | Model 93200 TMCC, Intercabling Diagram . . . . .   | 4-2  |
| 4-2    | Model 93221 TMCC, Intercabling Diagram . . . . .   | 4-3  |
| 4-3    | Power Distribution Diagram . . . . .   | 4-4  |
| 4-4    | Module Location Diagram . . . . .  | 4-5  |
| 4-5    | Input/Output Signal Location Diagram . . . . .   | 4-6  |
| 4-6    | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Qq1}$ , $\overline{Qq2}$ , $\overline{Qq3}$ . . . . .  | 4-9  |
| 4-7    | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Eom}$ , $\overline{Buc}$ , $\overline{Ioc}$ , $\overline{Sys}$ . . . . .                                     | 4-9  |
| 4-8    | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pin}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cdn}$ , $\overline{Rti}$ . . . . .                                      | 4-10 |
| 4-9    | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pin}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cdn}$ , $\overline{Rti}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , Initially False . . . . .  | 4-10 |
| 4-10   | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pin}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cdn}$ , $\overline{Rti}$ , Effects of Time-Share . . . . .              | 4-11 |
| 4-11   | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pot1}$ , $\overline{Pot2}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cn}$ . . . . .                                     | 4-11 |
| 4-12   | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pot1}$ , $\overline{Pot2}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cn}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , Initially False . . . . . | 4-11 |
| 4-13   | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Pot1}$ , $\overline{Pot2}$ , $\overline{Rt}$ , $\overline{Cn}$ , Effects of Time-Share . . . . .             | 4-12 |
| 4-14   | 930/9300 Timing Diagram, $\overline{Skss}$ , $\overline{Cn}$ , $\overline{Ssc}$ . . . . .  | 4-12 |
| 5-1    | Test Program Flow Chart . . . . .  | 5-2  |

## LIST OF TABLES

| Table |   | Page |
|-------|---|------|
| 1-1   | TMCC Models . . . . .                       | 1-1  |
| 1-2   | Applicable Publications . . . . .           | 1-1  |
| 1-3   | Models 922XX Module Complement . . . . .    | 1-4  |
| 1-4   | Models 923XX Module Complement . . . . .    | 1-6  |
| 3-1   | Pulse Counter Truth Table . . . . .         | 3-4  |
| 3-2   | Value of Parity Timing Signal Qw1 . . . . . | 3-14 |

## LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

| Table |   | Page |
|-------|---|------|
| 3-3   | Value of Qw2 Parity Timing Signal . . . . .                 | 3-28 |
| 3-4   | Interlace Extended - Mode Terminal Functions . . . . .      | 3-49 |
| 4-1   | 924/930 Computers, W Channel Sample Test Program . . . . .  | 4-7  |
| 4-2   | 9300 Computer, A Channel Sample Test Program . . . . .      | 4-8  |
| 4-3   | 925/930 Computers Breakpoint Switch Functions . . . . .     | 4-13 |
| 4-4   | 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program . . . . . | 4-15 |
| 4-5   | 9300 Computer Breakpoint Switch Functions . . . . .         | 4-35 |
| 4-6   | 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program . . . . .     | 4-37 |
| 5-1   | IOSP Output Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .              | 5-15 |
| 5-2   | IORD Output Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .              | 5-16 |
| 5-3   | IOSD Output Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .              | 5-16 |
| 5-4   | IORD Output Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .              | 5-17 |
| 5-5   | IOSP Input Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .               | 5-17 |
| 5-6   | IORP Input Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .               | 5-18 |
| 5-7   | IOSD Input Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .               | 5-18 |
| 5-8   | IORD Input Functions, W (A) Channel . . . . .               | 5-19 |
| 5-9   | Output Functions, Y Channel . . . . .                       | 5-19 |
| 5-10  | Input Functions, Y Channel . . . . .                        | 5-20 |

## SECTION I GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 GENERAL

1.2 This publication provides information relating to the Time-Multiplexed Communication Channel option manufactured by Scientific Data Systems, 1649 Seventeenth Street, Santa Monica, California.

1.3 In this publication, the Time-Multiplexed Communication Channel option is referred to as "TMCC". The models covered, with their description and the figure references, are listed in table 1-1.

Table 1-1. TMCC Models

| Model | Description  | Channel Used     | Figure |
|-------|--|------------------|--------|
| 92200 | 6-bit characters with interlace                    | W(A), C          | 1-1    |
| 92210 | 6-bit characters with interlace                    | Y(B), D          | 1-1    |
| 92201 | 12-bit characters with interlace                   | C                | 1-1    |
| 92211 | 12-bit characters with interlace                   | D                | 1-1    |
| 92202 | 24-bit characters with interlace                   | C                | 1-1    |
| 92212 | 24-bit characters with interlace                   | D                | 1-1    |
| 93200 | 6-bit characters without interlace, single channel | W(A), C          | 1-2    |
| 91210 | Interlace option for Model 93200                   |                  |        |
| 93201 | 12-bit character extension option for Model 93200  |                  |        |
| 93202 | 24-bit character extension option for Model 93200  |                  |        |
| 93221 | 6-bit characters without interlace, two channels   | W + Y<br>(A + B) | 1-2    |
| 91210 | Interlace option for either channel of Model 93221 |                  |        |
| 93201 | 12-bit character extension option for Model 93221  |                  |        |
| 93202 | 24-bit character extension option for Model 93221  |                  |        |

1.4 The information in this publication relates to the TMCC as utilized with the 925/930/9300 computers. Other publications containing information relating to the TMCC and input/output operation are listed in table 1-2.

Table 1-2. Applicable Publications

| Title of Publication   | Publication No. |
|--|-----------------|
| SDS 925/930/9300 TMCC Input/Output Unit Logic Layouts, Current and History | 900557          |
| SDS 925 Computer Reference Manual  | 900099          |
| Model 925 Computer, Technical Manual                                       | 900633          |
| SDS 930 Computer Reference Manual  | 900064          |
| Model 930 Computer, Technical Manual                                       | 900066          |
| SDS 9300 Computer Reference Manual   | 900050          |
| Model 9300 Computer, Technical Manual                                      | 900570          |

### 1.5 PURPOSE OF OPTION

1.6 The TMCC is a time-multiplexed input/output channel utilized for communication between peripheral devices and the 925/930/9300 computers. Its operation is designated "time-multiplexed" because it gains access to the computer memory through the same path utilized by the computer and must, therefore, momentarily interrupt computation to store or obtain a word of information. Up to four TMCCs may be connected to one computer and all may be active simultaneously but since their operation is time-multiplexed, only one channel at a time communicates with the computer memory.

### 1.7 DESCRIPTION AND LEADING PARTICULARS

1.8 A computer may have from one to four TMCCs connected to it. These are designated by letter symbols in the order of their installation. When only one

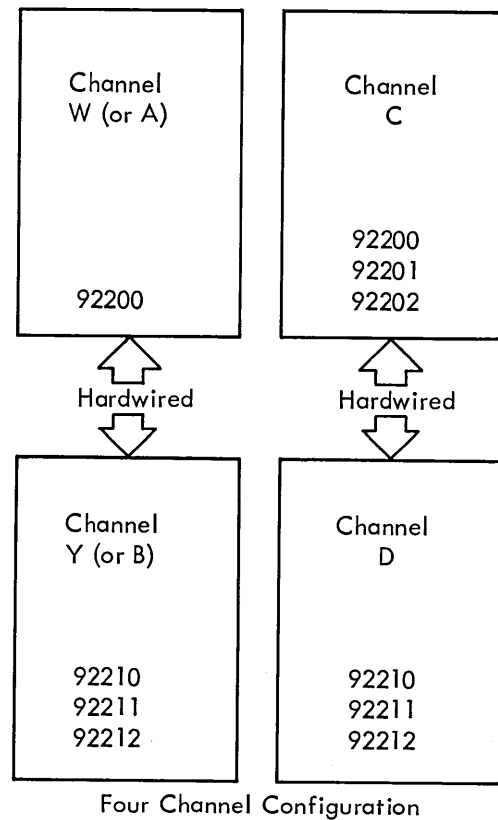
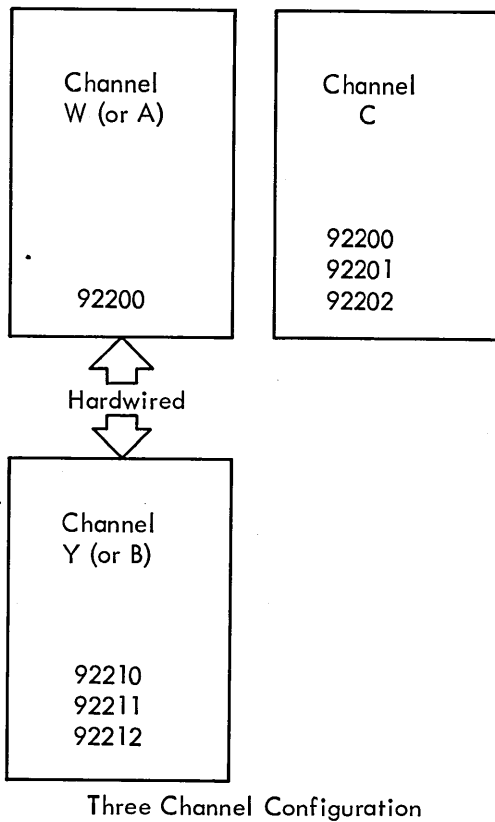
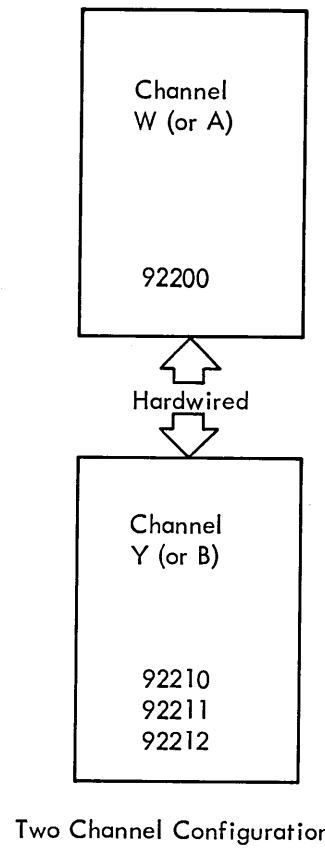
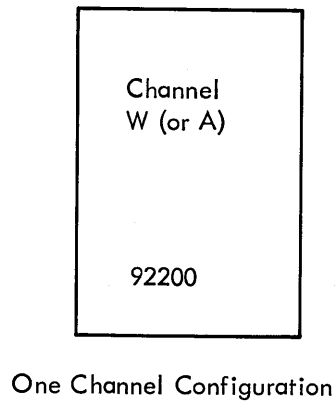
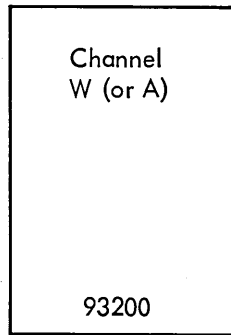
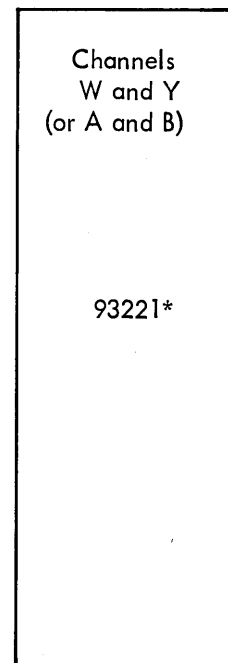


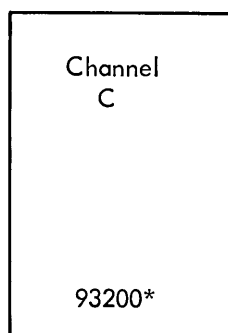
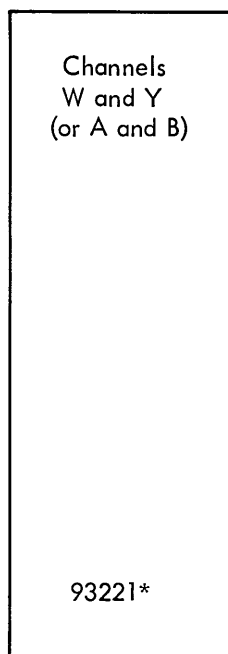
Figure 1-1. TMCC Configuration, Models 922XX



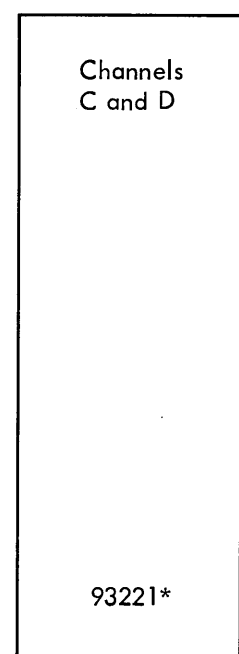
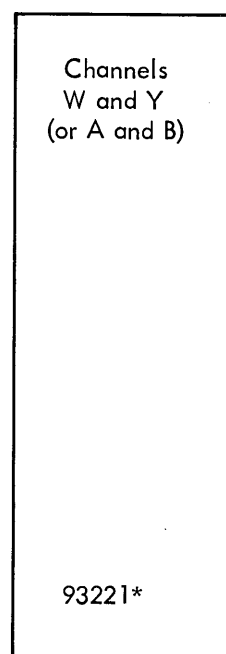
One Channel Configuration



Two Channel Configuration



Three Channel Configuration



Four Channel Configuration

\*Note: The Interlace feature, Model 91210, is required on channels B, C and D, and is optional on W, A and Y. All channels may have 93201 or 93202 options.

Figure 1-2. TMCC Configuration, Models 932XX

channel is used it is specified as the W channel on the 925 and 930 computers or as the A channel on the 9300 computer. As additional channels are added they are designated, in order, Y (or B on the 9300 computer), C, and D. Because single-word input/output instructions (Memory Into W, Memory Into Y, Memory Into A, W Into Memory, Y Into Memory, and A Into Memory) are not available for all channels, the interlace feature is mandatory on channels B, C, and D.

1.9 Primary differences between the models occur in the hardware layouts, connections between channels, and the options available.

## 1-10 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

1.11 The TMCC consists of plug-in modules contained in chassis consisting of four or six rows of modules.

Each row contains 32 connectors thereby allowing the insertion of up to 32 modules in each row. Physical location of each module is given in Section 4 of this manual.

### 1.12 TMCC Models 922XX

1.13 In TMCC Models 922XX, the character length is fixed for a particular model and the interlace feature is included. One channel must be six bits to allow entering a program into the computer.

### 1.14 One Channel Configuration

1.15 A one channel configuration TMCC (Model 92200) consists of a single chassis containing four rows of modules (C through F). The quantity and type of modules are listed in table 1-3.

Table 1-3. Models 922XX Module Complement

| Item | Description              | Model | Quantity                         |                 |                 |                                  |                                   |                                   |
|------|--------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|      |                          |       | 92200<br>6-Bit<br>"W" "A" or "C" | 92201<br>12-Bit | 92202<br>24-Bit | 92210<br>6-Bit<br>"Y" "B" or "D" | 92211<br>12-Bit<br>"Y" "B" or "D" | 92212<br>24-Bit<br>"Y" "B" or "D" |
| 1    | Triple Flip-Flop         | FB52  | 19                               | 21              | 25              | 18                               | 20                                | 24                                |
| 2    | NAND Flip-Flop           | FB54  | 14                               | 14              | 14              | 13                               | 13                                | 13                                |
| 3    | Cable Driver No. 2       | AB55  | 2                                | 2               | 2               | 1                                |                                   |                                   |
| 4    | NAND No. 2               | IB56  | 5                                | 5               | 5               | 5                                | 5                                 | 5                                 |
| 5    | Band NAND                | IB57  | 4                                | 4               | 4               | 4                                | 4                                 | 4                                 |
| 6    | NAND Module              | IB52  | 2                                | 2               | 2               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 7    | Shift Register           | DB50  | 3                                | 3               | 3               | 3                                | 3                                 | 3                                 |
| 8    | Receiver Inverter Buffer | AB53  | 2                                | 2               | 2               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 9    | Termination Module       | ZB52  | 2                                | 2               | 2               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 10   | Interface +8 to +4       | NB50  | 1                                | 2               | 2               | 1                                | 1                                 | 1                                 |
| 11   | Cable Driver             | AK53  | 9                                | 10              | 11              | 3                                | 1                                 | 2                                 |
| 12   | Cable Driver             | NB52  | 3                                | 3               | 3               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 13   | Termination Module +4    | ZB50  | 7                                | 7               | 7               | 7                                | 7                                 | 7                                 |
| 14   | Termination Module       | ZB55  | 1                                |                 |                 | 1                                |                                   |                                   |
| 15   | Receiver, Inverter       | AB52  | 2                                | 2               | 2               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 16   | NAND No. 4               | IB59  | 5                                | 5               | 5               | 4                                | 4                                 | 4                                 |
| 17   | Schmitt Trigger          | AK54  | 1                                | 1               | 1               |                                  |                                   |                                   |
| 18   | Termination Module       | ZB56  |                                  | 1               |                 |                                  | 2                                 |                                   |
| 19   | Termination Module       | ZB57  |                                  |                 | 1               |                                  |                                   | 2                                 |



1.16 Two Channel Configuration

1.17 A two channel configuration TMCC consists of two chassis, one containing four rows of modules (C through F) and the other containing two rows of modules (A and B). These two chassis are physically bolted together and hardwired to allow mounting as a single unit. The two channel configuration consists of a Model 92200 for channel W (or A) and either a six bit option (92210), a twelve bit option (92211) or a twenty-four bit option (92212) for channel Y (B). The options selected determine the quantity and type of modules. Table 1-3 lists the modules required for each model.

1.18 Three Channel Configuration

1.19 The three channel configuration consists of three chassis, two containing four rows of modules and the third containing two rows of modules. Channel W (or A), consists of a Model 92200; channel Y (or B) consists of a six bit option (92210), a twelve bit option (92211), or a twenty-four bit option (92212); channel C consists of a six bit option (92200), a twelve bit option (92201), or a twenty-four bit option (92202). The quantity and types of modules for each option are listed in table 1-3.

1.20 Four Channel Configuration

1.21 The four channel configuration consists of four chassis, two containing four and two containing two rows of modules. The four channel configuration consists of a Model 92200 for channel W (A); a six bit option (92210), a twelve bit option (92211) or a twenty-four bit option (92212) for channel Y (B); a six bit option (92200), a twelve bit option (92201), or twenty-four bit option (92202) for channel C; and a six bit option (92210), twelve bit option (92211), or a twenty-four bit option (92212) for channel D. The quantity and types of modules are listed in table 1-3.

1.22 TMCC Models 932XX

1.23 In TMCC Models 932XX, the interlace registers are optional equipment. Interlace options may be installed in any of the four TMCCs that a 925/930/9300 computer may have. However, channels C and D (and B on the 9300 computer) must have interlace installed since there are no computer instructions allowing use of these channels without it.

1.24 One Channel Configuration

1.25 A one channel configuration TMCC (Model 93200) consists of a single chassis containing four rows of modules. The quantity and types of modules are listed in table 1-4.

1.26 Two Channel Configuration

1.27 The two channel configuration consists of a single chassis containing six rows of modules. For channels W and Y, a Model 93221 TMCC may be used. The Model 93221 may be extended to twelve bit or twenty-four bit characters by addition of modules as listed in table 1-4. The Model 93221 must have the Model 91210 Interlace installed in either or both channels. The modules comprising the Model 91210 Interlace are indicated in table 1-4.

1.28 Three Channel Configuration

1.29 A three channel configuration TMCC consists of a single chassis containing six rows of modules and another chassis of four rows of modules. Channels W and Y (or A and B) are as given in paragraph 1.27. Channel C consists of a Model 93200 TMCC (with character extension options) and must include a Model 91210 Interlace.

1.30 Four Channel Configuration

1.31 A four channel configuration TMCC consists of two chassis, each containing six rows of modules. Two Model 93221 TMCCs may be used with character extension options if desired. Model 91210 Interlace options must be installed on at least channels C, and D (and B on the 9300).

1.32 SEMICONDUCTOR COMPLEMENT

1.33 The semiconductor complement may be derived from the Material Lists and Module Data Sheets contained in Section 6. The module complement for each model of TMCC is contained in tables 1-3 and 1-4.

1.34 INTERLACE FEATURE

1.35 The purpose of the interlace feature is to provide the TMCC with a means of transferring blocks of words without requiring a separate instruction for each word. To do this, two counters are added to the TMCC. One counter is loaded with a count of the number of words in the block, and the other counter is loaded with the address of the memory position of the first word in the block. Then, as each input or output word is transferred to or from memory, the Word Counter and the Address Counter are incremented. The Word Counter holds the one's complement of the count; thus the count is decreased as the counter counts up. In addition to the two counters, the interlace logic also includes Channel Command Interrupt Enables, and all the necessary control logic.

Table 1-4. Models 923XX Module Complement

| Item | Description              | Model  | Quantity              |                             |                               |                               |                                  |
|------|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|      |                          |        | 93200<br>6-Bit<br>"W" | 93221<br>6-Bit<br>"W" & "Y" | 93201<br>12-Bit<br>"W" or "Y" | 93202<br>24-Bit<br>"W" or "Y" | 91210<br>Interlace<br>"W" or "Y" |
| 1    | Triple Flip-Flop         | FB52   | 6                     | 11                          | 2                             | 6                             | 13                               |
| 2    | NAND Flip-Flop           | FB54   | 13                    | 25                          | -                             | -                             | 1                                |
| 3    | Cable Driver No. 2*      | AB55   | 3                     | 4                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 4    | NAND No. 2               | IB56   | 4                     | 8                           | -                             | -                             | 1                                |
| 5    | Band NAND                | IB57   | 3                     | 7                           | -                             | -                             | 1                                |
| 6    | NAND Module              | IB52   | 2                     | 2                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 7    | Shift Register           | DB50-2 | 3                     | 6                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 8    | Receiver Inverter Buffer | AB53   | 2                     | 2                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 9    | Termination Module       | ZB52   | 2                     | 2                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 10   | Interface +8 to +4       | NB50   | 1                     | 2                           | 1                             | 1                             | -                                |
| 11   | Cable Driver             | AK53   | 9                     | 13                          | 1                             | 2                             | -                                |
| 12   | Driver Cable Interface   | NB52   | 1                     | 1                           | -                             | -                             | 2                                |
| 13   | Termination Module +4    | ZB50   | 6                     | 10                          | 0                             | 0                             | 1                                |
| 14   | Priority Interrupt**     | SK61   | 2                     | 2                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 15   | Receiver Inverter        | AB52   | 2                     | 2                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |
| 16   | NAND No. 4               | IB59   | 3                     | 5                           | -                             | -                             | 3                                |
| 17   | Schmitt Trigger          | AK54   | 1                     | 1                           | -                             | -                             | -                                |

\*SK61s are located in computer basic interrupt: 925/930 Reference Drawing 107352  
9300 Reference Drawing 107626

\*\*One AB55 is located in 5E (930 only) if I/O is used as a "C" or "C-D" channel.

## SECTION II PROGRAMMING

### 2.1 PURPOSE

2.2 The 925/930/9300 computers include as standard equipment one Time-Multiplexed Communication Channel (TMCC), without interlacing capability, as well as provision for three additional channels. The interlace unit is available as an option. The W and Y channels are available with or without interlace; the C and D channels are available only with interlace. The W channel on the 925 and 930 computers is equivalent to the A channel on the 9300 computer and the Y channel on the 925 and 930 computers is equivalent to the B channel on the 9300 computer. (The B channel on the 9300 must also have the interlace feature). These channels are capable of automatically controlling the flow of data to and from memory at rates up to one word every 3.5 microseconds. These channels run independently of the central processor and only communicate with it to transfer data to or from memory.

### 2.3 GENERAL OPERATION

2.4 Utilizing channels W and Y (or A), characters, and words can be transmitted between memory and peripheral devices under the direct control of single instructions. Each of these channels has associated with it two instructions to facilitate direct control operations. For channel W, W INTO MEMORY (WIM) (channel A, A INTO MEMORY (AIM)), causes a word from a peripheral transmission to be taken from the channel W (A) buffer register and placed directly in the specified memory location without disturbing any internal registers. MEMORY INTO W (MIW), (MEMORY INTO A (MIA)), causes a word to be taken from a specified memory location and placed in the channel W (A) buffer register to be read out to the currently operating peripheral device connected to the channel. WIM (AIM) and MIW (MIA) are preceded by instructions from the EOM group that set up the input/output operation. YIM and MIY instructions function in an analogous manner for channel Y. The general test instruction, SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS) provides the facility for testing error indications and/or for testing various peripheral device indicators.

2.5 Additionally, using any channel including channels W and Y (A and B) with interlace, data can be transmitted to and from core storage under channel control. Operation of a channel is initiated by the execution of a sequence of instructions in the central processor. Once started, the channel operates independently of the central processor, automatically transferring each word at the correct time.

2.6 Three instructions control the process of transmitting and receiving data between channel peripheral equipment and the central processor. These instructions are:

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| EOM | ENERGIZE OUTPUT M      |
| POT | PARALLEL OUTPUT        |
| SKS | SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET |

2.7 EOM instructions activate one of channels W (A), Y (B), C, or D, to select the peripheral device to be used, and to set up the initial conditions of the data transmission, including the peripheral operation to be performed. An EOM instruction also specifies terminal conditions for an operation.

2.8 PARALLEL OUTPUT (POT) instruction sends out to the channel the number of words in the transmission and the address at which the output begins.

2.9 SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS) instruction can test the Error indicators, End-of-Transmission indicators, and other input/output control indicators, such as printer end-of-form or card hopper empty.

2.10 The general order of use of these instructions for interlaced operation is:

| <u>Instruction</u> | <u>Function</u>  |
|--------------------|--|
| EOM                | to address the channel, connect the peripheral device, specify various input/output conditions, and alert the optional channel interlace (see Communication Channel Input/Output, paragraph 2.30). |
| EOM                | to specify the terminal conditions and interrupts desired during the transmission  |
| POT                | to transmit to the channel a word containing the transmission starting address and block length  |

Bits 0 through 9 of this latter word contain the ten lower order bits of the word count; bits 10 through 23 contain the 14 bits of the starting address. The second EOM contains the high-order bits of the word count and starting address when needed.

### 2.11 DIRECT PARALLEL INPUT/OUTPUT

2.12 The direct parallel input/output (POT/PIN) facility allows any word in core memory to be presented, in

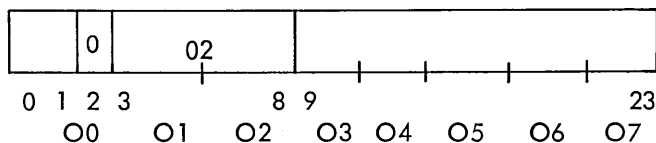
parallel, at any special system connector or applicable standard peripheral connector; or, conversely, allows signals sent to a connector to be stored in any core memory location. EOM and SKS instructions control parallel input/output operations in the same way as in channel operations. POT/PIN instructions also generate or check for correct parity with each word transmitted.

## 2.13 SINGLE-BIT INPUT/OUTPUT

2.14 EOM and SKS instructions also perform single-bit input/output and testing for special or standard devices. The execution of an EOM transmits a single signal of approximately 1.4 microseconds duration to an external connector and also provides the connector with a 15-bit address for the destination of this signal. SKS tests whether a similar signal is present on an external connector and skips accordingly.

## 2.15 PRIMARY INPUT/OUTPUT INSTRUCTIONS

### 2.16 ENERGIZE OUTPUT M (EOM)



2.17 The major instruction for preparing channel W (or Y, C, D) and an attached peripheral device to perform a data transmission or other peripheral activity is the multi-purpose instruction, ENERGIZE OUTPUT M (EOM). This instruction operates in four distinct modes with many functional configurations. These modes are Buffer Control, Input/Output Control, Internal Control, and System Control. In the third and fourth modes, EOM controls and initiates non-communication channel operations such as special systems transmissions. Each of the frequently used EOM instruction configurations has a mnemonic tag used with standard SDS assemblers. The different modes of operation are program-selectable by the setting of two bits (10, 11 of octal position 3) within the EOM instruction format:

| Octal Value | Bit Position 10 | Bit Position 11 | Area                 |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0           | 0               | 0               | Buffer Control       |
| 1           | 0               | 1               | Input/Output Control |
| 2           | 1               | 0               | Internal Control     |
| 3           | 1               | 1               | System Control       |

2.18 A Buffer Control mode EOM operates essentially as a set-up or preparation facility for data transmissions

or other peripheral activities using the channel. The channel to be used, the peripheral unit on that channel, the operation to be performed, and the type of character format to be used are all detailed within this EOM. It also details the use of BCD or binary data transmission, the allowance or not of a leader (as in paper tape), and the direction of operation (as in forward direction for magnetic tape). Execution of such an EOM "connects" the specified peripheral unit to the channel. An EOM in this mode can also alert the interlace, which is the optional, automatic buffer control for input/output.

2.19 An EOM in the Input/Output mode directs peripheral devices to perform non-transmitting operations such as rewind magnetic tape and upspace the printer. This EOM selects certain channel operations such as interrupt response and input/output terminal function desired. It alerts peripheral devices that a PARALLEL INPUT (PIN) or PARALLEL OUTPUT (POT) instruction follows. It also can give an extension of the word count to 15-bits for the number of words to be transmitted and an extension of the address specification to 15-bits. Without disturbing the associated channel, this EOM can also set up the interlace unit. It is with the input/output mode EOM that the user selects his I/O operation as compatible or extended I/O modes.

2.20 This coding sequence initiates such an interlaced channel operation (compatible mode):

| Instruction                     | Function  |
|---------------------------------|---|
| EOM (Input/Output Control Mode) | Alert the interlace   |
| POT                             | transmit starting address and block length to interlace   |
| EOM (Buffer Control Mode)       | address channel, connect peripheral device, specify various input/output conditions, start transmission |

2.21 Initiating an interlaced input/output operation via this sequence of instructions facilitates checkout by allowing the programmer to single-step through this portion of the program. The first two instructions, EOM (loc) and POT, set up the interlace with data address and block length. Therefore, single-stepping through the sequence allows the interlaced channel to complete the input/output operation. When a single EOM (Buffer Control mode) sets up the channel and interlace with a POT instruction following, the programmer cannot step through the sequence since the input/output operation proceeds before the next stepped instruction (POT) places the address and block length in the interlace.

2.22 An EOM in the Internal Control mode enables and disables the interrupt system. EOM in this mode also

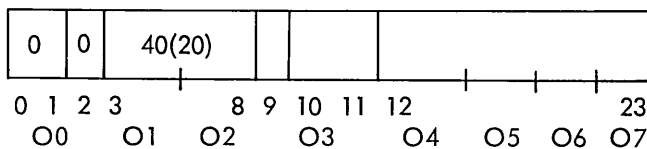
can prepare the system for the selective arming and disarming of the system interrupt levels. This mode does not directly concern the input/output programmer.

2.23 An EOM in the System Control mode is specifically coded for a given installation and system. Address capability is 15-bits or 32,768 combinations for these special system designations.

## NOTE

If an interrupt occurs during the execution of an EOM in any mode, no acknowledgement occurs until the completion of the execution of the instruction following the EOM.

## 2.24 SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS)



2.25 The principal instruction for testing the states and responses of data channels and their attached peripheral devices, as well as testing internal and external indicators, is the multi-purpose instruction, SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS). SKS is a "skip class" instruction yielding a decision and transfer capability to all channels, devices, indicators, and systems that require it. It operates in four distinct modes: Special Internal Test, Channel and Device Test, Internal Test, and Special System Test. In the second mode, SKS tests channel-oriented, input/output functions. Each of the frequently used SKS instruction configurations has a mnemonic tag, used with SDS assemblers.

2.26 These different modes of operation are program-selectable by the setting of two bits (10, 11 of octal position 3) within the SKS instruction format:

| <u>Octal Value</u> | <u>Bit Position 10</u> | <u>Bit Position 11</u> | <u>Area</u>             |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 0                  | 0                      | 0                      | Special Internal Test   |
| 1                  | 0                      | 1                      | Channel and Device Test |
| 2                  | 1                      | 0                      | Internal Test           |
| 3                  | 1                      | 1                      | Special System Test     |

2.27 In the Channel and Device Test mode, SKS tests a channel for channel Ready (not active), interlace Word Count Equal to Zero, and Error. This mode also tests peripheral devices directly. These include testing

indicators in a magnetic tape unit such as Beginning-of-Tape, End-of-Tape, File-Protect Ring present, and End-of-File. For example, an SKS instruction might address an indicator within the printer to determine whether the paper is at the End-of-Form.

**2.28** In the Internal Test mode, SKS tests whether the interrupt system is enabled or disabled, whether a break-point switch is set, and whether Overflow is set.

**2.29 In the Special Internal and Special System Test modes, SKS tests signals of special configuration as the specific system requires.**

## 2.30 COMMUNICATION CHANNEL INPUT/OUTPUT

## 2.31 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.32 SDS Communication Channels provide fully buffered, input/output control and transmission, multiplexed or simultaneous with computation. Up to four data channels can connect to the central processor, all operating independently of each other.

2.33 Each channel can control as many as 30 input/output devices and automatically handles character, word assembly and disassembly, input/output parity detection and generation, data transmission to and from memory, and End-of-Transmission detection.

2.34 All channels are bi-directional and can communicate with 6-bit character devices or word devices of up to 24-bits. In the case of character-oriented devices, the program specifies the number of characters to be contained in each word during the transmission.

2.35 A channel buffer assembles and disassembles data words as they are transmitted between core memory and the peripheral equipment. The buffer maintains control of operations such as characters per word transmitted and direction of peripheral operation (as in magnetic tape forward/reverse).

**2.36 A Buffer Control mode EOM sets up the channel buffer for operation. The execution of this EOM sets the operation controls, places the unit address in the buffer, and initiates data assembly/disassembly. The presence of the unit address activates the buffer, causing it to look for data coming from the peripheral device or from memory, as determined by the unit address.**

2.37 When in use, a channel interlace controls the transfer of the data words going through the associated channel buffer. This interlace supplies the memory address of data coming from or going to memory and maintains the word count determining the number of words transferred. The terminal interrupts,

End-of-Record and Zero Word Count, come from the interlace and are under its control. The interlace controls input/output termination functions during interlaced operation.

2.38 Two EOM instructions and a POT instruction alert and set up a channel interlace. The first EOM alerts the interlace, that is activates the interlace and instructs it to expect a word count and starting address to be sent to it by the POT instruction. The second EOM is an Input/Output mode EOM that specifies the interrupt and the terminal function to be used. This EOM also can specify a 15th address bit and five more high-order word count bits expanding the word count from 10-bits to 15. This sequence is written: EOM (Alert), EOM (I/O), and POT. When the channel buffer is being set up at the same time, the buffer control EOM can alert the interlace. When the buffer is already set up, during a continuing I/O operation, the programmer may use the I/O EOM, ALERT CHANNEL (00250000), to alert the interlace.

2.39 When the programmer does not desire to program the Extended Mode with the input/output terminal functions, interrupts, and additional count or address, only the EOM (Alert) and the POT are necessary to set up the channel interlace (Compatible mode).

2.40 In the Extended Mode, the four channels are programmed in the same way.

2.41 The Time-Multiplexed Channels use the memory logic of the central processor to facilitate input and output of data words. The transfer of each word between a time-multiplexed channel buffer and memory requires two memory cycles. During this time, computation stops in the central processor. Priority for the use of the word input/output logic is in the order: Channel D, C, Y(B), W(A). Any Time-Multiplexed Channel operating with interlace has priority over the central processor for memory access.

## 2.42 COMMUNICATION CHANNEL DESCRIPTION

2.43 Up to 30 peripheral devices may be connected to one channel. Each of these devices has a unique, two-digit, octal address by which it is selected for an input/output operation. To select the peripheral device, the program loads the proper unit address into the 6-bit Unit Address Register (UAR) in the channel buffer. This address selects both the device and, if appropriate, the function to be performed. Placing a non-zero unit address in the Unit Address Register "connects" the peripheral unit addressed to the channel and it becomes "active". When the UAR contains a zero address, or any time that a terminal or initial condition clears the contents of UAR, the channel is "inactive." The zero

in UAR also means that it is not connected to a peripheral unit.

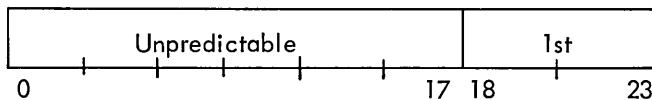
2.44 When the channel and the peripheral unit to be used have been connected, the channel must have information pertaining to the location in memory of the data to be transmitted or received and pertaining to the number of data words in the transfer.

## 2.45 TIME-MULTIPLEXED CHANNEL REGISTERS

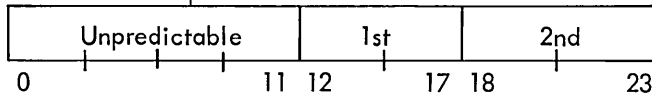
2.46 In the Time-Multiplexed Channels W(A) through D, there are two registers important to the programmer, the Word Assembly Register (WAR) and the Single-Character Register (SCR). The WAR, a 24-bit, word-sized buffer, contains the word of data actively being received or transmitted during an input or output operation. During input, 6-bit characters (plus parity) enter the Single-Character Register where the channel buffer assembles them, one at a time, into the WAR. Then the completed word is placed in memory. Depending on the number of characters per word specified, the word assembled and placed in memory during input has the form:

### Word in Memory

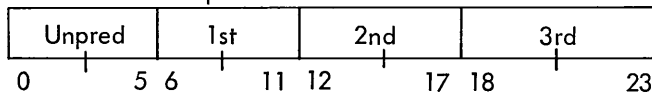
One character per word mode



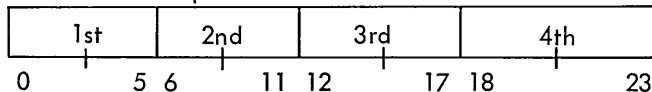
Two characters per word mode



Three characters per word mode



Four characters per word mode



2.47 The unfilled character positions contain unpredictable data. When assembled during a one-word operation, a WIM (AIM) instruction places the word into memory. Under interlace control, the interlaced channel automatically places the word in memory when assembled.

2.48 When the end of an information record is detected by a buffer, the buffer automatically disengages from

the device and is then "ready" for another operation. The buffer logic is reset, except that the state of the error indicator is maintained and the last word of the input is still in the word register. If the number of characters in the input record was not a multiple of the number of characters assembled into each computer word, then zeros are automatically forced into the least significant positions of the last word. This last word can then be stored in memory by a BUFFER INTO M WHEN READY WIM (AIM) or YIM instruction after the buffer has disengaged. If the number of characters in the input record was a multiple of the number of characters assembled into each computer word, then the word remaining in the W buffer is either the last group of characters from the input device, if they were not previously transferred to memory by a BUFFER INTO M WHEN READY WIM (AIM) or YIM, or zeros if the last group of characters had been transferred to memory. In either case, it is safe to issue one such instruction after the buffer has disengaged without "hanging up" the computer.

2.49 During output, words come from memory into the WAR where the channel buffer disassembles them into the SCR one 6-bit character at a time. Depending on the characters per word mode specified, the 6-bit characters within the word are output as follows:

| <u>Function</u>  | <u>Mode</u>               |
|--|---------------------------|
| Output one character from bits 0 through 5   | One character per word    |
| Output two characters from bits 0 through 5, 6 through 11                                | Two characters per word   |
| Output three characters from bits 0 through 5, 6 through 11, 12 through 17               | Three characters per word |
| Output four characters from bits 0 through 5, 6 through 11, 12 through 17, 18 through 23 | Four characters per word  |

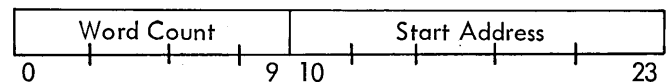
2.50 As required, the characters are transferred into the One Character Register and output with generated parity. After each character transfer, the word in the WAR is shifted left six bits to be ready for the next transfer. Only those characters needed from each word are used; when required, a new word is brought to the WAR for the next character. For special applications a Time-Multiplexed Channel may be equipped with a

12- or 24-bit One Character Register. The external device which has a character size greater than 6-bits specifies to the channel what its size is, 12- or 24-bits. Standard 6-bit devices are unaffected by the installation of a wider SCR.

## 2.51 Interlace Registers

2.52 A channel interlace contains two working registers, the Word Count Register (WCR) and the Memory Address Register (MAR). In the set-up sequence -- EOM, EOM, POT -- for an interlaced input/output operation, the POT instruction transmits to the interlace a data word made up of the word count (that is, length) and the starting address of the data block. The 15-bit Word Count Register (WCR) contains the data word count during a data transfer. The number of data words is decremented by one and the new count replaces the old one in the WCR for each word transmitted.

2.53 The count is assembled into the WCR from two places: the least significant 10-bits is from the "POTed" word and the most significant 5-bits is from the "HI COUNT" field of the second EOM. The form of the "POTed" word is:

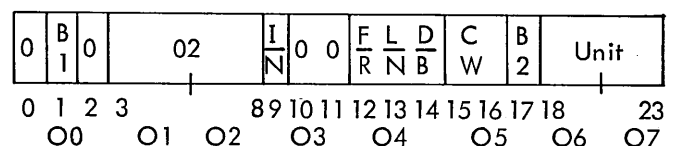


2.54 When the word count is equal to zero, the transmission is complete. During output, this causes a termination; during input, the interlace allows any further data to fill the channel buffer and generates the End-of-Word interrupt, if enabled.

2.55 The Memory Address Register (MAR) contains the starting destination or source address in memory of the transmitted data. The memory locations to or from which data words are to be transmitted enter the MAR at the same time the word count does. During transmission of data, the interlace increments the contents of the MAR after each word as it decrements the contents of the WCR. These two registers provide the interlace control of block transmissions. The high-order 15th address bit comes from the second EOM, also.

## 2.56 COMMUNICATION CHANNEL PROGRAMMING

2.57 The ENERGIZE OUTPUT M (EOM) used in the Buffer Control mode addresses and connects the specified Channel W (A), Y (B), C, or D, and selects the desired unit address. The detailed instruction format is:

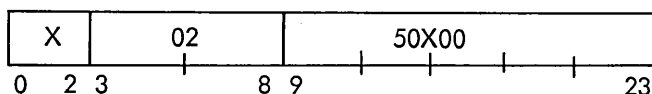


| Bit Designation | Octal Position | Octal Value | Function  |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|---|
| B1              | O0             | 2           | Bit positions 1 and 17 specify the channel to be activated.   |
| B2              | O5             | 1           | Channel W (A) is numbered 00, channel Y (B) is 01, channel C is 10, and channel D is 11.  |
| 02              | O1-2           | 02          | Bit positions 3 through 8 contain 02, the instruction code for EOM.   |
| I/N             | O3             | 4           | A 1-bit in position 9 alerts the buffer interlace.  |
| 00              | O3             | 0           | Bit positions 10 and 11 contain the EOM mode indicator for the Buffer Control mode.   |
| F/R             | O4             | 4           | Bit position 12 specifies the direction in which the peripheral device will operate. A "0" specifies the forward direction. A "1" specifies the reverse direction.  |
| L/N             | O4             | 2           | Bit position 13 specifies whether the device should be started with a leader as in paper tape. A "0" specifies a start with leader. A "1" specifies a start without leader.                                   |
| D/B             | O4             | 1           | Bit position 14 specifies the mode of character format. A "0" specifies BCD format. A "1" specifies Binary format.  |
| C/W             | O5             |             | Bit positions 15 and 16 specify the number of characters to be assembled into, or disassembled from, each transmitted word. One character per word is specified by 00, two by 01, three by 10 and four by 11. |
| UNIT            | O6-7           |             | Bit positions 18 through 23 specify the unit and the function to be performed with that unit.   |

## 2.58 STANDARD EOM CHANNEL INSTRUCTIONS

2.59 Several EOM function configurations have standard uses. These have standard, assembler-type mnemonics and are separate instructions.

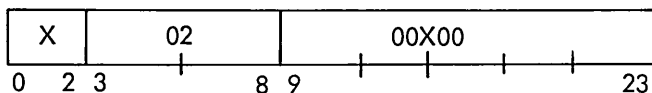
### 2.60 ALERT CHANNEL (ALC)



2.61 ALC alerts the channel interlace. This instruction does not disturb the channel buffer in any way. ALC has no effect on W or Y Buffers without interlace. The channel Alerts are:

| Mnemonic | Alert Channel | Instruction |
|----------|---------------|-------------|
| ALC 0    | W (A)         | 0 02 50000  |
| ALC 1    | Y (B)         | 0 02 50100  |
| ALC 2    | C             | 2 02 50000  |
| ALC 3    | D             | 2 02 50100  |

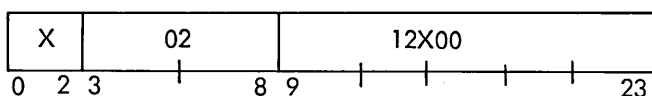
### 2.62 DISCONNECT CHANNEL (DSC)



2.63 DSC disconnects the channel. It unconditionally sets the Unit Address Register to 00 regardless of whether the channel is currently addressing a device. This instruction disconnects any device which may be connected to the channel. It also unconditionally makes the channel Ready (Inactive) and clears the Error indicator.

| Mnemonic | Disconnect Channel | Instruction |
|----------|--------------------|-------------|
| DSC 0    | W (A)              | 0 02 00000  |
| DSC 1    | Y (B)              | 0 02 00100  |
| DSC 2    | C                  | 2 02 00000  |
| DSC 3    | D                  | 2 02 00100  |

### 2.64 ALERT TO STORE ADDRESS FROM CHANNEL (ASC)



2.65 ASC alerts an interlaced channel so the PIN instruction that follows can store the contents of the Memory Address Register. This instruction does not affect the operation of the channel.



2.66 ASC is always used in conjunction with PIN to determine the current status of a peripheral operation being performed by the selected channel. The two instructions are written together:

ASC n

PIN m, x

2.67 When the program executes these two instructions, the contents of the effective memory location designated by the PIN instruction are:

| Bit Positions | Contents                                      |
|---------------|---|
| 0 through 8   | Zero  |
| 9 through 23  | Contents of channel's Memory Address Register |

| Mnemonic | Channel | Instruction |
|----------|---------|-------------|
| ASC 0    | W (A)   | 0 02 12000  |
| ASC 1    | Y (B)   | 0 02 12100  |
| ASC 2    | C       | 2 02 12000  |
| ASC 3    | D       | 2 02 12100  |

#### 2.68 TERMINATE OUTPUT OF CHANNEL (TOP)

|       |     |       |
|-------|-----|-------|
| X     | 02  | 14X00 |
| 0 2 3 | 8 9 | 23    |

2.69 When the last word of a block enters the channel, TOP terminates channel output. After the execution of this instruction, the following occurs. When the channel buffer delivers the last character to the peripheral device, the buffer disconnects.

2.70 TOP always terminates a non-interlaced channel output operation. It may be used with all communication channels if the particular function selected is terminal function 11 but no further data output is required.

| Mnemonic | Terminate Output on Channel | Instruction |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| TOP 0    | W (A)                       | 0 02 14000  |
| TOP 1    | Y (B)                       | 0 02 14100  |
| TOP 2    | C                           | 2 02 14000  |
| TOP 3    | D                           | 2 02 14100  |

#### 2.71 COMPATIBLE/EXTENDED INPUT/OUTPUT MODES

2.72 The termination of an I/O operation and the interrupts that may be associated with that termination fall into two classes: Compatible and Extended. The choice of one of these two "modes" of input/output operation determines how the system behaves when the termination of an I/O operation occurs.

2.73 Interrupts occurring at the same level (e.g., location 30, 31, etc.) can have difference names (e.g., Count Equal Zero and End-of-Word). These names reflect the different I/O mode in operation when the interrupt occurs. The differences include the timing of interrupt occurrence relative to the I/O operation and type of interrupt requested.

2.74 The Compatible mode of operation for channels W(A), Y(B), C, D is directly compatible with the SDS 900 Computers series modes of I/O operation. The types of interrupts that can be requested are the End-of-Word and End-of-Transmission interrupts.

2.75 The Extended mode for all channels expands the I/O capabilities to include the "terminal functions" discussed below. The types of interrupts that can be requested are the Count Equal Zero and End-of-Record interrupts.

2.76 The I/O mode is selected in the Input/Output EOM via bit 12, the Interrupt Arm bit. A 0-bit makes the system operate in the Compatible mode; a 1-bit sets the system in the Extended mode.

2.77 In particular, the Interrupt Arm (IA) bit determines whether any of the Extended functions operate; that is, a "0" in IA means that the other Extended mode controls, bits 13, 14, 15 and 16, have no effect.

#### 2.78 INPUT/OUTPUT CLASS EOM

2.79 The Input/Output EOM selects the I/O operation mode. When the Extended mode is selected, this EOM also selects (arms) which interrupts are to be operational and selects the desired terminal function. This EOM applies to channels W(A), Y(B), C, and D.

|    |    |    |       |    |  |    |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |          |    |    |
|----|----|----|-------|----|--|----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----------|----|----|
| 0  | B1 | 0  | 02/06 |    |  | 0  | 0 | 1  | I  | E  | Z  | F  | C  | B2 | A  | HI Count |    |    |
| 0  | 1  | 2  | 3     | 8  |  |    | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18       | 19 | 23 |
| O0 |    | O1 |       | O2 |  | O3 |   | O4 |    | O5 |    | O6 |    | O7 |    |          |    |    |

| Bit Designation | Octal Position | Octal Value | Function  | Bit Designation | Octal Position | Octal Value | Function   |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| 0               |                |             | Bit positions 0 and 2 are not used with this EOM.   | ZC              |                | 1           | Bit position 14 controls the arming of the Zero Word Count interrupt. A 1-bit arms the interrupt. A 0-bit disarms the interrupt.                     |
| B1              | O0             | 2           | Bit positions 1 and 17 specify the channel.   | FC              | O5             |             | Bit positions 15 and 16 specify the terminal condition function to be performed with the transmission.   |
| B2              | O5             | 1           |   |                 |                |             |  |
| 02/06           | O1-O2          | 02          | Bit positions 3 through 8 contain 02/06, the instruction code for EOM.  | A               |                |             | Bit position 18 is the high-order address bit.   |
| 01              | O3             | 1           | Bit positions 10 and 11 contain the EOM indicator for the Input/Output control mode.  |                 |                |             |  |
| IA              | O4             | 4           | Bit position 12 selects the mode of I/O operation. A "0" specifies the Compatible mode. The operation of bits 13, 14, 15, and 16 are disallowed. Channels W (A), Y (B), C and D operate in this mode which is completely SDS 900 series compatible. If interrupts are required, the user enables the Interrupt System, thus enabling and arming the End-of-Word and End-of-Transmission interrupts. | HI Count        |                |             | Bit positions 19 through 23 contain the most significant four bits of the 15-bit word count. These positions specify a word count greater than 1023. |
|                 |                |             | A "1" specifies the Extended mode. All channels can operate in this mode. This allows the use of bits 13, 14, 15, and 16. If interrupts are required, the user arms the associated ones by placing 1-bit in bits 13 and/or 14. The "terminal function" to be used is selected via bits 15 and 16.   |                 |                |             |  |
| ER              |                | 2           | Bit position 13 controls the arming of the End-of-Record interrupt. A 1-bit arms the interrupt. A 0-bit disarms the interrupt.  |                 |                |             |  |

NOTE

A 1-bit in 13 and/or 14 does the following:

- Arms that interrupt during this complete I/O operation; disconnecting this channel disarms the interrupt.
- Once armed by bits 13 and/or 14, the interrupt can be enabled or disabled by the Enable/Disable feature of the Interrupt System. If a channel generates an extended mode I/O interrupt while the system is disabled, the designated interrupt level goes to the Waiting state. When the program again enables the interrupt system, the interrupt goes to the Active state when its priority allows.

### 2.80 TERMINAL FUNCTIONS; EXTENDED MODE

2.81 A 2-bit function code in the Input/Output EOM controls the termination of input/output operation in the extended mode. These functions are described below with the letter C representing the specified word count of the transmission.

## 2.80 TERMINAL FUNCTIONS; EXTENDED MODE

2.81 A 2-bit function code in the Input/Output EOM controls the termination of input/output operation in the extended mode. These functions are described below with the letter C representing the specified word count of the transmission.

## 2.82 INPUT/OUTPUT OF A RECORD AND DISCONNECT (IORD)

### 2.83 Input

2.84 Read C words. If C equals zero before the End-of-Record is detected, the rest of the record is ignored. At the End-of-Record, the peripheral device is disconnected and the channel becomes inactive.

### 2.85 Output

2.86 Write C words. When C equals zero, output is terminated (i.e., the device is signaled that the last characters have been transmitted). When the peripheral device has generated the end of record and, if necessary, checked the validity of the record, it sends an End-of-Record response to the channel buffer. When received by the buffer, the End-of-Record signal generates an End-of-Record interrupt (if armed) and disconnects the channel.

2.87 The line printer generates the End-of-Record response when it completes the printing of a line. If the printer encounters any print errors or faults, it sends a signal to the channel that sets the channel error indicator; this can occur since the printer has not disconnected from the channel. The IORD is useful when the program is to print several lines and the program is not otherwise to use the channel between lines. When the printer completes each line, it causes an End-of-Record interrupt (assumed to be armed), notifying the program that it can immediately transmit the next paper control instruction and the next line image.

2.88 The unbuffered card punch operates similarly. It generates the End-of-Record response after punching each row. If any faults occur during the punching of the entire card, the card punch sends a signal to the channel that sets the channel error indicator; this occurs after punching the last row (row 9).

### NOTE

A program should not use IORD with devices that do not have End-of-Record conditions on input (e.g., typewriter) or generate End-of-Record responses upon output termination, (e.g., devices such as the paper tape punch and typewriter). These devices do terminate output but give the program no indication when they receive the last characters.

## 2.89 INPUT/OUTPUT UNTIL SIGNAL THEN DISCONNECT (IOSD)

### 2.90 Input

2.91 Read C words. When C equals zero or when the End-of-Record is encountered, the device is disconnected and the channel becomes inactive. If the channel disconnects because of a zero count, an EOR interrupt (if armed) will be generated in addition to the count equal zero interrupt. If both are armed, C=0 will occur first.

### 2.92 Output

2.93 Write C words. When C equals zero and when the last character has been transmitted, the channel disconnects the device and becomes inactive. If an End-of-Record signal is received before the count reaches zero, the channel will disconnect immediately.

### NOTE

The IOSD is designed for use on devices which are normally operated on the basis of the word count only. Typewriters and paper tape devices are of this type, as are the printer and card punch when the user does not wish to stay connected until the operation is complete.

## 2.94 INPUT/OUTPUT OF A RECORD AND PROCEED (IORP)

### 2.95 Input

2.96 Read C words. If the channel counts C down to zero before the peripheral device encounters the End-of-Record (EOR), the channel ignores the rest of the record (to the End-of-Record). When the peripheral device sends the End-of-Record signal to the channel, the channel sets its End-of-Record Indicator; this signal sets the End-of-Record interrupt (if armed). The channel does not disconnect. The channel is now in an "Inter-record" condition.

2.97 When the peripheral device is magnetic tape, the tape continues to move when the tape handler encounters the End-of-Record. The End-of-Record occurs when the tape read-heads encounter tape gap; this also causes a Tape Gap signal to "come high". If the program executes a new read tape or scan tape EOM during the inter-gap time (approximately one millisecond while the Tape Gap signal is high), the tape remains in motion and proceeds to read or scan the next record.

If the program executes no such EOM before the Tape Gap signal drops, the channel disconnects and the tape comes to a stop. No additional interrupt occurs. This is the only condition that causes a channel to disconnect automatically.

2.98 All other input devices remain connected until the program takes further action. The paper tape reader remains in motion; the program should issue a "disconnect channel" instruction if the program is not reading any more tape. To proceed after the End-of-Record occurs, the program first executes a Buffer Control mode EOM to re-initialize the Channel Unit Address Register and then reloads the interlace portion of the channel (the program can alert the Interlace via the Buffer Control EOM). Otherwise, the channel immediately terminates any attempt to use its interlace portion since the channel is aware that it is still active and in the End-of-Record condition. When the program continues from an Inter-record condition, the program should use an extended mode terminal function. An IORP should not be used to read devices which do not have EOR signals (e.g., the typewriter and paper tape punch).

#### 2.99 Output

2.100 Write C words. When the channel interlace counts C down to zero, the Interlace notifies the channel buffer that it has received the last word that is to be output; when the buffer outputs this last word, it sends a signal to the connected peripheral device indicating that the device has the last word now. When the peripheral device "receives, outputs and checks the validity of" this last word, it sends an End-of-Record response to the channel buffer. When received by the buffer, the End-of-Record signal generates an End-of-Record interrupt (if armed) and sets the Inter-record indicator; the channel does not disconnect.

2.101 When the peripheral device is magnetic tape, the tape continues to move after it signals End-of-Record. As in reading tape, the signal causes the Tape Gap signal to come high. If the program executes a new write tape or erase tape EOM during the inter-gap time (approximately one millisecond), the tape remains in motion and proceeds to write or erase a new record. If the program executes no such EOM before the Tape Gap signal drops, the channel disconnects and the tape comes to a stop. No interrupt occurs at this time. This is the only condition which causes a channel to disconnect automatically.

2.102 To proceed after the End-of-Record occurs, the program first executes a Buffer Control mode EOM to re-initialize the Channel Unit Address Register and then reloads the interlace portion of the channel (the program can alert the Interlace via the Buffer Control

EOM). Otherwise, the channel immediately terminates any attempt to use its interlace portion, since the channel is aware that it is still active and in the End-of-Record condition. When the program continues from an Inter-record condition, the program should use an extended mode terminal function.

2.103 A program should not use IORP with devices that do not generate End-of-Record responses upon output termination; such devices are paper tape and typewriter. These devices do terminate output but give the program no indication when they receive the last characters.

2.104 The IORP should also not be used with the printer and card punch since these devices expect the channel to disconnect after they send EOR.

#### 2.105 INPUT/OUTPUT UNTIL SIGNAL THEN PROCEED (IOSP)

##### 2.106 Input

2.107 Read C words. If the channel counts C down to zero before the peripheral device encounters the End-to-Record, the channel generates a Count Equals Zero interrupt (if armed). The program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue reading the record. As far as the peripheral device knows, nothing happens at this time. Failure to reload the Interlace before the peripheral device sends enough characters to overfill the channel buffer causes a rate error; this sets the channel error indicator.

2.108 When the peripheral device encounters the End-of-Record, IOSP operates identically like the IORP command.

##### 2.109 Output

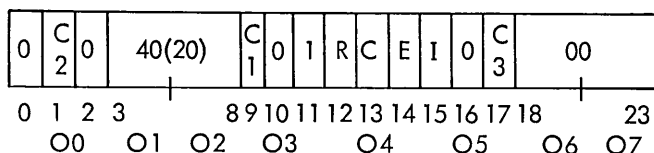
2.110 Write C words. When the channel counts C down to zero, the channel generates a Count Equals Zero interrupt (if armed); the channel does not terminate output. The program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue writing in the same record. Failure to reload the Interlace before the buffer transmits all of the characters in its registers and before the peripheral device requests the next character from the buffer results in a rate error; this sets the channel error indicator.

2.111 If the program executes a TERMINATE OUTPUT (TOP) instruction after the channel has counted C down to zero, the channel terminates the output and operates identically like the IORP from this point on.

## 2.112 CHANNEL AND DEVICE SKS

2.113 The Channel and Device Test mode SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS) tests the indicators in a channel as well as devices attached to it. To test the channel, use unit address 00. The instruction format is:

## 2.114 CHANNEL TESTS

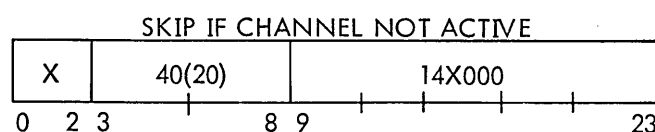


| Bit Designation | Octal Position | Octal Value | Function   |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| 40(20)          | O1-O2          | 40(20)      | Bit positions 3 through 8 contain 40(20), the SKS instruction code.  |
| 01              | O3             | 1           | Bit positions 10 and 11 contain the mode selection.  |
| C1              | O3             | 4           | Bits C1, C2, C3 used as an octal address, specify the channel to be tested. Channel W (A) is 0, channel Y (B) is 1, and so on.     |
| C2              | O0             | 2           |  |
| C3              | O5             | 1           |  |
| R               |                |             | Test for ready. A 1-bit selects the test. Skip if Ready or Inactive.   |
| C               | O4             | 2           | Test if indicator for Word Count Equal to Zero is set. A 1-bit selects the test. Skip if word count zero.                          |
| E               |                | 1           | Test for error indicator reset. A 1-bit selects the test. Skip if no error.  |
| I               | O5             | 4           | Test for Inter-record condition.   |
| 00              |                |             | Bit positions 18 through 23 are zero to specify a channel test. Each of these tests causes a skip when the test condition is true. |

## 2.115 STANDARD SKS INSTRUCTIONS

2.116 Several SKS function configurations have standard uses. These have standard, assembler-type mnemonics and are always used as shown.

## 2.117 CHANNEL ACTIVE TEST (CAT)



2.118 If the channel is ready to accept a new input/output instruction, the computer skips the next instruction in sequence and executes the following instruction. If the channel is active, or in the process of disconnecting a peripheral unit, the computer executes the next instruction in sequence.

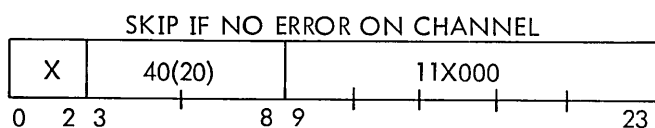
| Mnemonic | Channel Active Test | Instruction    |
|----------|---------------------|----------------|
| CAT 0    | W (A)               | 0 40(20) 14000 |
| CAT 1    | Y (B)               | 0 40(20) 14100 |
| CAT 2    | C                   | 2 40(20) 14000 |
| CAT 3    | D                   | 2 40(20) 14100 |

2.119 The following SDS 900 series compatible instructions make the identical test as the above instructions on channels W and Y;

|      |            |                     |
|------|------------|---------------------|
| BRTW | 0 40 21000 | W BUFFER READY TEST |
| BRTY | 0 40 22000 | Y BUFFER READY TEST |

2.120 The indicator that CAT tests is reset only by the next EOM that connects and alerts the same channel.

## 2.121 CHANNEL ERROR TEST (CET)



2.122 CET tests the error indicator in the channel for being in the set condition. If the error indicator has not been set, the computer skips the next instruction in sequence and executes the following instruction. If the error indicator has been set, the computer executes the next instruction in sequence.

| Mnemonic | Channel Error Test | Instruction    |
|----------|--------------------|----------------|
| CET 0    | W (A)              | 0 40(20) 11000 |
| CET 1    | Y (B)              | 0 40(20) 11100 |
| CET 2    | C                  | 2 40(20) 11000 |
| CET 3    | D                  | 2 40(20) 11100 |

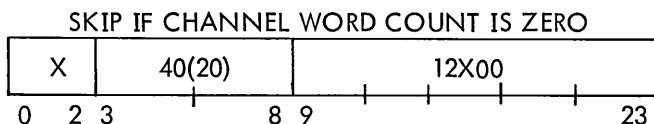
2. 123 The following SDS 900 series compatible instructions make the identical test of channels W and Y:

BETY 0 40 20020 Y BUFFER ERROR TEST

BETW 0 40 20010 W BUFFER ERROR TEST

2. 124 The indicator that CET tests is reset only by the next EOM that connects and alerts the same channel.

### 2. 125 CHANNEL ZERO COUNT TEST (CZT)

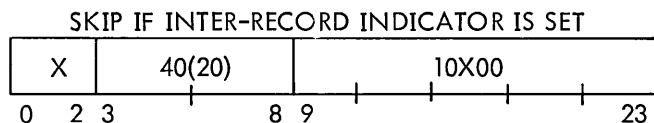


2. 126 CZT tests whether the contents of the Word Count Register in the channel have been reduced to zero. If the contents of WCR are zero, the computer skips the next instruction in sequence and executes the following instruction. If the contents of the WCR are non-zero, the computer executes the next instruction in sequence.

| Mnemonic | Channel Zero Count Test | Instruction    |
|----------|-------------------------|----------------|
| CZT 0    | W (A)                   | 0 40(20) 12000 |
| CZT 1    | Y (B)                   | 0 40(20) 12100 |
| CZT 2    | C                       | 2 40(20) 12000 |
| CZT 3    | D                       | 2 40(20) 12100 |

2. 127 The indicator that CZT tests is reset only by a POT instruction to set up the word count and data address in the same channel.

### 2. 128 CHANNEL INTER-RECORD TEST (CIT)



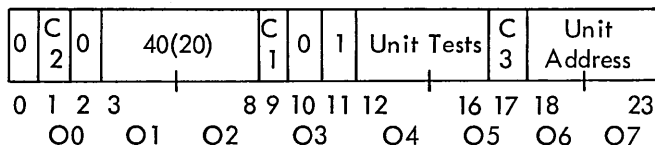
2. 129 CIT tests the Inter-record indicator in the selected channel. If the Inter-record indicator is set, the computer skips the next instruction in sequence and executes the following instruction. If the indicator is reset, the computer executes the next instruction in sequence.

| Mnemonic | Channel Active Test | Instruction    |
|----------|---------------------|----------------|
| CIT 0    | W (A)               | 0 40(20) 10400 |
| CIT 1    | Y (B)               | 0 40(20) 10500 |
| CIT 2    | C                   | 2 40(20) 10400 |
| CIT 3    | D                   | 2 40(20) 10500 |

2. 130 The Inter-record indicator is set only during extended mode operation when using a Proceed Function; the indicator is set for an inter-record or zero count condition. The indicator is reset by the next alert and connect EOM.

### 2. 131 DEVICE TESTS

2. 132 The SKIP IF SIGNAL NOT SET (SKS) below, used in the Channel and Device Test mode, tests the condition of the peripheral devices in the system directly. The peripheral device sections contain the individual instruction descriptions.



| Bit Designation | Octal Position | Octal Value | Function   |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| C1              | O3             | 4           | Bit positions 9, 1, and 17 are used as an octal digit to specify the channel.    |
| C2              | O0             | 2           | Channel W (A) is 0, channel Y (B) is 1, and so on.                               |
| C3              | O5             | 1           |  |
| 40(20)          | O1-O2          | 40(20)      | Bit positions 3 through 8 contain the SKS instruction code.                      |
| 01              | O3             | 1           | Bit positions 10 and 11 contain the mode selection.                              |
| Unit Tests      | O4-O5          |             | Bit positions 12 through 16 select the particular test and are system dependent. |
| Unit Address    | O6-O7          |             | Bit positions 18 through 23 specify the unit address.                            |



location processes the interrupt. This routine contains the instruction (MIW or WIM, for example) that can execute immediately without computer tie-up.

2. 153 During single-word operations, a parity error or incorrect timing error sets the buffer error indication in the channel. The incorrect timing error occurs when characters enter the buffer during input before the removal of the previous word; during output, buffer error indication occurs if characters are needed for output before the buffer receives the next word. The transmission does not terminate upon detection of any of these errors.

2. 154 The interrupt system can detect an End-of-Record termination. During output, use of TERMINATE OUTPUT (TOP) after the final MIW (MIY) causes an interrupt to the appropriate End-of-Transmission location when that final data word has been processed by the buffer. This interrupt takes the place of the End-of-Word interrupt; the End-of-Transmission condition inhibits the End-of-Word interrupt. During input, the End-of-Transmission interrupt is sent to the End-of-Transmission location when the End-of-Record is detected. During input from devices which do not generate an End-of-Record, an EOM disconnects (DSC) the channel to terminate the transmission. This termination generates no End-of-Transmission interrupt.



### SECTION III THEORY OF OPERATION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

3.2 The TMCC communicates with an external system or device by means of a shift register utilizing 6, 12, or 24-bit characters plus a parity bit. The maximum character size depends on the optional registers that may be installed. In TMCC Models 922XX, the character length is fixed at 6, 12, or 24 bits and can not be varied from one size to another. However, TMCC Models 932XX having the larger character length options may be switched from one size to another under control of the external system. The length is selected through activation of one of the character size control lines. External devices may activate these lines as necessary but if none are activated the TMCC assumes 6-bit characters. The rate of information transfer is determined by a clock signal from the external device. For both input and output, the TMCC slaves itself to the clock frequency of the device up to the TMM maximum data rate of two machine cycles per character.

3.3 The TMCC communicates with the computer by means of a 24-bit shift register which transfers words, an octal group at a time, between the TMCC and the computer C Register. The TMCC thus has two registers for data storage. These provide the means to assemble input characters into words or disassemble words into output characters. The number of characters per word is under program control but is limited to a maximum of four 6-bit characters, two 12-bit characters, or one 24-bit character.

3.4 Information may be input or output by executing an instruction for each word (channels W (A), or Y, only). The instruction may be given in advance of the time it is needed, in which case the computer remains idle until the channel is ready. Or the computer interrupt system may be employed so that the channel can call for an instruction when it is ready to use it. This allows the computer to continue with other computations when not actually engaged in the input/output (I/O) process.

3.5 An optional interlace feature may be installed in the TMCC to facilitate I/O operations with fewer instructions. The interlace logic allows a program to designate to the TMCC how many words are to be transferred and the memory location of the first word. Then, without further instructions, the TMCC can assemble or disassemble the number of words specified and time-share with the computer each time it is ready to transfer a word to or from memory. The I/O process may thus be interlaced with computation or with similar I/O operations on other channels.

3.6 Figure 3-1 is a block diagram of the TMCC. As indicated on the figure, the principal parts of the TMCC are the Character Buffer, Word Assembly Register, Unit Address Register, Word Counter, and Address Counter.

#### 3.7 CHARACTER BUFFER

3.8 Depending on the option, the Character Buffer is a single character storage register of 6, 12, or 24 bits. It is implemented with S-R type flip-flops connected in a series-parallel manner so shifting takes place in octal groups (i.e. three bits in parallel). Transfer of data between the Character Buffer and an external system is entirely parallel for the whole character whether it be input or output.

#### 3.9 WORD ASSEMBLY REGISTER

3.10 This register is also connected in series-parallel to allow shifting in octal groups. It is composed of three parallel registers of eleven flip-flops each. The register includes twenty-four flip-flops to store a complete word plus additional flip-flops on the ends of each series string to allow for timing considerations. The Word Assembly Register is implemented with flip-flops connected in such a manner that continuous recirculation occurs.

#### 3.11 UNIT ADDRESS REGISTER

3.12 The 6-bit address code to select a specific peripheral device is set-up in the Unit Address Register. The register is composed of five flip-flops whose outputs are sent to the peripheral unit for decoding. A sixth flip-flop, associated with the Unit Address Register, is also set-up at the same time to signal the external device whether an input or an output is to take place.

#### 3.13 WORD COUNTER

3.14 The Word Counter is part of the optional interlace equipment. It is a fifteen stage flip-flop counter used to store the number of words to be transferred during an interlaced I/O operation. With each word transfer, the counter is decremented by "one". (Actually, the complement of the count is incremented.)

#### 3.15 ADDRESS COUNTER

3.16 This counter is also part of the optional interlace feature. Its purpose is to store the address of the d memory location currently being accessed. Each time a word is taken from or sent to memory, the Address

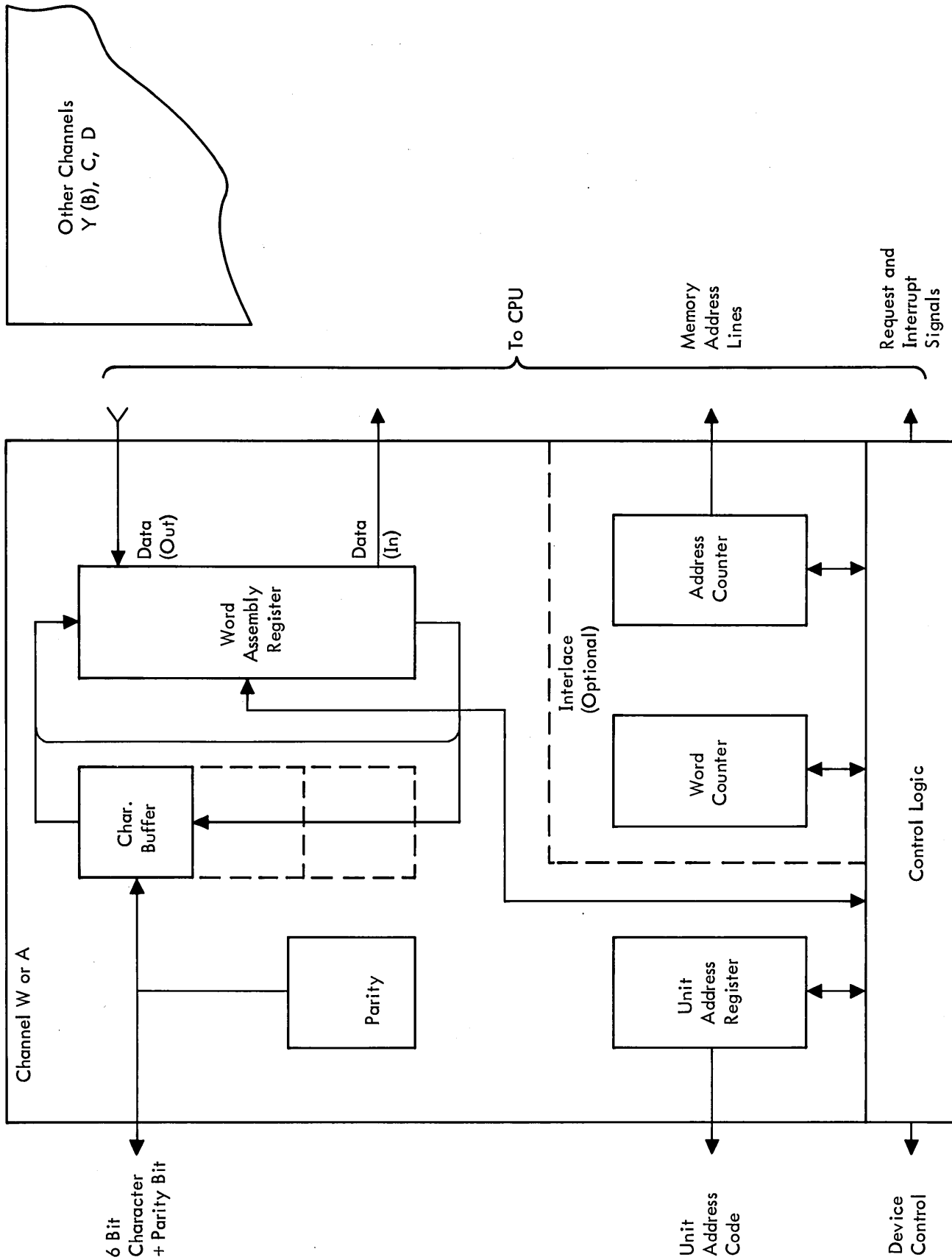


Figure 3-1. Time Multiplexed Communication Channel With Interlace, Block Diagram

Counter is incremented by "one" to prepare for locating the next word.

### 3. 17 INPUT PROCESS

3. 18 A brief outline of a non-interlaced input process follows. The TMCC is initialized by an EOM instruction to set-up the address code of the peripheral device, to designate input or output, and specify the number of characters per word. When the address is decoded by a peripheral device, the device is activated and begins sending clock signals and data to the channel.

3. 19 Input clocks are synchronized with TMCC timing by clock counter flip-flops which detect the peripheral device clock, transfer the input data to the Character Buffer and cause the Word Assembly Register to circulate through the Character Buffer. Ordinarily the Word Assembly Register recirculates on itself but as each new input character is ready it circulates through the Character Buffer for one machine cycle to pick up the new character. A machine cycle is defined as eleven computer clock pulse periods.

3. 20 As each character is clocked in, the character counter (W7 W8) is decremented until the count reaches zero, signaling that a complete word has been formed. Depending on the particular channel (TMCC W (A) or Y) a WIM, AIM, or YIM instruction may be used to transfer the word from the TMCC to memory. When the instruction is executed, a word is shifted in octal groups from the Word Assembly Register to the computer C Register and then stored in the memory location specified by the effective address of the WIM, AIM, or YIM instruction.

3. 21 To prepare for the next word, the Character Counter is reset to its original count which was designated by the initializing EOM instruction. Storage of the original count is accomplished by utilizing excess positions of the Word Assembly Register.

3. 22 The input process may be terminated by another EOM instruction or by detection of an externally applied halt condition.

### 3. 23 OUTPUT PROCESS

3. 24 A non-interlaced output process is started in the same way that an input operation is initialized. A MIW (MIY or MIA) instruction can then be used to transfer words from memory to the Word Assembly Register via the computer C Register.

3. 25 Each time the external device sends a clock signal to the TMCC, it is detected by the Clock Counter.

At a certain point in the counter sequence, the device extracts information from the Character Buffer. At the end of the counter sequence, the Word Assembly Register recirculates through the buffer for one machine cycle. At the conclusion of the cycle, a new character is available in the Character Buffer awaiting the next clock. The Clock Counter also decrements the Character Counter. When it is decremented to zero, the last character of a word is in the buffer. By this time another MIW (MIY or MIA) instruction should be executed; or the instruction may be called for through the interrupt system. As with input, the Character Counter is reloaded between words from the Word Assembly Register.

3. 26 The output operation is concluded by a Terminate Output EOM instruction.

### 3. 27 Parity

3. 28 During input, a parity flip-flop accepts the input parity bit and checks the character for odd parity. The same flip-flop is also used to generate the parity bit for output characters.

### 3. 29 TMCC AND INTERLACE CONFIGURATION

3. 30 The theory of operation contained in this manual is applicable to all models of the Time-Multiplexed Communication Channels for the 925/930/9300 Computers. The operation is for the most part identical for all models. Those differences that do exist, however, are covered in the explanation where appropriate.

### 3. 31 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

3. 32 Many portions of the TMCC logic are common to both input and output operations. Other portions of the logic are specifically related to input only, output only, or interlace only. The following logic description begins with the common logic functions.

3. 33 Subsequent to the logic descriptions are the Glossary of Logic Term and the Logic Equations.

### 3. 34 PULSE COUNTER

3. 35 The pulse counter consists of flip-flops Qr1, Qr2, Qr3, and Qr4. These flip-flops perform the same function for the TMCC that the pulse counter, Q1 through Q6, does for the central processor (CPU). The counter is included in the TMCC in addition to the counter in the CPU in order to avoid excessive delays and loading that would occur if all timing signals were obtained directly from the CPU. The Pulse Counter defines the pulse times, T8, T7, T6, T5, T4, T3, T2, T1 T0, Tr, and Tp needed for timing of all processes within the unit. Refer to table 3-1 for the Pulse Counter Truth Table.

Table 3-1. Pulse Counter Truth Table

|    | Qr1 | Qr2 | Qr3 | Qr4 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Tp | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| T8 | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| T7 | 1   | 0   | 0   | 1   |
| T6 | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| T5 | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| T4 | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   |
| T3 | 0   | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| T2 | 1   | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| T1 | 1   | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| T0 | 0   | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| Tr | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| Tp | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |

3.36 It is logically impossible to set Qr2, Qr3, and Qr4 unless Qr1 has been previously set. Therefore, without the additional set signal provided by Tpc, the counter would soon reach the reset state of time Tr + Tp and then stop counting. However, Tpc, the Tp signal from the CPU, is used to advance the TMCC pulse counter from Tp to T8. Thus, both counters advance to T8 at the same time and both remain in synchronism. An examination of the logic also indicates that the two pulse counters will synchronize regardless of the turn-on state.

$$sQr1 = Tpc + \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr3} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$rQr1 = Qr2$$

$$sQr2 = Qr1 \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4} (Qr4 + T0) + Qr1 \overline{Qr3}$$

$$rQr2 = \overline{Qr1}$$

$$sQr3 = Qr1 \overline{Qr4}$$

$$rQr3 = Qr3 \overline{Qr4} (Qr4 + T0)$$

$$sQr4 = Qr1 \overline{Qr3}$$

$$rQr4 = \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr2}$$

Only those pulse times or combinations of pulse times that are need for timing in the TMCC are decoded. For example:

$$T0 = \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$T6 - T0 = Qr3$$

3.37 In examining the pulse counter and the T0 decoding logic, it appears that the term (Qr4 + T0), as used on the inputs of Qr2 and Qr3, contains redundant logic. This is a result of logic mechanization and the redundant terms are not significant to the counter operation.

3.38 A TMCC pulse counter is associated with each W and C channel. The Y and D channels share the same pulse counters as the W and C channels, respectively. Other logic is shared in a similar manner by two channels and will be noted as each case arises.

### 3.39 INPUT/OUTPUT PROCESSING

3.40 When an EOM instruction of the form, EOM-0XXXX or EOM4XXXX, is executed to start an input or output process, a Buffer Control Signal, Buc, produces a clear signal, Wc, and a set signal, Ws. These two signals, Wc and Ws, permit initialization for the input/output operation. The Unit Address and the Character Count are set up from the C-Register. The registers are first cleared by Wc and then set by Ws. Refer to figure 3-2.

$$Buc = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} \overline{C1} *$$

$$Wc = Buc \overline{C17} (T6 + T5) + St + \dots$$

$$Ws = Buc \overline{C17} (T3 - T0)$$

\*C1 is used in place of  $\overline{C1}$  for Channels C and D.

Similarly, C17 and  $\overline{C17}$  distinguish between the W and Y channels, or between the C and D channels.

(T6 + T5) and (T3 - T0) are decoded timing signals from the pulse counter. Frequent use is made of such pulse times throughout the manual without further explanation. The term  $\overline{C17}$  distinguishes enabling of the W channel rather than the Y channel. The combination of terms which make up the input of Buc indicate that the computer is in phase (0) 5 of the execution of an EOM Buffer Control instruction. The term, St, is produced by the start switch which may also be used to reset the TMCC. The register logic involved in the clear and set sequencing is:

$$sW14 = Ws \ C23$$

$$rW14 = Wc$$

$$sW11 = Ws \ C20$$

$$rW11 = Wc$$

$$sW10 = Ws \ C19 + \dots$$

$$rW10 = Wc$$

Unit Address Register

5-bits provide 31 addressing codes and a disconnect code.

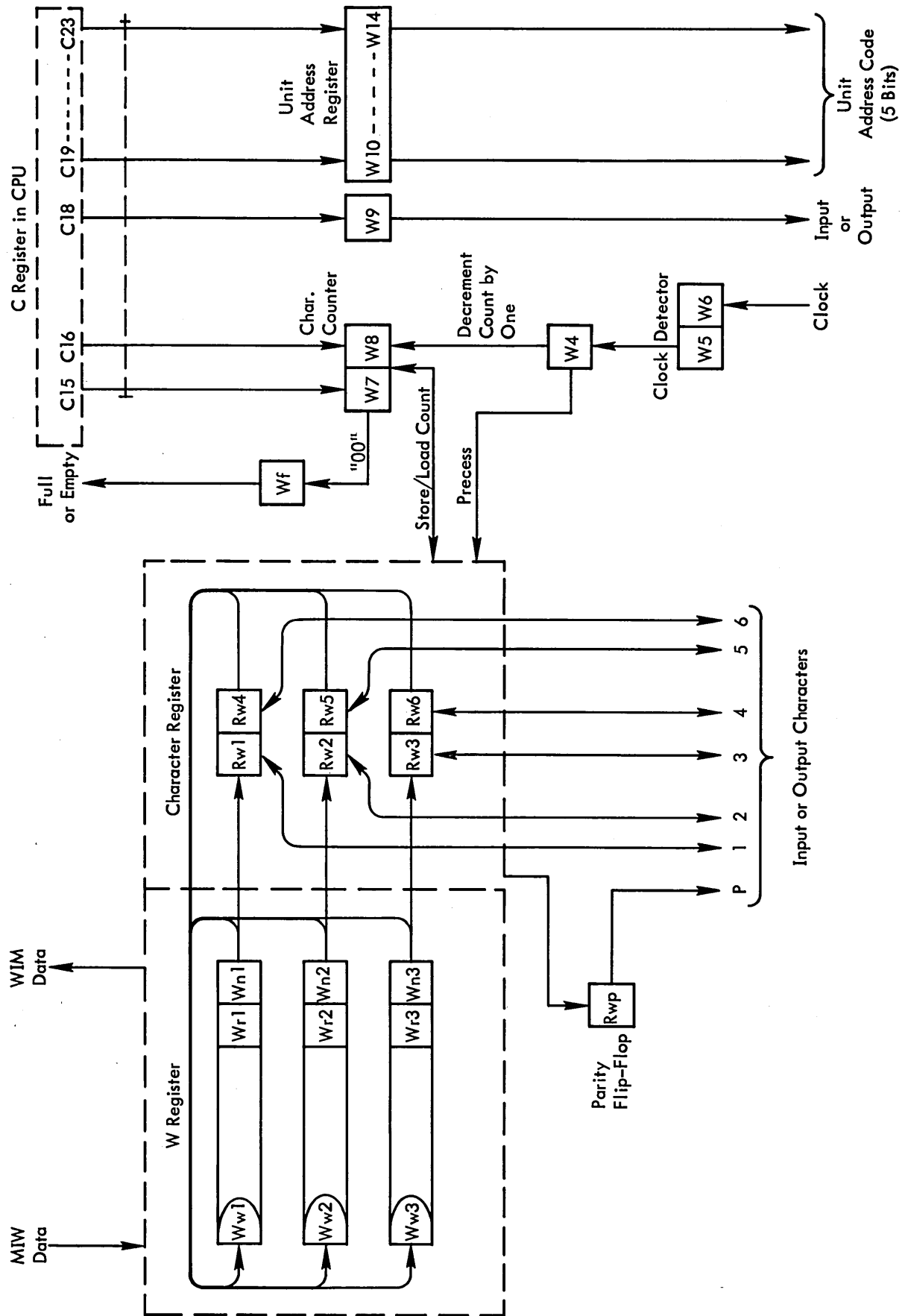


Figure 3-2. TMCC Information Flow Diagram, Input/Output (6 bit)

$$sW9 = W_s C18 \quad W9 = 1 \text{ for output}$$

$$rW9 = W_c \quad W9 = 0 \text{ for input}$$

| $sW8 = W_s C16 + \dots$ | } Character Counter |    |                 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----|-----------------|
| $rW8 = W_c + \dots$     |                     |    |                 |
| $sW7 = W_s C15 + \dots$ |                     |    |                 |
| $rW7 = W_c + \dots$     |                     |    |                 |
|                         |                     |    |                 |
|                         | W7                  | W8 | Characters/Word |
|                         | 1                   | 1  | 4               |
|                         | 1                   | 0  | 3               |
|                         | 0                   | 1  | 2               |
|                         | 0                   | 0  | 1               |

3.41 At the end of the Buc type instruction and during the last pulse time ( $T_0$ ) that  $W_s$  is on, the flip-flop,  $W_4$ , is set on for three pulse times.

$$sW4 = W_s T_0 + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W_4 T_8 + \dots$$

During this time,  $W_4$  allows the contents of the character counter to be copied into the W-Register. The bit in  $W_7$  goes into  $W_{w1}$  and the bit in  $W_8$  goes into  $W_{w2}$ .

$$W_{w1} = W_4 W_7 (\overline{T_7 - T_0}) + \dots$$

$$W_{w2} = W_4 W_8 (\overline{T_7 - T_0}) + \dots$$

During this period,  $\overline{W_4}$  or timing signals inhibit the other inputs to the W-Register.

3.42 This process provides a means for the TMCC to remember the initial character count while using flip-flops  $W_7$  and  $W_8$  to perform the actual count-down of the characters as each word is assembled on input or disassembled on output. As a word is processed, the original count is reloaded into the counter to get ready for the next word.

$$sW8 = W_{xx} W_{n2} (\overline{T_7 - T_0}) \overline{W_4}$$

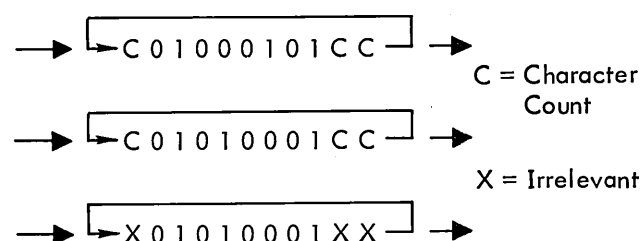
$$sW7 = W_{xx} W_{n1} (\overline{T_7 - T_0}) \overline{W_4}$$

The term  $W_{xx}$  is true during the transmission of a word being processed. Thus, in addition to its normal word handling functions, the W-Register provides storage of the character count for  $W_7$  and  $W_8$ .

### 3.43 W-Register

3.44 The W-Register is a one word recirculating flip-flop register with additional flip-flops at the read and write ends. The Write input signals to the first flip-flops of the register are designated  $W_w$ -, the intermediate Read flip-flops are designated  $W_r$ - and these drive the last flip-flops which are designated  $W_n$ -. The  $n$  represents now.

3.45 During normal recirculation, the outputs of the  $n$  flip-flops are fed to the  $w$  inputs, which, in turn, feed the remaining serial shift circuits. There are a total of eleven stages in a recirculating loop, one for each pulse time of a machine cycle. Three recirculating loops are required to hold a 24-bit word. The first recirculating loop holds only the most significant bits of each of the eight octal digits in a word. The second recirculating loop holds the middle bits of the eight octals. The third recirculating loop holds the least significant bits of each of the eight octals. If the octal word 07030407 (000 111 000 011 000 100 000 111) were being held in the register, its bits at pulse time  $T_p$  would appear as follows:



At the next pulse time,  $T_8$ , all bits would be moved one bit position to the right and for succeeding pulse times as the register recirculates. At the least significant pulse time,  $T_7$ , the bits of the least significant octal digit are in their respective now flip-flops,  $W_{n1}$ ,  $W_{n2}$ , and  $W_{n3}$ . At succeeding pulse times the now flip-flops present the corresponding octal digits. The additional positions beyond the eight octals of the register act as fill-in bits to satisfy logic timing requirements (so that a word is back in its original position after one machine cycle of 11 clock pulses) and are also used to store the character count. Normal recirculation is allowed by the following logic:

$$W_{w1} = \overline{W_4} W_{n1} \overline{W_{xx}} + \dots \quad \overline{W_4} \overline{W_{xx}} \text{ indicates the W-Register is not participating in some other operation.}$$

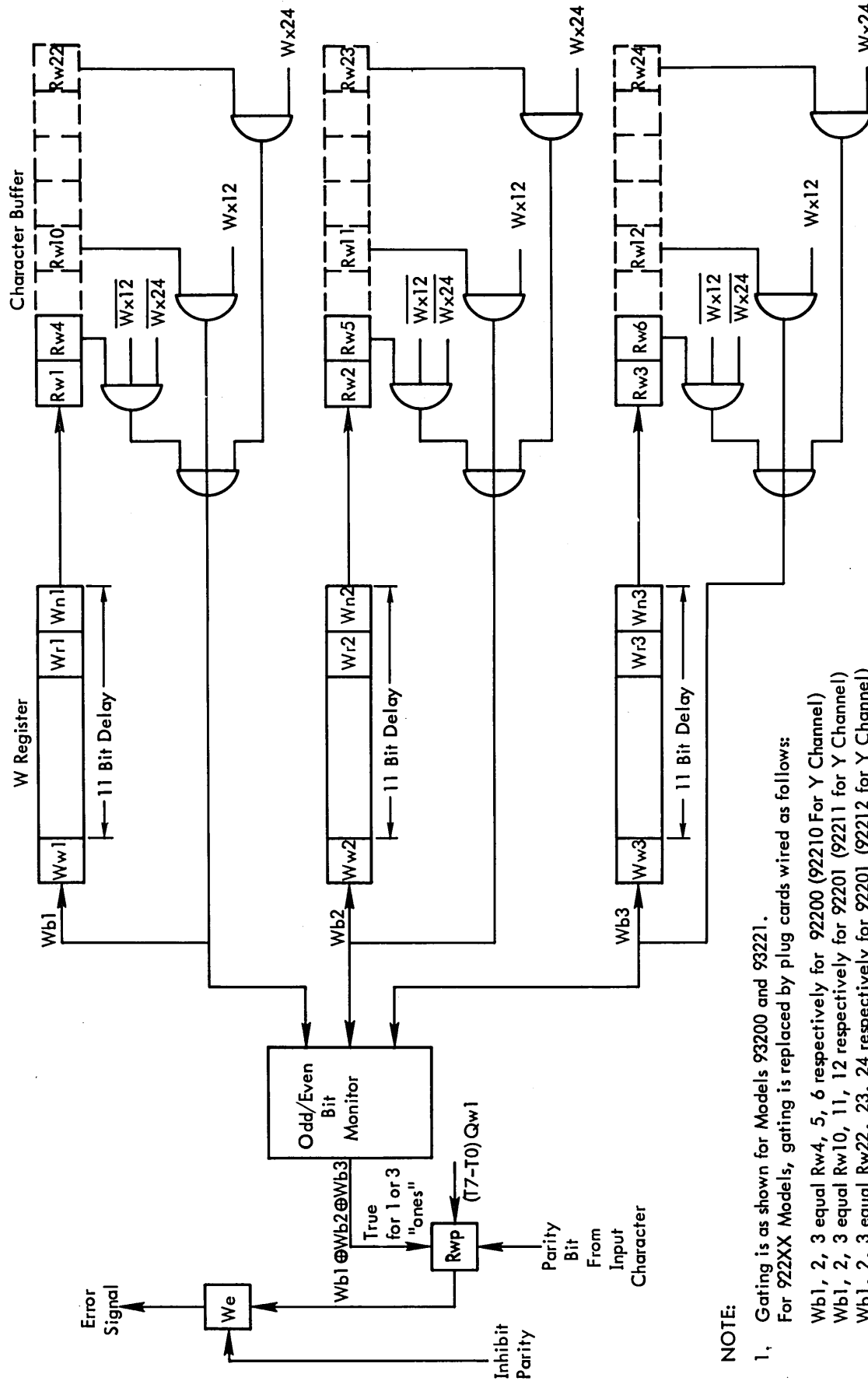
$$W_{w2} = \overline{W_4} W_{n2} \overline{W_{xx}} + \dots$$

$$W_{w3} = \overline{W_4} W_{n3} \overline{W_{xx}} + \dots$$

3.46 The Character Register is composed of six, twelve, or twenty-four R-S type flip-flops. When shifting an input character from the Character Register into the W-Register or an output character from the W-Register to the Character Register,  $W_4$  is set for the period ( $T_7 - T_0$ ) of one machine cycle. This enables the gating of one character precession in the W-Register by causing the data in the W-Register to recirculate through the Character Register. Refer to figure 3-3.

$$W_{w1} = W_4 W_{b1} (T_7 - T_0) + \dots$$

$$W_{w2} = W_4 W_{b2} (T_7 - T_0) + \dots$$



**Figure 3-3. Precession Loop and Input Parity Checking Logic**

$$Ww3 = W4 \overline{Wb3} + \dots$$

$$sRw1 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn1 + \dots$$

$$rRw1 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \overline{Wn1} + \dots$$

$$sRw2 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn2 + \dots$$

$$rRw2 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \overline{Wn2} + \dots$$

$$sRw3 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn3 + \dots$$

$$rRw3 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \overline{Wn3} + \dots$$

$Wxx$  is a signal denoting that an MIW, WIM or Time Share operation is occurring.

$$Wxx = Rx \ Pwy + \dots *$$

$$Pwy = 05 **$$

\* $Rx$  is always false for the C-channel. Another term, not shown allows  $Wxx$  to function in that channel only on an interlaced basis.

\*\*In Model 92200. See 05,  $Pw5$  in the Glossary of terms.

3.47 The Time Share Operation is discussed beginning with paragraph 3.102. Since there are no WIM/MIW type instructions for TMCC-B, C, or D,  $Rx$  is always false for these channels.

3.48 The timing signals  $(T7 - T0)$  on the inputs of  $Ww1$  and  $Ww2$  are necessary to prevent interference with the storage of the character count which was previously described. The character count does not precess but recirculates. This recirculation is allowed by:

$$Ww1 = \overline{W4} Wn1 (\overline{T7 - T0}) + \dots$$

$$Ww2 = \overline{W4} Wn2 (\overline{T7 - T0}) + \dots$$

3.49 During the input or output precession, the shift logic for the character register is as shown below. Depending on the 12- or 24-bit character option, all bits may not be installed.

$$sRw4 = W4 \overline{Rw4} Rw1 + \dots$$

$$rRw4 = W4 \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw1} + \dots$$

$$sRw5 = W4 \overline{Rw5} Rw2 + \dots$$

$$rRw5 = W4 \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw2} + \dots$$

|                      |  
|                      |  
|                      |

$$sRw23 = W4 \overline{Rw23} Rw20 + \dots$$

$$rRw23 = W4 \overline{Rw23} \overline{Rw20} + \dots$$

$$sRw24 = W4 \overline{Rw24} Rw21 + \dots$$

$$rRw24 = W4 \overline{Rw24} \overline{Rw21} + \dots$$

The shift inputs for  $Rw1$ ,  $Rw2$ , and  $Rw3$  are given in paragraph 3.46. The precession of characters is controlled by  $W4$ . When a WIM or MIW instruction is executed,  $Wf$  is set.  $Wf$  remains set until the count in  $W7$  and  $W8$  is 00.

$$sWf = Rx \ T0 \ Twy$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5)$$

$Rx \ Pwy = Wxx$  which indicates a WIM or MIW instruction is occurring.  $Wf$  is later used to indicate to the computer when the W-Register is full on input or empty on output.

3.50 Two other flip-flops,  $W5$  and  $W6$ , detect external device clocks (which may occur either before or after  $Wf$  is set). The clock  $Ecw$  is first detected by  $W6$  as follows:

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw \ T8 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}$$

$$rW6 = W4 \ T0 + Wc$$

At the next  $T0$  pulse after the device clock goes false,  $W5$  sets allowing  $W6$  to reset again. Setting of  $W5$  inhibits further clock detection until the current clock is processed.

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} W6 \overline{Ecw} \ T0 + \dots$$

$$rW5 = W4 \ T0 + \dots$$

Setting of  $W4$  is interlocked with  $W5$  and  $Wf$  to allow one precession of the W Register to take place after each external clock signal.

$$sW4 = W5 \ Wf \ T8 \ \overline{Wg} + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W4 \ T0 + \dots$$

The term,  $\overline{Wg}$ , explained in detail in paragraphs 3-66 and 3-150) is assumed to be true at this time.

3.51 The equation for  $Wf$  contains  $\overline{W7} \ \overline{W8}$ , indicating that precession is complete when the character count reaches 00. The count down is enabled by  $W4$  and is accomplished by:

$$sW8 = W7 \ \overline{W8} \ W4 \ T0 + \dots$$

$$rW8 = W8 \ W4 \ T0 + \dots$$

$$rW7 = W7 \ \overline{W8} \ W4 \ T0 + \dots$$

3.52 The foregoing discussion was limited to processes common to input and output operations. The interrupt



function, which allows the TMCC to signal the computer when it is ready to transfer a word to or from memory, was omitted. In subsequent paragraphs, features peculiar to input or output operation are discussed separately. Details concerning interrupt operation are included.

### 3.53 INPUT PROCESS (W9 true)

3.54 The characteristics of a typical input clock signal and its relationship to the input data and Clock Counter flip-flops are illustrated in figure 3-4. Examination of figure 3-4 indicates that if the data is to be sampled by  $\overline{W6} \overline{W5}$  it has to be on by the time the clock,  $E_{cw}$ , returns to zero volts. Also, in order not to be read by the previous or next clock, the data may not come on until at least one machine cycle after the previous clock and must go off before the next clock appears.

3.55 Two detailed examples of the clock signal,  $E_{cw}$ , are illustrated in figure 3-5. To be assured of a timing pulse occurring during the on period (to set  $W6$ ) and the off period (to set  $W5$ ) of  $E_{cw}$ , each of these periods must be at least one machine cycle in length. This prescribes an input clock cycle of no less than two machine cycles. The clock rate must be somewhat slower than this for proper operation of  $W6$ ,  $W5$ , and  $W4$ . Figure 3-5a illustrates two input clocks with timing such that the second clock is missed. Any clock rate slower than that illustrated in figure 3-5a would be satisfactory, however, a safety margin must be provided to compensate for noise and variations in waveshape and frequency.

3.56 The input frequency may be increased as illustrated in figure 3-5b if the clocks are interlocked within the peripheral device with  $W5$  and  $W6$  from the TMCC such that

$$\overline{(E_{cw})} = \overline{(\text{Device Clock})} \overline{W5} \overline{W6}$$

In this case, only two machine cycles per input clock are needed. Some of the peripheral device couplers include this interlocking feature.

3.57 When a Buc type EOM instruction is executed to activate the TMCC for an input operation, the halt detector,  $W_h$ , is reset and the computer interlock flip-flop,  $W_f$ , is set by the clearing signal,  $W_c$ .

$$\begin{aligned} W_c &= \text{Buc } \overline{CT7} (T6 + T5) + \dots \\ sW_f &= W_c \overline{W_h} + \dots \\ rW_h &= W_c (T6 + T5) + \dots \end{aligned}$$

This prepares the Character Register to precess the first input character into the W-Register enabling  $W4$  which gates  $Ww1$ ,  $Ww2$  and  $Ww3$ .

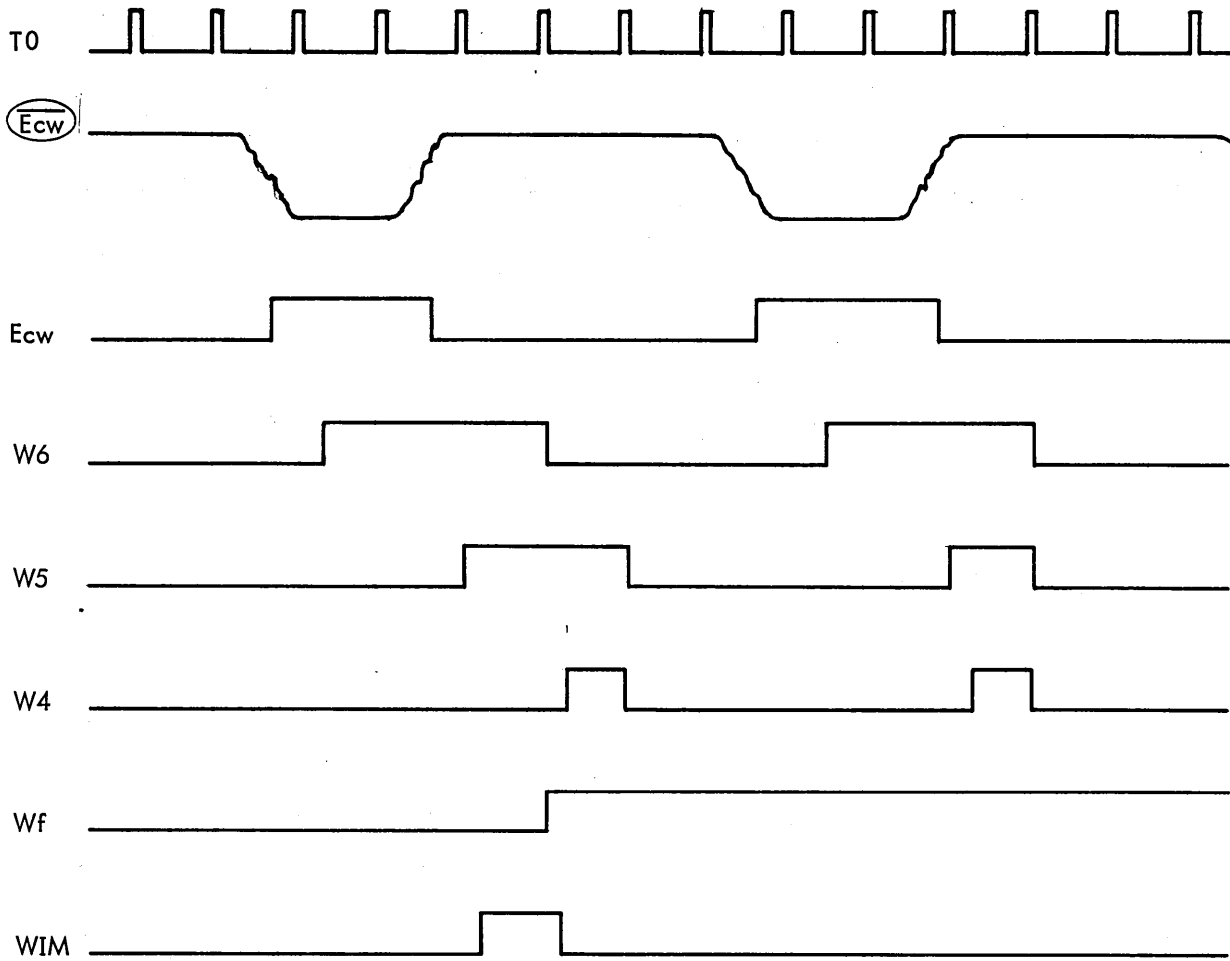
3.58 The Character Register and parity flip-flop are cleared originally and again between each input character by  $\overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$ . After processing the Buc type EOM instruction, the Character Register is ready to receive an input character and clock even though a WIM instruction is not immediately given. The input bits,  $Zw1$  through  $Zw24$  and the parity bit  $Zwp$ , are gated into the Character Register and the Parity Flip-Flop by  $\overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5}$ .  $\overline{W9}$  signifies an input operation and  $\overline{W6} \overline{W5}$  indicate an input clock has been detected from the peripheral device.

$$\begin{aligned} sRw1 &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} Zw1 \\ rRw1 &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \\ &\vdots \\ sRw24 &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} Zw24 \\ rRw24 &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \\ \\ sRwp &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} Zwp \\ rRwp &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \end{aligned}$$

3.59 Precession then takes place as described earlier and another input character can be read into the Character Register. This read-precess cycle is repeated for each input character until the Character Counter is decremented to 00 causing  $W_f$  to reset. Resetting of  $W_f$  inhibits further precessions and indicates to the computer that the W-Register is full and ready to transfer a word into memory. The program should now provide a WIM instruction to enable the transfer. One more character may still be stored in the Character Register before receiving the WIM instruction. Further input characters are blocked because  $W4$  is inhibited while  $W_f$  is reset. This prevents  $W5$  from resetting, which in turn disables clock detection by  $W6$ . When a WIM instruction does occur late, The Error Detection Flip-Flop,  $W_e$ , is set. This condition can be tested by an SKS instruction. The error detection flip-flop is reset by  $W_c$  which occurs with an EOM-Buc instruction.

$$\begin{aligned} sW_e &= W0 \overline{W6} \overline{W5} E_{cw} T8 + \dots \\ rW_e &= W_c \overline{W_h} \end{aligned}$$

This equation signifies that a WIM instruction is late if the clock signal,  $E_{cw}$ , is received before the previous character has been precessed out of the Character Register. The  $W0$ , Halt Interlock, and  $W_h$ , Halt Detector, signals appearing here are discussed in detail in paragraphs 3.65 and 3.66. When the interlock feature of figure 3-5 is employed, the condition  $\overline{W6} \overline{W5} E_{cw}$  cannot occur to set  $W_e$ . Under such circumstances, the peripheral device (or coupler) must be capable of detecting its own rate errors and reporting them via the Error Signal line,  $\overline{(Wes)}$ .



Time →

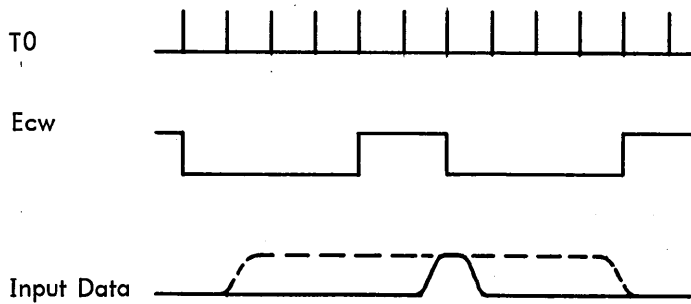
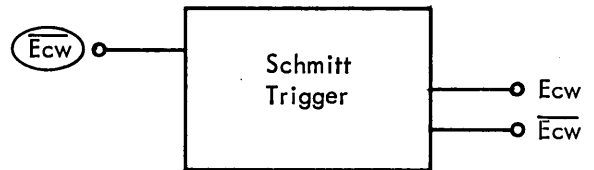
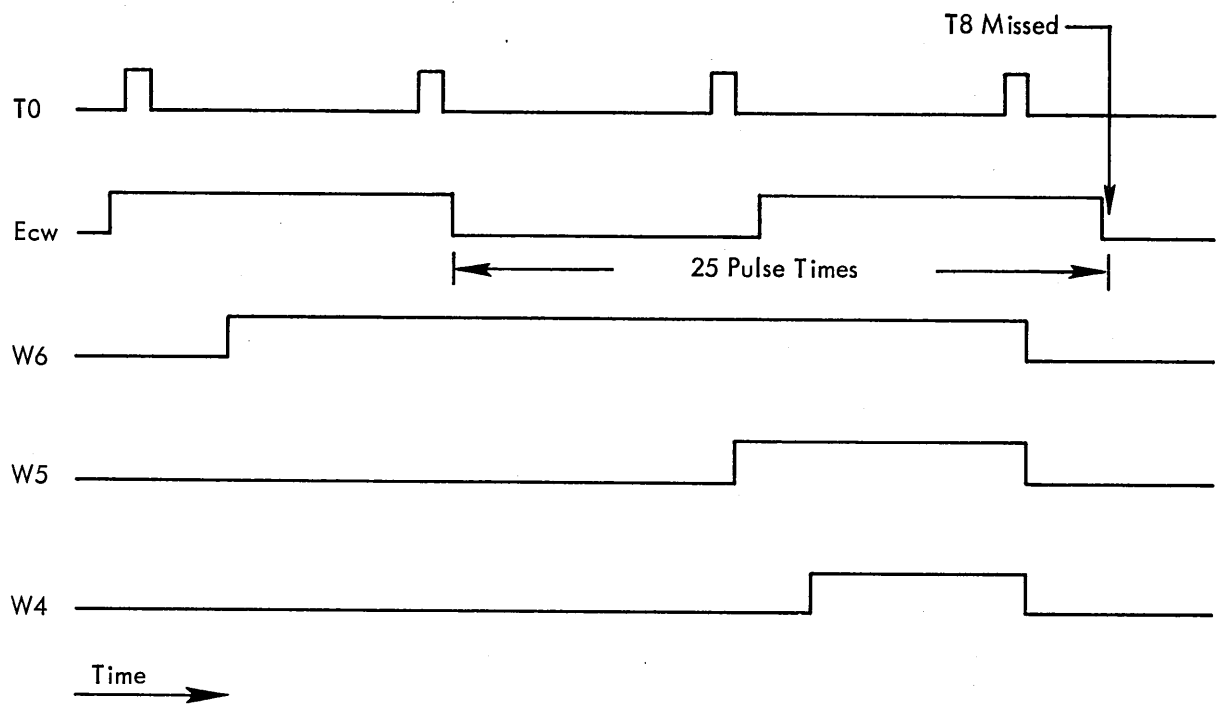
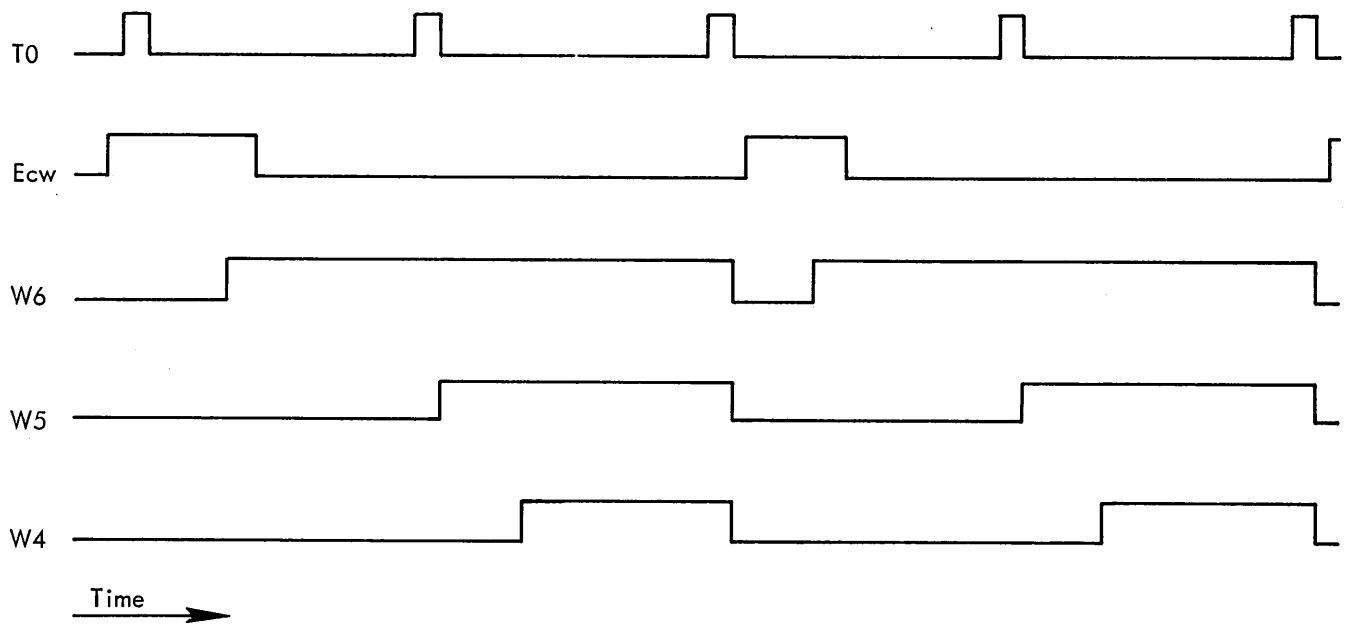


Figure 3-4. Input Clock Timing Charts (Typical)



a. Input Clocks too Fast



b. Input Clocks Interlocked With  $\overline{W5}$   $\overline{W6}$

Figure 3-5. Input Clock Timing Charts

$$sWe = Wes + \dots$$

3.60 The Input Timing Chart, figure 3-6, indicates the flow of the basic input process. The first WIM instruction is shown occurring late to illustrate how the Character Register accepts one more character after the W-Register is full.

3.61 The error detector flip-flop may also be set if the input character has even parity.

$$sWe = \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} Rwp \overline{Wg} Npw \overline{Iwg} + \dots$$

In this equation,  $\overline{W9}$  indicates an input process,  $\overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$  indicates that the received character has already been precessed into the W-Register when We is set. The term Npw is a signal received from the peripheral device to disable parity checking when a parity bit is not supplied. Wg and Iwg are End-of-Record and Extended Mode signals. These are discussed in paragraph 3-131 dealing with Interlace. Rwp is the Parity Flip-Flop which is toggled while the character is precessing out of the Character Register. During input, the operation of Rwp takes place as follows: Initially and again between each character precession, Rwp is reset by  $\overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$ . If the parity bit of the input character is a one, Rwp is set by  $\overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5}$ .

$$sRwp = \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} Zwp + \dots$$

$$rRwp = \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} + Wc + \dots$$

Since W6 is set at pulse time T8 in the above equations Rwp may be set (if Zwp = 1) at the next pulse time, T7. At the next T0, W5 is set and the state of Rwp is reversed at T8, three pulse times later.

$$sRwp = Wf W5 T8 \overline{Rwp} + \dots$$

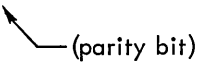
$$rRwp = Wf W5 T8 \overline{W9} Rwp + \dots$$

As a result of this reversal, Rwp is set if the input parity bit was a zero and reset if the bit was a one. The parity of the 6-, 12- or 24-data bits of the input character is now examined. This takes place while the character is being precessed into the W-Register. While precession occurs, the three bits of each octal group appearing as the output of the Character Register are tested by  $(Wb1 \oplus Wb2 \oplus Wb3)$ . This parity logic term is true whenever there is an odd number of one's in a three bit group. It is used to reverse the state of Rwp for each such octal group containing an odd number of ones.

$$sRwp = \overline{W9} \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} (Wb1 \oplus Wb2 \oplus Wb3) \\ (T7 - T0) Qw1 + \dots$$

$$rRwp = \overline{W9} \overline{W4} Rwp (Wb1 \oplus Wb2 \oplus Wb3) \\ (T7 - T0) Qw1 + \dots$$

The proper state of Rwp is thereby achieved, establishing whether the incoming character had a parity error. For example, if the following twelve bit character were received,

1 101 101 111 001  
 (parity bit)

its parity bit would cause Rwp to start off by setting then being reversed to the reset state. Of the four octal groups, two of them have an odd number of ones. This would cause Rwp to change state twice as precession took place thus returning to the reset condition. With Rwp reset, no parity error would be reported by We.

3.62 The number of octal groups that must be checked for each character precession and which outputs of the Character Register to be monitored for 6-, 12-, and 24-bit characters must also be determined. The number of octal groups to check is solved by  $(T7 - T0) Qw1$ , which is true for 2, 4, or 8 pulse times in accordance with the character length. Table 3-2 lists the values of signal Qw1. The character length may be determined by hardwired logic or by gating of Wx12 and Wx24 signals (depending on the model). Which outputs to monitor is solved by using the same gating signals, Wx12 and Wx24, or by hardwiring to select the proper outputs. Whether gating or hardwiring is employed depends on the equipment model number. The variations in models are detailed in table 3-2.

3.63 The characters have now been read into the Character Register, precessed into the W-Register, and parity has been checked. The contents of the W-Register must now be transferred to the C-Register in the Central Processor Unit (CPU). Each time a WIM (AIM) instruction is executed, the contents of the W (A) and C-Registers are interchanged. At this time (Ø4 of the WIM instruction execution) precession is blocked by  $\overline{W4}$  and recirculation is blocked by Wxx. The condition  $\overline{Wf} \overline{W9}$  is used to signal the computer that the exchange can take place.

$$Wxx = Rx Pwy + \dots \quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ in Model 92200})$$

Rx indicates that a WIM or MIW instruction is being processed. It is always false for the C and D channels, since no WIM or MIW type instructions exist for those channels.

$$Ww1 = \overline{W4} C21r (T7 - T0) Wxx$$

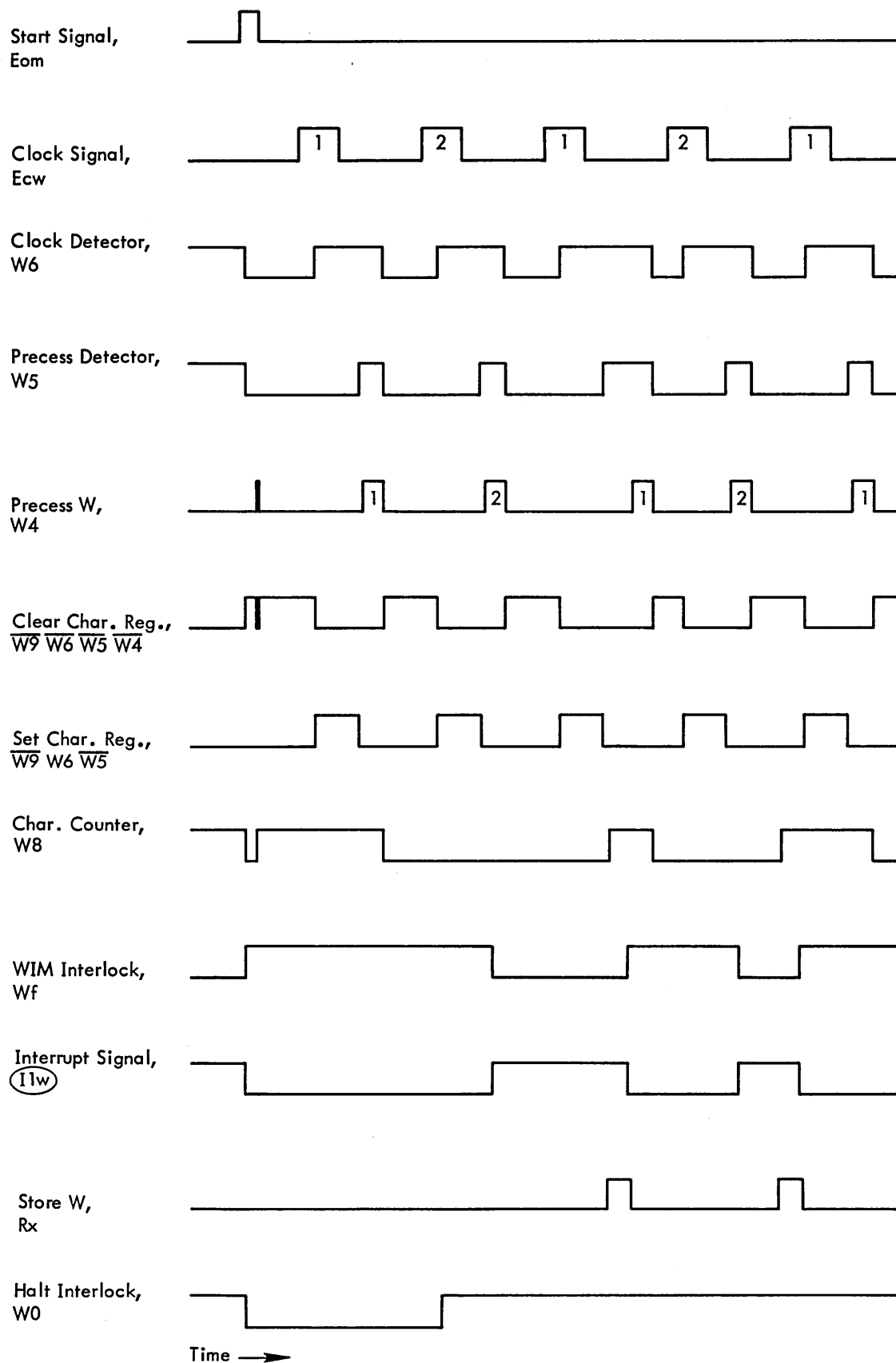


Figure 3-6. Input Timing Chart (Two Characters Per Word)

Table 3-2. Value of Parity Timing Signal Qw1

| TMCC<br>Model No. | Value of Qw1  | Time When (T7 - T0)<br>Qw1 is true  |
|-------------------|---|---|
| 92200             | $Qw1 = Qr1 \overline{Qr4} *$  | T7, T6  |
| 92201             | $Qw1 = Qr4 *$   | T7, T6, T5, T4  |
| 92202             | $Qw1 = 1$ (Qw1 is deleted) *  | T7 through T0   |
| 93200/93221       | $Qw1 = \overline{Wx12} \overline{Qr4} + \overline{Wx12} Wx24 \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4}$ | T7, T6<br><br>if Wx12 and Wx24 are off.<br><br>T7 through T4<br><br>if Wx12 is on.<br><br>T7 through T0<br><br>if Wx24 is on. |

\*Qw1 is replaced by the signal shown.

$$Ww2 = \overline{W4} C22r (T7 - T0) Wxx$$

$$Ww3 = \overline{W4} C23r (T7 - T0) Wxx$$

The terms C21r, C22r, and C23r are logically equivalent to the outputs of the C-Register, C21, C22, and C23, respectively, but are implemented through special drivers for this transfer function in order to minimize the delay. The three parallel portions of the C-Register behave in a manner similar to one another, therefore only one is listed below (all three are illustrated in figure 3-7).

$$sC0 = Cr3 (Rx Rn1 + \dots)$$

$$rC0 = Cr3 (\overline{Rx Rn1} + \dots)$$

$$sRn1 = Rwy1 \overline{Tsr} + \dots$$

$$rRn1 = \overline{Rwy1} \overline{Tsr} + \dots$$

3.64 The data transfer takes place during one machine cycle of the WIM instruction (Rx) and when completed, the computer Interlock Flip-Flop, Wf, is set to prepare the TMCC to accept the next input word.

$$sWf = Rx T0 Twy + \dots$$

Terminating an input operation can take place in one of several ways. The more sophisticated methods are

discussed in paragraph 3.131 dealing with the interlace. The simplest procedure is to program an EOM instruction to disconnect the peripheral unit after a sufficient number of WIM instructions have been processed. Other methods will now be discussed and illustrated as they apply to specific devices. Use will be made of the interlock and interrupt signals while considering these devices. These features are applicable to other I/O units as well.

3.65 A photoreader input process (refer to figure 3-8) can be terminated by detecting tape gap following a block of input data. The tape gap consists of one or more tape frames where only the sprocket hole is punched. However, the photoreader must be able to initially read through a tape gap or leader without terminating at every tape frame. This is accomplished by the Halt Interlock Flip-Flop, W0, which detects the start of a block of data and is used by the peripheral device coupler to inhibit sprocket clocks until the first (or second) character is sent to the TMCC. Clocks for these first characters are derived from the characters themselves. The equation for W0 is given below, but to fully understand its action, the equation for a typical photoreader clock signal is also shown.

$$sW0 = \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W8} Ecw + \dots$$

$$rW0 = Wc + \dots$$

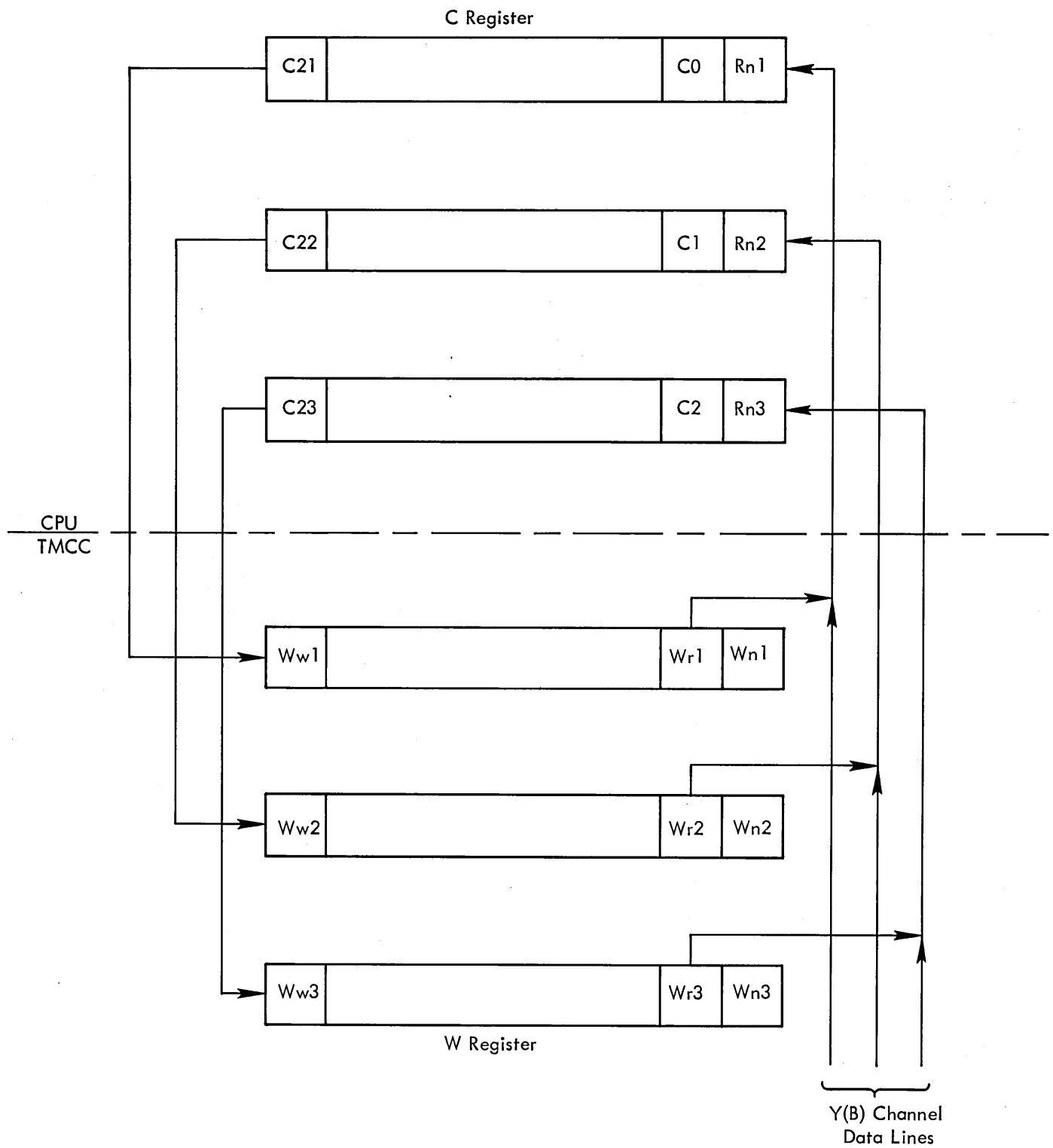


Figure 3-7. Data Transfer from W Register to C Register

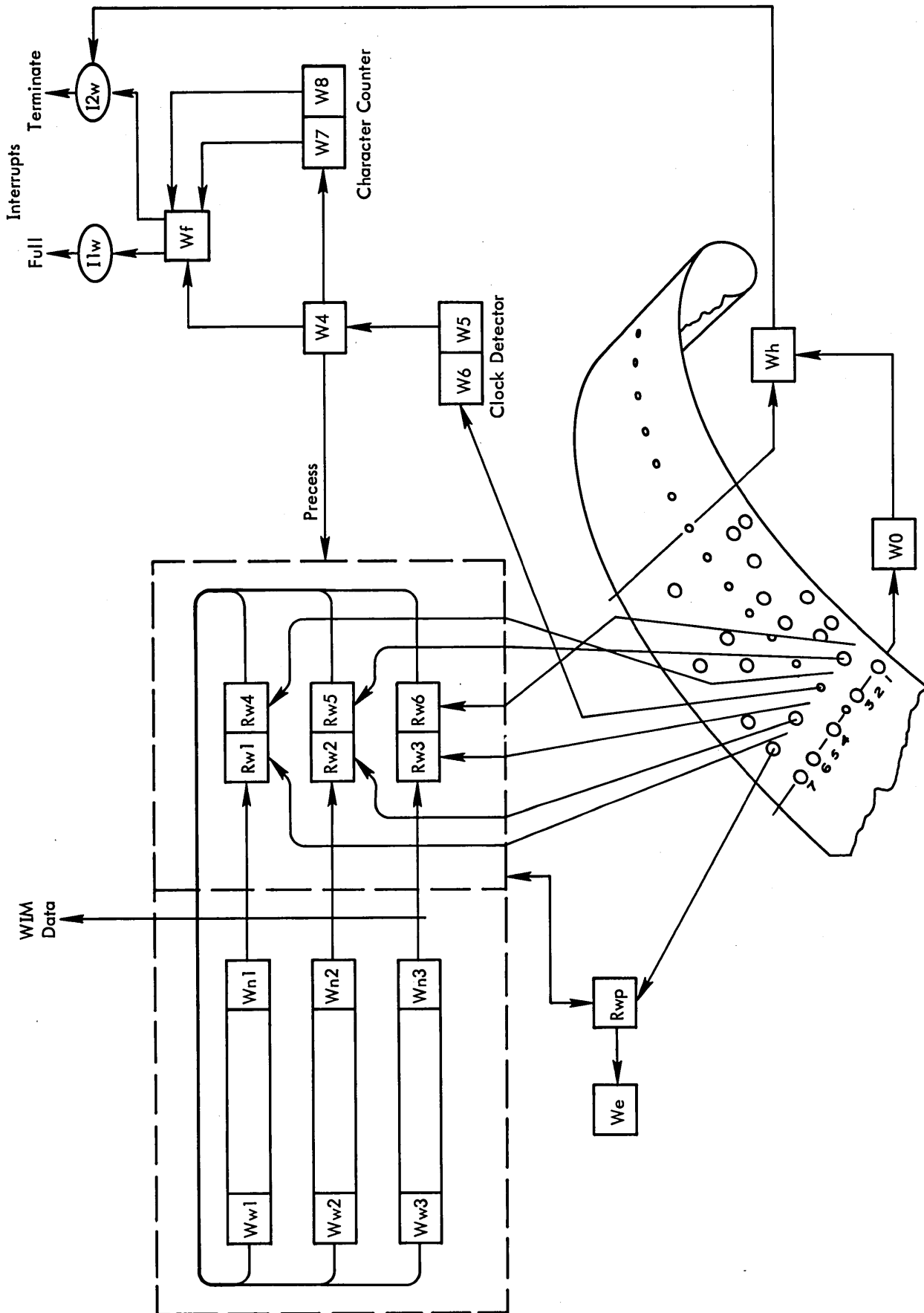


Figure 3-8. Information Flow Diagram - Phototape



$$Ecw = (Zw1 + Zw2 + Zw3 + Zw4 + Zw5 + Zw6 + Zw7 + W0) Sp Re$$

In the latter equation, Zw1 through Zw6 are the character reader signals, Zw7 is the parity bit signal, Sp is the sprocket hole signal, and Re is a photoreader enable level. The result of this combination is that while W0 is reset, the clocks are derived from the character bits. After setting W0, the term in parentheses is always true so Ecw varies with Sp only. When the first character is read following leader, a clock is produced which sets W6. W6 allows W0 to be set. The term W8 on the input of W0 prevents setting of W0 until the second character appears (in the four character per word mode). Waiting until the second character is desirable when reading from magnetic tape so a single noise character within a gap does not set W0. It is also important during a reverse scan of magnetic tape to avoid setting W0 on the longitudinal parity character.

3.66 After W0 has been set to enable the clocks to read in data, the End-of-Record Detector, Wg, is used to detect the first all-zeros, or gap, character (all zeros including the parity bit). Wg then enables the Halt Detector Flip-Flop, Wh.

$$sWg = \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} (\overline{Rw1} \overline{Rw2} \overline{Rw3} \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw6} \overline{Rwp}) W5 (\overline{T7} - T0) (\overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14})$$

$$rWg = Wc$$

$$sWh = Wg \overline{Iwg} T8$$

The combination,  $\overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13}$ , at the input of Wg decodes the fact that paper tape reader number 1 or number 2 is being used for input. The terms  $(\overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14})$  are redundant and are due to the logic mechanization.

3.67 After Wg sets, parity errors no longer set the Error Detector Flip-Flop, We.

$$sWe = \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} Rwp \overline{Wg} Npw \overline{Iwg} + \dots$$

Disabling We avoids parity testing for the next few machine cycles. During this time a complete word is precessed into the W-Register if the input did not supply sufficient characters to finish the last word. In the case where Wh sets but the W-Register is not yet full, W4 is set for successive cycles until the character counter reads 00. This process is termed "flushing". When W7 W8 read 00, Wf is reset and a Wc signal is generated to disconnect the TMCC.

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

$$sWf = Wc \overline{Wh} + \dots$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

The clear signal, Wc, disconnects the tape reader and clears the character counter, End-of-Record Detector, and Halt Interlock.

$$rW0 = Wc$$

$$rWg = Wc$$

The Halt Detector is then reset at the next T8 pulse time.

$$rWh = Wh \overline{Wf} T8$$

3.68 By allowing the character counter to count down to 00 before resetting, the final input word is filled-in with zero characters. The Phototape Termination Timing Charts illustrate the flow of this termination process. Figure 3-9 illustrates the case where the last input word does not contain a full complement of characters. Figure 3-10 illustrates the timing for the case where the last word does have all characters filled before an all zeros character is detected.

3.69 If the interrupt system is enabled during the termination process, the Wf Wh condition generates an interrupt signal to call for a final WIM instruction from the computer.

$$I2w = (En + \textcircled{En}) \overline{Iwg} Wh \overline{Wf}$$

The signals En and  $\textcircled{En}$  are programmable and manual enable signals for the interrupt system. The final WIM instruction, as provided by a halt subroutine, stores the last word even though it may not have originally contained a sufficient number of characters. The final WIM instruction may be executed before or after the channel is disconnected. However, additional WIM instructions after that cause the computer to lock-up because it would be waiting for another input word.

3.70 When operating with devices other than punched paper tape, the input process is very similar to that just described, although the method used to derive the clock signals may vary somewhat from one device to another. Also, the gap (End-of-Record) signal, when required, is normally supplied by the external device rather than developed within the TMCC as is done for paper tape.

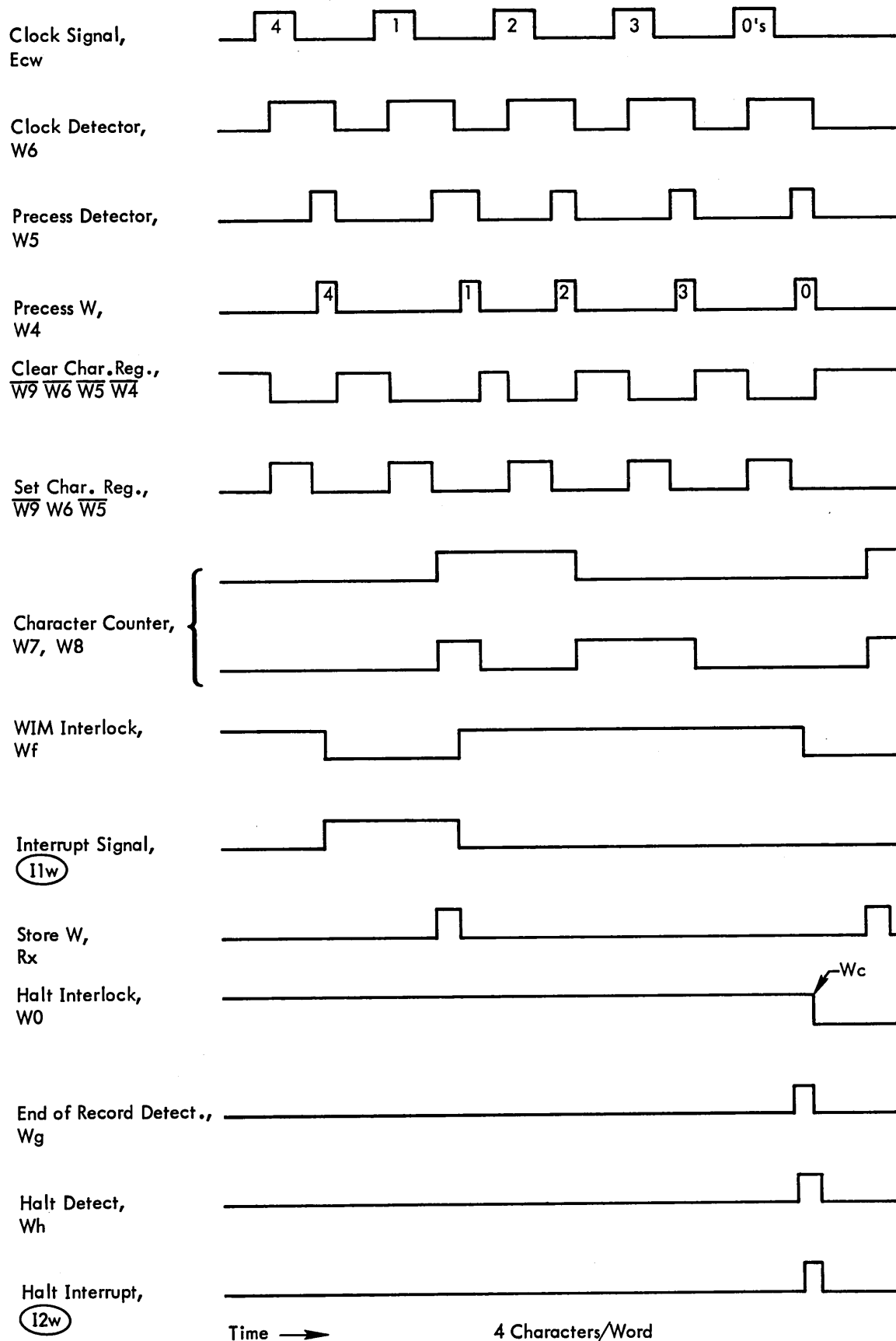


Figure 3-9. Termination Timing A. Phototape Input

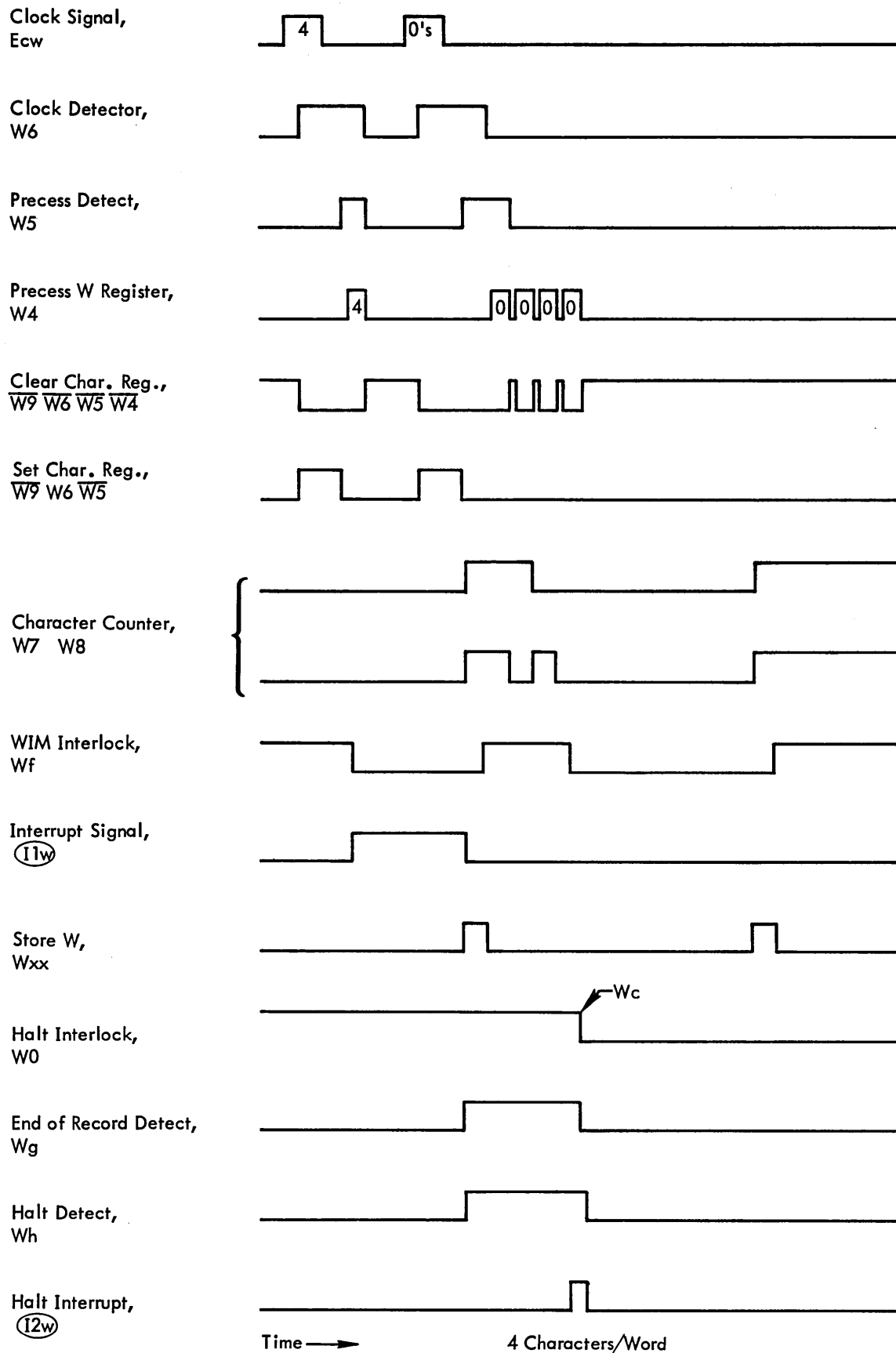


Figure 3-10. Termination Timing B - Phototape Input

3.71 An information flow diagram for magnetic tape input is illustrated in figure 3-11. The input timing for magnetic tape using the two character per word mode is illustrated in figure 3-12. When terminating, the magnetic tape unit generates a halt signal with a time delay triggered by the tape gap and W0. The halt detector is then triggered by the delayed signal.

$$sWg = Whs (\overline{T7 - T0}) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$rWg = Wc$$

$$sWh = Wg \overline{Iwg} T8$$

Whs is a halt signal from the peripheral device. In this case, it is the delayed signal from the magnetic tape unit. The delay allows time for the tape reader to check the longitudinal parity character following the block of data. Refer to figure 3-11. When a longitudinal parity error occurs, the tape reader sends an error signal  $\overline{Wes}$  and the Error Detector is set. The  $\overline{Wes}$  signal may also result from a rate error.

$$sWe = Wes + \dots$$

Other devices may also supply error inputs via the  $\overline{Wes}$  line. Unless inhibited by Npw, character parity is checked by Rwp when precession takes place.

3.72 Input termination timing for magnetic tape is illustrated in figure 3-13. The figure illustrates the case in which the input furnishes only three characters for the last four character word and the remaining character is filled with zeros. Also illustrated in figure 3-13 are the Halt Interrupt, calling for one more WIM instruction, and the final WIM instruction, itself.

3.73 Another type of input operation in which the TMCC participates is the scanning of magnetic tape. The process is similar to the usual magnetic tape reading process except that the character counter is prevented from reaching 00 again after W0 is set. The counter flip-flop, W8, is held in the "one" or set state by:

$$sW8 = \overline{W7} \overline{W9} W10 W11 \overline{Wh} + \dots$$

In this equation,  $\overline{W9} W10 W11$  indicates a scan process has been programmed. A forward scan can be initiated by an EOM 0363X instruction. It may also be programmed by modifying a read process. While magnetic tape is being read, if an EOM14000 instruction is given, the flip-flop, W10, is set to convert directly from reading to scanning of the same tape.

$$sW10 = (Ioc C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) \overline{W9} \overline{W10} + \dots$$

With W8 of the character counter held in a set state, the Buffer Full Signal,  $\overline{W9} \overline{Wf}$ , and the normal interrupt signals are prevented by keeping Wf from being reset.

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$I1w = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iw} \overline{Ew} \overline{Iwg} + \dots$$

$$I2w = (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iwg} Wh \overline{Wf} + \dots$$

This allows each input character to be precessed into the W-Register without requiring WIM instructions to set Wf. However, when the end of a data block is reached, Wf is reset by a gap signal from the tape reader.

$$rWf = \overline{W9} W10 W11 W0 Mtgw \overline{W7} (T6 + T5) Wh$$

And an interrupt is generated.

$$I1w = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} (\dots)$$

This interrupt calls on the computer to enter a subroutine to execute a WIM instruction. The WIM instruction stores the last four characters read from the tape and which were precessed into the W-Register. The WIM instruction sets W7 and Wf in preparation for scanning another record.

$$sW7 = Wxx Wn1 (\overline{T7 - T0}) W4 + \dots$$

$$sWf = Tx T0 Pwy + \dots \quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ for } 92200)$$

3.74 Based on a block counting program or an examination of the last four characters, the computer may reset W0 with another EOM0363X instruction, to cause the scan process to continue without a pause through the gap and into the next record. If W0 is not reset, the scan process is terminated by a  $\overline{Whs}$  signal from the tape unit in a manner similar to that previously described for normal input termination. When the scan process does terminate, a halt interrupt signal is generated.

$$I2w = (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iwg} Wh \overline{Wf}$$

3.75 During the scan process the character parity is checked by the Rwp flip-flop and the longitudinal parity is checked by the tape unit (only if W0 is reset after the longitudinal parity character). Any error during the scan process sets the Error Detector flip-flop, We.

3.76 A reverse scan of magnetic tape is started by an EOM 0563X instruction. The process is similar to a forward scan, except that the WIM instruction at the end of a data block scan stores the first four characters of the block in reverse order. The longitudinal parity is not properly checked, with the result that We may be erroneously set.

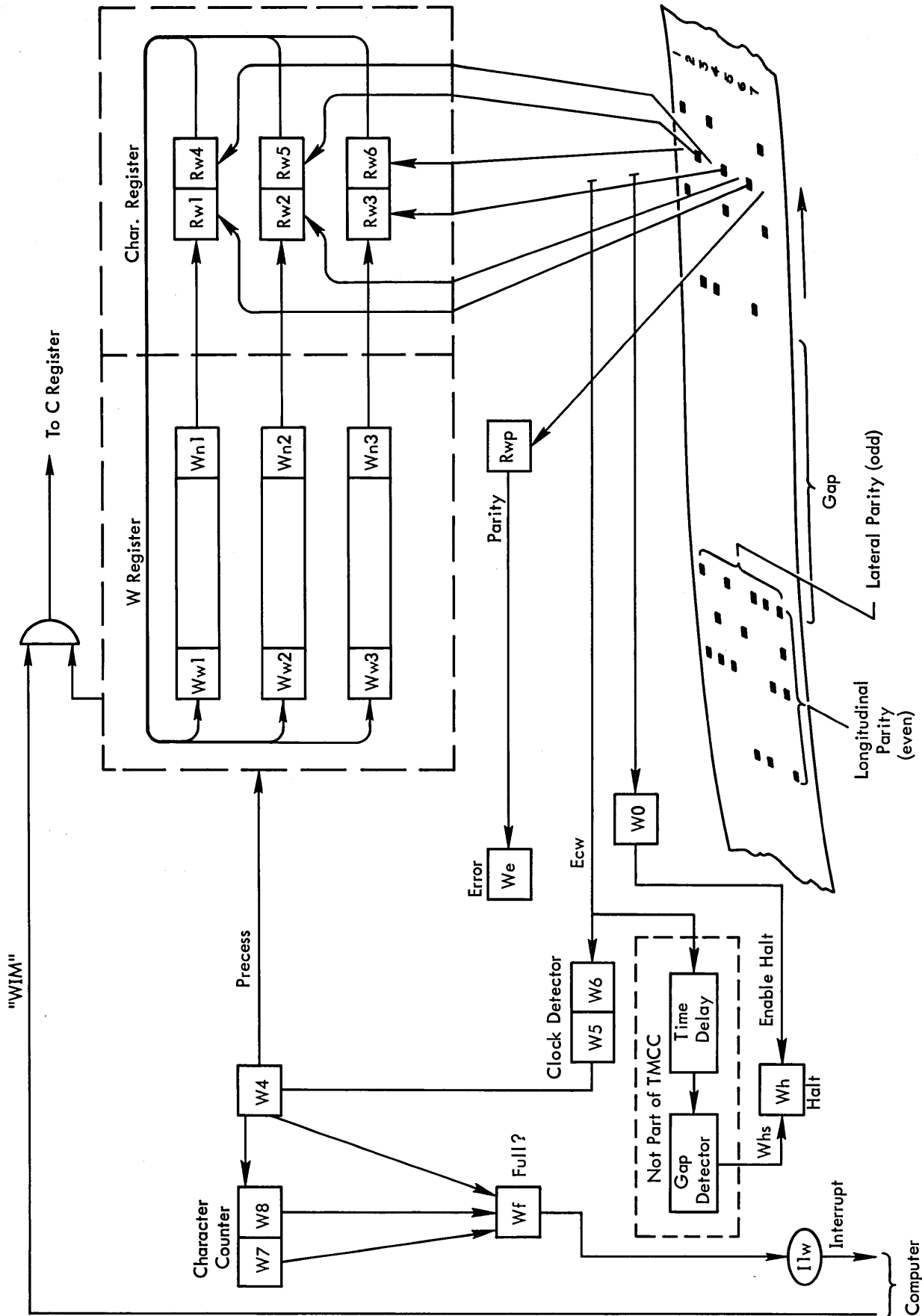


Figure 3-11. Information Flow Diagram - Magnetic Tape

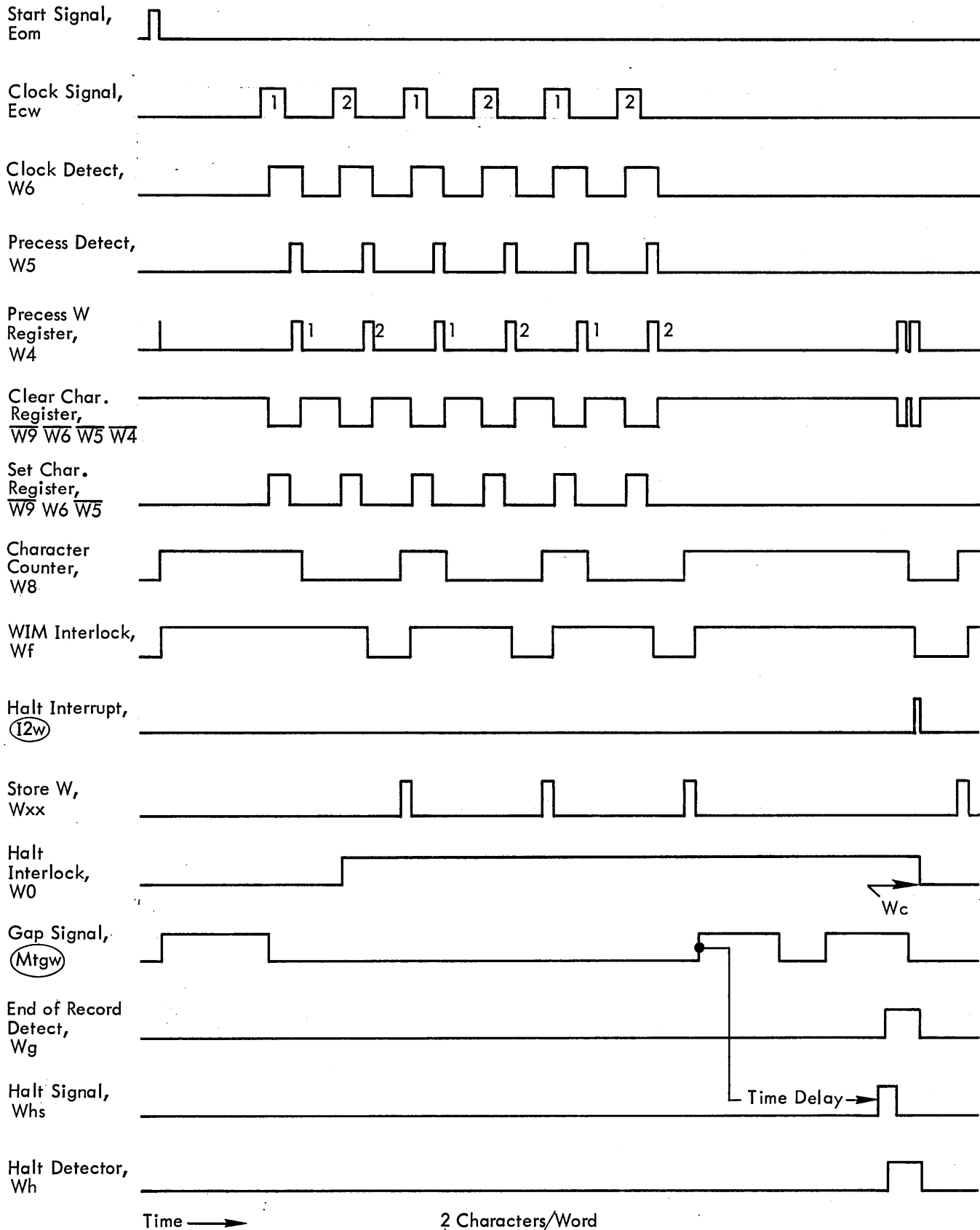


Figure 3-12. Input Timing - Magnetic Tape

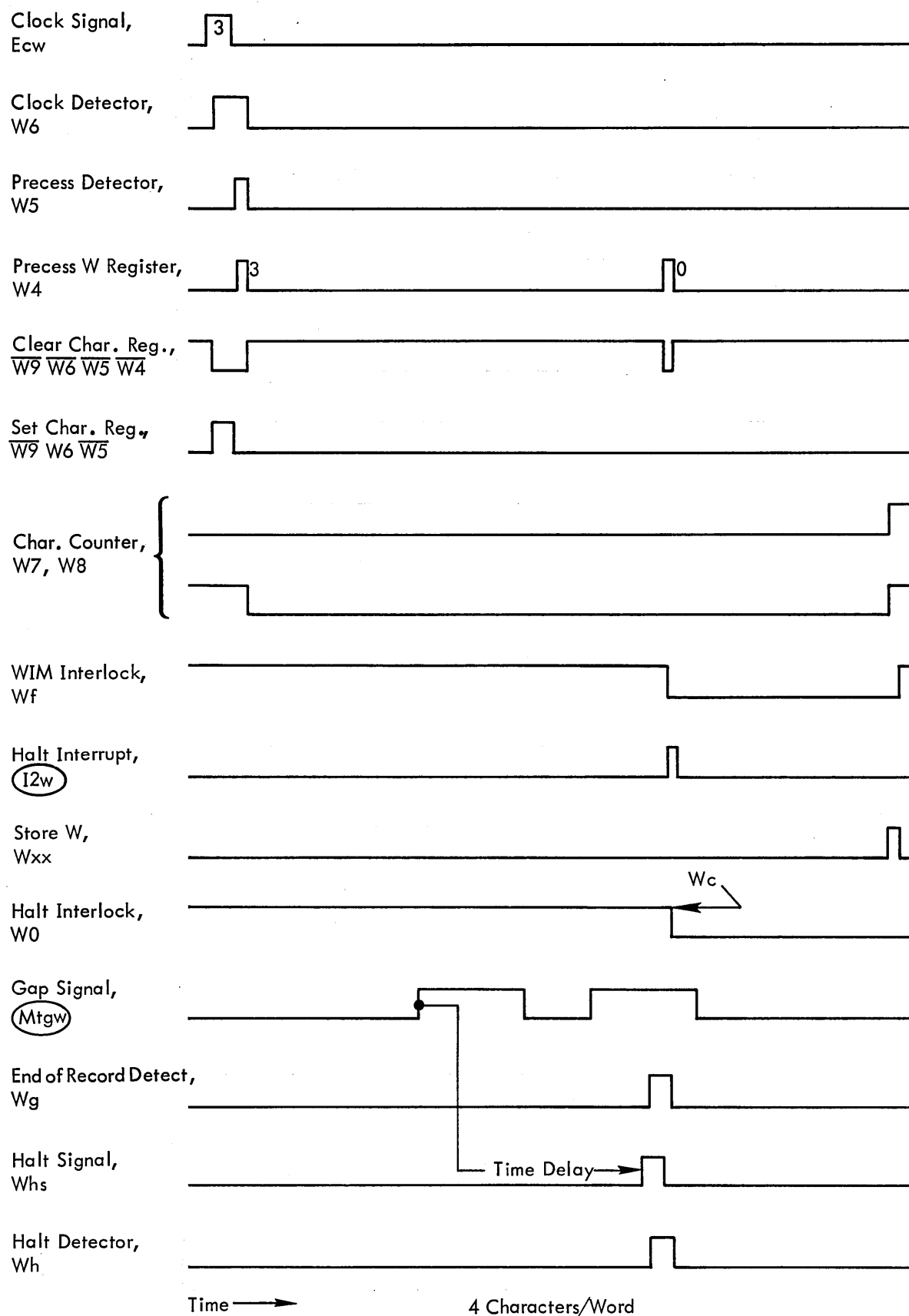


Figure 3-13. Input Termination Timing - Magnetic Tape

3.77 In the Magnetic Tape Forward Scan Timing Chart (refer to figure 3-14) and Reverse Scan Timing Chart (refer to figure 3-15), when the first interrupt informs the computer that the gap has been reached, a WIM instruction stores the last four characters read. Another EOM instruction then resets W0 to continue the scan process through the next block

$$rW0 = (\overline{Ioc} C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C23}) \\ W9 T0 + \dots$$

Dotted lines indicate the reaction if the process were terminated. In case of termination, W0 allows the Tape Reader Halt Signal, Whs, to come through.

$$sWg = Whs \overline{T7 - T0} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} + \dots \\ sWh = Wg \overline{Wg} T8 + \dots$$

Whs sets Wg, which in turn sets Wh. After Wh is set, the Character Counter Flip-Flop, W8, is no longer held on and a count-down begins.

$$sW8 = \overline{W7} \overline{W9} W10 W11 \overline{Wh} + \dots \\ rW8 = W8 W4 T0 + Wc$$

This process is very similar to that described for terminating a normal read operation and Wf is reset as soon as the count-down reaches a point where W7 and W8 are both reset.

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5)$$

A clear signal, Wc, then resets the TMCC after the four precessions.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

### 3.78 OUTPUT PROCESS (W9 true)

3.79 When an EOM0XXXX or EOM4XXXX instruction is executed to start an output process, an interlock signal,  $\overline{Wf}$  ( $W0 + \dots$ ) is immediately sent to the computer. And, if enabled, an interrupt calls for the computer to load the W-Register with the first output word. If the interrupt is disabled, the program should supply the MIW loading instruction before it is needed (i.e. before a clock signal is received from the peripheral unit).

$$rWf = Ws C18 + \dots \text{ (denotes W register is empty)} \\ sW0 = Ws C18 W9 + \dots \\ (I1w) = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} (En + \overline{(En)}) \overline{Iw} \overline{Ew} \overline{Iwg} + \dots$$

3.80 Each MIW instruction, or time-share operation if interlace is being used ( $Wxx$ ), exchanges the W-Register and the C-Register. Refer to figure 3-16.

$$Ww1 = \overline{W4} C21r (T7 - T0) Wxx + \dots$$

$$Ww2 = \overline{W4} C22r (T7 - T0) Wxx + \dots$$

$$Ww3 = \overline{W4} C23r Wxx + \dots$$

$$sC0 = Cr3 \left[ (\overline{Tsr} + Rx) Rn1 + \dots \right]$$

$$rC0 = Cr3 \left[ (\overline{Tsr} + Rx) Rn1 + \dots \right] \\ \text{similarly for C1 and C2}$$

$$sRn1 = Rwy1 \overline{Tsr} + Rr1 Tsr$$

$$rRn1 = \overline{Rwy1} \overline{Tsr} + \overline{Rr1} Tsr$$

similarly for Rn2 and Rn3

$$Wxx = Rx Pwy + \dots \quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ for } 92200, \\ Rx \text{ is always false for } TMCC-C)$$

3.81 As with the input process,  $\overline{Wxx}$  blocks recirculation and with W4 false precession is blocked at this time also. When precession does take place, as enabled by W4, an output character is shifted from the W-Register to the Character Register and Rwp is used to generate an odd parity bit. During the output operation the parity flip-flop operates in a manner similar to its action during input.

3.82 Rwp is initially set by Wf W5 T8. Then, when precession occurs, each octal group coming from the W-Register is examined for an odd or even number of ones. This checking is done by  $(Wn1 \oplus Wn2 \oplus Wn3)$  which is true whenever there are one or three ones in Wn1, Wn2, and Wn3. Each time this term is true during the checking period, Rwp is switched to its opposite state.

$$sRwp = W9 W4 \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wxx} (Wn1 \oplus Wn2 \\ \oplus Wn3) Qw2 (T7 - T0) \\ + Wf W5 T8 \overline{Rwp} + \dots$$

$$rRwp = W9 W4 Rwp \overline{Wxx} (Wn1 \oplus Wn2 \\ \oplus Wn3) Qw2 (T7 - T0) + \dots$$

Qw2 is a term similar to the Qw1 used during the input process. Qw2 with  $(T7 - T0)$  establishes the pulse times during which the parity checking is done. It may either be hardwired or function with the gating signals Wx12 and Wx24 depending on the equipment model number. Refer to table 3-3.



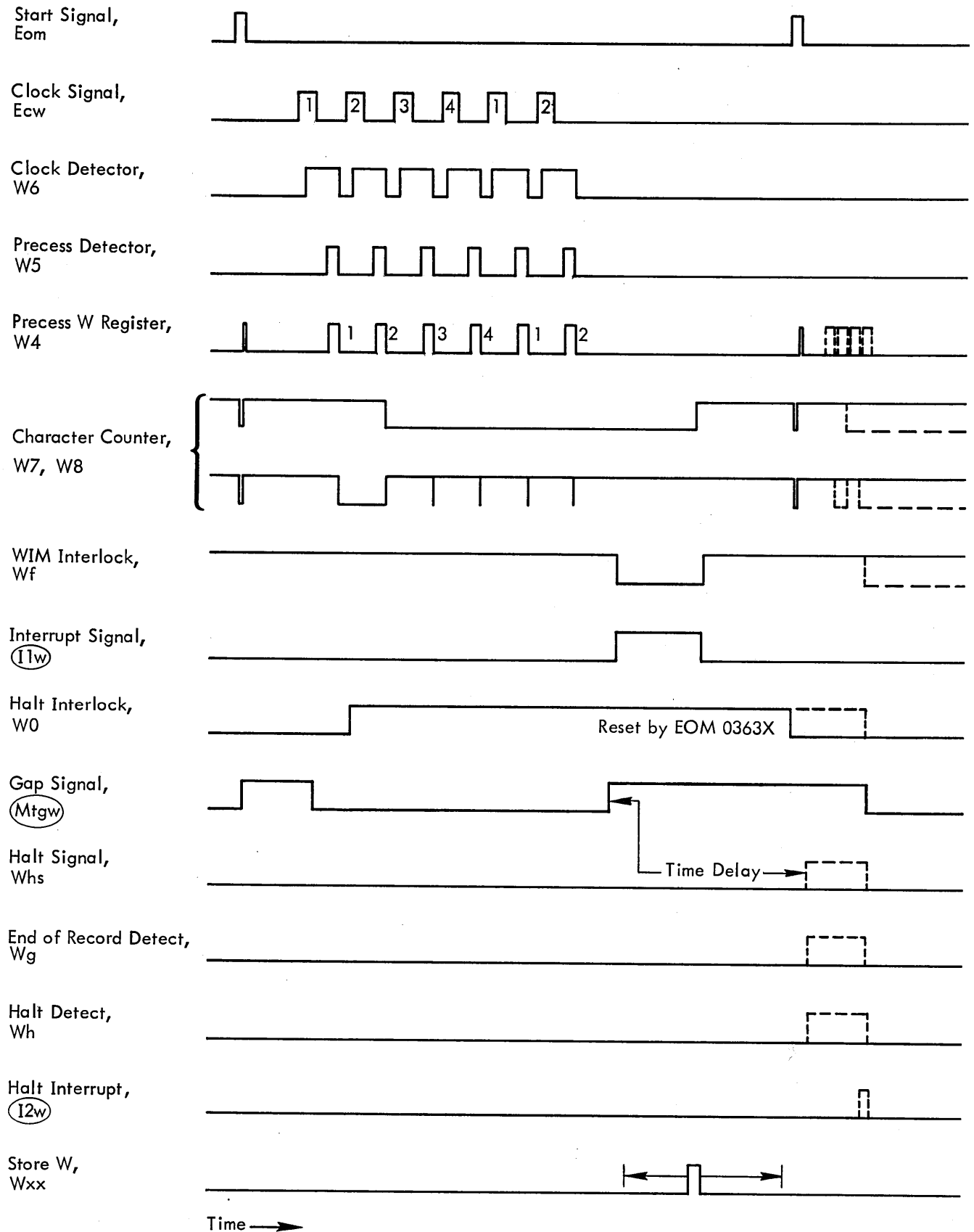


Figure 3-14. Forward Scan Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape

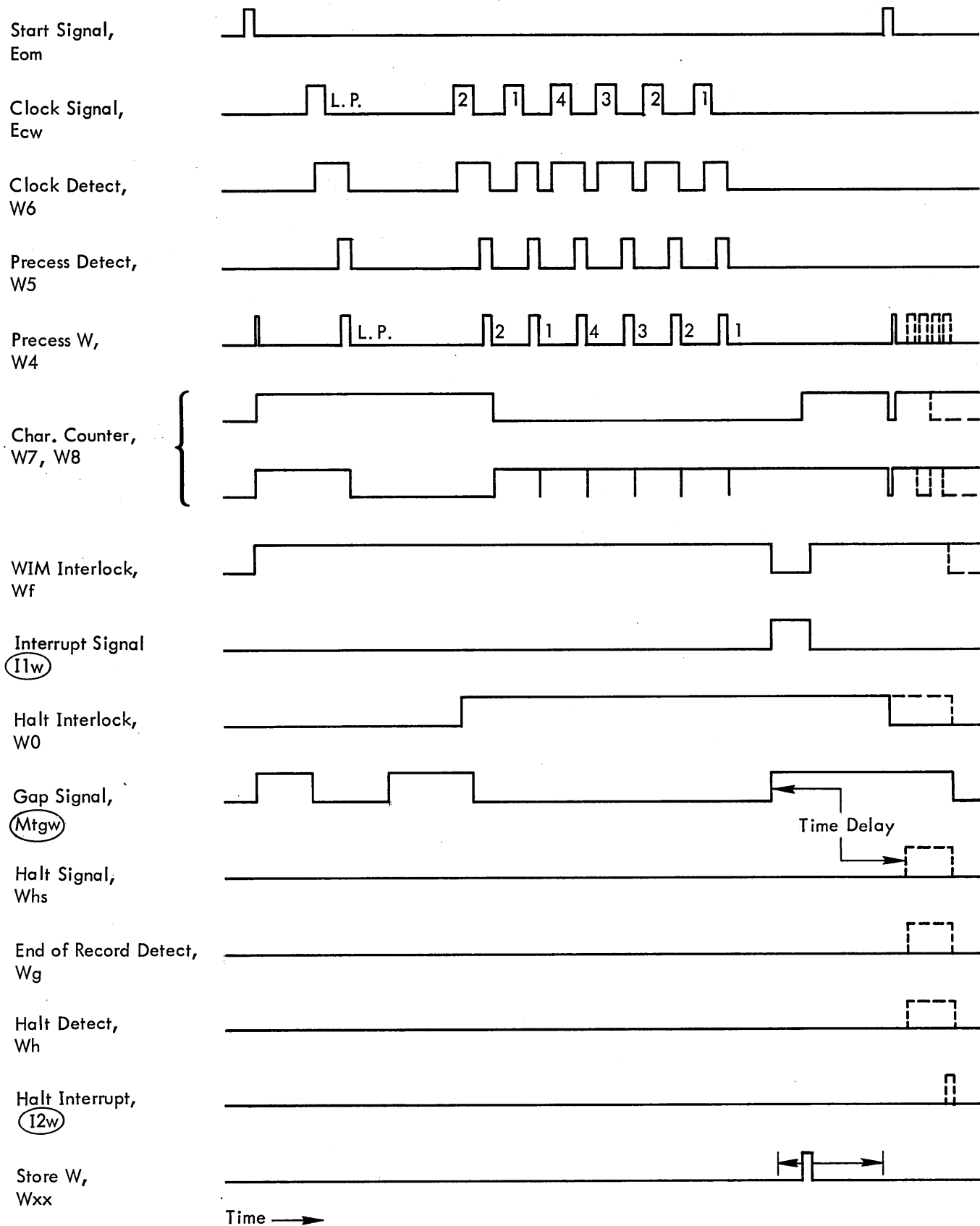


Figure 3-15. Reverse Scan Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape

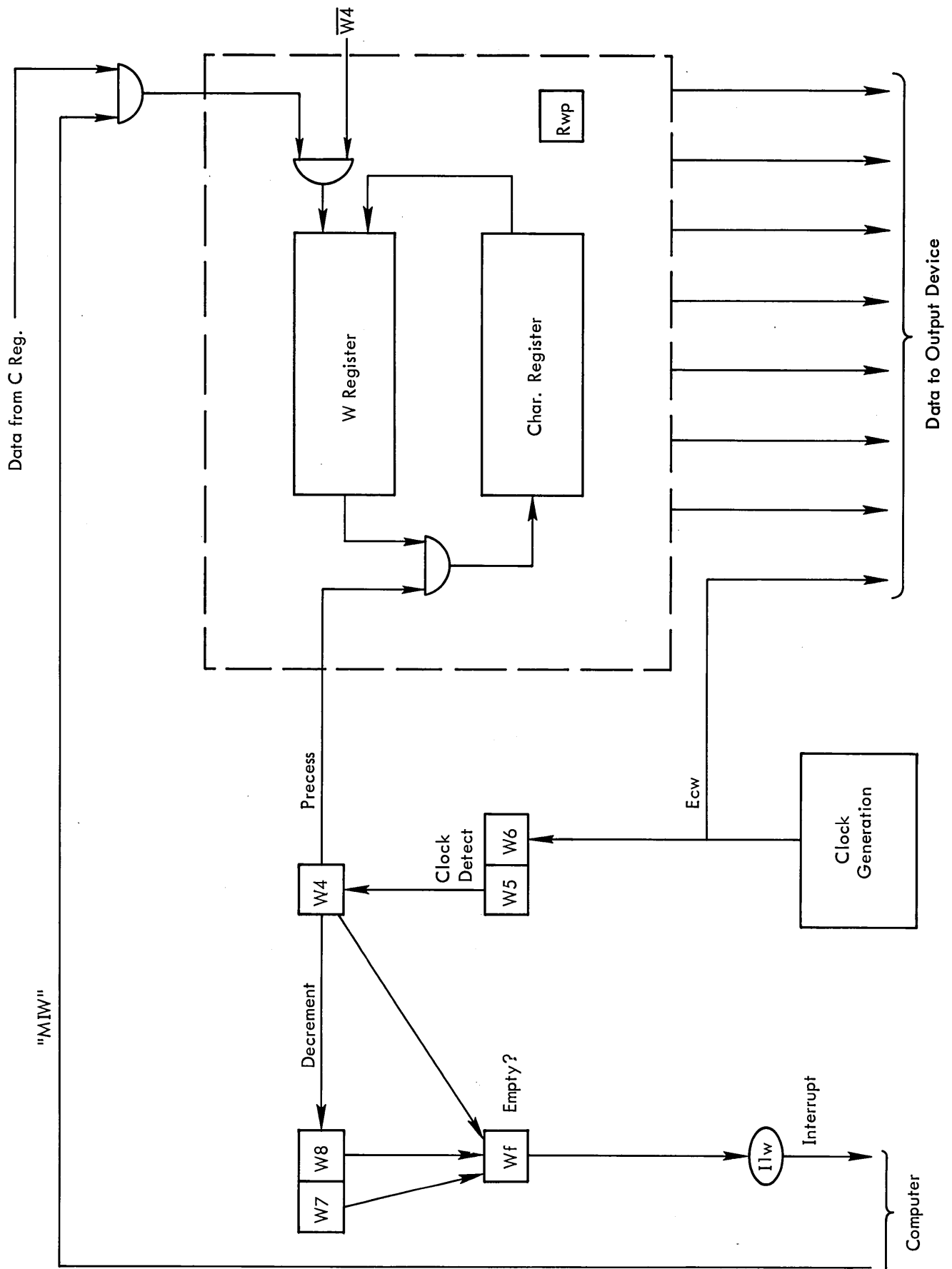


Figure 3-16. Output Information Flow Diagram

Table 3-3. Value of Qw2 Parity Timing Signal

| TMCC Model No | Value of Qw2                                    | Pulse Times When (T7 - T0) Qw2 is True  |
|---------------|---|---|
| 92200         | $Qw2 = Qr2 \overline{Qr4} *$                    | T0, T1  |
| 92201         | $Qw2 = \overline{Qr4} *$                        | T3 through T0   |
| 92202         | $Qw2 = 1$ (Qw2 is deleted)                      | T7 through T0   |
| 93200/93221   | $Qw2 = \overline{Wx12 Qr4 + Wx12 Wx24 Qr2 Qr4}$ | T0 and T1, if Wx12 and Wx24 are both off.<br><br>T3 through T0, if Wx12 is on<br>T7 through T0, if Wx24 is on |

\*Qw2 is replaced by the signal shown above for Models 92200/201/202.

3.83 As an example of output parity generation, consider the twelve-bit character 111 010 101 001. Rwp would start in the set condition and would then switch states three times, once for each of the octals containing an odd number of ones. Thus, Rwp would conclude its switching operation in the reset state to produce a zero parity bit for an odd parity output character.

3.84 The basic flow of the output process is illustrated in figure 3-17. The execution of the second MIW instruction is shown occurring late to depict how the Character Register is cleared when a new output character is not available. If another output character is still not available when the next clock signal, Ecw appears, the error detector (We) is set as is done during an input process.

$$sWe = W0 \overline{W6} W5 Ecw T8 + \dots$$

$$rWe = Wc \overline{Wh}$$

3.85 In the output processes (as in the input processes), the Character Register is initially cleared by  $\overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$ . The first output character to be read is, therefore, all zeros. This is appropriate for a leader or gap in paper tape punching. However, for some forms of output, such as typing or leaderless punching, and magnetic tape writing (the tape unit automatically generates leader), the first output character should be in the Character Register before the first clock signal. For this type of output, an EOM2XXXX instruction with a "one" bit in C13 is used. This code bit is used to set W5 which then causes the first loading of the W-Register to be followed directly by precession of the first output character into the Character Register. In this case the sequence of operations again starts by

resetting Wf and setting W0 with the resulting interrupt Ilw. However, now W5 is also set by the Ws signal. Then, as usual, when the MIW instruction is executed and Rx goes true, Wf is set. With W5 on, W4 can be set at pulse time T8 just after the data transfer takes place. Figure 3-18, Output Timing Chart 2, illustrates the flow of this process.

$$sWf = Rx T0 Pwy + \dots \quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ for } 92200)$$

$$rWf = Ws C18 + \dots$$

$$sW5 = Ws C13 C18 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} + \dots$$

$$rW5 = W4 T0 + Wc$$

$$sW4 = Wr Wf T8 \overline{Wg} + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

3.86 To terminate an output process, the MIW instruction which loads the last output word into the W-Register is followed by an EOM14000 instruction to reset W0. An EOM14100 instruction is used to terminate the Y channel.

$$rW0 = (Ioc C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23})$$

$$W9 T0 + \dots$$

$$Ioc = Ioc1 \overline{C1} \overline{Er} Qr3$$

$$Ioc1 = Eom \overline{C10} C11$$

$\overline{Er}$  is a signal inhibiting Eom and Ioc when the Interlace Prepare flip-flop (to be discussed later) has been set. The C1 bit, which appears on Ioc, indicates a W or Y channel instruction. C1 is used with the C and D channels.

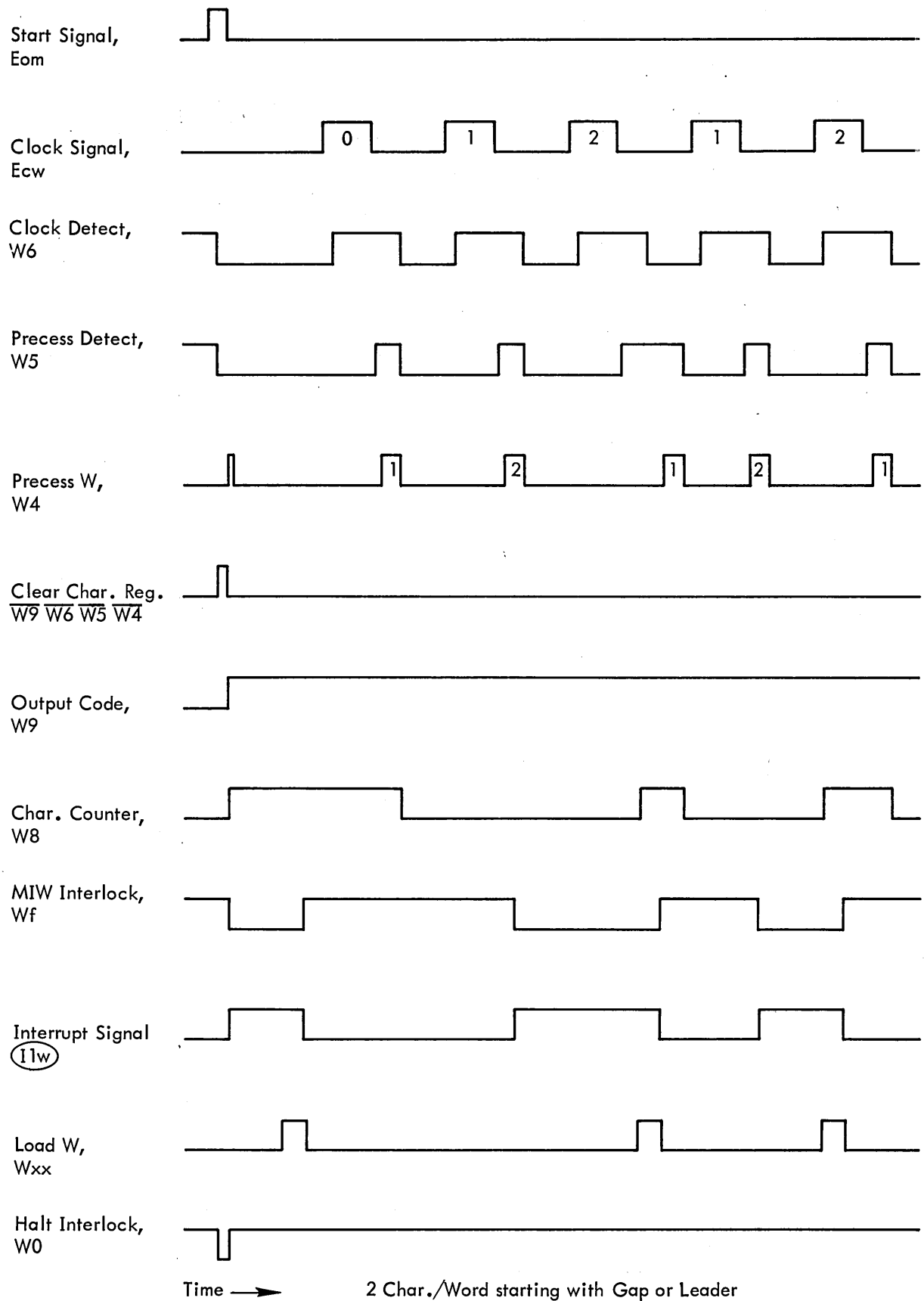


Figure 3-17. Output Timing Chart 1

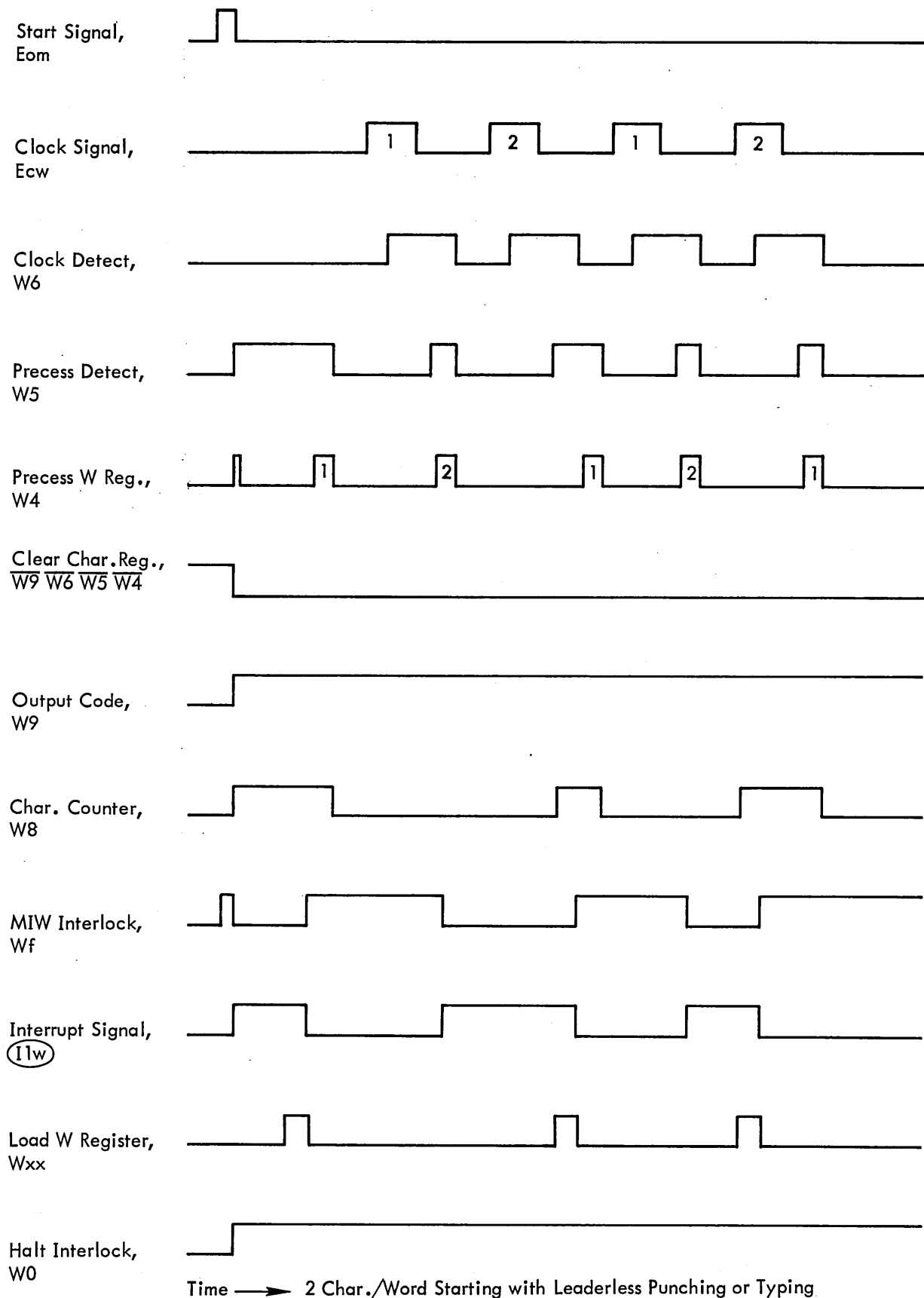


Figure 3-18. Output Timing Chart 2

3.87 Resetting of W0 results in the following: Further normal interrupt signals are blocked.

$$Iw1 = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} (. . .)$$

Further late-load error signals are blocked.

$$sWe = W0 \overline{W6} W5 Ecw T8 + . . .$$

The WIM/MIW Interlock Signal  $\overline{Wf} W0$  is blocked. As a result of inhibiting the interlock and interrupt signals, no further MIW instructions are processed and, therefore,  $\overline{Wf}$  is not set again after the last character is precessed into the Character Register.

$$sWf = Rx T0 Pwy + . . . \quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ for } 92200)$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + . . .$$

With  $\overline{Wf}$  reset,  $W4$  is prevented from setting after the last output character is precessed. This results in the state,  $\overline{W0} \overline{W4} W5 \overline{W6}$ , following the precession.

$$sW4 = W5 \overline{Wf} T8 \overline{Wg} + . . .$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + W4 T8$$

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} + . . .$$

$$rW6 = W5 W0 + Wc$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} \overline{W6} \overline{Ecw} T0 + . . .$$

$$sW5 = W4 T0 + Wc$$

The state,  $\overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6}$ , is used to set the halt detector unless magnetic tape is being used ( $\overline{W11}$  indicates not magnetic tape).

$$sWh = W9 \overline{W11} \overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6} (\overline{Iwg} + . . .) T8 + . . .$$

When the output is to a magnetic tape unit, the state  $\overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6}$  is sent to that unit and after a suitable delay (while the tape unit generates a longitudinal parity character) a  $Whs$  halt signal is received back to set  $Wh$ .

$$sWh = Whs W11 T8 + . . .$$

Regardless of the method of setting  $Wh$  to terminate an output process, the Halt Interrupt Signal,  $I2w$ , is generated in the cycle in which  $Wh$  is set.

$$I2w = (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iwg} Wh \overline{Wf} + . . .$$

Ana a clear signal is generated.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + . . .$$

Then  $Wh$  is reset, as well as the rest of the TMCC.

$$rWh = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + Wc (T6 + T5)$$

The Output Termination Timing Charts indicate the flow of these output termination processes for devices other than magnetic tape (refer to figure 3-19) and for magnetic tape (refer to figure 3-20).

3.88 Two additional timing charts are included to illustrate the output sequences for specific devices. The flow of the complete output process for a paper tape punch operation is illustrated in figure 3-21. The EOM0XX4X start instruction causes tape leader to be punched while the device inhibits clock signals. An all zeros character is also punched for the first output clock signal. After the last output character is processed, a halt interrupt signal is generated.

3.89 The flow of an output process using magnetic tape is illustrated in figure 3-22. A time delay triggered by the EOM02X5X start instruction causes a tape gap to be recorded first while inhibiting output clock signals.  $\overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6}$  signals the tape unit to count three clocks and record the longitudinal parity character, and triggers a second time delay to cause a gap to be recorded after the data block. When the gap is completed, the tape unit generates a  $Whs$  signal to halt the output process. Each character parity and the longitudinal parity of the characters reproduced at the read head are checked by the tape unit and an error signal,  $Wes$ , is generated to set  $We$  for any detected errors. Several other error conditions are also checked, such as slew, amplitude, and rate error.

$$sWe = Wes + . . .$$

3.90 A special case of a magnetic tape output operation is the erase function. The tape erase is started by an EOM01X7X instruction. The erase procedure is performed in the same way as any other output to magnetic tape but the  $W10$  bit is used by the tape unit to cause writing of all zero data regardless of what may be appearing at the character register outputs.

### 3.91 SYS GATE

3.92 The system control EOM instruction has little effect on the TMCC. It is included here only because the Sys signal is gated through the TMCC channel.

3.93 When an EOM instruction, containing "ones" in bits 10 and 11, is executed, an Sys signal is generated as an output from the TMCC on the Sys line.

$$Sys = Eom C10 C11 \overline{C9}$$

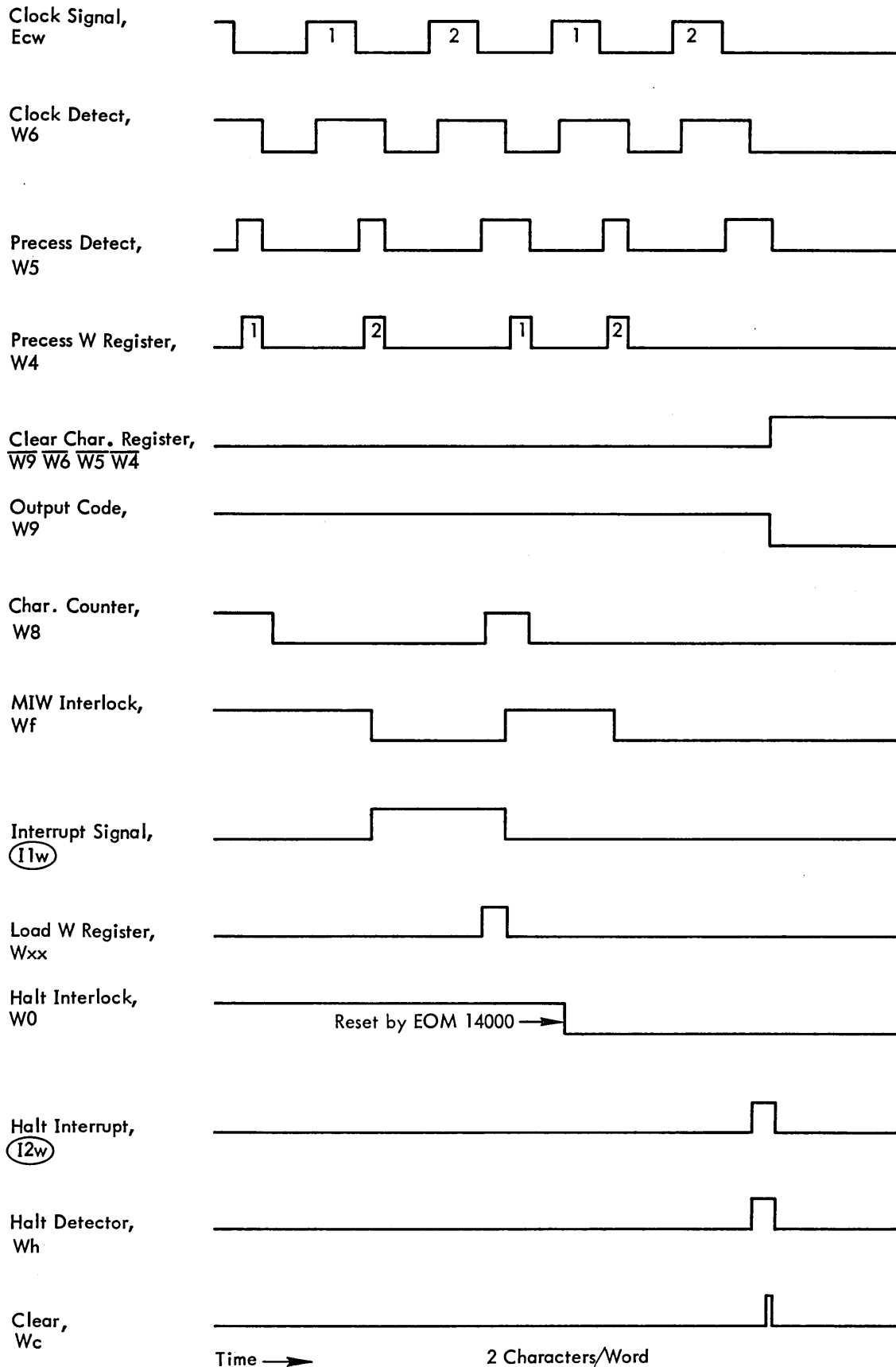


Figure 3-19. Output Termination Timing (Except Magnetic Tape)



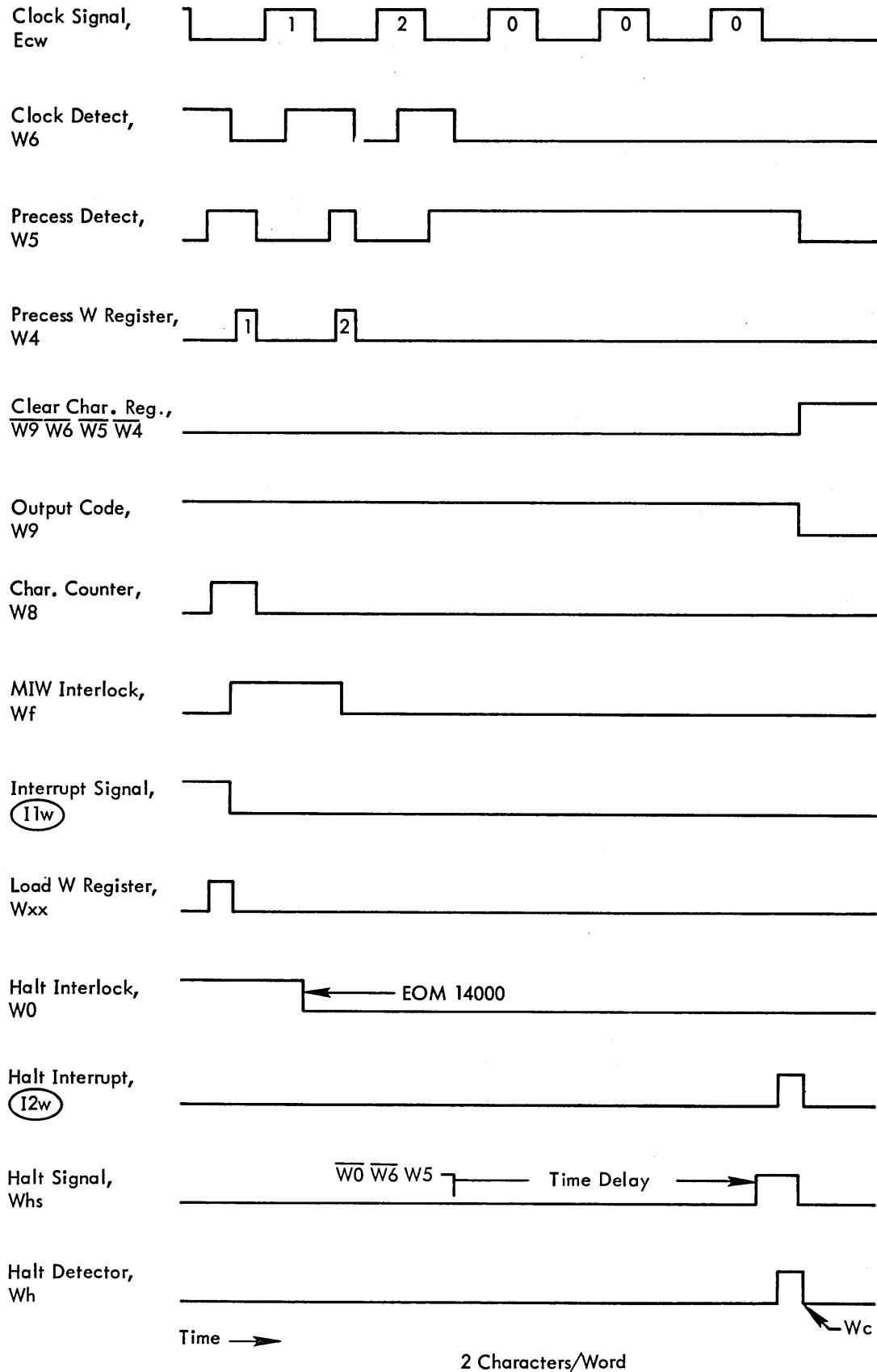


Figure 3-20. Output Termination Timing - Magnetic Tape

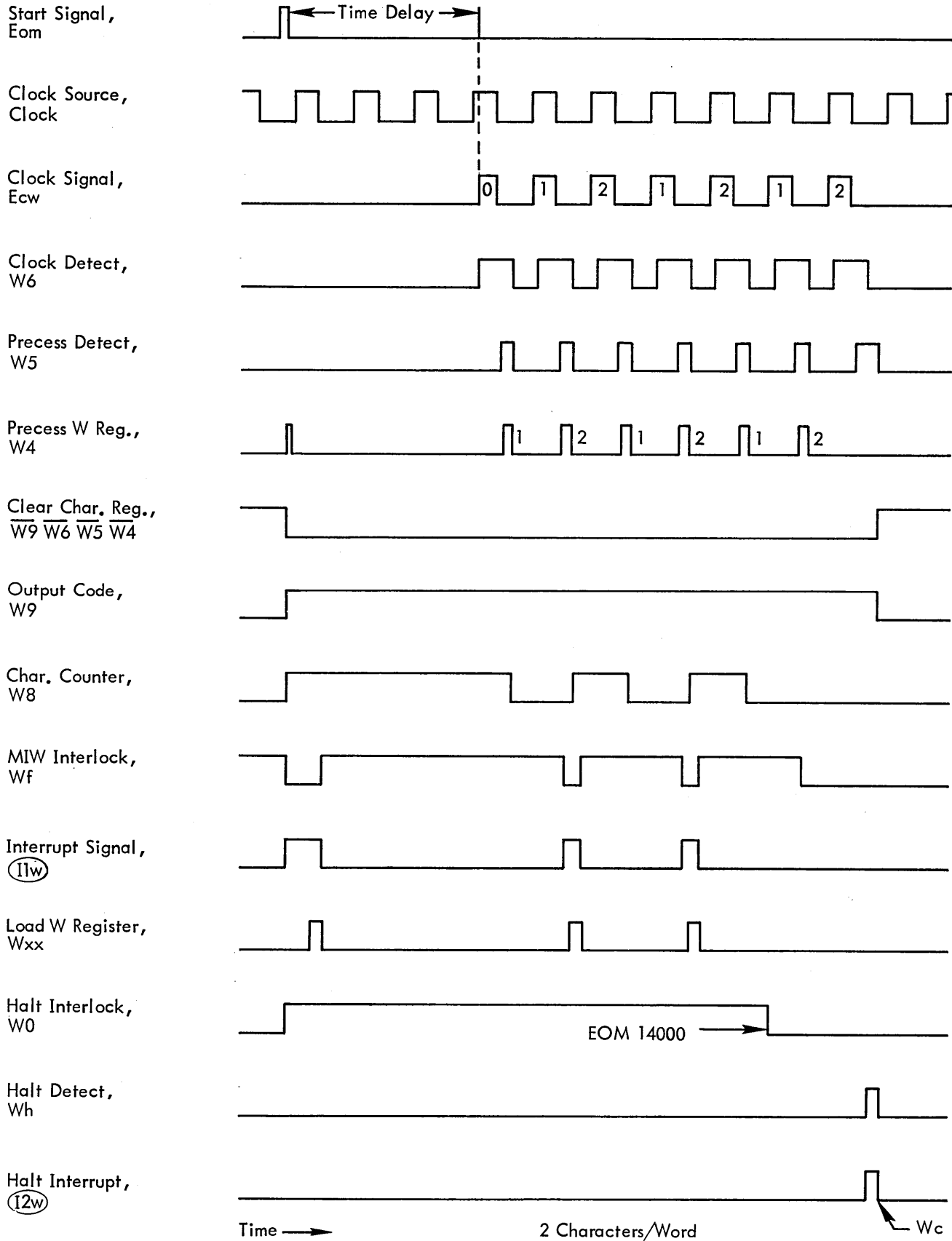


Figure 3-21. Output Timing Chart - Punch

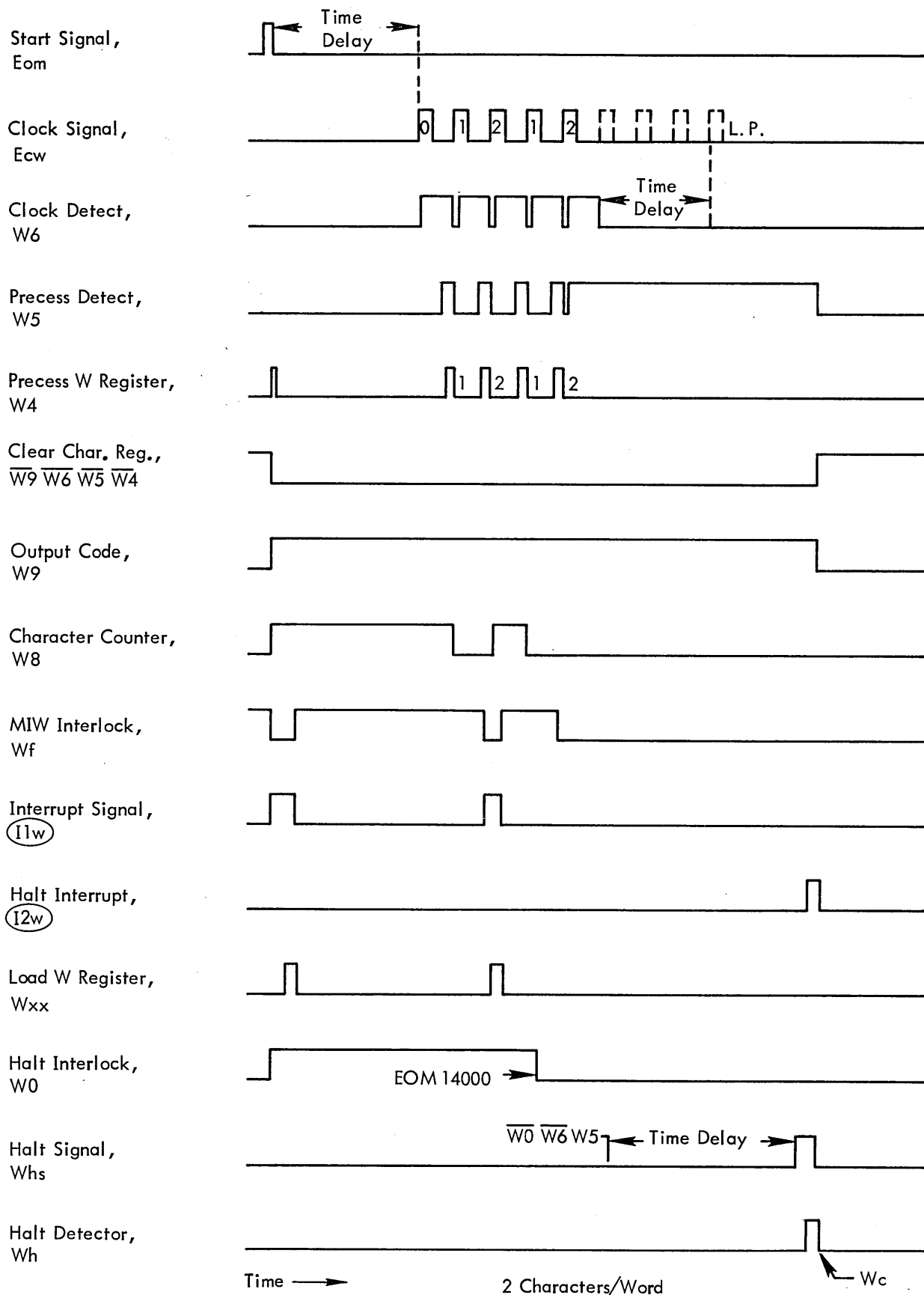


Figure 3-22. Output Timing Chart - Magnetic Tape

$$\text{Sys} = \overline{\text{Sys}} (\text{T5} - \text{T1}) \overline{\text{Tsr}} \text{Pwy}$$

(delete Pwy for 92200 and 92210)

The  $\text{Sys}$  signal may be used in conjunction with the C-Register output lines  $\text{C0}$  through  $\text{C24}$  to select and control special system devices. One  $\text{Sys}$  line is provided on each TMCC W (A) channel or each W(A) + Y(B) channel pair. One more  $\text{Sys}$  line is provided on the C or C + D channels (for a maximum of two lines).

### 3.94 SKIP GATE

3.95 The Skip Gate,  $\text{Skr}$ , and its associated line driver,  $\overline{\text{Skrz}}$ , provide interrogation response signals for use with SKS instructions.

The equation for the line driver is:

$$\overline{\text{Skrz}} = \overline{\text{Skr}} (\text{C10 C11 Ssc})$$

$$(\overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11 Sio}) \dots *$$

\* $\overline{\text{C1}}$  becomes C1 for TMCC-C and TMCC-D

This signal is inverted in the CPU and sampled during execution of an SKS instruction to determine if a response has been received. At times other than when being tested, the signal is changing levels and has no meaning. The inverse of  $\overline{\text{Skrz}}$  is:

$$\text{Skrz} = \text{Skr} + \text{C10 C11 Ssc}$$

$$+ \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11 Sio} + \dots$$

3.96 The dashed lines indicate that other response signals may be connected to satisfy special system requirements. Sio is a response from the addressed peripheral I/O unit. The addressing is performed using SKS instruction bits 18 through 23 and the same address codes as assigned for EOM instructions. The output lines  $\text{C0}$  through  $\text{C24}$  provide the necessary addressing and control connections to the peripheral units. As seen above, Sio is used in conjunction with  $\overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11}$ . Bits 1 and 9 (along with bit 17 decoded by the peripheral device) select one channel out of four TMCC and four DACC channels. Bits 10 and 11 determine the type of the SKS instruction.

3.97 Ssc is an interrogation response from external system equipment. This type of interrogation is selected by an SKS instruction with "ones" in bits 10 and 11. The control and address bits may be assigned as required. Again the  $\text{C0} - \text{C24}$  lines provide the necessary connections.

3.98 The remaining term in  $\text{Skrz}$  is  $\text{Skr}$ , the output of the Skip-Gate in the TMCC. The use of  $\text{Skr}$  is similar

to that of Sio just described except the SKS instruction address bits (19-23) are "zeros". This causes the instruction to address the I/O channel itself rather than peripheral devices.

$$\text{Skr} = \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C17}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11} \overline{\text{C19}} \overline{\text{C20}} \overline{\text{C21}} \overline{\text{C22}} \overline{\text{C23}} \text{C15 Wsc}$$

$$+ \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C17}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11} \overline{\text{C19}} \overline{\text{C20}} \overline{\text{C21}} \overline{\text{C22}} \overline{\text{C23}} \text{C12}$$

$$\overline{\text{W10}} \overline{\text{W11}} \overline{\text{W12}} \overline{\text{W13}} \overline{\text{W14}}$$

$$+ \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C17}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11} \overline{\text{C19}} \overline{\text{C20}} \overline{\text{C21}} \overline{\text{C22}} \overline{\text{C23}} \text{C13 Iwf}$$

$$+ \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C17}} \overline{\text{C9}} \overline{\text{C10}} \text{C11} \overline{\text{C19}} \overline{\text{C20}} \overline{\text{C21}} \overline{\text{C22}} \overline{\text{C23}} \text{C14 We}$$

3.99 In these equations, bits 1, 9, and 17 select one of eight channels (TMCCs and DACCs). Bits 10 and 11 determine the type of SKS instruction. "Zeros" in bits 19 through 23 address the channel rather than a peripheral unit. Bits 12, 13, 14, and 15 select the particular test function. A "one" in bit 15 tests the Signal-Complete flip-flop. Similarly, a "one" in bits 12, 13, or 14 tests the Unit Address Register, the Interlace Address Register, or the Error Flip-Flop, respectively.

3.100 Two additional TMCC channel tests, similar to two of those just described, are provided by the  $\text{Skr}$  gate. These also test the Unit Address Register and the Error Flip-Flop but with a different type of SKS instruction. This is done to provide program compatibility with the SDS 910/920 Computers.

$$\text{Skr} = \text{C10} \overline{\text{C11}} \text{C14} \overline{\text{W10}} \overline{\text{W11}} \overline{\text{W12}} \overline{\text{W13}} \overline{\text{W14}} \overline{\text{C1}}$$

$$+ \text{C10} \overline{\text{C11}} \text{C20} \overline{\text{We}} \overline{\text{C1}} + \dots$$

3.101 The equations shown in this discussion are specifically applicable to the W(A) channel TMCC. To select the other channels C1 must replace  $\overline{\text{C1}}$  for channels C and D. To distinguish between W and Y or between C and D, C17 is switched (except in the last two equations where C14 and C20 are used for W and are changed to C13 and C19 for the Y channel).

### 3.102 INTERLACE, COMPATIBLE MODE (Time Share)

3.103 The Interlace register is enabled by a "one" in bit position 9 of either BUC or IOC type of EOM instruction. These produce Buc or Ioc signals which are derived from EOM0XXXX and EOM1XXXX instructions, respectively. Therefore, the interlace register can be enabled by the same instruction that sets up the other TMCC registers, (i.e., by Buc), or it can be enabled without disturbing the rest of the TMCC, (i.e., by Ioc). Either of the EOM instructions clears the entire interlace register then sets the Enable Flip-Flop, Ew.

$$\text{Interlace Clear: Iwc} = \text{Eom C9} \overline{\text{C10}} \overline{\text{C1}} \overline{\text{C17}} (\text{T3} - \text{T0})$$

$\overline{\text{C1}}$  Becomes C1 for TMCC-C

Interlace Prepare:  $sEw = Iwc \overline{Ew} (T3 - T0)$   
 $rEw = Wc T0 + \dots$

3. 104 For a Buc instruction,  $Ew$  is first reset by  $Wc$  at pulse time  $T0$  then reset during the next pulse time. The above equation for  $Iwc$  is specifically related to the  $W(A)$  channel. To select any of the other three TMCC channels, different combinations of  $C1$  and  $C17$  are used.

| Channel | C1 | C17 |
|---------|----|-----|
| W(A)    | 0  | 0   |
| Y(B)    | 0  | 1   |
| C       | 1  | 0   |
| D       | 1  | 1   |

With  $Ew$  set, the computer can preset the interlace register with the starting memory address and the word count for an I/O process. Refer to figure 3-23. The loading of these counts is accomplished by a POT instruction. The POT instruction, which produces a  $Pot1$  signal, is ordinarily used to parallel transfer data from the C-Register to an external device.  $Pot1$ , then, produces the loading signal,

$$Iwp = Pot1 (T6 + T5) Ew$$

then resets  $Ew$ ,

$$rEw = Pot1 (T3 - T0) Ew + \dots$$

3. 105 The Word Counter,  $Wc0$  through  $Wc14$ , is initially cleared by  $Iwc$  which sets all stages of the counter. The one's complement of the count is then produced by resetting the counter flip-flops for corresponding "ones" in the C-Register during  $Iwp$ . Actually, this applies to only the ten least significant bits of the counter. If a word count greater than 1023 is needed, the five most significant bits of the counter must be preset by a second EOM instruction. This instruction must be executed after the Interlace is enabled and before the POT instruction is executed. An  $Ioc$  instruction, without bit 9, is given for this purpose and it generates an  $Iwe$  load signal.

$$Iwe = Ioc1 (T6 + T5) Ew$$

$Iwe$  then resets the most significant bits of the Word Counter to complete the storage of the one's complement count.

$$sWc14 = Iwc + \dots$$

$$rWc14 = Iwp C9 + \dots$$

$$sWc5 = Iwc + \dots$$

$$rWc5 = Iwp C0 + \dots$$

$$sWc4 = Iwc + \dots$$

$$rWc4 = Iwe C23 + \dots$$

$$sWc0 = Iwc + \dots$$

$$rWc0 = Iwe C19 + \dots$$

3. 106 Using the one's complement, the Word Counter can count up rather than down and produce a termination signal when it contains "ones" in all of its stages. The counting is performed by triggering each stage of the counter on the falling edge of a previous stage. For example:

$$sWc13 = \overline{Ew} \overline{Wc13} \underline{Wc14} \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc13 = \overline{Ew} Wc13 \underline{Wc14} \overline{Ew}$$

where the underlined term represents the clock or triggering level. This method of counting conserves gating but produces a propagation delay through the counter. This delay is minimized to a satisfactory level with some increase in the number of gates by arranging the fifteen counter stages into five octal groups. The first stage of each group is connected to only the last stage of the previous group. An example of one octal group is:

$$sWc10 = \overline{Ec} \overline{Wc10} \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc10 = \overline{Ec} Wc10 \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc9 = \overline{Ew} \overline{Wc9} Wc10 \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc9 = \overline{Ew} Wc9 Wc10 \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc8 = \overline{Ew} \overline{Wc8} Wc9 Wc10 \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc8 = \overline{Ew} Wc8 Wc9 Wc10 \underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$$

Here it is seen that for this octal group, a common clock term  $\underline{Wc11} \overline{Ew}$  is used for all three stages.

3. 107 This reduces the propagation delay for each group to the delay that would be expected for a single flip-flop. The delay for the entire fifteen stage counter is therefore equivalent to that of five flip-flop stages. The double appearance of  $\overline{Ew}$  is due to the clocking arrangement and the flip-flop module layout. During the loading operations,  $Ew$  is set to allow the clock pulses to appear as the  $Gc4$  clock for use by the flip-flop. After  $Ew$  is reset and the counting is to take place,  $Gc4$  is held off while  $\underline{Ew} \underline{Wc14}$  performs the triggering. Refer to figure 3-24.

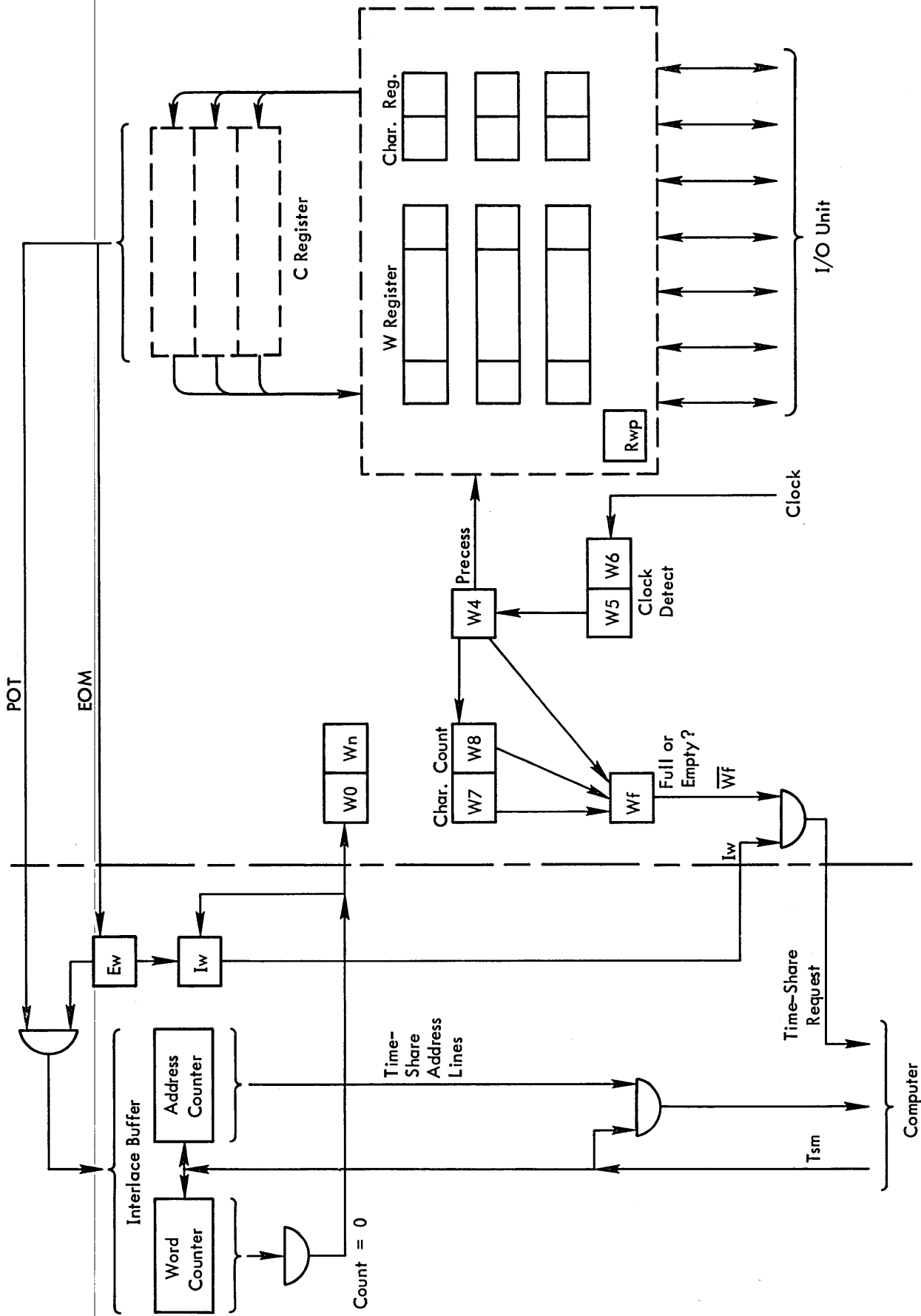


Figure 3-23. Information Flow - Interlace Operation

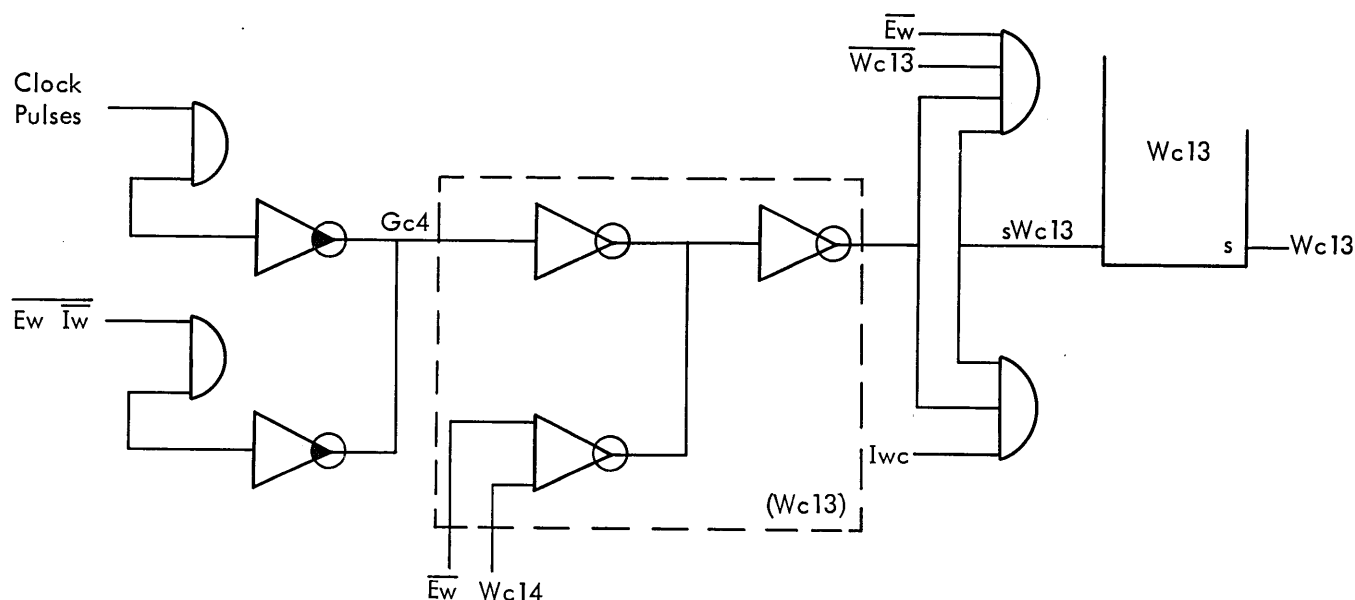


Figure 3-24. Interlace Word Counter - Typical Clock Input

3. 108 The Address Counter is set up in much the same way as the Word Counter. Again the counter counts up, but in this case the one's complement is not used. With the Address Counter, the actual address of the first memory location to be used is placed in the register. As with the Word Counter,  $Iwc$  clears the counter then  $Iwp$  or  $Iwe$  sets up each stage with data from the C-Register. For some stages of the counter, the flip-flops are reset by  $Iwc$  then set with the data. For other stages, the flip-flops are set by  $Iwc$  then reset with the complement of the data. Either way, the same thing is accomplished. It was a matter of convenience in wiring for one method or the other to have been used.

3. 109 The counting of the Address Counter is handled in the same way as the Word Counter. The least significant stages of both counters are triggered by  $Iwa$   $\overline{Ew}$ .

$$Iwa = Rxw \ Tsm$$

$Rwx$  is the Time Share Select Flip-Flop and is covered in detail in paragraph 3. 113.  $Tsm$  is a signal from the CPU indicating that counter information for each word has been received by the CPU.

3. 110 In the instruction sequence, EOM, EOM, POT, used to set up and start the interlace operation, the second EOM may be omitted if the most significant bits of the Word and Address Counters are "zeros". Refer to figure 3-25 for the relationship between the instruc-

tion bits stored in the C-Register and their respective positions in the counters.

3. 111 The POT instruction which resets the Interlace Prepare Flip-Flop,  $Ew$ , also sets the Interlace Active Flip-Flop,  $Iw$ .

$$sIw = Pot \ 1 \ (T3 - T0) \ Ew \ \overline{Iw}$$

$Ew$  furnishes the ready signal required for the POT instruction. Both the  $Ew$  and  $Iw$  flip-flops inhibit W-channel interrupts.

$$IIw = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ (En + \textcircled{En}) \\ \overline{Iw} \ Ew \ \overline{Iwg}$$

3. 112 Refer to figure 3-26 for the timing for the interlace loading process. The Interlace Active Flip-Flop,  $Iw$ , allows the buffer to issue a time share request ( $Trqw$ ) to the CPU whenever the channel needs access to memory.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ Iw \ \overline{Iwf}$$

$Trqw$  is combined with similar signals from the other channels to produce a common request term for all TMCC's.

$$Trqx = Trq(c) + Trq(d)$$

$$Trq = Trqx + Trqw + Trqy$$

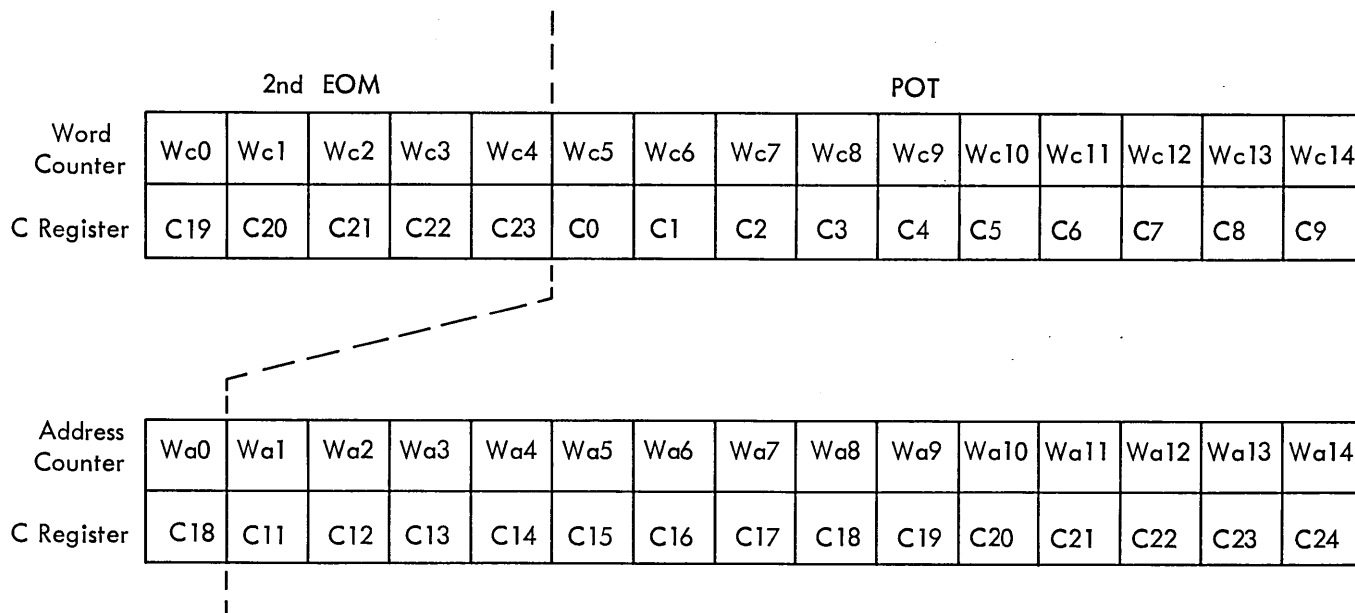


Figure 3-25. Relationship of Instruction Bits to Address and Word Counter Bits

3. 113 When two or more TMCC's make a time share request at the same time or when one channel makes a request while another is already performing a time share operation, the TMCC priority logic determines which channel is allowed to access memory first. For this purpose, each channel has its own Time Share Select flip-flop. No more than one of these flip-flops may be set at any time. The priority established by the flip-flops for the four TMCC channels is D, C, Y, and W in descending order. However, once a channel has been selected, it is allowed to complete the processing of its word without being disturbed by other channels. Using the Time Share Request signals mentioned previously, the priority logic to select the channel is:

$$\text{Channel W; } sRwx = \overline{Tsm} Trqw \overline{Trqy} \overline{Trqx} (T7 - T0)$$

$$rRwx = \overline{Tsm} T0$$

$$\text{Channel Y; } sRyx = \overline{Tsm} Trqy \overline{Trqx} (T7 - T0)$$

$$rRyx = \overline{Tsm} T0$$

3. 114 The TMCC's for the C and D channels are identical to those for the W and Y channels and so use the same logic nomenclature as above. But a request signal,  $Trqx$ , is not brought into the C and D units from other higher priority TMCC's. Then, for simplicity the C and D channel equations may be written:

$$\text{Channel C, } sRcx = \overline{Tsm} Trq (c) \overline{Trq} (d) \overline{(T7 - T0)}$$

$$rRcx = \overline{Tsm} T0$$

$$\text{Channel D, } sRdx = \overline{Tsm} Trq (d)$$

$$rRdx = \overline{Tsm} T0$$

The terms Rcx and Rdx are used here for clarity but do not actually appear in the logic equations for the equipment.

3. 115 If a TMCC channel makes a time share request and has the highest priority of those making such a request, and if  $\overline{Tsm}$  is true, then the channel can set its Time Share Select flip-flop.  $\overline{Tsm}$  indicates that the CPU is not already engaged in a time share operation. Confining the discussion to the W channel, Rwx would set at pulse time  $Tr - T8$ .

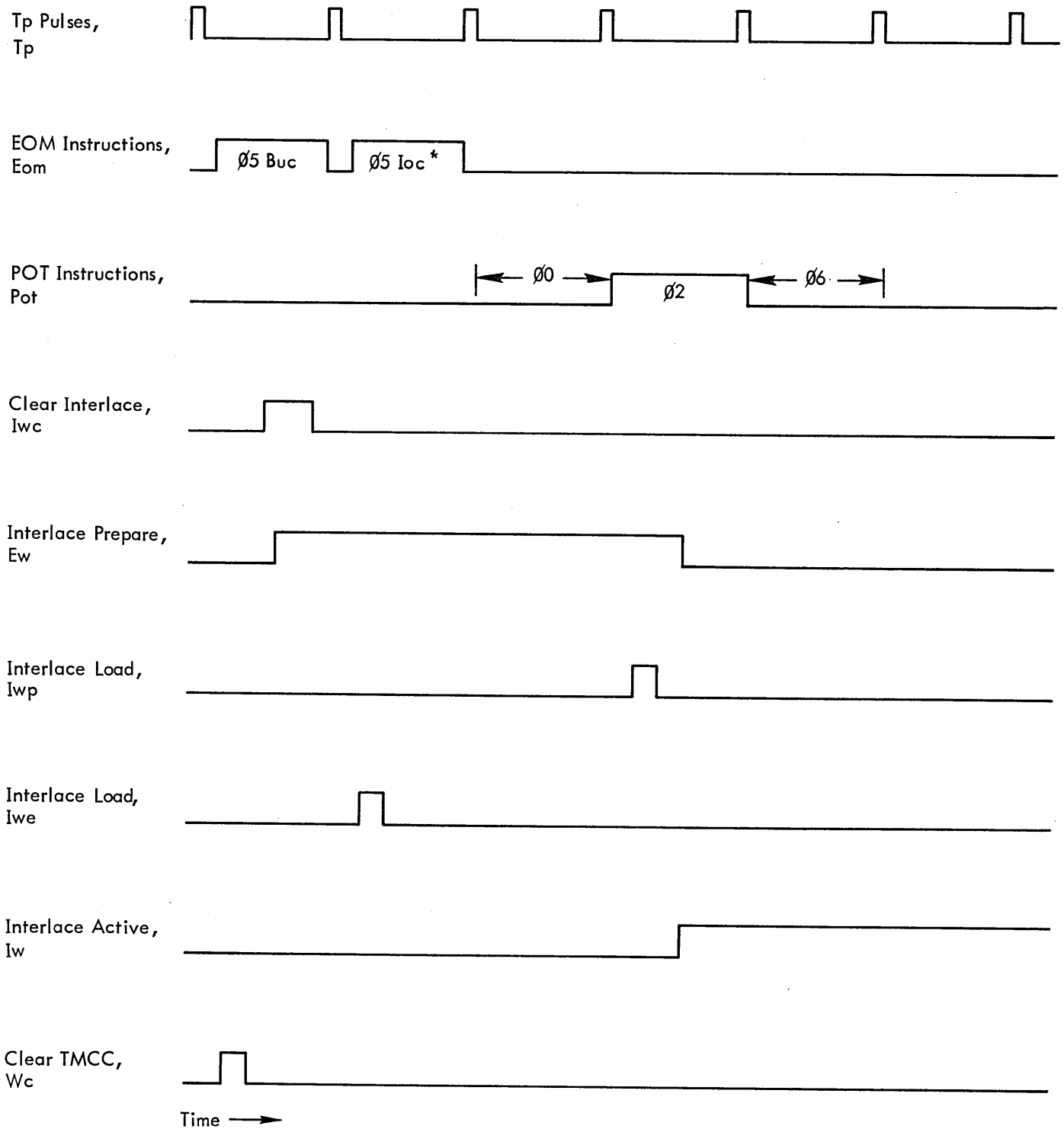
3. 116 The Interlace Prepare flip-flop ( $Ew$ ) also produces  $Er$  which prevents output signals,  $Eom$  and  $Ioc$ , from reaching external devices while initializing the Interlace.

$$\overline{Er} = \overline{Ew} \overline{Ey} \dots$$

$$Ioc = Ioc \ 1 \ \overline{CT} \ \overline{Er} \ Qr3$$

$$\textcircled{Eom} = \overline{Eom} \ \overline{Er}$$





\*Second EOM may be eliminated if not needed to set count in most significant bits of Address and Word Counters or to set up the extended mode.

Figure 3-26. Interlace Register Loading Timing Chart

The CPU then answers the request with a Tsr signal which remains on for two machine cycles. Tsr enables Wxx to permit a data transfer between W and C registers. While Tsr is true, the CPU sets Tsm to increment the Word and Address Counters.

$$Iwa = Rwx \ Tsm = \text{count trigger}$$

$$Wxx = Rwx \ Tsr \ Iw = \text{load buffer from C}$$

3. 117 Refer to figure 3-27 for the timing of the signals involved in the data transfer between the W and C Registers. Figure 3-27, indicates that Wxx remains on for two machine cycles. This allows the data exchange to take place twice. The two cycles are used as follows.

a. Input Operation. The first cycle exchanges the input word and any word currently in the C-Register. Then between cycles, the input word is copied from the C-Register into memory (in parallel). During the second exchange cycle, the word temporarily stored in the W-Register is returned to the C-Register where it can continue in whatever function it may have been participating.

b. Output Operation. The first cycle shifts any information which was being operated on in the C-Register to the W-Register for temporary storage. The word requested by the TMCC Interlace Address Counter is then parallel transferred from memory to the C-Register (between cycles). The second exchange cycle then returns the word from the W-Register back to the C-Register and brings the word out of memory from the C to the W-Register.

3. 118 The double exchange cycle thus provides the TMCC with a means of:

a. moving a word from the W-Register through the C-Register to memory or vice versa, and

b. preserving the contents of the C-Register while the transfer takes place. This is important if the CPU is engaged in some form of computation when the time share takes place. Figure 3-28 is an illustration of the timing involved for a typical interlaced I/O process.

3. 119 Another important aspect of the W and C-Register data exchange during an interlaced output concerns the path taken by the output word in getting to the W-Register. If a clock has read the last word out of the Character Register when the exchange takes place, the next word is precessed simultaneously with its transfer to the W-Register. This occurs as follows. During both of the exchange cycles, Wxx is on because of Rxw and Tsr.

$$Wxx = Rwx \ Tsr \ Iw + \dots$$

3. 120 If at this time a clock has already been detected (to read the last character of the previous word) so that W5 is set, W4 is set at pulse time T8 in the beginning of the second exchange cycle.

$$sW4 = W5 \ Wf \ T8 \ \overline{Wg}$$

3. 121 Thus, during the second cycle, Wxx and W4 are both true. The output word may then be shifted directly from the C-Register to the Character Register and on through to the W-Register. A one cycle precession is thereby automatically accomplished and the character may be read by the next clock without waiting for another precession to take place.

$$sRw1 = W4 \ Wxx \ C21r + \dots$$

$$rRw1 = W4 \ Wxx \ \overline{C21r} + \dots$$

$$sRw2 = W4 \ Wxx \ C22r + \dots$$

$$rRw2 = W4 \ Wxx \ \overline{C22r} + \dots$$

$$sRw3 = W4 \ Wxx \ C23r + \dots$$

$$rRw3 = W4 \ Wxx \ \overline{C23r} + \dots$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Ww1 &= W4 \ Wb1 \ (T7 - T0) + \dots \\ Ww2 &= W4 \ Wb2 \ (T7 - T0) + \dots \\ Ww3 &= W4 \ Wb3 + \dots \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Refer to figure 3-3 for } Wb1, Wb2, \text{ and } Wb3.$$

3. 122 This same path for loading the W-Register through the Character Register is also followed when the interlace is initially set up and the first word is called for, if the EOM instruction calls for starting without leader. In this case W5 is first set by Ws C13 instead of a clock signal from the peripheral unit.

$$sW5 = Ws \ C13 \ C18 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}$$

Figure 3-29 illustrates the use of this feature in loading the first word.

3. 123 When transferring data directly from the C to the Character Register, the parity bit is generated as previously described except that Cpr is used in place of (Wn1  $\oplus$  Wn2  $\oplus$  Wn3). Cpr performs a similar function but originates in the CPU and monitors the parity of the octal groups coming from the C-Register rather than from the W-Register.

$$sRwp = W9 \ W4 \ \overline{Rwp} \ Wxx \ Cpr \ Qw2 \ (T7 - T0) + \dots$$

$$rRwp = W9 \ W4 \ Rwp \ Wxx \ Cpr \ Qw2 \ (T7 - T0) + \dots$$

Refer to figure 3-4 for Qw2.

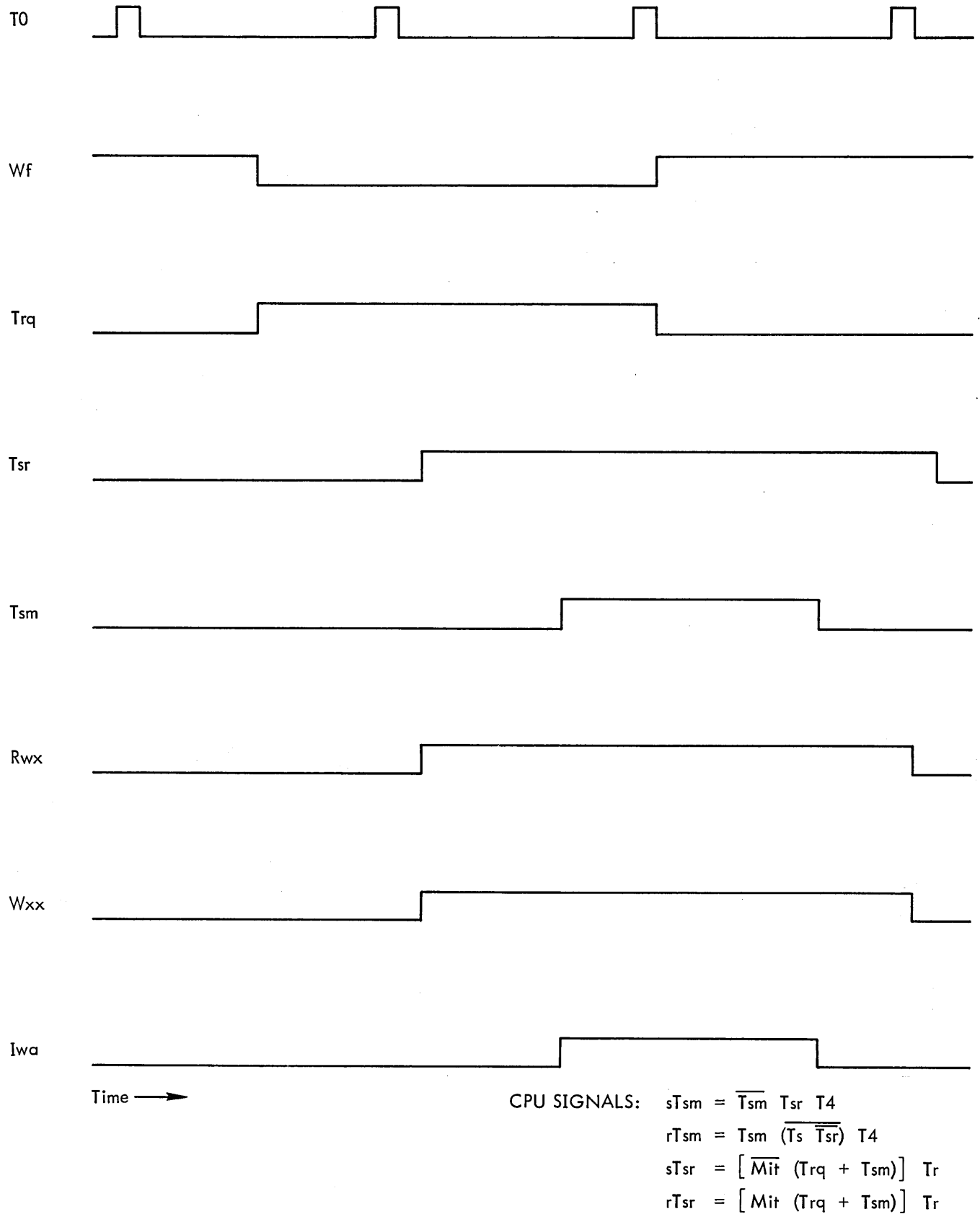


Figure 3-27. Interlace Word Transfer Timing Chart

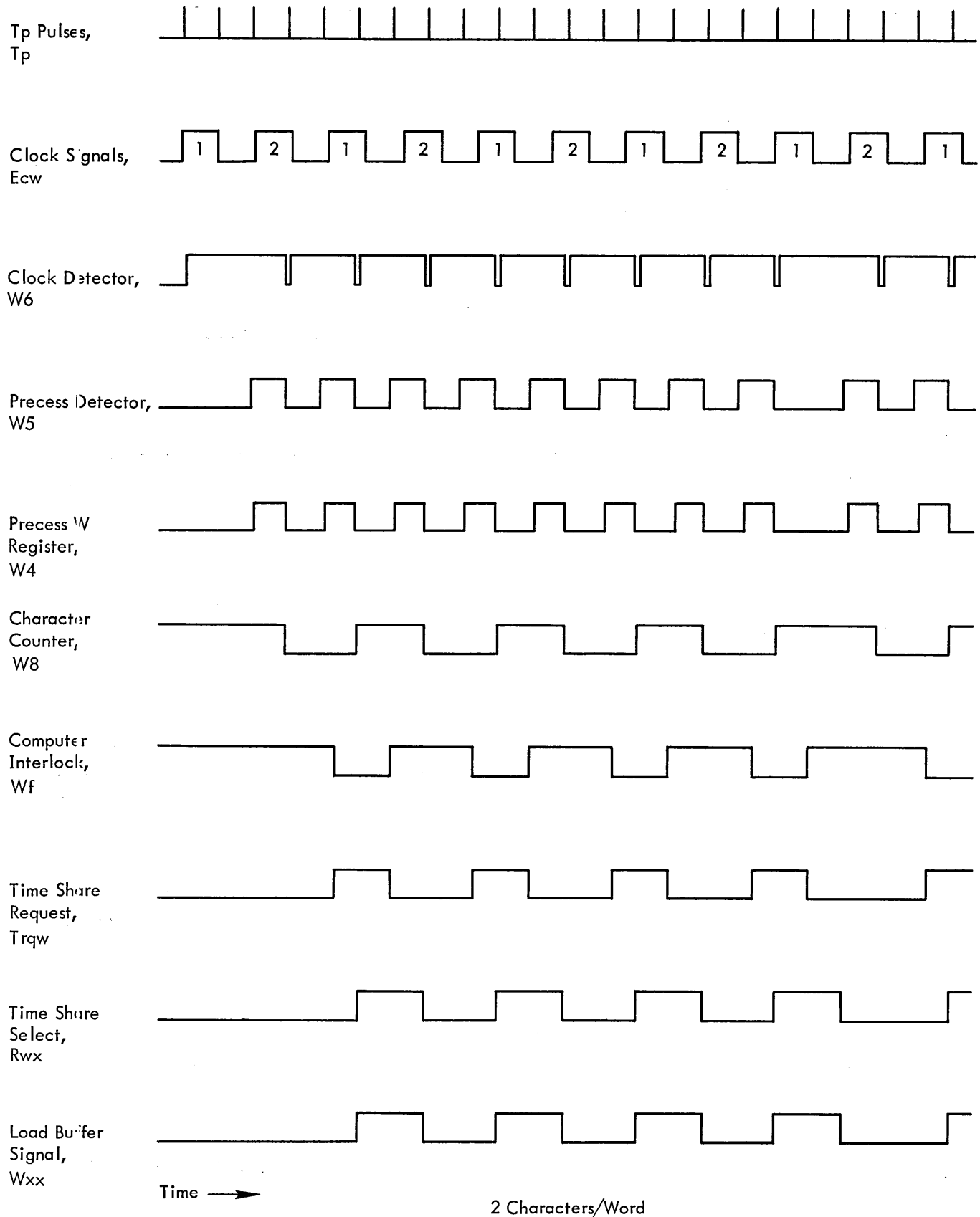


Figure 3-28. Interlace Input/Output Timing Chart

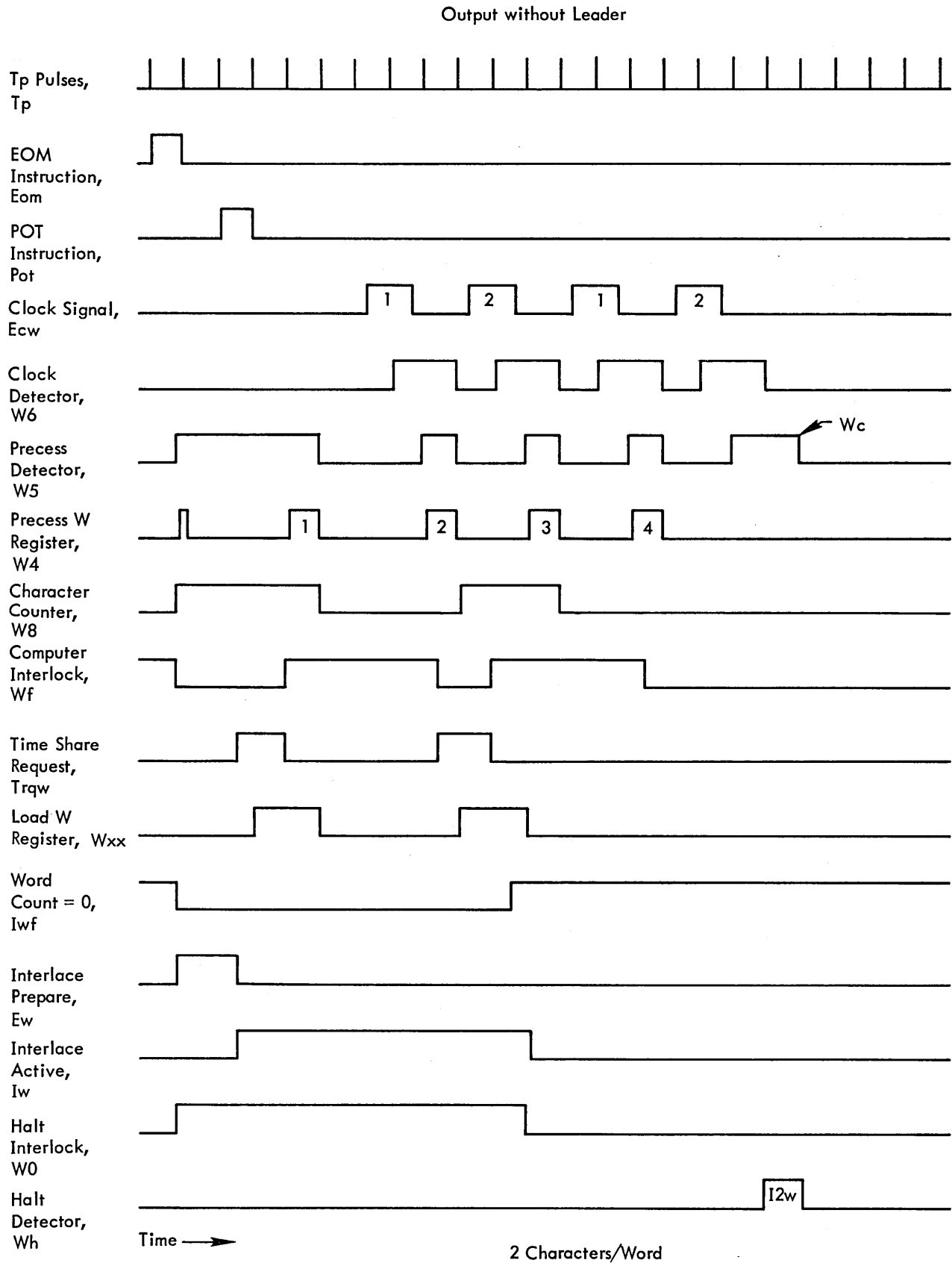


Figure 3-29. Interlace Output Timing Chart

3. 124 As each I/O word is processed, the Word and Address Counters are incremented by Iwa. Iwa also sets Wf again after it has issued the time share request via Trqw.

$$Iwa = Rwx \ Tsm$$

$$sWf = Iwa \ \overline{Mit} \ T0$$

The term  $\overline{Mit}$ , when false, denotes that a direct access I/O channel (DACC) is accessing the memory. Since the DACC may require access during an I/O operation by the TMCC,  $\overline{Mit}$  is used to momentarily stop the TMCC's action. Memory access by the DACC, although producing Tsm, thus cannot set Wf.

3. 125 When the Word Counter reaches the all "ones" condition, the count is decoded by Iwf.

$$Iwf = Wc0 \ Wc1 \ Wc2 \ Wc3 \ Wc4 \ Wc5 \ Wc6 \ Wc7 \\ Wc8 \ Wc9 \ Wc10 \ Wc11 \ Wc12 \ Wc13 \ Wc14 \ \overline{Ew}$$

Iwf inhibits further time share request signals and resets the Interlace Active flip-flop.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ Iw \ \overline{Iwf} = \text{time share request}$$

$$rIw = Iwf \ T8 = \text{Interlace Active}$$

3. 126 If the Interlace is controlling an input process, the next word loaded into the W-Register after Iw is reset, generates a Word Ready Interrupt, I1w.

$$I1w = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ (En + \overline{En}) \ \overline{Iw} \ \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Iwg}$$

At this time the program can reload the interlace if reading is to continue. On channel W (or Y) the contents of the buffer can be stored with a WIM (or YIM) instruction.

3. 127 During the input process, if an End-of-Record is encountered before the word count is completed, termination takes place as described earlier for the non-interlaced input. Wg detects the gap and sets Wh.

$$sWh = Wg \ \overline{Iwg} \ T8$$

An interrupt is generated and the TMCC is cleared in the usual manner.

$$I2w = (En + \overline{En}) \ \overline{Iwg} \ Wh \ \overline{Wf} + \dots$$

3. 128 If the Interlace is controlling an output process, Iwf resets the Halt Interlock flip-flop, W0, and blocks I1w and Trqw.

$$rW0 = W9 \ Iw \ Iwf \ (\overline{Iwg} + \dots) \ (\overline{T7} - T0)$$

$$I1w = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ (En + \overline{En}) \ \overline{Iw} \ \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Iwg}$$

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ Iw \ \overline{Iwf}$$

Thus, Rwx is not set again and Iwa cannot be turned on.

$$sRwx = \overline{Tsm} \ Trqw \ \overline{Trqy} \ \overline{Trqx} \ (\overline{T7} - T0)$$

$$Iwa = Rwx \ Tsm$$

Then when the last word is precessed out of the W-Register, Wf is not set again.

$$sWf = Iwa \ \overline{Mit} \ T0$$

This results in a situation similar to that for the non-interlaced output. The condition,  $\overline{W0} \ \overline{W4} \ W5 \ \overline{W6}$ , exists following the precession of the last character. The state,  $\overline{W0} \ W5 \ \overline{W6}$ , then sets Wh. Or, if magnetic tape is being used,  $\overline{W0} \ W5 \ \overline{W6}$  is detected by the tape unit and after a delay, Whs is generated to set Wh.

$$sWh = W9 \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W0} \ W5 \ \overline{W6} \ (\overline{Iwg} + \dots)$$

$$T8 + Whs \ W11 \ T8 + \dots$$

Then, halt interrupt and clear signals are generated and the TMCC, including Wh, is reset.

$$I2w = (En + \overline{En}) \ \overline{Iwg} \ Wh \ \overline{Wf} + \dots$$

$$Wc = Wh \ \overline{Wf} \ (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

$$rWh = Wh \ \overline{Wf} \ T8 + \dots$$

3. 129 The termination timing for a typical interlaced input process is illustrated in figure 3-30. In general, termination of a Compatible Mode I/O process is much the same as that for a non-interlaced I/O operation, but figure 3-30 illustrates the relationship of the additional interlace signals involved with those shown in earlier figures.

3. 130 As with other forms of I/O operation, a disconnect EOM (address 00) can also terminate an interlaced operation. This is done by resetting the Interlace Active Flip-Flop and the Extend Operations Flip-Flop through Ws and Wsc. (Refer to the paragraphs on Extended Mode beginning with 3-100 for explanation of Iwg.)

$$rIw = Ws \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \ \overline{C23} \ (T3 - T0) \ Iw + \dots$$

$$rIwg = Wsc \ T8 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14} \ Iwg + \dots$$

$$sWsc = Ws \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \ \overline{C23} + \dots$$

3. 131 INTERLACE, EXTENDED MODE (Time Share)

3. 132 The Word Counter and Address Counter set-up procedures are similar for both the Compatible and Extended

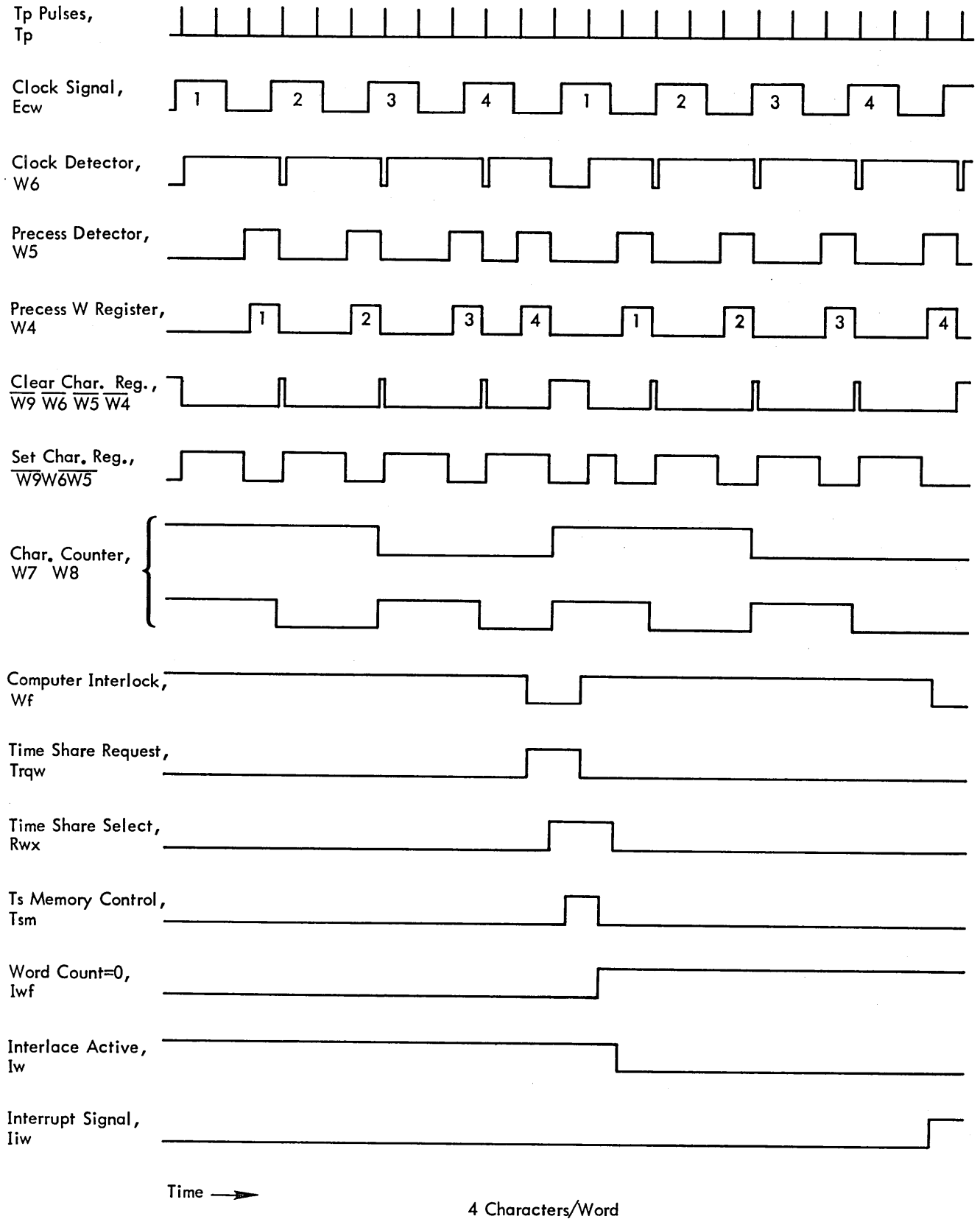


Figure 3-30. Input Termination Timing Chart - Interlace (Compatible Mode)

Modes. That is, the same sequence of instructions is used, (EOM-EOM-POT). However, to select the Extended Mode of operation, it is necessary to place a "one" in bit 12 of the second EOM (Ioc) instruction. When this instruction is processed, the Iwe loading signal sets bit 12 into the Extended Operations Flip-Flop, Iwg.

$$\text{Iwe} = \text{Ioc } 1 \text{ (T6 + T5) Ew}$$

$$\text{slwg} = \text{Iwe C12}$$

Prior to this, Iwg was cleared by the first EOM instruction as was the rest of the Interlace logic.

$$\text{Iwc} = \text{Eom C9 } \overline{\text{CT0}} \overline{\text{CT1}} \overline{\text{CT7}} (\text{T3} - \text{T0}) \overline{\text{CT1}} \text{ becomes C1 for TMCC-C}$$

$$\text{rlwg} = \text{Iwc} + \dots$$

3. 133 To use the Extended Mode, four additional flip-flops are loaded by the Ioc instruction. Two of these, Iwh and Iwi, comprise the Channel Command Register which selects the type of termination. The remaining two flip-flops, Iwj and Iwk, are employed to arm the I2w and I1w interrupts on a selective basis.

$$\text{slwj} = \text{Iwe C13}$$

$$\text{rlwj} = \text{Iwc} + \dots$$

$$\text{slwk} = \text{Iwe C14}$$

$$\text{rlwk} = \text{Iwc} + \dots$$

$$\text{slwh} = \text{Iwe C15}$$

$$\text{rlwh} = \text{Iwc}$$

$$\text{slwi} = \text{Iwe C16}$$

$$\text{rlwi} = \text{Iwc}$$

By decoding Iwj and Iwk, the Extended Mode can perform the four different terminal functions listed in table 3-4. Each function can be used to control either an input or an output operation. In the following paragraphs, each of the four functions is discussed in detail. In each case, it is assumed that the interlace registers have already been loaded by the EOM-EOM-POT instructions and that the interlaced I/O operation is proceeding normally.

3. 134 IORD - Iwg  $\overline{\text{Iwh}}$   $\overline{\text{Iwi}}$

3. 135 Output

3. 136 Write C words. When C equals zero, output is terminated (i.e. the device is signaled that the last characters have been transmitted). When the peripheral device has generated the End-of-Record and, if

necessary, checked the validity of the record, it sends an End-of-Record response to the channel buffer. When received by the buffer, the End-of-Record signal generates an End-of-Record interrupt (if armed) and disconnects the channel.

3. 137 The line printer generates the End-of-Record response when it completes the printing of a line. If the printer encounters any print errors or faults, it sends a signal to the channel that sets the channel error indicator. This can occur since the printer has not disconnected from the channel. The IORD is useful when the program is to print several lines and the program is not otherwise to use the channel between lines. When the printer completes each line, it causes an End-of-Record interrupt (assumed to be armed), notifying the program that it can immediately transmit the next paper control instruction and the next line image.

3. 138 The unbuffered card punch operates similarly. It generates the End-of-Record response after punching each row. If any faults occur during the punching of the entire card, the card punch sends a signal to the channel that sets the channel error indicator; this occurs after punching the last row (row 9).

#### NOTE

A program should not use IORD with devices that do not have End-of-Record conditions on output (e.g., devices such as the paper tape punch and typewriter). These devices to terminate output but give the program no indication when they receive the last characters.

After the last word is accessed from memory, zero word count is established.

3. 139 The interlace is counted by the Interlace Count Trigger, Iwa.

$$\text{Iwa} = \text{Rwx Tsm}$$

Zero Word Count, Iwf, occurs and the Interlace Active flip-flop, Iw is reset.

$$\text{Iwf} = \text{Wc0 Wc1} \dots \text{Wc13 Wc14 } \overline{\text{Ew}}$$

$$\text{rlw} = \text{Iwf T8}$$

The Halt Interlock, W0, is reset.

$$\text{rW0} = \text{W9 Iw Iwf } (\overline{\text{Iwg}} + \overline{\text{Iwh}} + \overline{\text{Iwi}}) (\overline{\text{T7}} - \text{T0}) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Transmission Interrupt Enable, Iwk, has been previously armed, an I1w interrupt occurs and Iwk is reset.

$$\text{I1w} = \text{Iwg } \overline{\text{Iw}} \text{ Iwf Iwk} + \dots$$



Table 3-4. Interlace Extended - Mode Terminal Functions

| Terminal Function   | Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Summary of Operation  |
|---|-----|-----|-----|---|
| <b>IORD</b><br>Input/Output of record then disconnect.    | 1   | 0   | 0   | The I/O operation proceeds until the word count equals zero then terminates. On input, the channel disconnects when the End-of-Record is encountered. On output, the channel signals the device that the last character has been transmitted then disconnects after the device provides an End-of-Record response.  |
| <b>IOSD</b><br>Input/Output until signal then disconnect. | 1   | 0   | 1   | The channel disconnects when the word count equals zero or at the end of a record.  |
| <b>IORP</b><br>Input/Output of a record then proceed.     | 1   | 1   | 0   | The I/O operation proceeds until the word count equals zero but does not terminate. On input, the channel sets the inter-record indicator when the end of a record is encountered. On output, the channel signals the device that the last character has been transmitted then sets the inter-record indicator after the device provides an End-of-Record response. The channel does not disconnect (except for magnetic tape). |
| <b>IOSP</b><br>Input/Output until signal then proceed.    | 1   | 1   | 1   | When the word count equals zero, the program should either reload the interlace to continue, or terminate the operation before the next clock is received; otherwise a rate error will occur.   |

$$rIwk = I1w Iwk T8 + \dots$$

When the last character of the last word has been pre-processed into the Character Register,  $Wf$  is reset.

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

Because the Halt Interlock,  $W0$ , and Interlace Active,  $Iw$ , have been reset, a Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , can not be made.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

Any further clocking,  $Ecw$ , of the buffer generates a Halt Interlock Signal condition.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} W6 \overline{Ecw} T0 + \dots$$

$$rW6 = W5 T0 + \dots$$

Halt Interlock Signal (decoded by the peripheral device)

$$= W5 \overline{W6} \overline{W0}$$

If the Halt Signal,  $Whs$ , is received the Halt Detector  $Wh$ , is set and a disconnect occurs.

$$sWh = W9 \overline{Iwh} T8 Whs + \dots$$

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

$$rW9 = Wc$$

$$rW10 = Wc$$

etc.

The Signal Complete flip-flop,  $Wsc$ , is set.

$$sWsc = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable,  $Iwj$ , has been previously armed, an  $I2w$  interrupt occurs and  $Iwj$  is reset.

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg + \dots$$

$$rIwj = I2w Iwj T8 + \dots$$

The Extend Operations flip-flop,  $Iwg$ , and the Signal Complete flip-flop,  $Wsc$  are then reset.

$$rIwg = Wsc \overline{T8} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} Iwg + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc \overline{Iwg} T8$$

3. 140 IOSD -  $Iwg \overline{Iwh} Iwi$

3. 141 Output

3. 142 Write C words. When C equals zero and when the last character has been transmitted, the channel disconnects the device and becomes inactive. If an End-of-Record signal is received before the count reaches zero, the channel disconnects immediately.

#### NOTE

The IOSD is designed for use on devices which are normally operated on the basis of the word count only. Typewriters and paper tape devices are of this type, as are the printer and card punch when the user does not wish to stay connected until the operation is complete.

3. 143 The interlace is counted by the Interlace Count Trigger,  $Iwa$ .

$$Iwa = Rwx Tsm$$

Zero Word Count,  $Iwf$ , occurs and the Interlace Active flip-flop,  $Iw$ , is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 Wc1 \dots Wc13 Wc14 \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf T8 + \dots$$

The Halt Interlock,  $W0$ , is reset.

$$rW0 = W9 Iw (\overline{Iwg} + \overline{Iwh} + \overline{Iwi}) (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Transmission Interrupt Enable,  $Iwk$ , has been previously armed, an  $I1w$  interrupt occurs and  $Iwk$  is reset.

$$I1w = Iwg \overline{Iw} Iwk Iwk + \dots$$

$$rIwk = I1w Iwk T8 + \dots$$

When the last character of the last word has been pre-processed into the Character Register,  $Wf$  is reset.

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

Because the Halt Interlock,  $W0$ , has been reset, a Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , cannot be made.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} Iw Iwf$$

Any further clocking,  $Ecw$ , of the buffer generates a Halt Interlock Signal condition.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} W6 \overline{Ecw} T0 + \dots$$

$$rW6 = W5 T0 + \dots$$

Halt Interlock Signal

$$= W5 \overline{W6} \overline{W0}$$

For devices other than magnetic tape, the Halt Detector,  $Wh$ , sets upon reaching zero Word Count,  $Iwf$ , and after the last character has been clocked from the buffer.

$$sWh = W9 \overline{W11} \overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6} (\overline{Iwh} Iwi + \dots) T8 + \dots$$

The Halt Detector,  $Wh$ , also sets upon the occurrence of a Halt Signal,  $Whs$ , from the magnetic tape unit.

$$sWh = W9 \overline{Iwh} Whs T8 + \dots$$

The setting of the Halt Detector,  $Wh$ , initiates a buffer disconnect sequence.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

$$rW9 = Wc$$

$$rW10 = Wc$$

etc.

The Signal Complete flip-flop,  $Wsc$ , is set.

$$sWsc = Wh \overline{Wf} T8$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable,  $Iwj$ , has been previously armed, an  $I2w$  interrupt occurs and  $Iwj$  is reset.

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg + \dots$$

$$rIwj = I2w Iwj T8 + \dots$$

The Extend Operations flip-flop,  $Iwg$ , and the Signal Complete flip-flop,  $Wsc$ , are then reset.

$$rIwg = Wsc T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} Iwg + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc \overline{Iwg} T8$$

3. 144 IORP -  $Iwg \overline{Iwh} Iwi$

3. 145 Output

3. 146 Write C words. When the channel interlace counts C down to zero, the interlace notifies the channel buffer that it has received the last word that is to be

output; when the buffer outputs this last word, it sends a signal to the connected peripheral device indicating that the device has the last word. When the peripheral device receives, outputs and checks the validity of this last word, it sends an End-of-Record response to the channel buffer. When received by the buffer, the End-of-Record signal generates an End-of-Record interrupt (if armed) and sets the Inter-Record indicator; the channel does not disconnect.

3. 147 When the peripheral device is magnetic tape, the tape continues to move after it signals End-of-Record. As in reading tape, the signal causes the Tape Gap signal to come high. If the program executes a new write tape or erase tape EOM during the inter-gap time (approximately one millisecond), the tape remains in motion and proceeds to write or erase a new record. If the program executes no such EOM before the Tape Gap signal drops, the channel disconnects and tape comes to a stop. No interrupt occurs at this time. This is the only condition which causes a channel to disconnect automatically for an IORP.

3. 148 To proceed after the End-of-Record occurs, the program first executes a Buffer Control mode EOM to re-initialize the Channel Unit Address Register and then reloads the interlace portion of the channel (the program can alert the Interlace via the Buffer Control EOM). Otherwise, the channel immediately terminates any attempt to use its interlace portion, since the channel is still active and in the End-of-Record condition. When the program continues from an Inter-Record condition, the program should use an extended mode terminal function.

#### NOTE

A program should not use IORP with devices that do not generate End-of-Record responses upon output termination; such devices are paper tape and typewriter. These devices do terminate output but give the program no indication when they receive the last characters. The IORP should also not be used with the printer and card punch since these devices expect the channel to disconnect after they send EOR.

3. 149 After the last word is accessed from memory, the Interlace is counted and zero word count is established. The Interlace is counted by the Interlace Count Trigger, Iwa.

$$Iwa = Rwx \ Tsm$$

Zero Word Count, Iwf, occurs and the Interlace Active flip-flop, Iw, is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 \ Wc1 \ . \ . \ . \ Wc13 \ Wc14 \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

The Halt Interlock, W0, is reset.

$$rW0 = W9 \ Iwf \ (\overline{Iwg} + \overline{Iwh} + \overline{Iwi}) \\ (\overline{T7 - T0}) + . \ . \ .$$

If the End-of-Transmission Interrupt Enable, Iwk, has been previously armed, an I1w interrupt occurs and Iwk is reset.

$$I1w = Iwg \ \overline{Iw} \ Iwf \ Iwk + . \ . \ .$$

$$rIwk = I1w \ Iwk \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

When the last character of the last word has been processed into the Character Register, Wf is reset.

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \ \overline{W8} \ W4 \ (T6 + T5) + . \ . \ .$$

Because the Halt Interlock, W0, and Interlace Active, Iw, have been reset, a Time Share Request, Trqw, cannot be made.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \ W0 \ \overline{Wh} \ Iw \ \overline{Iwf}$$

Any further clocking, Ecw, of the buffer generates a Halt Interlock Signal condition.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} \ Ecw \ T8 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} \ W6 \ \overline{Ecw} \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

$$rW6 = W5 \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

Halt Interlock Signal

$$= W5 \ \overline{W6} \ \overline{W0}$$

3. 150 For non-magnetic tape devices, the buffer awaits the receipt of a Halt Signal, Whs, from the device. The End-of-Record Detector, Wg, is set.

$$sWg = Whs \ (\overline{T7 - T0}) \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14} + . \ . \ .$$

The Signal Complete Detector, Wsc, sets and if the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable, Iwj, has been previously armed, an I2w interrupt is generated and Iwj is reset.

$$sWsc = Wg \ Iwg \ Iwh \ T8 \ (Iwf + . \ . \ .) + . \ . \ .$$

$$I2w = Wsc \ Iwj \ Iwg + . \ . \ .$$

$$rIwj = I2w \ Iwj \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

The device does not disconnect because Wh is not permitted to set.

3. 151 For magnetic tape, the buffer awaits the receipt of a gap signal, Mtgw. The End-of-Record Detector, Wg, is set.

$$sWg = Mtgw T0 Iwg W11 (\overline{W0} \overline{W5} \overline{W6} W9 + \dots) + \dots$$

The Signal Complete Detector, Wsc, sets and if the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable, Iwj, has been previously armed, an I2w interrupt is generated and Iwj is reset.

$$sWsc = Wg Iwg Iwh T8 (Iwf + \dots) + \dots$$

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg$$

$$rIwj = I2w Iwj T8 + \dots$$

The magnetic tape system can continue if the interrupt sub-routine executes an EOM to the tape within approximately one millisecond from the occurrence of the interrupt. If no EOM is executed, the tape generates a Halt Signal, Whs, and the Halt Detector, Wh, sets. The magnetic tape is disconnected and the buffer is cleared.

$$sWh = Whs W11 T8 + \dots$$

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

$$rW9 = Wc$$

$$rW10 = Wc$$

etc.

$$rIwg = Wsc T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ Iwg + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc T8 \overline{Iwg}$$

$$rWh = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots$$

3. 152 IOSP - Iwg Iwh Iwi

3. 153 Output

3. 154 Write C words. When the channel counts C down to zero, the channel generates a Count Equals Zero interrupt (if armed); the channel does not terminate output. The program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue writing in the same record. Failure to reload the Interlace before the buffer transmits all of the characters in its registers and before the peripheral device requests the next character from

the buffer results in a rate error; this sets the Channel Error Indicator.

3. 155 If the program executes a TERMINATE OUTPUT (TOP) instruction after the channel has counted C down to zero, the channel terminates the output and operates identically like the IORP from this point on.

3. 156 After the last word is accessed from memory, the interlace is counted and zero word count is established.

The Interlace is counted by the Interlace Count Trigger, Iwa.

$$Iwa = Rwx Tsm$$

Zero Word Count, Iwf, occurs and the Interlace Active flip-flop, Iw, is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 Wc1 \dots Wc13 Wc14 \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf T8 + \dots$$

If the End-of-Transmission Interrupt Enable, Iwk, has been previously armed, an I1w interrupt occurs and Iwk is reset.

$$I1w = Iwg \overline{Iw} Iwf Iwk + \dots$$

$$rIwk = I1w Iwk T8 + \dots$$

The program, upon receipt of an I1w interrupt, should reload the Interlace to permit the transmission to continue with a new set of parameters (i.e., word count, address, terminal functions, etc.). The loading of the Interlace with a zero word count could permit conversion of the current IOSP to some other terminal function, for example to an IORD, thereby effecting a disconnect.

3. 157 Execution of a TERMINATE OUTPUT (TOP) instruction, e.g., EOM14000, would convert the IOSP to an IORP. The TOP instruction resets the Halt Interlock flip-flop, W0.

$$rW0 = Ioc C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23} W9 \\ T0 + \dots$$

Any further clocking of the channel by Ecw generates a Halt Interlock Signal condition when the last character has been clocked from the buffer.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} W6 \overline{Ecw} T0 + \dots$$

$$rW6 = W5 T0 + \dots$$

$$rW5 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

Halt Interlock Signal

$$= W5 \overline{W6} \overline{W0}$$

The Halt Interlock Signal is representative of the buffer status had the IOSB been an IORP.

3. 158 IORD -  $\overline{Iwg} \overline{Iwh} \overline{Iwi}$

3. 159 Input

3. 160 Read C words. If C equals zero before the End-of-Record is detected, the rest of the record is ignored. At the End-of-Record, the peripheral device is disconnected and the channel becomes inactive.

3. 161 When the W-Register acquires the specified number of characters, a Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , is generated.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} \overline{Iw} \overline{Iwf}$$

When memory is accessed, the interlace registers are counted by the Interlace Count Trigger,  $Iwa$ .

$$Iwa = Rwx Tsm$$

Zero Word Count,  $Iwf$ , may occur and the Interlace Active flip-flop,  $Iw$ , is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 Wc1 \dots Wc13 Wc14 \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf T8 + \dots$$

If the Zero Word Count Interrupt Enable,  $Iwk$ , has been previously armed, then an  $Ilw$  interrupt occurs.

$$Ilw = Iwg \overline{Iw} Iwf Iwk + \dots$$

$$rIwk = Ilw Iwk T8 + \dots$$

Additional characters entering the channel after Zero Word Count has been reached are preprocessed into the W-Register.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} \overline{Ecw} T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$rW6 = W5 T0 + \dots$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} \overline{W6} \overline{Ecw} T0 + \dots$$

$$rW5 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

$$sW4 = W5 Wf T8 \overline{Wg} + \\ + Iwg \overline{W9} \overline{Iwi} W5 Iwf T8 + \dots$$

$$sW4 = Wr T0 + \dots$$

$$Ww1 = W4 Wb1 (T7 - T0) + \dots$$

$$Ww2 = W4 Wb2 (T7 - T0) + \dots$$

$$Ww3 = W4 Wb3 + \dots$$

However, Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , is inhibited.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} \overline{Iw} \overline{Iwf}$$

Parity errors cannot occur after Zero Word Count.

$$sWe = \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} Rwp \overline{Wg} \overline{Npw} \\ (\overline{Iwg} + \overline{Iwi} + \overline{Iwf}) + \dots$$

Rate errors cannot set  $We$  while  $W4$  is enabled by  $Iwg$   $W9$   $Iwi$   $Iw$ .

$$sWe = W0 \overline{W6} W5 Ecw T8 + \dots$$

After Zero Word Count is established, detection of a Halt Signal or Photoreader Gap sets the End-of-Record Detector,  $Wg$ .

$$sWg = Whs (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ + \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \\ (\overline{Rw1} \overline{Rw2} \overline{Rw3} \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw6} \overline{Rwp}) \\ W5 (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} + \dots$$

The Halt Detector,  $Wh$ , sets.

$$sWh = Whs W11 T8 + Wg \overline{W9} \overline{W11} \overline{Iwh} Iwg T8 \\ (Iwf + \dots) + \dots$$

The buffer is flushed (i.e., allowed to preprocess without receiving input clocks until the Character Count equals zero) until it is assured that  $Wf$  is reset.

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

The buffer is cleared and the peripheral device disconnected.

$$Wc = Wh Wf (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable,  $Iwj$ , has been previously armed, and End-of-Record Interrupt,  $Iw2$ , occurs.

$$sWsc = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc T8 \overline{Iwg}$$

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg + \dots$$

$$rIwj = I2w Iwj T0 + \dots$$

$$rIwg = Wsc Iwg \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} T8 + \dots$$

Should an End-of-Record occur before Zero Word Count is established, the End-of-Record Detector is set.

$$\begin{aligned} sWg = & Mtgw T0 Iwg W11 (\overline{W0} \overline{W9} + \dots) \\ & + Whs (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ & + \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \\ & (\overline{Rw1} \overline{Rw2} \overline{Rw3} \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw6} \overline{Rwp}) W5 \\ & (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \end{aligned}$$

Any character remaining in the W-Register are flushed by W4 and a Time Share Request, Trqw, is generated.

$$\begin{aligned} sW4 = & Iwg Wg Wf W0 \overline{Wev} Iw T8 \overline{W7} \overline{W9} W10 \\ & \overline{W11} \overline{Wh} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} Wev = & W8 Wn2 W7 Wn1 + \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} \\ & + \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} + W8 Wn2 \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} \end{aligned}$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

and  $\overline{W7} \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{Wh}$  indicates that a scan operation is not taking place.

3. 162 As a result of one Time Share operation, Wf is set.

$$sWf = Iwa \overline{Mit} T0 + \dots$$

The Character Counter is reloaded with its original count, making Wev true and the flush operation ceases.

3. 163 The Halt Detector, Wh, is now permitted to set. For Magnetic Tape operation this occurs upon receipt of a Halt Signal, Whs.

$$\begin{aligned} sWh = & Whs W11 T8 + Wg \overline{W9} \overline{W11} \overline{Iwh} \\ & (Iwf + Wev Wf) T8 Iwg + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Before the buffer is cleared, the buffer is again flushed but a Time Share Request, Trqw, is inhibited.

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

The buffer is then cleared.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable, Iwj, has been previously armed, an End-of-Record Interrupt, I2w, occurs.

$$sWsc = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc T8 \overline{Iwg}$$

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg$$

$$rIwj = I2w Iwj T8 + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} rIwg = & Wsc Iwg \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \\ & \overline{W13} \overline{W14} T8 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

3. 164 IOSD - Iwg  $\overline{Iwh}$  Iwi

3. 165 Input

3. 166 Read C words. When C equals zero or when the End-of-Record is encountered, the device is disconnected and the channel becomes inactive. If the channel disconnects because of a zero count, an EOR interrupt (if armed) is generated in addition to the count-equal-zero interrupt. If both are armed, the count-equal-zero interrupt occurs first.

When the W-Register acquires the specified number of characters, a Time Share Request, Trqw, is generated.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

When memory is accessed, the interlace registers are counted by the Interlace Count Trigger, Iwa.

$$Iwa = Rwx Tsm$$

Zero Word Count, Iwf, may occur and the Interlace Active flip-flop, Iw, is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 Wc1 \dots Wc13 Wc14 \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf T8 + \dots$$

If the zero Word Count Interrupt Enable, Iwk, has been previously armed, then an I1w interrupt occurs.

$$I1w = Iwg \overline{Iw} Iwf Iwk + \dots$$

$$rIwk = I1w Iwk T0 + \dots$$

The Halt Detector is set.

$$sWh = \overline{W9} \overline{W11} Iwg \overline{Iwh} Iwi Iwf T8 W0 + \dots$$

The buffer is flushed, but no Time Share Request, Trqw, may be initiated.

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} rWf &= \overline{W7} \overline{W8} T8 + \dots \\ Trqw &= \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf} \end{aligned}$$

The channel is cleared and the peripheral device disconnected.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable,  $Iwj$ , has been previously armed, and End-of-Record Interrupt,  $I2w$ , occurs.

$$\begin{aligned} sWsc &= Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots \\ rWsc &= Wsc \overline{Iwg} T8 \\ I2w &= Wsc Iwj Iwg + \dots \\ rIwj &= I2w Iwj T8 = \dots \\ rIwg &= Wsc Iwg \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ &\quad T8 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Should an End-of-Record occur before Zero Word Count is established, the End-of-Record Detector is set.

$$\begin{aligned} sWg &= Mtgw T0 Iwg W11 (\overline{W0} \overline{W9} + \dots) \\ &\quad + Whs (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ &\quad + \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \\ &\quad (\overline{Rw1} \overline{Rw2} \overline{Rw3} \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw6} \overline{Rwp}) \\ &\quad W5 (T7 - T0) \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \end{aligned}$$

Any characters remaining in the W-Register are flushed and a Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , is generated.

$$sW4 = \overline{Iwg} Wg Wf \overline{W0} \overline{Wev} Iw \overline{W7} \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{Wh} T8 + \dots$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} Wev &= W8 Wn2 W7 Wn1 + \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} \\ &\quad + \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} + W8 Wn2 W7 Wn1 \end{aligned}$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

As a result of the Time Share operation,  $Wf$ , is set.

$$sWf = Iwa \overline{Mit} T0$$

When the term  $Wev$  is true the flush and store operation ceases. The Halt Detector,  $Wh$ , is permitted to set

$$\begin{aligned} sWh &= Whs W11 T8 + Wg \overline{W9} \overline{W11} \overline{Iwh} \\ &\quad (Iwf + Wev Wf) T8 Iwg + \dots \end{aligned}$$

Before the buffer is cleared, the buffer is again flushed but a Time Share Request,  $Trqw$ , is inhibited.

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

The buffer is then cleared.

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable,  $Iwj$ , has been previously armed, an End-of-Record Interrupt,  $I2w$ , occurs.

$$sWsc = Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + \dots$$

$$rWsc = Wsc \overline{Iwg} T8$$

$$I2w = Wsc Iwj Iwg + \dots$$

$$rIwk = I2w Iwk T8 + \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} rIwg &= Wsc Iwg \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\ &\quad T8 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

3.167 Should an IOSD mode be used on input with magnetic tape devices, no disconnect will occur at  $Iwf$ . Should additional characters enter the buffer after  $Iwf$ , a rate error may occur.

$$sWe = W0 \overline{W6} W5 Ecw T8 + \dots$$

Disconnect occurs upon receipt of a Halt Signal,  $Whs$ , from the magnetic tape system.

$$sWh = Whs W11 T8 + \dots$$

$$sW4 = Wh Wf T8 + \dots$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + \dots$$

$$rWf = \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) + \dots$$

$$Wc = Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + \dots$$

3.168  $IORP - Iwg Iwh \overline{Iwi}$

3.169 Input

3.170 Read C words. If the channel counts C down to zero before the peripheral device encounters the End-of-Record (EOR), the channel ignores the rest of the record (to the End-of-Record). When the peripheral device sends the End-of-Record signal to the channel, the channel sets its End-of-Record Indicator; this signal sets the End-of-Record interrupt (if armed). The channel does not disconnect. The channel is now in an "Inter-Record" condition.

3.171 When the peripheral device is magnetic tape, the tape continues to move when the tape handler encounters the End-of-Record. The End-of-Record occurs when the tape read-heads encounter tape gap; this also causes a Tape Gap signal to come high. If the program executes a new read tape or scan tape EOM during the inter-gap time (approximately one millisecond while the Tape Gap signal is high), the tape remains in motion and proceeds to read or scan the next record. If the program executes no such EOM before the Tape Gap signal drops, the channel disconnects and the tape comes to a stop. No additional interrupt occurs. This is the only condition that causes a channel to disconnect automatically in an IORP.

3.172 All other input devices remain connected until the program takes further action. The paper tape reader remains in motion; the program should issue a "disconnect channel" instruction if the program is not reading any more tape. To proceed after the End-of-Record occurs, the program first executes a Buffer Control mode EOM to re-initialize the Channel Unit Address Register and then reloads the interlace portion of the channel (the program can alert the Interlace via the Buffer Control EOM). Otherwise, the channel immediately terminates any attempt to use its interlace portion since the channel is aware that it is still active and in the End-of-Record condition. When the program continues from an Inter-Record condition, the program should use an extended mode terminal function. An IORP should not be used to read with devices that do not have EOR signals (e.g., the typewriter).

3.173 When the W-Register acquires the specified number of characters, a Time-Share Request, TRQW, is generated.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \overline{W0} \overline{Wh} \overline{Iw} \overline{Iwf}$$

When memory is accessed, the interlace registers are counted by Interlace Count Trigger, Iwa.

$$Iwa = Rwx \ Tsm$$

Zero Word Count, Iwf, may occur and the Interlace Active flip-flop, Iw, is reset.

$$Iwf = Wc0 \ Wc1 \ . \ . \ . \ Wc13 \ Wc14 \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rIw = Iwf \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

If the Zero Word Count Interrupt Enable, Iwk, has been previously armed, then an Ilw interrupt occurs.

$$Ilw = Iwg \ \overline{Iw} \ Iwf \ Iwk + . \ . \ .$$

$$rIwk = Ilw \ Iwk \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

3.174 Additional characters entering the channel after Zero Word Count has been reached are precessed into the W-Register.

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} \ Ecw \ T8 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}$$

$$rW6 = W5 \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} \ W6 \ \overline{Ecw} \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

$$rW5 = W4 \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

$$sW4 = W5 \ Wf \ T8 \ \overline{Wg} + Iwg \ \overline{W9} \ \overline{Iwi} \ W5 \ Iwf \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

$$rW4 = W4 \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

$$Ww1 = W4 \ Wb1 \ (T7 - T0) + . \ . \ .$$

$$Ww2 = W4 \ Wb2 \ (T7 - T0) + . \ . \ .$$

$$Ww3 = W4 \ Wb3 + . \ . \ .$$

However, Time Share Requests, Trqw, are inhibited.

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} \ \overline{W0} \ \overline{Wh} \ \overline{Iw} \ \overline{Iwf}$$

Parity and rate errors cannot occur after Zero Word Count.

$$sWe = \overline{W9} \ \overline{W6} \ \overline{W5} \ \overline{W4} \ Rwp \ \overline{Wg} \ Npw \ (\overline{Iwg} \\ + Iwi + \overline{Iwf}) + W0 \ W5 \ \overline{W6} \ Ecw \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

Detection of magnetic tape gap, photoreader gap or a halt signal sets the End-of-Record Detector.

$$sWg = Mtgw \ T0 \ Iwg \ W11 \ (W0 \ \overline{W9} + . \ . \ .) \\ + Whs \ (\overline{T7 - T0}) \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14} \\ + \overline{W9} \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ (Rw1 \ Rw2 \ Rw3 \ Rw4 \ Rw5 \\ \overline{Rw6} \ \overline{Rwp}) \ W5 \ (\overline{T7 - T0}) \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}$$

If the End-of-Record Detector is set before Zero Word Count has occurred, then the buffer is flushed and the completed word is stored in memory.

$$sW4 = Iwg \ Wg \ Wf \ W0 \ \overline{Wev} \ \overline{Iw} \ \overline{W7} \ \overline{W9} \ W10 \ W11 \ \overline{Wh} \ T8 + . \ . \ .$$

$$rW4 = W4 \ T0 + . \ . \ .$$

where:

$$Wev = W8 \ Wn2 \ W7 \ Wn1 + \overline{W8} \ \overline{Wn2} \ W7 \ Wn1 \\ + \overline{W8} \ \overline{Wn2} \ \overline{W7} \ \overline{Wn1} + W8 \ Wn2 \ \overline{W7} \ \overline{Wn1}$$

Wf is reset and Time Share Request is inhibited.





3. 184 GLOSSARY OF LOGIC TERMS

|  |   |                                      |   |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Buc                                      | A control signal derived from the EOM instruction used to activate the TMCC and peripheral devices.   | I2w                                  | An interrupt signal indicating in the compatible mode that the input or output process has been terminated and the external device has been disconnected and in the extended mode indicating that an End-of-Record condition has been detected. |
| C0 - C23                                 | The 24 signals received from the C register in the CPU.   | Ioc                                  | An input/output control signal derived from Eom.  |
| $\overline{C1x}$                         | A signal from the C1 flip-flop in the C register in the CPU. $\overline{C1x}$ is utilized to distinguish between TMCC W or Y and TMCC C or D. $\overline{C1x}$ becomes C1x for TMCC C or D.         | $\overline{Ir0}/ - \overline{Ir14}/$ | Interlace address signals transmitted to the CPU.   |
| C21r - C23r                              | Signals from the C register in the CPU used when serial transfers occur from the C register to the W register.  | Iw                                   | A flip-flop which when set denotes that the interlace system is active.   |
| $\textcircled{Cd0} - \textcircled{Cd23}$ | Input data lines that are read by the C register in the CPU during a PIN instruction.   | Iwa                                  | A signal which counts the interlace word and address counters when a memory access is performed.  |
| $\overline{Ci0}/ - \overline{Ci23}/$     | The 24 signals derived from the C register in the CPU and transmitted on the interconnecting cable  | Iwc                                  | A signal occurring during the interlace loading sequence which clears the interlace registers.  |
| Cpr                                      | A signal from the CPU indicating the parity of C21r - C23r from the C register as information is serially transmitted to the TMCC.  | Iwe                                  | A signal occurring during the EOM instruction of an interlace loading sequence which sets the high order bits of the interlace counters and set several flip-flops used in the extended mode.   |
| Ecw                                      | The clocking signal from external devices used in clocking of information into or out of the TMCC.  | Iwf                                  | A signal denoting that the Interlace Word Count Register has reached zero word count.   |
| En + $\textcircled{En}$                  | A signal from the CPU denoting that interrupt system is enabled.  | Iwg                                  | A flip-flop which when set denotes extended mode operation.   |
| Eom                                      | A signal from the CPU occurring during an EOM instruction.  | Iwh, Iwi                             | Two flip-flops comprising the Channel Command Register used in the extended mode to control terminal functions of the TMCC.   |
| Er                                       | A signal which inhibits Eom and Ioc to external devices when an Interlace Prepare flip-flop has been set.   | Iwj                                  | The Channel Command Interrupt Enable flip-flop used in the extended mode to permit selective arming of the I2w interrupt signal.  |
| Ew                                       | A flip-flop which when set prepares the interlace to be loaded.   | Iwk                                  | The Channel Command Interrupt Enable flip-flop used in the extended mode to permit selective arming of the Ilw interrupt signal.  |
| Ilw                                      | An interrupt signal indicating in the compatible mode that a WIM or MIW instruction should either empty or load the TMCC and in the extended mode indicating that the interlace word count is zero. | Iwp                                  | A signal occurring during the POT instruction of an interlace loading sequence which sets initial word count and memory address information into the Interlace Word and Address Counters.   |

|               |  |               |   |
|---------------|--|---------------|---|
| /Kcc0/-/Kcc2/ | Switch controlled signals from the Control Console used to select a particular TMCC or DACC for Unit Address and Error display on the Control Console. | /Ra0/-/Ra3/   | Signals from the TMCC to the CPU denoting which particular TMCC's are active. These signals are displayed on the SDS 9300 Control Console and not used on the SDS 930.  |
| /Kcc1x/       | A switch controlled signal used to distinguish between TMCC W or Y and TMCC C or D. /Kcc1/ becomes /Kcc1x/ for TMCC C or D.                            | /Rd9/-/Rd14/  | Signals from the TMCC to the CPU denoting Unit Address Register contents for the particular TMCC selected for displays. These signals are displayed on the Control Console.   |
| Kccw          | A signal decoded from /Kcc0/-/Kcc2/ such that when true enables displaying the TMCC-W Unit Address and Error status.                                   | /Rde/         | A signal from the TMCC to the CPU denoting the status of the Error Detector for the particular TMCC selected for display. This signal is displayed on the Control Console.  |
| Mit           | A signal derived from memory indicating the DACC is in process of accessing the memory.  | /Re0/-/Re3/   | Signals from the TMCC to the CPU denoting the Error Detector status for each particular TMCC. These signals are displayed on the SDS 9300 Control Console and not used on the SDS 930.  |
| Mtgw          | The magnetic tape gap signal generated by the magnetic tape system.  |               |   |
| Npw           | A signal from external devices used to inhibit parity checking by the TMCC. When Npw is low, parity checking is inhibited.                             | /Rr1/-/Rr3/   | Serial data signals transmitted from the TMCC to the CPU during time share operations.  |
| 05, Pwy       | A signal from the CPU Operation Code Register, of the SDS 925 and 930. "05" is always true from the 9300.  | (Rt)          | A ready signal from the TMCC on external devices used to release PIN or POT instructions from Ø2.   |
| Pin           | A signal from the CPU derived from a PIN instruction.  | Rti           | A signal from the CPU to external devices indicating that a PIN instruction has terminated.   |
| Pot           | A signal from the CPU derived from a POT instruction.  | Rw1-Rw24      | Twenty four flip-flops comprising the character buffer. Rw1 through Rw6 are basic. Rw7 through Rw12 are optionally added to expand the character buffer to 12 bits. Rw7 through Rw24 are optionally added to expand the character buffer to 24 bits. TMCC Y, C, D are the only buffers which may be expanded. |
| Qr1-Qr4       | The four flip-flops in the TMCC comprising the pulse counter.  |               |   |
| (Qq1)         | Timing signal sent to external devices which is true from T5 through T0.   |               |   |
| (Qq2)         | Timing signal sent to external devices which is true from T6 through T3.   |               |   |
| (Qq3)         | Timing signal sent to external devices which is true from T7 through T4.   | Rwp           | The parity flip-flop in the TMCC. An "odd" parity system is used.   |
| Qw2           | Timing signal which varies when a TMCC character length is expanded.   | Rwx           | A flip-flop in each TMCC which is set if a Time Share Request for the particular TMCC can occur.  |
| /R9/          | A signal transmitted from the TMCC to the CPU defining whether the TMCC memory access operation is a load or store.                                    | /Rwy1/-/Rwy3/ | Serial data signals transmitted from the TMCC to the CPU during WIM instructions.   |

|   |   |          |  |
|---|---|----------|--|
| Rx  | A signal from the CPU denoting that a WIM or MIW instruction is occurring.  | W4       | A flip-flop in the TMCC which controls the precessing of data between the Character Buffer and the W register.                               |
| Sio   | A response signal from peripheral devices interrogated by an SKS instructions.  | W5       | A flip-flop which detects that a pre-cess should occur.  |
| Skss  | A signal generated in the CPU during SKS instructions and sent to external equipment to be used as a strobe.                                      | W6       | A flip-flop which detects that an external clock is present.   |
| $\overline{Skz}$                                  | A signal generated by TMCC's or DACC's which is sent to the CPU for interrogation during SKS instructions.  | W7, W8   | Two flip-flops comprising the Character Counter.   |
| Ssc   | A response signal from external systems equipment interrogated by SKS instructions.   | W9       | A flip-flop which is part of the Unit Address Register defining whether a process is input or output.  |
| St  | A signal from the CPU derived from the manual start button.   | W10-W14  | The Unit Address Register which designates to the TMCC and peripheral devices which device is activated.                                     |
| Sys   | A control signal for systems communication derived from EOM.  | Wa0-Wa14 | Fifteen flip-flops comprising the Interlace Address Register.  |
| T8, T7-T0,<br>T6 + T5, T6-T0,<br>T4-T0, T3-T0, T0 | Timing pulses used in the TMCC decoded from the Pulse Counter, Qr1 through Qr4.   | Wb1-Wb3  | Inputs to the W register from the Character Register which will vary depending on whether the TMCC is expanded.                              |
| Tpc   | A timing pulse from the CPU used to synchronize the Pulse Counter, Qr1 through Qr4 in the TMCC with the Pulse Counter, Q1 through Q6, in the CPU. | Wc       | The signal which resets the TMCC and prepares it for a new operation.  |
|   |   | Wc0-Wc14 | Fifteen flip-flops comprising the Interlace Word Counter.  |
| Trq   | A signal transmitted from the TMCC to the CPU indicating that a TMCC requests a Time Share operation.   | We       | The Error Detector flip-flop.  |
|   |   | Wes      | An error signal from peripheral devices.   |
| Trqx  | A signal transmitted from TMCC C and D indicating to TMCC W and Y that TMCC C and D are requesting a Time Share operation.                        | Wev      | A signal which when true indicates that the Character Counter is set to the same character count as it was when initially set up by the EOM. |
| Trqw  | A signal generated by TMCC-W indicating that TMCC-W is requesting a Time Share operation.   | Wf       | A flip-flop which when reset denotes on input that the W register is full and on output that the W register is empty.                        |
| Tsm   | A signal from the CPU indicating that the interlace address counter information has been received by the CPU.                                     | Wg       | A flip-flop used to detect End-of-Record conditions.   |
| Tsr   | A signal from the CPU indicating that a Time Share operation is in process.   | Wh       | The Halt Detector flip-flop.   |

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| Whs      | A halt signal from peripheral devices.   |
| Wn1-Wn3  | The "now" flip-flops of the W register.  |
| W0       | The Halt Interlock flip-flop used on output to enable the Halt Detector after output has been terminated and used on input to denote that the input process has proceeded to process characters. |
| Wpa      | The PIN Address Counter flip-flop which when set allows a PIN instruction to interrogate the Interlace Address Counter.  |
| Wr1-Wr3  | The "read" flip-flops of the W register.   |
| Ws       | The signal derived from an EOM instruction which initially sets up the TMCC.   |
| Wsc      | The Signal Complete flip-flop.   |
| Ww1-Ww3  | The signals which permit "writing" into the W register.  |
| Wxx      | A signal which denotes that an MIW, WIM or Time Share operation is occurring.  |
| Zw1-Zw24 | The twenty four inputs to the Character Register from peripheral devices.  |
| Zwp      | The input to the Parity flip-flop from peripheral devices.   |

## 3. 185 LOGIC EQUATIONS

## 3. 186 Pulse Counter

$$sQr1 = Tpc + \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr3} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$rQr1 = Qr2$$

$$sQr2 = Qr1 \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4} \\ (Qr4 + T0) + Qr1 \overline{Qr3}$$

$$rQr2 = \overline{Qr1}$$

$$sQr3 = Qr1 \overline{Qr4}$$

$$rQr3 = Qr3 \overline{Qr4} (Qr4 + T0)$$

$$sQr4 = Qr1 \overline{Qr3}$$

$$rQr4 = \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr2}$$

|    | Qr1 | Qr2 | Qr3 | Qr4 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Tp | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| T8 | 1   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| T7 | 1   | 0   | 0   | 1   |
| T6 | 1   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| T5 | 0   | 1   | 1   | 1   |
| T4 | 0   | 0   | 1   | 1   |
| T3 | 0   | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| T2 | 1   | 0   | 1   | 0   |
| T1 | 1   | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| T0 | 0   | 1   | 1   | 0   |
| Tr | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |
| Tp | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0   |

$$T8 = Qr1 \overline{Qr3} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$T6 + T5 = Qr2 \overline{Qr4}$$

$$T7 - T4 = Qr4$$

$$T7 - T0 = Qr3 + Qr4$$

$$T6 - T0 = Qr3$$

$$T6 - T3 = (Qr4 + \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr2}) Qr3$$

$$T3 - T0 = Qr3 \overline{Qr4}$$

$$T0 = \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$T5 - T1 = Qr3 \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4} \overline{T0}$$

$$T5 - T0 = Qr3 \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4}$$

3. 187 Buc, Ioc, Sys, etc.

$$Buc = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} \overline{C1}^*$$

$$Ioc1 = Eom \overline{C10} C11$$

$$Ioc = Ioc1 \overline{C1} \overline{Er} Qr3^*$$

$$Sys = Eom C10 C11 \overline{C9}$$

\* $\overline{C1}$  becomes C1 for TMCC-C and TMCC-D

3. 188 CPU Signals Received

|     |                     |
|-----|---------------------|
| C0  | = $\overline{Ci0}$  |
| C1  | =                   |
| C2  | =                   |
| C3  | =                   |
| C4  | =                   |
| C5  | =                   |
| C6  | =                   |
| C7  | =                   |
| C8  | =                   |
| C9  | =                   |
| C10 | =                   |
| C11 | =                   |
| C12 | =                   |
| C13 | =                   |
| C14 | =                   |
| C15 | =                   |
| C16 | =                   |
| C17 | = $\overline{Ci17}$ |

|                      |   |  |
|----------------------|---|--|
| C18                  | = | $\overline{Ci18}/$   |
| C19                  | = | $\overline{Ci19}/$   |
| C20                  | = | $\overline{Ci20}/$   |
| C21                  | = | $\overline{Ci21}/$   |
| C22                  | = | $\overline{Ci22}/$   |
| C23                  | = | $\overline{Ci23}/$   |
| $\overline{Tpc}$     | = | $\overline{Tpc}/$  |
| Eom                  | = | $\overline{Eom}/$  |
| Pot 1                | = | $\overline{Pot}/$  |
| Pin                  | = | $\overline{Pin}/$  |
| $\overline{Rti}$     | = | $\overline{Rti}/$  |
| Cpr                  | = | $\overline{Cpr}/$  |
| C21r                 | = | $\overline{C21r}/$   |
| C22r                 | = | $\overline{C22r}/$   |
| C23r                 | = | $\overline{C23r}/$   |
| Rx                   | = | $\overline{Rx}/$   |
| $\overline{Tsm}$     | = | $\overline{Tsm}/$  |
| Tsr                  | = | $\overline{Tsr}/$  |
| C1x                  | = | $\overline{C1x}/$ *For TMCC-C and TMCC-D:<br>C1x = $\overline{C1x}/$ |
| Pwy                  | = | $\overline{Pwy}/$ (Pwy = 05 for 92200<br>and 92210)                  |
| $\overline{Mit}$     | = | $\overline{Mit}/$  |
| En + $\overline{En}$ | = | $\overline{En + \overline{En}}/$                                     |
| St                   | = | $\overline{St}/$   |
| Skss                 | = | $\overline{Skss}/$   |
| Kccw                 | = | $\overline{Kcc0}/ + \overline{Kcc1}/ + \overline{Kcc2}/ *$           |
| $\overline{Kcc2}$    | = | $\overline{Kcc2}/$   |
| Kccy                 | = | $\overline{Kcc0}/ + \overline{Kcc1}/ + \overline{Kcc2}/ *$           |

\*For TMCC-C and TMCC-D,  $\overline{Kcc1}/$  becomes  $\overline{Kcc1}/$

### 3.189 Input/Output Signals Generated

|                 |   |    |
|-----------------|---|----|
| $\overline{C0}$ | = | C0 |
| $\overline{C1}$ | = | C1 |
| $\overline{C2}$ | = | C2 |
| $\overline{C3}$ | = | C3 |
| $\overline{C4}$ | = | C4 |
| $\overline{C5}$ | = | C5 |
| $\overline{C6}$ | = | C6 |

|                    |   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| $\overline{C7}$    | = | C7   |
| $\overline{C8}$    | = | C8   |
| $\overline{C9}$    | = | C9   |
| $\overline{C10}$   | = | C10  |
| $\overline{C11}$   | = | C11  |
| $\overline{C12}$   | = | C12  |
| $\overline{C13}$   | = | C13  |
| $\overline{C14}$   | = | C14  |
| $\overline{C15}$   | = | C15  |
| $\overline{C16}$   | = | C16  |
| $\overline{C17}$   | = | C17  |
| $\overline{C18}$   | = | C18  |
| $\overline{C19}$   | = | C19  |
| $\overline{C20}$   | = | C20  |
| $\overline{C21}$   | = | C21  |
| $\overline{C22}$   | = | C22  |
| $\overline{C23}$   | = | C23  |
| $\overline{C17}$   | = | C17  |
| $\overline{C24}$   | = | Cpr (93200 and 92331 only)   |
| $\overline{Qq1}$   | = | Qr3 ( $\overline{Qr1}$ $\overline{Qr4}$ ) = T5 - T0                      |
| $\overline{Qq2}$   | = | (T7 - T3) Qr3 = T6 - T3  |
| $\overline{Qq3}$   | = | Qr4 = T7 - T4 Replaces Mtgw on POT<br>connectors at 23F & 24F            |
| $\overline{Buc}$   | = | Buc  |
| $\overline{Ioc}$   | = | Ioc  |
| $\overline{Eom}$   | = | $\overline{Eom}$ $\overline{Er}$   |
| $\overline{Sys}$   | = | Sys (T5 - T1) $\overline{Tsr}$ Pwy (delete Pwy for<br>92200 and 92210)   |
| $\overline{St}$    | = | St   |
| $\overline{Pin}$   | = | Pin  |
| $\overline{Pot 1}$ | = | Pot 1  |
| $\overline{Pot 2}$ | = | Pot 1 (T5 - T1) $\overline{Tsr}$ Pwy (delete Pwy for<br>92200 and 92210) |
| $\overline{Rti}$   | = | $\overline{Rti}$   |
| $\overline{Skss}$  | = | Skss   |

### 3.190 CPU Signals Generated

|                    |   |   |
|--------------------|---|---|
| $\overline{Rd9}/$  | = | $\overline{W9}$ $\overline{Kccw}$ $\overline{Y9}$ $\overline{Kccy}$ . . .   |
| $\overline{Rd10}/$ | = | $\overline{W10}$ $\overline{Kccw}$ $\overline{Y10}$ $\overline{Kccy}$ . . . |

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| $\overline{Rd11}/$      | $= \overline{W11 Kccw Y11 Kccy} \dots$                |
| $\overline{Rd12}/$      | $= \overline{W12 Kccw Y12 Kccy} \dots$                |
| $\overline{Rd13}/$      | $= \overline{W13 Kccw Y13 Kccy} \dots$                |
| $\overline{Rd14}/$      | $= \overline{W14 Kccw Y14 Kccy} \dots$                |
| $\overline{Rde}/$       | $= \overline{We Kccw Ye Kccy} \dots$                  |
| $\overline{Ra0}/$       | $= \overline{W10 W11 W12 W13 W14}$                    |
|                         | $\overline{Ra2}/$ for TMCC-C                          |
| $\overline{Ra1}/$       | $= \overline{Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13 Y14}$                    |
|                         | $\overline{Ra3}/$ for TMCC-D                          |
| $\overline{Re0}/$       | $= We \quad \overline{Re2}/$ for TMCC-C               |
| $\overline{Re1}/$       | $= Ye \quad \overline{Re3}/$ for TMCC-D               |
| $\overline{Wf(W0+W9)}/$ | $= \overline{Wf(W0+W9)}$                              |
| $\overline{Yf(Y0+Y9)}/$ | $= \overline{Yf(Y0+Y9)}$                              |
| $\overline{Trq}/$       | $= \overline{Trqw Trqy Trqx}$                         |
| $\overline{I1w}/$       | $= \overline{I1w} \quad \overline{I1c}/$ for TMCC-C   |
| $\overline{I2w}/$       | $= \overline{I2w} \quad \overline{I2c}/$ for TMCC-C   |
| $\overline{I1y}/$       | $= \overline{I1y} \quad \overline{I1d}/$ for TMCC-D   |
| $\overline{I2y}/$       | $= \overline{I2y} \quad \overline{I2d}/$ for TMCC-D   |
| $\overline{Skrz}/$      | $= \overline{Skr} \quad \overline{C10 C11 Ssc C1 C9}$ |
|                         | $\overline{C10 C11 Sio} \dots *$                      |

\* $\overline{C1}$  becomes C1 for TMCC-C and TMCC-D

|                    |                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| $\overline{Rr1}/$  | $= \overline{Wr1 Rwx Yr1 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Rr2}/$  | $= \overline{Wr2 Rwx Yr2 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Rr3}/$  | $= \overline{Wr3 Rwx Yr3 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Rwy1}/$ | $= \overline{Wr1 Pwy Yr1 Pwy}$       |
|                    | (Pwy = 05 for 92200 and 92210)       |
| $\overline{Rwy2}/$ | $= \overline{Wr2 Pwy Yr2 Pwy}$       |
|                    | (Pwy = 05 for 92200 and 92210)       |
| $\overline{Rwy3}/$ | $= \overline{Wr3 Pwy Yr3 Pwy}$       |
|                    | (Pwy = 05 for 92200 and 92210)       |

|                  |                          |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| $\overline{Cd0}$ | $= \overline{Cd0} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd1}$ | $= \overline{Cd1} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd2}$ | $= \overline{Cd2} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd3}$ | $= \overline{Cd3} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd4}$ | $= \overline{Cd4} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd5}$ | $= \overline{Cd5} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Cd6}$ | $= \overline{Cd6} \dots$ |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| $\overline{Cd7}$  | $= \overline{Cd7} \dots$                           |
| $\overline{Cd8}$  | $= \overline{Cd8} \dots$                           |
| $\overline{Cd9}$  | $= \overline{Cd9 Wa0 Wpa Ya0 Ypa} \dots$           |
| $\overline{Cd10}$ | $= \overline{Cd10 Wa1 Wpa Ya1 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd11}$ | $= \overline{Cd11 Wa2 Wpa Ya2 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd12}$ | $= \overline{Cd12 Wa3 Wpa Ya3 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd13}$ | $= \overline{Cd13 Wa4 Wpa Ya4 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd14}$ | $= \overline{Cd14 Wa5 Wpa Ya5 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd15}$ | $= \overline{Cd15 Wa6 Wpa Ya6 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd16}$ | $= \overline{Cd16 Wa7 Wpa Ya7 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd17}$ | $= \overline{Cd17 Wa8 Wpa Ya8 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd18}$ | $= \overline{Cd18 Wa9 Wpa Ya9 Ypa} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd19}$ | $= \overline{Cd19 Wa10 Wpa Ya10 Ypa} \dots$        |
| $\overline{Cd20}$ | $= \overline{Cd20 Wa11 Wpa Ya11 Ypa} \dots$        |
| $\overline{Cd21}$ | $= \overline{Cd21 Wa12 Wpa Ya12 Ypa} \dots$        |
| $\overline{Cd22}$ | $= \overline{Cd22 Wa13 Wpa Ya13 Ypa} \dots$        |
| $\overline{Cd23}$ | $= \overline{Cd23 Wa14 Wpa Ya14 Ypa} \dots$        |
| $\overline{Rt}$   | $= \overline{Rt Wap + Ew Yap + Ey} \dots$          |
| $\overline{Cd24}$ | $= \overline{Cd24} \text{ (93200 and 93221 only)}$ |

$\overline{Bt}$  (93200 and 93221 only)

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| $\overline{Ir0}/$  | $= \overline{Wa0 Rwx Ya0 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir1}/$  | $= \overline{Wa1 Rwx Ya1 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir2}/$  | $= \overline{Wa2 Rwx Ya2 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir3}/$  | $= \overline{Wa3 Rwx Ya3 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir4}/$  | $= \overline{Wa4 Rwx Ya4 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir5}/$  | $= \overline{Wa5 Rwx Ya5 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir6}/$  | $= \overline{Wa6 Rwx Ya6 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir7}/$  | $= \overline{Wa7 Rwx Ya7 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir8}/$  | $= \overline{Wa8 Rwx Ya8 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir9}/$  | $= \overline{Wa9 Rwx Ya9 Ryx} \dots$   |
| $\overline{Ir10}/$ | $= \overline{Wa10 Rwx Ya10 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Ir11}/$ | $= \overline{Wa11 Rwx Ya11 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Ir12}/$ | $= \overline{Wa12 Rwx Ya12 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Ir13}/$ | $= \overline{Wa13 Rwx Ya13 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{Ir14}/$ | $= \overline{Wa14 Rwx Ya14 Ryx} \dots$ |
| $\overline{R9}/$   | $= \overline{W9 Rwx Y9 Ryx} \dots$     |

3.191 TMCC Signals Received

$$Er = \sqrt{Er}/$$

$$Trqx = \sqrt{Trqx}/$$

3.192 Input/Output Signals Received

$$Sio = \overline{Sio}$$

$$Ssc = \overline{Ssc}$$

3.193 TMCC Signals Generated

$$\sqrt{Er}/ = \overline{Ew} \overline{Ey} . . .$$

$$\sqrt{Trqx}/ = \overline{Trq(c)} \overline{Trq(d)}$$

3.194 LOGIC EQUATIONS FOR W BUFFER3.195 Unit Address Register

$$sW14 = Ws C23$$

$$rW14 = Wc$$

$$sW13 = Ws C22$$

$$rW13 = Wc$$

$$sW12 = Ws C21$$

$$rW12 = Wc$$

$$sW11 = Ws C20$$

$$rW11 = Wc$$

$$sW10 = Ws C19 + (Ioc C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) \overline{W9} \overline{W10}$$

$$rW10 = Wc$$

3.196 Input/Output

$$sW9 = Ws C18$$

$$rW9 = Wc$$

3.197 Clear and Set Signals

$$Wc = Buc \overline{C17} (T6 + T5) + Wh \overline{Wf} (T3 - T0) + St$$

$$Ws = Buc \overline{C17} (T3 - T0)$$

3.198 Clock Counter

$$sW6 = \overline{W5} Ecw T8 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$rW6 = W5 T0 + Wc$$

$$sW5 = \overline{W5} W6 \overline{Ecw} T0 + Ws C13 C18 T0 \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14}$$

$$rW5 = W4 T0 + Wc$$

$$sW4 = W5 Wf T8 \overline{Wg}$$

$$+ Ws T0$$

$$+ Wh Wf T8$$

$$+ Iwg \overline{W9} \overline{Iwi} W5 Iwf T8$$

$$+ Iwg Wg Wf W0 \overline{Wev} Iw T8 \overline{W7} \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{Wh}$$

$$rW4 = W4 T0 + W4 T8$$

3.199 Character Counter

$$sW8 = Ws C16$$

$$+ W7 \overline{W8} W4 T0$$

$$+ Wxx Wn2 (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) \overline{W4}$$

$$+ \overline{W7} \overline{W9} W10 W11 \overline{Wh}$$

$$rW8 = W8 W4 T0 + Wc$$

$$sW7 = Ws C15$$

$$+ Wxx Wn1 (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) \overline{W4}$$

$$rW7 = Wc$$

$$+ W7 \overline{W8} W4 T0$$

3.200 Character Counter Even

$$Wev = W8 Wn2 W7 Wn1 + \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} W7 Wn1$$

$$+ \overline{W8} \overline{Wn2} \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1} + W8 Wn2 \overline{W7} \overline{Wn1}$$

3.201 Halt Interlock

$$sW0 = \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W8} Ecw$$

$$+ Ws C18 W9$$

$$rW0 = Wc$$

$$+ (Ioc C12 \overline{C17} \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) W9 T0$$

$$+ W9 Iw Iwf (\overline{Iwg} + \overline{Iwh} + \overline{Iwi}) \overline{T7} - \overline{T0}$$

3.202 Computer Interlock

$$sWf = Wc \overline{Wh}$$

$$+ Iwa \overline{Mit} T0$$

$$+ Rx T0 Pwy *(Pwy = 05 \text{ for } 92200)$$

\*Rx is always false for TMCC-C



$$\begin{aligned}
 rWf &= \overline{W7} \overline{W8} W4 (T6 + T5) \\
 &+ Ws C18 \\
 &+ \overline{W9} W10 W11 W0 Mtgw \overline{W7} (T6 + T5) \overline{Wh}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.203 End-of-Record Detector

$$\begin{aligned}
 sWg &= Mtgw T0 Iwg W11 (\overline{W0} \overline{W9} + \overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6} W9) \\
 &+ Whs \overline{T7 - T0} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\
 &+ \overline{W9} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} W12 \overline{W13} (\overline{Rw1} \overline{Rw2} \overline{Rw3} \\
 &\quad \overline{Rw4} \overline{Rw5} \overline{Rw6} \overline{Rwp}) W5 \overline{T7 - T0} \\
 &\quad \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \\
 rWg &= Wc \\
 &+ Wg \overline{Iwg} W11 T0
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.204 Halt Detector

$$\begin{aligned}
 sWh &= Wg \overline{Iwg} T8 \\
 &+ Whs W11 T8 \\
 &+ Wg \overline{W9} \overline{W11} \overline{Iwh} (Iwf + Wev Wf) T8 Iwg \\
 &+ W9 \overline{W11} \overline{W0} W5 \overline{W6} (\overline{Iwg} + Iwi \overline{Iwh}) T8 \\
 &+ \overline{W9} \overline{W11} Iwg \overline{Iwh} Iwi Iwf T8 W0 \\
 &+ W9 \overline{Iwh} T8 Whs \\
 rWh &= Wc (T6 + T5) \\
 &+ Wh \overline{Wf} T8
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.205 Signal Complete

$$\begin{aligned}
 sWsc &= Wg Iwg Iwh (Wev Wf + Iwf) T8 \\
 &+ Wh \overline{Wf} T8 + St \\
 &+ Ws \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23} \\
 rWsc &= Wsc T8 \overline{Iwg}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.206 Interrupt Signals

$$\begin{aligned}
 I1w &= \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} (En + \textcircled{En}) \overline{Iw} \overline{Ew} \overline{Iwg} \\
 &+ Iwg \overline{Iw} Iwf Iwk \\
 I2w &= (En + \textcircled{En}) \overline{Iwg} Wh \overline{Wf} \\
 &+ Wsc Iwj Iwg
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.207 WIM + MIW Interlock =

$$\overline{Wf} (W0 + \overline{W9})$$

### 3.208 Load Buffer from C

$$\begin{aligned}
 Wxx &= Rx Pwy + Rwx Tsr Iw^* \\
 &\quad (Pwy = 05 \text{ and } Iw \text{ deleted from } 92200)
 \end{aligned}$$

\*Rx is always false for TMCC-C

### 3.209 Time Share Request

$$Trqw = \overline{Wf} W0 \overline{Wh} Iw \overline{Iwf}$$

### 3.210 Time Share Select

$$\begin{aligned}
 sRwx &= \overline{Tsm} Trqw \overline{Trqy} \overline{Trqx} (\overline{T7 - T0}) \\
 rRwx &= \overline{Tsm} T0
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.211 Time Share Priority

$$\begin{aligned}
 Trqx &= \text{Priority signal from TMCC-C and TMCC-D} \\
 Trqx &= Trq(c) + Trq(d) \\
 Trq &= Trqx + Trqw + Trqy
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.212 W Register

$$\begin{aligned}
 Ww1 &= W4 W7 (\overline{T7 - T0}) \\
 &+ \overline{W4} Wn1 (\overline{T7 - T0}) \\
 &+ \overline{W4} Wn1 \overline{Wxx} \\
 &+ W4 Wb1 (T7 - T0)^* \\
 &+ \overline{W4} C21r (T7 - T0) Wxx \\
 Ww2 &= W4 W8 (\overline{T7 - T0}) \\
 &+ \overline{W4} Wn2 (\overline{T7 - T0}) \\
 &+ \overline{W4} Wn2 \overline{Wxx} \\
 &+ W4 Wb2 (T7 - T0)^* \\
 &+ \overline{W4} C22r (T7 - T0) Wxx
 \end{aligned}$$

\*sWr1, 2, 3 = Ww1, 2, 3 Delayed by 9 pulse times

sWn1, 2, 3 = Wr1, 2, 3 respectively

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned}
 Wb1 &= \overline{Wx12} \overline{Wx24} Rw4 + Wx12 Rw10 \\
 &\quad + Wx24 Rw22 \\
 Wb2 &= \overline{Wx12} \overline{Wx24} Rw5 + Wx12 Rw11 \\
 &\quad + Wx24 Rw23
 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{for } 93200 \\ \text{and } 93221 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Ww3 &= \overline{W4} Wn3 \overline{Wxx} \\ &+ W4 Wb3 * \\ &+ \overline{W4} C23r Wxx \end{aligned}$$

$$* Wb3 = \overline{Wx12} \overline{Wx24} Rw6 + Wx12 Rw12 \quad \text{for 93200} \\ + Wx24 Rw24 \quad \text{and 93221}$$

Wb1, 2, 3 equals Rw4, 5, 6 respectively for 92200

Wb1, 2, 3 equals Rw10, 11, 12 respectively for 92201

Wb1, 2, 3 equals Rw22, 23, 24 respectively for 92202

### 3.213 Character Buffer\*

$$sRw1 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn1 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw1 + \\ W4 Wxx C21r$$

$$rRw1 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \quad \overline{Wn1} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} + \\ W4 Wxx \overline{C21r}$$

$$sRw2 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn2 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw2 + \\ W4 Wxx C22r$$

$$rRw2 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \quad \overline{Wn2} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} + \\ W4 Wxx \overline{C22r}$$

$$sRw3 = W4 \overline{Wxx} (T7 - T0) Wn3 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} \\ Zw3 + W4 Wxx C23r$$

$$rRw3 = W4 \overline{Wxx} \quad \overline{Wn3} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} + \\ W4 Wxx \overline{C23r}$$

$$sRw4 = W4 \overline{Rw4} Rw1 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw4$$

$$rRw4 = W4 Rw4 \overline{Rw1} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw5 = W4 \overline{Rw5} Rw2 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw5$$

$$rRw5 = W4 Rw5 \overline{Rw2} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw6 = W4 \overline{Rw6} Rw3 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw6$$

$$rRw6 = W4 Rw6 \overline{Rw3} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

\*For 12-bit extension, add Rw7 through Rw12

For 24-bit extension, add Rw7 through Rw24

### Character Size

12 bit character = Wx12 (93200 and 93221 only)

24 bit character = Wx24 (93200 and 93221 only)

### 3.214 Character Buffer Extended to 12 Bits

$$sRw7 = W4 \overline{Rw7} Rw4 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw7$$

$$rRw7 = W4 Rw7 \overline{Rw4} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw8 = W4 \overline{Rw8} Rw5 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw8$$

$$rRw8 = W4 Rw8 \overline{Rw5} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw9 = W4 \overline{Rw9} Rw6 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw9$$

$$rRw9 = W4 Rw9 \overline{Rw6} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw10 = W4 \overline{Rw10} Rw7 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw10$$

$$rRw10 = W4 Rw10 \overline{Rw7} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw11 = W4 \overline{Rw11} Rw8 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw11$$

$$rRw11 = W4 Rw11 \overline{Rw8} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw12 = W4 \overline{Rw12} Rw9 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw12$$

$$rRw12 = W4 Rw12 \overline{Rw9} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

### 3.215 Character Buffer Extended to 24 Bits

$$sRw13 = W4 \overline{Rw13} Rw10 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw13$$

$$rRw13 = W4 Rw13 \overline{Rw10} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw14 = W4 \overline{Rw14} Rw11 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw14$$

$$rRw14 = W4 Rw14 \overline{Rw11} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw15 = W4 \overline{Rw15} Rw12 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw15$$

$$rRw15 = W4 Rw15 \overline{Rw12} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw16 = W4 \overline{Rw16} Rw13 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw16$$

$$rRw16 = W4 Rw16 \overline{Rw13} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw17 = W4 \overline{Rw17} Rw14 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw17$$

$$rRw17 = W4 Rw17 \overline{Rw14} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw18 = W4 \overline{Rw18} Rw15 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw18$$

$$rRw18 = W4 Rw18 \overline{Rw15} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw19 = W4 \overline{Rw19} Rw16 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw19$$

$$rRw19 = W4 Rw19 \overline{Rw16} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw20 = W4 \overline{Rw20} Rw17 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw20$$

$$rRw20 = W4 Rw20 \overline{Rw17} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw21 = W4 \overline{Rw21} Rw18 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw21$$

$$rRw21 = W4 Rw21 \overline{Rw18} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$sRw22 = W4 \overline{Rw22} Rw19 + \overline{W9} W6 \overline{W5} Zw22$$

$$rRw22 = W4 Rw22 \overline{Rw19} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 sRw23 &= W4 \overline{Rw23} \overline{Rw20} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{Zw23} \\
 rRw23 &= W4 \overline{Rw23} \overline{Rw20} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \\
 sRw24 &= W4 \overline{Rw24} \overline{Rw21} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{Zw24} \\
 rRw24 &= W4 \overline{Rw24} \overline{Rw21} + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.216 Parity Flip-Flop

$$\begin{aligned}
 sRwp &= \overline{W9} \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} (Wb1 \oplus Wb2 \oplus Wb3) \\
 &\quad (T7 - T0) \overline{Qw1} * \\
 &\quad + W9 \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wxx} (Wn1 \oplus Wn2 \oplus Wn3) \\
 &\quad \overline{Qw2} (T7 - T0) * \\
 &\quad + W9 \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wxx} \overline{Cpr} \overline{Qw2} (T7 - T0) * \\
 &\quad + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{Zwp} \\
 &\quad + Wf \overline{W5} \overline{T8} \overline{Rwp} \\
 rRwp &= \overline{W9} \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} (Wb1 \oplus Wb2 \oplus Wb3) \\
 &\quad (T7 - T0) \overline{Qw1} * \\
 &\quad + W9 \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wxx} (Wn1 \oplus Wn2 \oplus Wn3) \\
 &\quad \overline{Qw2} (T7 - T0) * \\
 &\quad + W9 \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wxx} \overline{Cpr} \overline{Qw2} (T7 - T0) * \\
 &\quad + \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \\
 &\quad + Wf \overline{W5} \overline{T8} \overline{W9} \overline{Rwp} \\
 &\quad + Wc
 \end{aligned}$$

$$* \overline{Qw1} = \overline{Wx12} \overline{Qr4} + \overline{Wx12} \overline{Wx24} \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4}$$

(for 93200 and 93221)

$$\overline{Qw2} = \overline{Wx12} \overline{Qr4} + \overline{Wx12} \overline{Wx24} \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4}$$

(for 93200 and 93221)

$$\overline{Qw1} = \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92200$$

$$\overline{Qw1} = \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92201$$

$\overline{Qw1}$  is deleted for 92202

$$\overline{Qw2} = \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92200$$

$$\overline{Qw2} = \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92201$$

$\overline{Qw2}$  is deleted for 92202

### 3.217 Error Detector

$$\begin{aligned}
 sWe &= \overline{W9} \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{W4} \overline{Rwp} \overline{Wg} \overline{Npw} \\
 &\quad (\overline{Iwg} + \overline{Iwi} + \overline{Iwf}) \\
 &\quad + W0 \overline{W6} \overline{W5} \overline{Ecw} \overline{T8} \\
 &\quad + Wes
 \end{aligned}$$

$$rWe = Wc \overline{Wh}$$

### 3.218 Interlace Prepare

$$\begin{aligned}
 sEw &= Iwc \overline{Ew} (T3 - T0) \\
 rEw &= Wc \overline{T0} \\
 &\quad + Pot \ 1 (T3 - T0) \overline{Ew}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.219 Interlace Clear

$$Iwc = Eom \overline{C9} \overline{C10} \overline{C1} \overline{C17} (T3 - T0) *$$

\*  $\overline{C1}$  becomes  $C1$  for TMCC-C

### 3.220 Interlace Load

$$\begin{aligned}
 Iwp &= Pot \ 1 (T6 - T5) \overline{Ew} \\
 Iwe &= Ioc \ 1 (T6 + T5) \overline{Ew}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.221 Interlace Active

$$\begin{aligned}
 sIw &= Pot \ 1 (T3 - T0) \overline{Ew} \overline{Iw} \\
 rIw &= Iwf \overline{T8} (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) \\
 &\quad + (Wc + Iwc + Ws \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) \\
 &\quad (T3 - T0) \overline{Iw}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.222 Zero Count

$$\begin{aligned}
 Iwf &= Wc0 \overline{Wc1} \overline{Wc2} \overline{Wc3} \overline{Wc4} \overline{Wc5} \overline{Wc6} \overline{Wc7} \\
 &\quad \overline{Wc8} \overline{Wc9} \overline{Wc10} \overline{Wc11} \overline{Wc12} \overline{Wc13} \overline{Wc14} \\
 &\quad \overline{Ew}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.223 Interlace Count Trigger

$$Iwa = Rwx \overline{Tsm}$$

### 3.224 Interlace Counter Clock Enables

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Computer Clock Enable:} &\quad \overline{Ew} \overline{Iw} \\
 \text{Counter Clock Enable:} &\quad \overline{Ew}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.225 Extend Operations

$$slwg = Iwe \overline{C12}$$

$$r1wg = Iwc + Wsc \overline{T8} \overline{W10} \overline{W11} \overline{W12} \overline{W13} \overline{W14} \overline{Iwg}$$

3.226 Channel Command Interrupt Enables

$$sIw_j = Iwe\ C13 \quad (Eor)$$

$$rIw_j = Iwc + I2w\ T8\ Iw_j$$

$$sIwk = Iwe\ C14 \quad (Iwf)$$

$$rIwk = Iwc + I1w\ T8\ Iwk$$

$$sWc4 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc4}\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc4 = Iwe\ C23 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc4}\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc3 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc3}\ Wc4\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc3 = Iwe\ C22 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc3}\ Wc4\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc2 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc2}\ Wc3\ Wc4\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc2 = Iwe\ C21 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc2}\ Wc3\ Wc4\ Wc5\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc1 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc1}\ Wc2\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc1 = Iwe\ C20 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc1}\ Wc2\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc0 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc0}\ Wc1\ Wc2\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc0 = Iwe\ C19$$

3.227 Channel Command Register

$$sIwh = Iwe\ C15$$

$$rIwh = Iwc$$

$$sIwi = Iwe\ C16$$

$$rIwi = Iwc$$

3.228 Word Counter

$$sWc14 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc14}\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc14 = Iwp\ C9 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc14}\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc13 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc13}\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc13 = Iwp\ C8 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc13}\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc12 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc12}\ Wc13\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc12 = Iwp\ C7 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc12}\ Wc13\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc11 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc11}\ Wc12\ Wc13\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc11 = Iwp\ C6 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc11}\ Wc12\ Wc13\ Wc14\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc10 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc10}\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc10 = Iwp\ C5 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc10}\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc9 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc9}\ Wc10\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc9 = Iwp\ C4 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc9}\ Wc10\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc8 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc8}\ Wc9\ Wc10\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc8 = Iwp\ C3 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc8}\ Wc9\ Wc10\ Wc11\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc7 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc7}\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc7 = Iwp\ C2 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc7}\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc6 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc6}\ Wc7\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc6 = Iwp\ C1 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc6}\ Wc7\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWc5 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc5}\ Wc6\ Wc7\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWc5 = Iwp\ C0 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wc5}\ Wc6\ Wc7\ Wc8\ \overline{Ew}$$

3.229 Address Counter

$$sWa14 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa14}\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa14 = Iwp\ C23 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa14}\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa13 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa13}\ Wa14\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa13 = Iwp\ C22 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa13}\ Wa14\ Iwa\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa12 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa12}\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa12 = Iwp\ C21 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa12}\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa11 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa11}\ Wa12\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa11 = Iwp\ C20 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa11}\ Wa12\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa10 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa10}\ Wa11\ Wa12\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa10 = Iwp\ C19 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa10}\ Wa11\ Wa12\ Wa13\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa9 = Iwp\ C18 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa9}\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa9 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa9}\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa8 = Iwp\ C17 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa8}\ Wa9\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa8 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa8}\ Wa9\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa7 = Iwp\ C16 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa7}\ Wa8\ Wa9\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa7 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa7}\ Wa8\ Wa9\ Wa10\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa6 = Iwp\ C15 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa6}\ Wa7\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa6 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa6}\ Wa7\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa5 = Iwp\ C14 + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa5}\ Wa6\ Wa7\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa5 = Iwc + \overline{Ew}\ \overline{Wa5}\ Wa6\ Wa7\ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa4 = Iwp \ C13 + \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Wa4} \ Wa5 \ Wa6 \ \overline{Wa7} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa4 = Iwc \quad + \overline{Ew} \ Wa4 \ Wa5 \ Wa6 \ \overline{Wa7} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa3 = Iwp \ C12 + \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Wa3} \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa3 = Iwc \quad + \overline{Ew} \ Wa3 \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa2 = Iwp \ C11 + \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Wa2} \ Wa3 \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa2 = Iwc \quad + \overline{Ew} \ Wa2 \ Wa3 \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa1 = Iwp \ C10 + \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Wa1} \ Wa2 \ Wa3 \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa1 = Iwc \quad + \overline{Ew} \ Wa1 \ Wa2 \ Wa3 \ \overline{Wa4} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$sWa0 = Iwe \ C18 + \overline{Ew} \ \overline{Wa0} \ \overline{Wa1} \ \overline{Ew}$$

$$rWa0 = Iwc$$

### 3.230 PIN Address Counter

$$sWpa = Ioc \ \overline{C17} \ C13 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \ \overline{C23} \ T0$$

$$rWpa = Pin \ T0 + St$$

### 3.231 Skip Gate:

$$Skr = \overline{C1} \ \overline{C17} \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ \overline{C23} \ C15 \ Wsc^*$$

$$+ \overline{C1} \ \overline{C17} \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ \overline{C23} \ C12 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14}^*$$

$$+ \overline{C1} \ \overline{C17} \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ \overline{C23} \ C13 \ Iwf^*$$

$$+ \overline{C1} \ \overline{C17} \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ \overline{C23} \ C14 \ \overline{We}^*$$

$$+ C10 \ \overline{C11} \ C14 \ \overline{W10} \ \overline{W11} \ \overline{W12} \ \overline{W13} \ \overline{W14} \ C1^*$$

$$+ C10 \ \overline{C11} \ C20 \ We \ \overline{C1}^*$$

$$+ \dots$$

\* $\overline{C1}$  becomes C1 for TMCC-C

### 3.232 Input/Output Signals Received

$$Zwp = (Zwp)$$

$$Zw1 = (Zw1)$$

$$Zw2 = (Zw2)$$

$$Zw3 = (Zw3)$$

$$Zw4 = (Zw4)$$

$$Zw5 = (Zw5)$$

$$Zw6 = (Zw6)$$

$$Zw7 = (Zw7)$$

$$Zw8 = (Zw8)$$

$$Zw9 = (Zw9)$$

$$Zw10 = (Zw10)$$

$$Zw11 = (Zw11)$$

$$Zw12 = (Zw12)$$

$$Zw13 = (Zw13)$$

$$Zw14 = (Zw14)$$

$$Zw15 = (Zw15)$$

$$Zw16 = (Zw16)$$

$$Zw17 = (Zw17)$$

$$Zw18 = (Zw18)$$

$$Zw19 = (Zw19)$$

$$Zw20 = (Zw20)$$

$$Zw21 = (Zw21)$$

$$Zw22 = (Zw22)$$

$$Zw23 = (Zw23)$$

$$Whs = (Whs)$$

$$Wes = (Wes)$$

$$Mtgw = (Mtgw)$$

$$Npw = (Npw)$$

$$Ecw = (Ecw)$$

$$Wx12 = (Wx12) \quad (93200 \text{ and } 93221 \text{ only})$$

$$Wx24 = (Wx24) \quad (93200 \text{ and } 93221 \text{ only})$$

### 3.233 Input/Output Signals Generated

$$(Rwp) = Rwp$$

$$(Rw1) = Rw1$$

$$(Rw2) = Rw2$$

$$(Rw3) = Rw3$$

$$(Rw4) = Rw4$$

$$(Rw5) = Rw5$$

$$(Rw6) = Rw6$$

$$(Rw7) = Rw7$$

$$(Rw8) = Rw8$$

$$(Rw9) = Rw9$$

$$(Rw10) = Rw10$$

$$(Rw11) = Rw11$$

$$(Rw12) = Rw12$$

$$(Rw13) = Rw13$$

$$(Rw14) = Rw14$$

$$(Rw15) = Rw15$$

$$(Rw16) = Rw16$$

$$(Rw17) = Rw17$$

$$(Rw18) = Rw18$$

$$(Rw19) = Rw19$$

$$(Rw20) = Rw20$$

$$(Rw21) = Rw21$$

$$(Rw22) = Rw22$$

$$(Rw23) = Rw23$$

$$(Rw24) = Rw24$$

$$(W9) = W9$$

$$(W10) = W10$$

$$(W11) = W11$$

$$(W12) = W12$$

$$(W13) = W13$$

$$(W0) = W0$$

$$(W5) = W5$$

$$(W6) = W6$$

$$(Iw) = Iw$$

### 3.234 LOGIC EQUATIONS FOR Y BUFFER

#### 3.235 Unit Address Register

$$sY14 = Y_s C23$$

$$rY14 = Y_c$$

$$sY13 = Y_s C22$$

$$rY13 = Y_c$$

$$sY12 = Y_s C21$$

$$rY12 = Y_c$$

$$sY11 = Y_s C20$$

$$rY11 = Y_c$$

$$sY10 = Y_s C19 + (I_{oc} C12 C17 \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) \overline{Y9} \overline{Y10}$$

$$rY10 = Y_c$$

#### 3.236 Input/Output

$$sY9 = Y_s C18$$

$$rY9 = Y_c$$

#### 3.237 Clear and Set Signals

$$Y_c = Buc C17 (T6 + T5) + Y_h \overline{Y_f} (T3 - T0) + St$$

$$Y_s = Buc C17 (T3 - T0)$$

#### 3.238 Clock Counter

$$sY6 = \overline{Y5} E_{cy} T8 \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} \overline{Y12} \overline{Y13} \overline{Y14}$$

$$rY6 = Y5 T0 + Y_c$$

$$sY5 = \overline{Y5} Y6 \overline{E_{cy}} T0 + Y_s C13 C18 T0 \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} \overline{Y12} \overline{Y13} \overline{Y14}$$

$$rY5 = Y4 T0 + Y_c$$

$$sY4 = Y5 Y_f T8 \overline{Y_g}$$

$$+ Y_s T0$$

$$+ Y_h Y_f T8$$

$$+ I_{yg} \overline{Y9} \overline{I_{yi}} Y5 I_{yf} T8$$

$$+ I_{yg} Y_g Y_f Y0 \overline{Y_{ev}} I_y T8 \overline{Y7} \overline{Y9} \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} \overline{Y_h}$$

$$rY4 = Y4 T0 + Y4 T8$$

#### 3.239 Character Counter

$$sY8 = Y_s C16$$

$$+ Y7 \overline{Y8} Y4 T0$$

$$+ Y_{xx} Y_{n2} (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) \overline{Y4}$$

$$+ \overline{Y7} \overline{Y9} Y10 Y11 \overline{Y_h}$$

$$rY8 = Y_c$$

$$+ Y8 Y4 T0$$

$$sY7 = Y_s C15$$

$$+ Y_{xx} Y_{n1} (\overline{T7} - \overline{T0}) Y4$$

$$rY7 = Y_c$$

$$+ Y7 \overline{Y8} Y4 T0$$

#### 3.240 Character Counter Even

$$Y_{ev} = Y8 Y_{n2} Y7 Y_{n1} + \overline{Y8} \overline{Y_{n2}} Y7 Y_{n1}$$

$$+ \overline{Y8} \overline{Y_{n2}} \overline{Y7} \overline{Y_{n1}} + Y8 Y_{n2} \overline{Y7} \overline{Y_{n1}}$$

3.241 Halt Interlock

$$\begin{aligned}
 sY0 &= \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y8} Ecy \\
 &+ Ys C18 Y9 \\
 rY0 &= Yc \\
 &+ (Ioc C12 C17 \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) \\
 &\quad Y9 T0 \\
 &+ Y9 Iy Iyf (\overline{Iyg} + \overline{Iyh} + \overline{Iyi}) \overline{T7} - T0
 \end{aligned}$$

3.242 Computer Interlock

$$\begin{aligned}
 sYf &= Yc \overline{Yh} \\
 &+ Iya \overline{Mit} T0 \\
 &+ Rx T0 Pwy * (\overline{Pwy} = \overline{05} \text{ for } 92210) \\
 rYf &= \overline{Y7} \overline{Y8} Y4 (T6 + T5) \\
 &+ Ys C18 \\
 &+ \overline{Y9} Y10 Y11 Y0 Mtgy \overline{Y7} (T6 + T5) \overline{Yh}
 \end{aligned}$$

\*Rx is always false for TMCC-D

3.243 End-of-Record Detector

$$\begin{aligned}
 sYg &= Mtgy T0 Iyg Y11 (\overline{Y0} \overline{Y9} + \overline{Y0} Y5 \overline{Y6} Y9) \\
 &+ Yhs \overline{T7} - T0 \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} \overline{Y12} \overline{Y13} \overline{Y14} \\
 &+ \overline{Y9} \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} Y12 Y13 (\overline{Ry1} \overline{Ry2} \overline{Ry3} \overline{Ry4} \\
 &\quad \overline{Ry5} \overline{Ry6} \overline{Ryp}) Y5 \overline{T7} - T0 \overline{Y10} \overline{Y11} \overline{Y12} \\
 &\quad \overline{Y13} \overline{Y14} \\
 rYg &= Yc \\
 &+ Yg \overline{Iyg} Y11 T0
 \end{aligned}$$

3.244 Halt Detector

$$\begin{aligned}
 sYh &= Yg \overline{Iyg} T8 \\
 &+ Yhs Y11 T8 \\
 &+ Yg \overline{Y9} \overline{Y11} \overline{Iyh} (Iyf + Yev Yf) T8 Iyg \\
 &+ Y9 \overline{Y11} \overline{Y0} Y5 \overline{Y6} (\overline{Iyg} + \overline{Iyi} \overline{Iyh}) T8 \\
 &+ \overline{Y9} \overline{Y11} Iyg \overline{Iyh} Iyi Iyf T8 Y0 \\
 &+ Y9 \overline{Iyh} Yhs T8 \\
 rYh &= Yc (T6 + T5) \\
 &+ Yh \overline{Yf} T8
 \end{aligned}$$

3.245 Signal Complete

$$\begin{aligned}
 sYsc &= Yg Iyg Iyh (Yev Yf + Iyf) T8 \\
 &+ Yh \overline{Yf} T8 + St \\
 &+ Ys \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23} \\
 rYsc &= Ysc T0 \overline{Iyg}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.246 Interrupt Signals

$$\begin{aligned}
 I1y &= \overline{Yf} Y0 \overline{Yh} (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iy} \overline{Ey} \overline{Iyg} \\
 &+ Iyg \overline{Iy} Iyf Iyk \\
 I2y &= (En + \overline{En}) \overline{Iyg} Yh \overline{Yf} \\
 &+ Ysc Iyi Iyg
 \end{aligned}$$

3.247 YIM + MIY Interlock =

$$\overline{Yf} (Y0 + \overline{Y9})$$

3.248 Load Buffer from C

$$Y_{xx} = Rx \overline{Pwy} + Ryx Tsr Iy * (\overline{Pwy} = \overline{05} \text{ and } Iy \text{ deleted for } 92210)$$

\*Rx is always false for TMCC-D

3.249 Time Share Request

$$Trqy = \overline{Yf} Y0 Yh Iy \overline{Iyf}$$

3.250 Time Share Select

$$\begin{aligned}
 sRyx &= \overline{Tsm} Trqy \overline{Trqx} (\overline{T7} - T0) \\
 rRyx &= \overline{Tsm} T0
 \end{aligned}$$

3.251 Time Share Priority

$$\begin{aligned}
 Trqx &= \text{Priority Signal from TMCC-C and TMCC-D} \\
 Trqx &= Trq(c) + Trq(d) \\
 Trq &= Trqx + Trqw + Trqy
 \end{aligned}$$

3.252 Y Register

$$\begin{aligned}
 Yw1 &= Y4 Y7 (\overline{T7} - T0) \\
 &+ \overline{Y4} Yn1 (\overline{T7} - T0) \\
 &+ \overline{Y4} Yn1 \overline{Yxx}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ Y_4 Y_{b1} (T_7 - T_0) *$$

$$+ \overline{Y_4} C_{21r} (T_7 - T_0) Y_{xx}$$

$$Y_{w2} = Y_4 Y_8 (\overline{T_7 - T_0})$$

$$+ \overline{Y_4} Y_{n2} (\overline{T_7 - T_0})$$

$$+ \overline{Y_4} Y_{n2} \overline{Y_{xx}}$$

$$+ Y_4 Y_{b2} (T_7 - T_0) *$$

$$+ \overline{Y_4} C_{23r} (T_7 - T_0) Y_{xx}$$

$$Y_{w3} = \overline{Y_4} Y_{n3} \overline{Y_{xx}}$$

$$+ Y_4 Y_{b3} *$$

$$+ \overline{Y_4} C_{23r} Y_{xx}$$

$sY_{r1,2,3} = Y_{w1,2,3}$  delayed by 9 pulse times

$sY_{n1,2,3} = Y_{r1,2,3}$  respectively

$$* \left. \begin{aligned} Y_{b1} &= \overline{Y_{x12}} \overline{Y_{x24}} R_{y4} + Y_{x12} R_{y10} \\ &\quad + Y_{x24} R_{y22} \\ Y_{b2} &= \overline{Y_{x12}} \overline{Y_{x24}} R_{y5} + Y_{x12} R_{y11} \\ &\quad + Y_{x24} R_{y23} \\ Y_{b3} &= \overline{Y_{x12}} \overline{Y_{x24}} R_{y6} + Y_{x12} R_{y12} \\ &\quad + Y_{x24} R_{y24} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{ for 93221}$$

$Y_{b1,2,3}$  equals  $R_{y4,5,6}$  respectively for 92210

$Y_{b1,2,3}$  equals  $R_{y10,11,12}$  respectively for 92211

$Y_{b1,2,3}$  equals  $R_{y22,23,24}$  respectively for 92212

### 3.253 Character Buffer Extended to 12 Bits

$$sR_{y7} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y7}} R_{y4} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y7}$$

$$rR_{y7} = Y_4 R_{y7} \overline{R_{y4}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y8} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y8}} R_{y5} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y8}$$

$$rR_{y8} = Y_4 R_{y8} \overline{R_{y5}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y9} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y9}} R_{y6} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y9}$$

$$rR_{y9} = Y_4 R_{y9} \overline{R_{y6}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y10} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y10}} R_{y7} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y10}$$

$$rR_{y10} = Y_4 R_{y10} \overline{R_{y7}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y11} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y11}} R_{y8} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y11}$$

$$rR_{y11} = Y_4 R_{y11} \overline{R_{y8}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y12} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y12}} R_{y9} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y12}$$

$$rR_{y12} = Y_4 R_{y12} \overline{R_{y9}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

### 3.254 Character Buffer \*

$$sR_{y1} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} (T_7 - T_0) Y_{n1} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5}$$

$$Z_{y1} + Y_4 Y_{xx} C_{21r}$$

$$rR_{y1} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} \overline{Y_{n1}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4} + Y_4$$

$$Y_{xx} \overline{C_{21r}}$$

$$sR_{y2} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} (T_7 - T_0) Y_{n2} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5}$$

$$Z_{y2} + Y_4 Y_{xx} C_{22r}$$

$$rR_{y2} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} \overline{Y_{n2}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4} + Y_4$$

$$Y_{xx} \overline{C_{22r}}$$

$$sR_{y3} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} (T_7 - T_0) Y_{n3} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5}$$

$$Z_{y3} + Y_4 Y_{xx} C_{23r}$$

$$rR_{y3} = Y_4 \overline{Y_{xx}} \overline{Y_{n3}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4} + Y_4$$

$$Y_{xx} \overline{C_{23r}}$$

$$sR_{y4} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y4}} R_{y1} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y4}$$

$$rR_{y4} = Y_4 R_{y4} \overline{R_{y1}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y5} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y5}} R_{y2} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y5}$$

$$rR_{y5} = Y_4 R_{y5} \overline{R_{y2}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y6} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y6}} R_{y3} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y6}$$

$$rR_{y6} = Y_4 R_{y6} \overline{R_{y3}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

\* For 12-bit extension, add  $R_{y7}$  through  $R_{y12}$

For 24-bit extension, add  $R_{y7}$  through  $R_{y24}$

#### Character Size

12 bit character =  $Y_{x12}$  (93221 only)

24 bit character =  $Y_{x24}$  (93221 only)

### 3.255 Character Buffer Extended to 24 bits

$$sR_{y13} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y13}} R_{y10} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y13}$$

$$rR_{y13} = Y_4 R_{y13} \overline{R_{y10}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$

$$sR_{y14} = Y_4 \overline{R_{y14}} R_{y11} + \overline{Y_9} Y_6 \overline{Y_5} Z_{y14}$$

$$rR_{y14} = Y_4 R_{y14} \overline{R_{y11}} + \overline{Y_9} \overline{Y_6} \overline{Y_5} \overline{Y_4}$$



$$sRy15 = Y4 \overline{Ry15} Ry12 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy15$$

$$rRy15 = Y4 Ry15 \overline{Ry12} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy16 = Y4 \overline{Ry16} Ry13 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy16$$

$$rRy16 = Y4 Ry16 \overline{Ry13} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy17 = Y4 \overline{Ry17} Ry14 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy17$$

$$rRy17 = Y4 Ry17 \overline{Ry14} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy18 = Y4 \overline{Ry18} Ry15 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy18$$

$$rRy18 = Y4 Ry18 \overline{Ry15} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy19 = Y4 \overline{Ry19} Ry16 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy19$$

$$rRy19 = Y4 Ry19 \overline{Ry16} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy20 = Y4 \overline{Ry20} Ry17 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy20$$

$$rRy20 = Y4 Ry20 \overline{Ry17} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy21 = Y4 \overline{Ry21} Ry18 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy21$$

$$rRy21 = Y4 Ry21 \overline{Ry18} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy22 = Y4 \overline{Ry22} Ry19 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy22$$

$$rRy22 = Y4 Ry22 \overline{Ry19} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy23 = Y4 \overline{Ry23} Ry20 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy23$$

$$rRy23 = Y4 Ry23 \overline{Ry20} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$sRy24 = Y4 \overline{Ry24} Ry21 + \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zy24$$

$$rRy24 = Y4 Ry24 \overline{Ry21} + \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

### 3.256 Parity Flip-Flop

$$sRyp = \overline{Y9} Y4 \overline{Ryp} (Yb1 \oplus Yb2 \oplus Yb3) (T7 - T0) Qy1^*$$

$$+ Y9 Y4 \overline{Ryp} \overline{Yxx} (Yn1 \oplus Yn2 \oplus Yn3) Qy2 (T7 - T0)^*$$

$$+ Y9 Y4 \overline{Ryp} Yxx Cpr Qy2 (T7 - T0)^*$$

$$+ \overline{Y9} Y6 \overline{Y5} Zyp$$

$$+ Yf Y5 T8 \overline{Ryp}$$

$$rRyp = \overline{Y9} Y4 Ryp (Yb1 \oplus Yb2 \oplus Yb3) (T7 - T0) Qy1^*$$

$$+ Y9 Y4 Ryp \overline{Yxx} (Yn1 \oplus Yn2 \oplus Yn3) Qy2 (T7 - T0)^*$$

$$+ Y9 Y4 Ryp Yxx Cpr Qy2 (T7 - T0)^*$$

$$+ \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4}$$

$$+ Yf Y5 T8 \overline{Y9} Ryp$$

$$+ Yc$$

$$* Qy1 = \overline{Yx12} \overline{Qr4} + \overline{Yx12} \overline{Yx24} \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 93221$$

$$Qy2 = Yx12 Qr4 + \overline{Yx12} \overline{Yx24} \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 93221$$

$$Qy1 = Qr1 Qr4 \text{ for } 92210$$

$$Qy1 = Qr4 \text{ for } 92211$$

$$Qr1 \text{ is deleted for } 92212$$

$$Qy2 = Qr2 \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92210$$

$$Qy2 = \overline{Qr4} \text{ for } 92211$$

$$Qy2 \text{ is deleted for } 92212$$

### 3.257 Error Detector

$$sYe = \overline{Y9} \overline{Y6} \overline{Y5} \overline{Y4} Ryp \overline{Yg} Npy (\overline{Iyg} + Iyi + \overline{Iyf})$$

$$+ Y0 \overline{Y6} Y5 Ecy T8$$

$$+ Yes$$

$$rYe = Yc \overline{Yh}$$

### 3.258 Interlace Prepare

$$sEy = Iyc \overline{Ey} (T3 - T0)$$

$$rEy = Yc T0$$

$$+ Pot 1 (T3 - T0) Ey$$

### 3.259 Interlace Clear

$$Iyc = Eom C9 \overline{C10} \overline{C1} C17 (T3 - T0)^*$$

$$*\overline{C1} \text{ becomes } C1 \text{ for TMCC-D}$$

### 3.260 Interlace Load

$$Iyp = Pot 1 (T6 + T5) Ey$$

$$Iye = Ioc 1 Ey (T6 + T5)$$

### 3.261 Interlace Active

$$sIy = Pot 1 (T3 - T0) Ey \overline{Iy}$$

$$rIy = Iyf T8$$

$$+ (Yc + Iyc + Ys \overline{C19} \overline{C20} \overline{C21} \overline{C22} \overline{C23}) (T3 - T0) Iy$$

3.262 Zero Count

$$\begin{aligned} I_{yf} &= Y_{c0} Y_{c1} Y_{c2} Y_{c3} Y_{c4} Y_{c5} Y_{c6} Y_{c7} \\ &\quad Y_{c8} Y_{c9} Y_{c10} Y_{c11} Y_{c12} Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y \end{aligned}$$

3.263 Interlace Count Trigger

$$I_{ya} = R_{yx} T_{sm}$$

3.264 Interlace Counter Clock Enables

$$\text{Computer Clock Enable: } E_y \bar{I}_y$$

$$\text{Counter Clock Enable: } \bar{E}_y$$

3.265 Extend Operations

$$s_{lyg} = I_{ye} C_{12}$$

$$r_{lyg} = I_{yc} + Y_{sc} T_8 \bar{Y}_{10} \bar{Y}_{11} \bar{Y}_{12} \bar{Y}_{13} \bar{Y}_{14} I_{yg}$$

3.266 Channel Command Interrupt Enables

$$s_{lyj} = I_{ye} C_{13}$$

$$r_{lyj} = I_{yc} + I_{2y} T_8 I_{yj}$$

$$s_{lyk} = I_{ye} C_{14}$$

$$r_{lyk} = I_{yc} + I_{1y} T_8 I_{yk}$$

3.267 Channel Command Register

$$s_{lyh} = I_{ye} C_{15}$$

$$r_{lyh} = I_{yc}$$

$$s_{lyi} = I_{ye} C_{16}$$

$$r_{lyi} = I_{yc}$$

3.268 Word Counter

$$s_{Yc14} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc14} = I_{yp} C_9 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc13} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc13} = I_{yp} C_8 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc12} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c12} Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc12} = I_{yp} C_7 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c12} Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc11} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c11} Y_{c12} Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc11} = I_{yp} C_6 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c11} Y_{c12} Y_{c13} Y_{c14} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc10} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc10} = I_{yp} C_5 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc9} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c9} Y_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc9} = I_{yp} C_4 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c9} Y_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc8} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c8} Y_{c9} Y_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc8} = I_{yp} C_3 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c8} Y_{c9} Y_{c10} Y_{c11} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc7} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc7} = I_{yp} C_2 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc6} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c6} Y_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc6} = I_{yp} C_1 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c6} Y_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc5} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c5} Y_{c6} Y_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc5} = I_{yp} C_0 + \bar{E}_y Y_{c5} Y_{c6} Y_{c7} Y_{c8} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc4} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc4} = I_{ye} C_{23} + \bar{E}_y Y_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc3} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c3} Y_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc3} = I_{ye} C_{22} + \bar{E}_y Y_{c3} Y_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc2} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c2} Y_{c3} Y_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc2} = I_{ye} C_{21} + \bar{E}_y Y_{c2} Y_{c3} Y_{c4} Y_{c5} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc1} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c1} Y_{c2} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc1} = I_{ye} C_{20} + \bar{E}_y Y_{c1} Y_{c2} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Yc0} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{c0} Y_{c1} Y_{c2} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Yc0} = I_{ye} C_{19}$$

3.269 Address Counter

$$s_{Ya14} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{a14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Ya14} = I_{yp} \bar{C}_{23} + \bar{E}_y Y_{a14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Ya13} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{a13} Y_{a14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Ya13} = I_{yp} \bar{C}_{22} + \bar{E}_y Y_{a13} Y_{a14} I_{ya} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Ya12} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Ya12} = I_{yp} \bar{C}_{21} + \bar{E}_y Y_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Ya11} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{a11} Y_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Ya11} = I_{yp} \bar{C}_{20} + \bar{E}_y Y_{a11} Y_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$s_{Ya10} = I_{yc} + \bar{E}_y \bar{Y}_{a10} Y_{a11} Y_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$r_{Ya10} = I_{yp} \bar{C}_{19} + \bar{E}_y Y_{a10} Y_{a11} Y_{a12} Y_{a13} \bar{E}_y$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa9 &= Iyp \ C18 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya9} \ \underline{Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} & + \ C10 \ \overline{C11} \ C19 \ \overline{Ye} \ \overline{C1}^* \\ rYa9 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya9 \ Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} & + \ - \ - \ - \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa8 &= Iyp \ C17 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya8} \ \underline{Ya9 \ Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa8 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya8 \ Ya9 \ Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

\* $\overline{C1}$  becomes C1 for TMCC-D

$$\begin{aligned} sYa7 &= Iyp \ C16 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya7} \ \underline{Ya8 \ Ya9 \ Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa7 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya7 \ Ya8 \ Ya9 \ Ya10 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa6 &= Iyp \ C15 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya6} \ \underline{Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa6 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya6 \ Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa5 &= Iyp \ C14 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya5} \ \underline{Ya6 \ Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa5 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya5 \ Ya6 \ Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa4 &= Iyp \ C13 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya4} \ \underline{Ya5 \ Ya6 \ Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa4 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya4 \ Ya5 \ Ya6 \ Ya7 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa3 &= Iyp \ C12 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya3} \ \underline{Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa3 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya3 \ Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa2 &= Iyp \ C11 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya2} \ \underline{Ya3 \ Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa2 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya2 \ Ya3 \ Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa1 &= Iyp \ C10 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya1} \ \underline{Ya2 \ Ya3 \ Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa1 &= Iyc \quad + \ \overline{E}y \ \underline{Ya1 \ Ya2 \ Ya3 \ Ya4 \ \overline{E}y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} sYa0 &= Iye \ C18 + \overline{E}y \ \overline{Ya0} \ \underline{Ya1 \ \overline{E}y} \\ rYa0 &= Iyc \end{aligned}$$

### 3.270 Pin Address Counter

$$\begin{aligned} sYpa &= Ioc \ C17 \ C13 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \ \overline{C23} \ T0 \\ rYpa &= Pin \ T0 + St \end{aligned}$$

### 3.271 Skip Gate

$$\begin{aligned} skr &= \overline{C1} \ C17 \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ &\quad \overline{C23} \ C15 \ Ysc^* \\ &+ \ \overline{C1} \ C17 \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ &\quad \overline{C23} \ C12 \ \overline{Y10} \ \overline{Y11} \ \overline{Y12} \ \overline{Y13} \ \overline{Y14}^* \\ &+ \ \overline{C1} \ C17 \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ &\quad \overline{C23} \ C13 \ Iyf^* \\ &+ \ \overline{C1} \ C17 \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{C10} \ C11 \ \overline{C19} \ \overline{C20} \ \overline{C21} \ \overline{C22} \\ &\quad \overline{C23} \ C14 \ \overline{Ye}^* \\ &+ \ C10 \ \overline{C11} \ C13 \ \overline{Y10} \ \overline{Y11} \ \overline{Y12} \ \overline{Y13} \ \overline{Y14} \ \overline{C1}^* \end{aligned}$$

### 3.272 Input/Output Signals Received

$$Zyp = \overline{\overline{Zyp}}$$

$$Zy1 = \overline{\overline{Zy1}}$$

$$Zy2 = \overline{\overline{Zy2}}$$

$$Zy3 = \overline{\overline{Zy3}}$$

$$Zy4 = \overline{\overline{Zy4}}$$

$$Zy5 = \overline{\overline{Zy5}}$$

$$Zy6 = \overline{\overline{Zy6}}$$

$$Zy7 = \overline{\overline{Zy7}}$$

$$Zy8 = \overline{\overline{Zy8}}$$

$$Zy9 = \overline{\overline{Zy9}}$$

$$Zy10 = \overline{\overline{Zy10}}$$

$$Zy11 = \overline{\overline{Zy11}}$$

$$Zy12 = \overline{\overline{Zy12}}$$

$$Zy13 = \overline{\overline{Zy13}}$$

$$Zy14 = \overline{\overline{Zy14}}$$

$$Zy15 = \overline{\overline{Zy15}}$$

$$Zy16 = \overline{\overline{Zy16}}$$

$$Zy17 = \overline{\overline{Zy17}}$$

$$Zy18 = \overline{\overline{Zy18}}$$

$$Zy19 = \overline{\overline{Zy19}}$$

$$Zy20 = \overline{\overline{Zy20}}$$

$$Zy21 = \overline{\overline{Zy21}}$$

$$Zy22 = \overline{\overline{Zy22}}$$

$$Zy23 = \overline{\overline{Zy23}}$$

|                   |   |                   |              |                      |   |      |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|---|------|
| $\overline{Yhs}$  | = | $\overline{Yhs}$  |              | $\textcircled{Ry14}$ | = | Ry14 |
| $\overline{Yes}$  | = | $\overline{Yes}$  |              | $\textcircled{Ry15}$ | = | Ry15 |
| $\overline{Mtg}$  | = | $\overline{Mtg}$  |              | $\textcircled{Ry16}$ | = | Ry16 |
| $\overline{Npy}$  | = | $\overline{Npy}$  |              | $\textcircled{Ry17}$ | = | Ry17 |
| $\overline{Ecy}$  | = | $\overline{Ecy}$  |              | $\textcircled{Ry18}$ | = | Ry18 |
| $\overline{Yx12}$ | = | $\overline{Yx12}$ | (93221 only) | $\textcircled{Ry19}$ | = | Ry19 |
| $\overline{Yx24}$ | = | $\overline{Yx24}$ | (93221 only) | $\textcircled{Ry20}$ | = | Ry20 |

### 3.273 Input/Output Signals Generated

|                      |   |      |                      |   |      |
|----------------------|---|------|----------------------|---|------|
| $\textcircled{Ryp}$  | = | Ryp  | $\textcircled{Ry22}$ | = | Ry22 |
| $\textcircled{Ry1}$  | = | Ry1  | $\textcircled{Ry23}$ | = | Ry23 |
| $\textcircled{Ry2}$  | = | Ry2  | $\textcircled{Ry24}$ | = | Ry24 |
| $\textcircled{Ry3}$  | = | Ry3  | $\textcircled{Y9}$   | = | Y9   |
| $\textcircled{Ry4}$  | = | Ry4  | $\textcircled{Y10}$  | = | Y10  |
| $\textcircled{Ry5}$  | = | Ry5  | $\textcircled{Y11}$  | = | Y11  |
| $\textcircled{Ry6}$  | = | Ry6  | $\textcircled{Y12}$  | = | Y12  |
| $\textcircled{Ry7}$  | = | Ry7  | $\textcircled{Y13}$  | = | Y13  |
| $\textcircled{Ry8}$  | = | Ry8  | $\textcircled{Y14}$  | = | Y14  |
| $\textcircled{Ry9}$  | = | Ry9  | $\textcircled{Y0}$   | = | Y0   |
| $\textcircled{Ry10}$ | = | Ry10 | $\textcircled{Y5}$   | = | Y5   |
| $\textcircled{Ry11}$ | = | Ry11 | $\textcircled{Y6}$   | = | Y6   |
| $\textcircled{Ry12}$ | = | Ry12 | $\textcircled{Iy}$   | = | Iy   |
| $\textcircled{Ry13}$ | = | Ry13 |                      |   |      |

## SECTION IV INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

### 4. 1 GENERAL

4. 2 This section contains information relating to the installation and maintenance of Model 932XX series TMCCs. As the Model 922XX series TMCCs are no longer being installed, only the Model 932XX series is covered in this section.

### 4. 3 INSTALLATION

4. 4 The basic 925/930/9300 computers are shipped with the TMCC physically installed. After installation of the computer, the intercabling of the TMCCs must be performed.

### 4. 5 INTERCABLING

4. 6 Figure 4-1 illustrates typical intercabling of the Model 93200 TMCC for the 925/930/9300 computers. Figure 4-2 illustrates the intercabling of the Model 93221 TMCC. Power distribution for the various chassis is illustrated in figure 4-3.

4. 7 Intercabling of the input/output devices to the W (or A) channel may be found in the applicable input/output device technical manual.

4. 8 After intercabling the TMCCs and the input/output devices, a program should be run to ensure proper operation of the W (or A) channel. Any diagnostic program utilizing the input/output device may be run.

### 4. 9 925/930 COMPUTER W CHANNEL TEST PROGRAM

4. 10 Table 4-1 lists a sample program which may be run to check out the W channel for proper operation. This test program causes the message ASSEMBLY DONE ENTER NEW PROGRAM to be typed out under program control. The computer stores the internal codes for these characters in memory beginning in location 2000. The routine inserts the carriage return code, 52, and the space code, 12, where needed and requests End-of-Record interrupt. It is written as a closed subroutine using interrupts, channel W and Typewriter Number One. The internal code for the output message is as follows:

|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |    |    |      |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|------|
| A  | S  | S  | E  | M  | B  | L  | Y  | Sp | D  | O  | N  | E  | C/R | E  | N  | 2000 |
| 21 | 62 | 62 | 25 | 44 | 22 | 43 | 71 | 12 | 24 | 46 | 45 | 25 | 52  | 25 | 45 |      |
| T  | E  | R  | Sp | N  | E  | W  | Sp | P  | R  | O  | G  | R  | A   | M  | Sp | 2004 |
| 62 | 25 | 51 | 12 | 45 | 25 | 66 | 12 | 47 | 51 | 46 | 27 | 51 | 21  | 44 | 12 |      |

### 4. 11 9300 COMPUTER A CHANNEL TEST PROGRAM

4. 12 Table 4-2 lists a sample program which may be run to check out the A channel for proper operation. This test program causes the message ASSEMBLY DONE ENTER NEW PROGRAM to be typed out under program control. The computer internal codes for these characters are stored beginning in location 02000. The carriage return code, 052, and the space code, 012, are inserted where needed. The End-of-Record interrupt is requested. The routine is written as a closed subroutine which uses interrupts, channel A, and Typewriter Number One. The internal code for the output message is the same as given in paragraph 4. 10.

### 4. 13 MODULE LOCATION

4. 14 Figure 4-4 illustrates the location of all modules for the various models of TMCCs.

### 4. 15 MAINTENANCE

4. 16 The following information is presented as an aid in maintaining the Models 932XX TMCCs. Presented herein are descriptions and timing diagrams of the signals available on the various input/output connectors and the diagnostic test programs for maintenance of the TMCC.

### 4. 17 PERIODIC INSPECTION

4. 18 No periodic inspection is required for the TMCC other than that required for the computer as a whole. No attempt should be made to periodically check for loose wires, poor solder connections, or bent pins because of the packaging density of the wiring and components and the possibility of causing malfunctions. Wiring layout and length is critical in some areas and should not be touched except for correcting a malfunction.

### 4. 19 CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

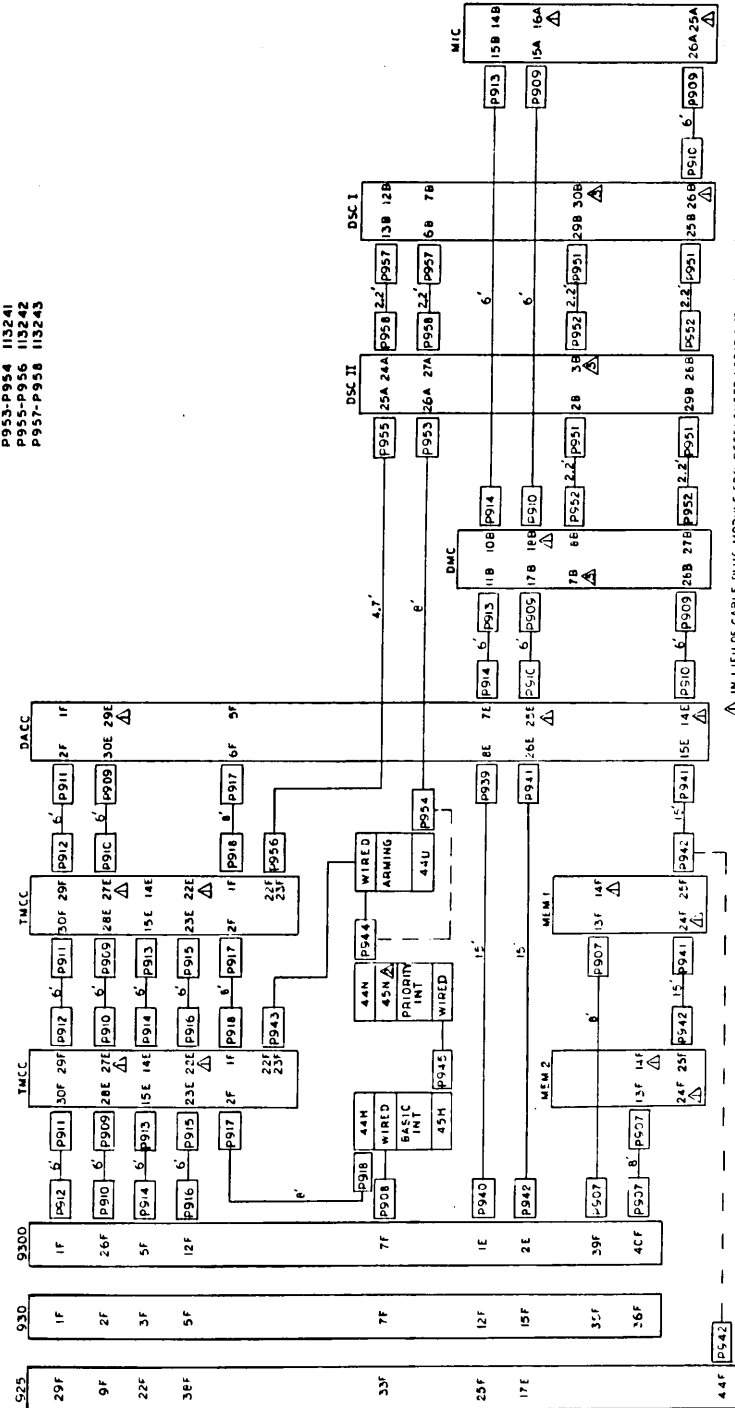
4. 20 If it should become necessary to replace a component on a module, the physical location of the component, quantity, type, and part number are indicated on the module drawings contained in Section 6.

### 4. 21 INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNALS AND TIMING RELATIONSHIPS

4. 22 The signals described are available on the input/output connectors as illustrated in figure 4-5. The signals are theoretical and do not take into consideration circuit and transmission delays which tend to add 200 to 400 nanoseconds of delay.

REF CABLE PLUG SCHEMATICS:

P909-P910 107201  
 P911-P912 107303  
 P913-P914 107300  
 P915-P916 107201  
 P917-P918 107303  
 P939-P940 108600  
 P941-P942 107201  
 P951-P952 107201  
 P953-P954 113241  
 P955-P956 113242  
 P957-P958 113243

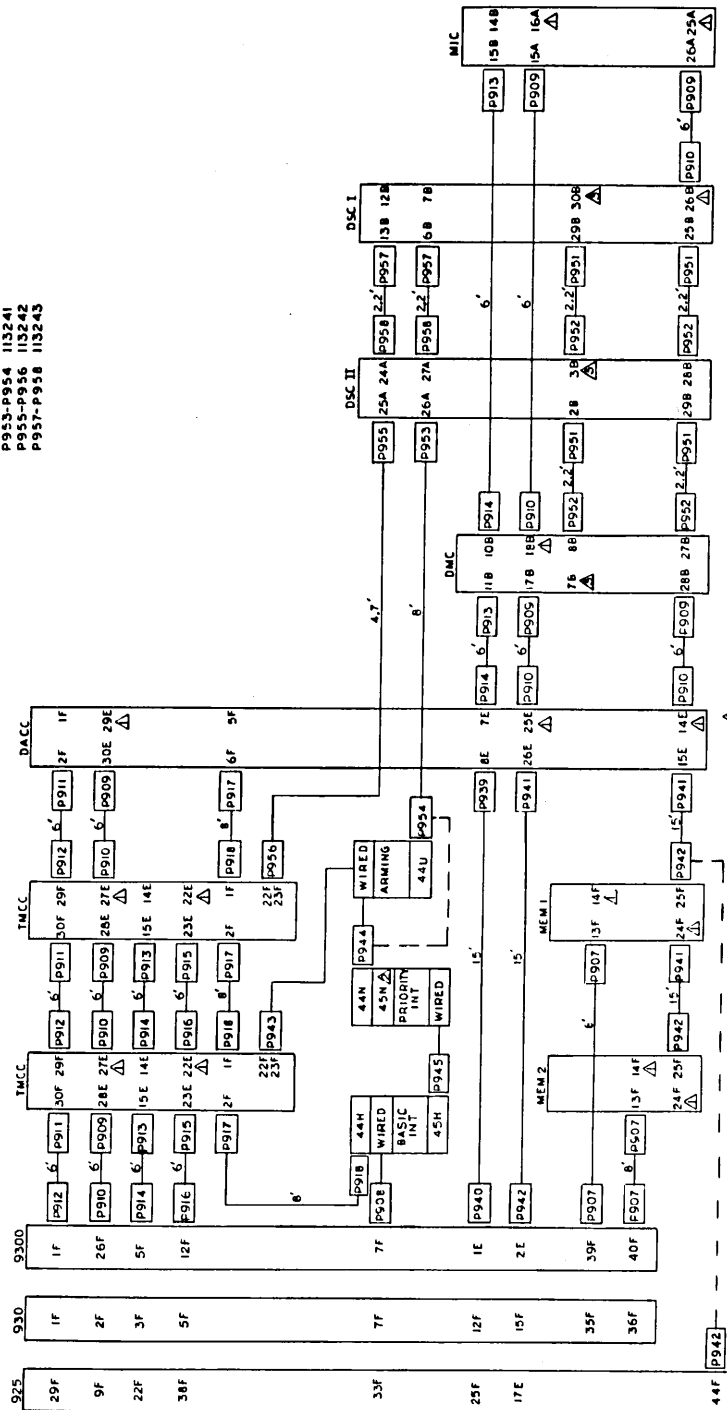


Δ IN LIEU OF CABLE PLUG MODULE FOR REFERENCED LOCATIONS INSERT 2B52 TERMINATION MODULE.  
 Δ ADDITIONAL PRIORITY INT. COUPLERS 93280 INSERT INTO REFERENCED LOCATIONS.  
 Δ IN LIEU OF CABLE PLUG MODULE FOR REFERENCED LOCATIONS INSERT 2B73 TERMINATION MODULE.

Figure 4-1. Model 93200 TMCC, Intercabling Diagram

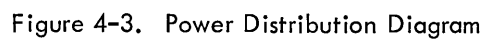
REF CABLE PLUG SCHEMATICS:

P909-P910 I07201  
 P911-P912 I07303  
 P913-P914 I07300  
 P915-P916 I07201  
 P917-P918 I07303  
 P939-P940 I08600  
 P941-P942 I07201  
 P951-P952 I07201  
 P953-P954 I13241  
 P955-P956 I13242  
 P957-P958 I13243



△ IN LIEU OF CABLE PLUG MODULE FOR REFERENCED LOCATIONS INSERT 2852 TERMINATION MODULE.  
 △ ADDITIONAL PRIORITY INT. COUPLERS 93280 INSERT INTO REFERENCED LOCATIONS.  
 △ IN LIEU OF CABLE PLUG MODULE FOR REFERENCED LOCATIONS INSERT 2873 TERMINATION MODULE.

Figure 4-2. Model 93221 TMCC, Intercabling Diagram





|   | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | 6    | 7    | 8    | 9    | 10   | 11   | 12   | 13   | 14   | 15   | 16   | 17   | 18   | 19   | 20   | 21   | 22   | 23   | 24   | 25   | 26   | 27   | 28   | 29   | 30   | 31   | 32   |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| A | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |
| B | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |
| C | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |
| D | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |
| E | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |
| F | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 | 2850 |

## NOTE:

- 1 - W = Modules Required For 6 Bit W Buffer
- 2 - W12 = Modules Added To Convert 6 Bit W Buffer To 12 Bit W Buffer.
- 3 - W24 = Modules Added To Convert 6 Bit W Buffer To 24 Bit W Buffer.
- 4 - Y = Modules Required For 6 Bit Y Buffer
- 5 - Y12 = Modules Added To Convert 6 Bit Y Buffer To 12 Bit Y Buffer.
- 6 - Y24 = Modules Added To Convert 6 Bit Y Buffer To 24 Bit Y Buffer.

- ① These Modules Deleted When Y-TMCC Buffer Used With W-TMCC Buffer
- ② Add P910, P912, P914, P916, P918 When C and D Buffers are Added.
- ③ These Modules Used Only With The Interface Option.
- ④ Use ZB 52 Where Indicated, When C and D Buffers are Not added.

Figure 4-4. Module Location Diagram

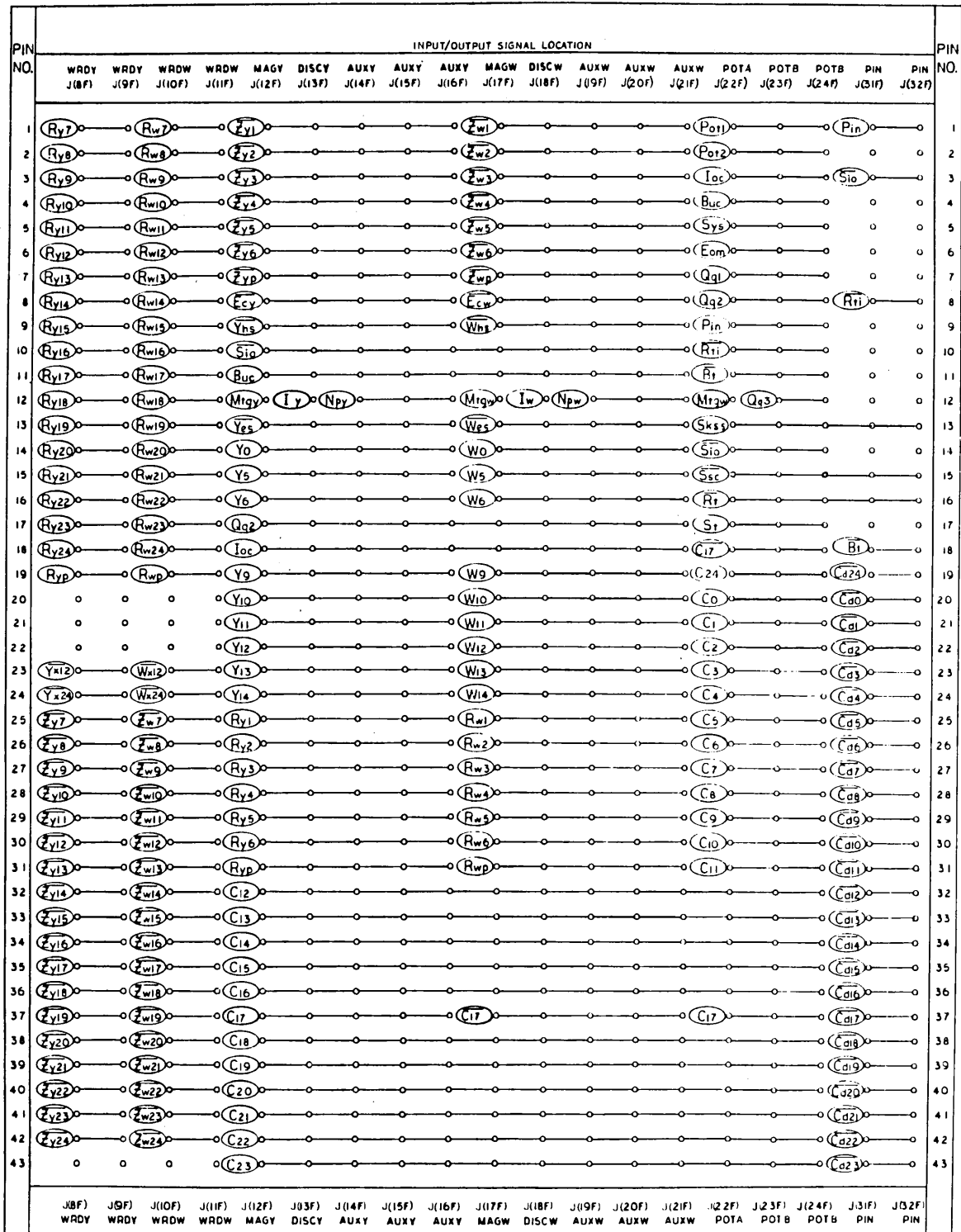


Figure 4-5. Input/Output Signal Location Diagram

Table 4-1. 925/930 Computers, W Channel Sample Test Program

| Location | Instruction  | Address   | Comments  |
|----------|--------------|-----------|---|
| 1000     | PZE          |           | This instruction is an assembler instruction, used as a convenient way to reserve the entry location for subroutine use.  |
|          | CLR          |           | Clears the A and B Registers.   |
|          | STA          | SWICH     | Clears the location called SWICH. SWICH later indicates to the main program that output is complete.  |
|          | TYP          | *0, 1, 4  | Connects Typewriter Number One to channel W for output, specifies four characters per word mode, and alerts channel W interlace. The instruction is an EOM with octal configuration, 0 02 40641.  |
|          | EXU          | WRITE     | Causes the Input/Output EOM in location WRITE to be executed.   |
|          | POT          | WRITE + 1 | Sends the word count and starting address in WRITE + 1 to the channel.  |
|          | BRR          | 1000      | Branches back to the main program.  |
| WRITE    | EOM 00403720 | 16200     | Specifies output function code 00 and the End-of-Record interrupt. The word in WRITE + 1 specifies that eight words will output from memory beginning in location 2000. According to output function 00, when the word count equals zero during the transmission, the output terminates, and when the last character is out, the device disconnects and the interrupt occurs. |
| 33       | BRM          | OKAY      | Branches and marks to location OKAY elsewhere in memory.  |
| OKAY     | PZE          |           | Saves the entry location  |
|          | MIN          | SWICH     | Increments location SWICH as an indicator for the main program.   |
|          | BRU          | *OKAY     | Branches to the main program and clears the active interrupt.   |

Table 4-2. 9300 Computer, A Channel Sample Test Program

| Location | Instruction  | Address   | Comments  |
|----------|--------------|-----------|---|
| 01000    | PZE          |           | This instruction is an assembler instruction used as a convenient way to reserve the entry location for subroutine use.   |
|          | STZ          | SWICH     | Clears the location called SWICH. SWICH is later used to indicate to the main program that output is complete.  |
|          | TYP          | *0, 1, 4  | Connects Typewriter Number One to channel A for output, specifies four characters per word mode, and alerts channel A interlace. The instruction is an EOM with octal configuration, 0 02 42641.  |
|          | EXU          | WRITE     | Causes the Input/Output Control EOM in location WRITE to be executed.   |
|          | POT          | WRITE + 1 | Sends the word count and starting address in WRITE + 1 to the channel.  |
|          | BRR          | 01000     | Branches back to the main program.  |
| WRITE    | EOM 00403720 | 016200    | Specifies output function code 01 (IOSD) and the End-of-Record interrupt. The word in WRITE + 1 specifies that eight words will be output from memory beginning in location 03720. According to output function 01 (IOSD) when the word count equals zero during the transmission, the device is disconnected when the last character is out and the interrupt then occurs. |
| 011      | BRM          | OKAY      | Branches and marks to location OKAY elsewhere in memory.  |
| OKAY     | PZE          |           | Saves the entry location.   |
|          | MPO          | SWICH     | Increments location SWICH as an indicator for the main program.   |
|          | BRC          | *OKAY     | Branches to the main program and clears the active interrupt, level 011.  |

4.23 The logic terms for signals generated in the main frame referred to in these paragraphs represent the 930 computer logic equations. Although the 925 and 9300 computer implementation may differ somewhat from the 930 computer, the functions achieved are similar.

4.24  $\overline{Qq1}$ ,  $\overline{Qq2}$ , and  $\overline{Qq3}$  (See figure 4-6)

4.25  $\overline{Qq1}$ ,  $\overline{Qq2}$ , and  $\overline{Qq3}$  are clocking signals provided to external devices. They are functionally similar to the Q1 and Q2 signals provided to external equipment on the 910 and 920 computers. Signals  $\overline{Qq1}$ ,  $\overline{Qq2}$ , and  $\overline{Qq3}$  are derived from the Pulse Counter, Qr1 through Qr4, in the TMCC.

$$\overline{Qq1} = T_5 - T_0$$

$$T_5 - T_0 = Qr3 \overline{Qr1} \overline{Qr4}$$

$$\overline{Qq2} = T_6 - T_3$$

$$T_6 - T_3 = Qr3 Qr4 + Qr3 \overline{Qr2} \overline{Qr1}$$

$$\overline{Qq3} = T_7 - T_4$$

$$T_7 - T_4 = Qr4$$

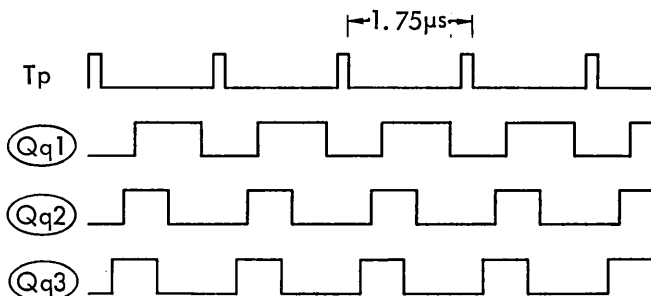


Figure 4-6. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,

$\overline{Qq1}$ ,  $\overline{Qq2}$ ,  $\overline{Qq3}$

4.26  $\overline{Eom}$ ,  $\overline{Buc}$ ,  $\overline{Ioc}$ ,  $\overline{Sys}$  (See figure 4-7)

4.27  $\overline{Eom}$  is the execution signal for the EOM instruction.

$$\overline{Eom} = Eom \overline{Er}$$

The term  $\overline{Er}$  inhibits  $\overline{Eom}$  during the interlace loading sequence.  $\overline{Eom}$  is derived from the CPU and transmitted to the TMCC.  $\overline{Eom}$  is true from T7 through Tr.

$$\overline{Eom} = Q5 \overline{01} \overline{04} \overline{05} \overline{T_s} (Q2 + Q5) + \dots$$

$$Q2 + Q5 = T7 - Tr$$

During FILL operations, a pseudo Eom is generated.

$$\overline{Eom} = Ix \overline{Go} \overline{Ht} \overline{Kg} (A2 + Q5) + \dots$$

The term  $\overline{T_s}$  inhibits  $\overline{Eom}$  during all time share operations.

4.28  $\overline{Buc}$  is a control signal derived from the EOM instruction and is used to activate the TMCC and peripheral devices.  $\overline{Buc}$  is true from T7 through Tr.

$$\overline{Buc} = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} \overline{C1}$$

For TMCC channels C and D,

$$\overline{Buc} = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} C1$$

Peripheral devices must use  $\overline{C17}$  and C17 to distinguish between channels W and Y and similarly, between channels C and D.

4.29  $\overline{Ioc}$  is an input/output control signal derived from the EOM instruction.  $\overline{Ioc}$  is true from T6 through T0.

$$\overline{Ioc} = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} \overline{C1} \overline{Er} Qr3$$

$$Qr3 = T6 - T0$$

For channels C and D,

$$\overline{Ioc} = Eom \overline{C10} \overline{C11} C1 \overline{Er} Qr3$$

The term  $\overline{Er}$  is used to inhibit  $\overline{Ioc}$  during the interlace loading sequence. Peripheral devices must use  $\overline{C17}$  and C17 to distinguish between channels W and Y, or similarly, between channels C and D.

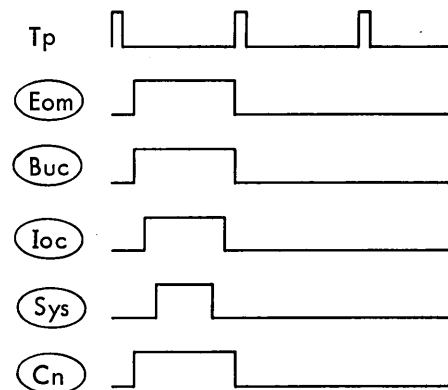


Figure 4-7. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,

$\overline{Eom}$ ,  $\overline{Buc}$ ,  $\overline{Ioc}$ ,  $\overline{Sys}$

4.30  $\overline{\text{Sys}}$  is a control signal for systems communication derived from an EOM instruction.  $\overline{\text{Sys}}$  is true from T5 through T1.

$$\overline{\text{Sys}} = \text{Eom } C10 \ C11 \ \overline{C9} \ \overline{T_{sr}} \ (T5 - T1)$$

Systems devices must use  $\overline{C17}$  and C17 to distinguish between channels W and Y, or similarly, between channels C and D. The term  $\overline{T_{sr}}$  inhibits Sys during time-share operations with the TMCC.

4.31  $\overline{\text{Pin}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Cdn}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rti}}$   
(See figures 4-8, 4-9, and 4-10)

4.32 The PIN instruction permits direct parallel entry of up to 24-bits of data to memory via the C register. A "Ready for Input" signal,  $\overline{\text{Pin}}$ , is provided by the TMCC to external equipment.

$$\overline{\text{Pin}} = \text{Pin}$$

$$\text{Pin} = \overline{F1} \ F2 \ \overline{F3} \ 02 \ 06 \ \overline{T_s} \ Q1$$

$$Q1 = T7 - T0$$

While the Pin signal is true, the C register is first reset and then the external data,  $\overline{\text{Cdn}}$ , is strobed.

$$\text{rCn} = \text{Cxi } Q2$$

$$\text{Cxi} = \overline{F1} \ F2 \ \overline{F3} \ 02 \ 06 \ \overline{T_s} \ Q1$$

$$Q2 = T7 - T3$$

$$\text{sCn} = \text{Cxi } \overline{\text{Cdn}}$$

$$\overline{\text{Cdn}} = \overline{\text{Cdn}}$$

The process of resetting the C register and then strobing the data repeats until the external device provides a "Ready" indication by making  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$  false. The data lines,  $\overline{\text{Cdn}}$ , must be in a stable condition prior to the time  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$  goes false and should remain stable for the duration of the  $\overline{\text{Pin}}$  signal. Until  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$  goes false, the PIN instruction was locked in phase 02, but is now permitted to proceed to phase 04. A "PIN Complete" signal,  $\overline{\text{Rti}}$ , is generated and sent to the external device.

$$\text{sRf} = 06 \ F2 \ \overline{F3} \ Q2 \ \text{Rt} + \dots$$

$$\text{Rt} = \overline{\text{Rt}}$$

$$\text{sF1} = \overline{F1} \ \overline{F3} \ 01 \ 03 \ 04 \ \overline{Ia} \ \text{Rf } T_p + \dots$$

$$\text{rF2} = \overline{F1} \ \overline{F3} \ 01 \ 03 \ 04 \ \overline{Ia} \ \text{Rf } T_p + \dots$$

$$\text{Rti} = \overline{04} \ 01 \ 04 \ 06 \ \overline{T_s} \ (Q2 + Q5)$$

$$(Q2 + Q5) = T7 - T_r$$

$$\overline{\text{Rti}} = \overline{\text{Rti}}$$

If  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$  is always held false during the PIN instruction, the PIN instruction remains in phase 02 for only one cycle.

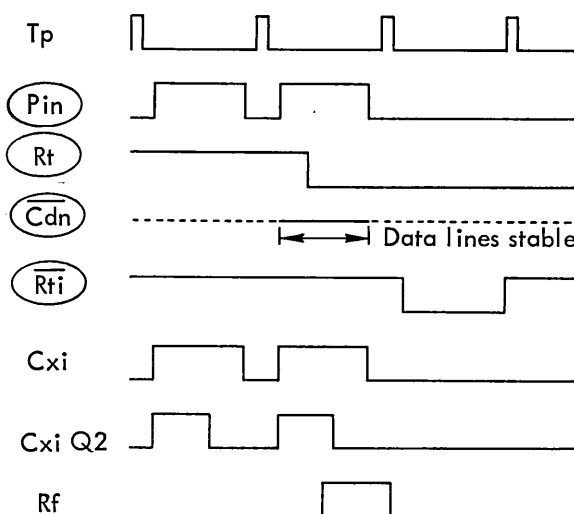


Figure 4-8. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,

$\overline{\text{Pin}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Cdn}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rti}}$

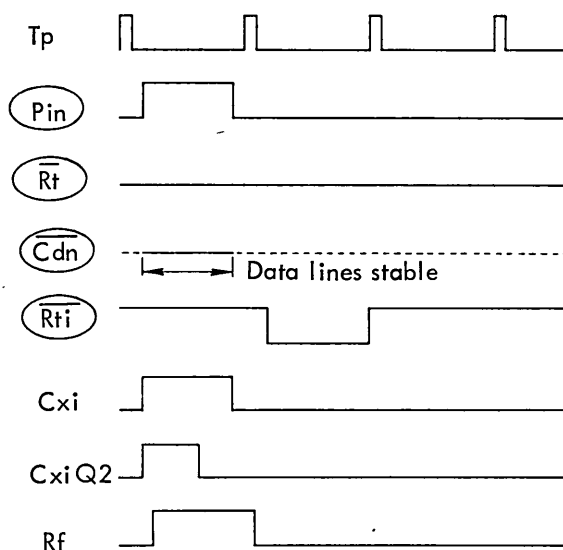


Figure 4-9. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,  $\overline{\text{Pin}}$ ,

$\overline{\text{Rt}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Cdn}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rti}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{Rt}}$  Initially False

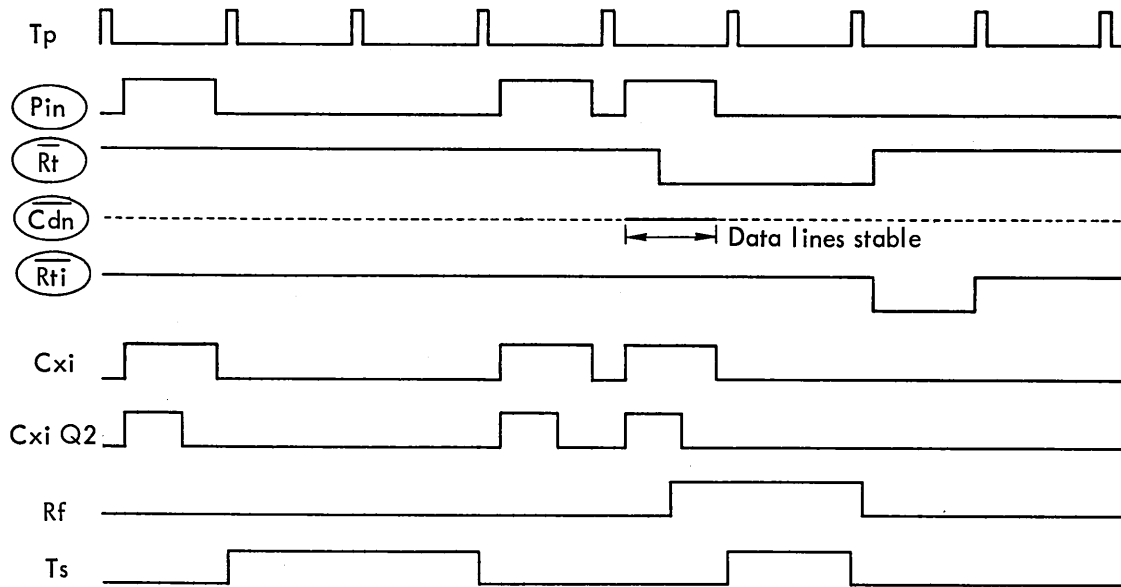


Figure 4-10. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,  $\text{Pin}$ ,  $\text{Rt}$ ,  $\text{Cdn}$ ,  $\text{Rti}$ ,  
Effects of Time-Share

4.33 Should a time-share operation occur during phase Ø2 of the PIN instruction, the  $\text{Pin}$  signal is inhibited. At the completion of the time-share operation, depending on the condition of  $\text{Rt}$ , at least one more cycle of the  $\text{Pin}$  signal occurs. Should a time-share operation occur during phase Ø4, the "Pin Complete" signal is inhibited until the time-share operation(s) is/are completed.

4.34  $\text{Pot 1}$ ,  $\text{Pot 2}$ ,  $\text{Rt}$ ,  $\text{Cn}$   
(See figures 4-11, 4-12, and 4-13)

4.35 The POT instruction permits direct parallel output of up to 24-bits of data to external devices from memory via the C register. The  $\text{Pot 1}$  signal denotes to external devices that the computer is in the process of executing a POT instruction.

$$\text{Pot 1} = \text{Pot 1}$$

$$\text{Pot 1} = \overline{\text{F1}} \text{ F2 } \overline{\text{F3}} \text{ } \overline{\text{O2}} \text{ } \overline{\text{O6}}$$

The  $\text{Pot 2}$  signal denotes to external devices that the contents of the C register may be strobed.

$$\text{Pot 2} = \text{Pot 1} (\text{T5} - \text{T1}) \overline{\text{Tsr}}$$

The  $\text{Pot 1}$  signal stays true and the  $\text{Pot 2}$  signal repeats as long as the computer is locked in phase Ø2.

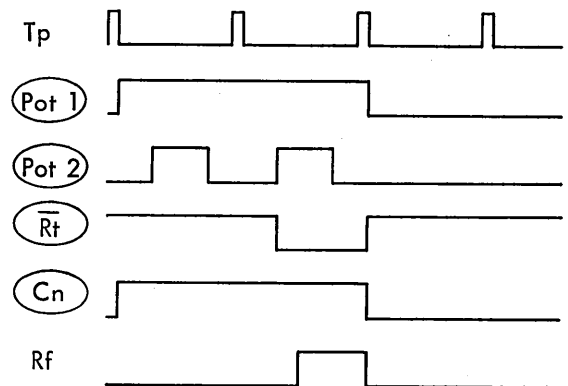


Figure 4-11. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,  
 $\text{Pot 1}$ ,  $\text{Pot 2}$ ,  $\text{Rt}$ ,  $\text{Cn}$

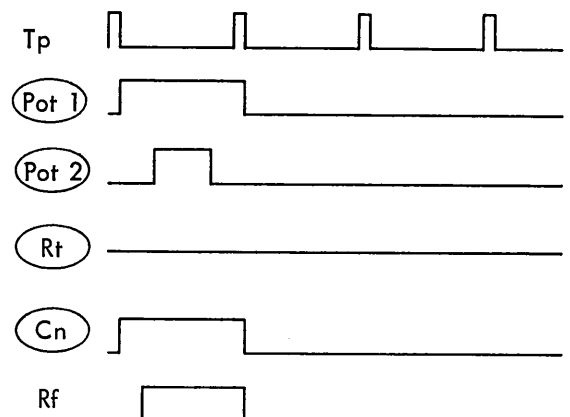
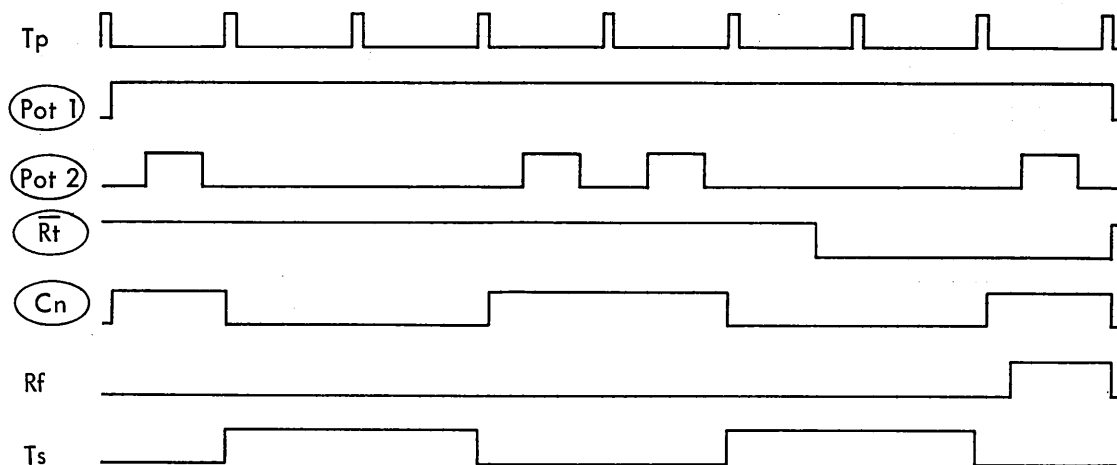


Figure 4-12. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,  $\text{Pot 1}$ ,  
 $\text{Pot 2}$ ,  $\text{Rt}$ ,  $\text{Cn}$ ,  $\text{Rt}$  Initially False

Figure 4-13. 930/9300 Timing Diagram, (Pot 1), (Pot 2), ( $\overline{Rt}$ ), (Cn) Effects of Time-Share

When the Ready signal, ( $\overline{Rt}$ ), from the external device goes false (low), the POT instruction proceeds to phase 06. (Pot 1) and (Pot 2) are then inhibited.

$$sRf = 06 F2 \overline{F3} Q2 Rt$$

$$Rt = \overline{Rt}$$

$$sF1 = \overline{F1} \overline{F3} \overline{01} 03 \overline{04} \overline{Ia} Tp Rf$$

If ( $\overline{Rt}$ ) is always held false during the POT instruction, the POT instruction remains in phase 02 for only one cycle.

4.36 Should a time-share operation occur during the phase 02, the (Pot 1) signal remains true but (Pot 2) is inhibited. At the completion of the time-share operation, depending on the condition of ( $\overline{Rt}$ ), at least one more cycle of (Pot 1) and (Pot 2) occurs. It is necessary that ( $\overline{Rt}$ ) be held at ground until the computer acknowledges receipt of the Ready signal by making (Pot 1) go false.

4.37 ( $Skss$ ), ( $\overline{Ssc}$ ) (See figure 4-14)

4.38 On instructions for external system devices, an Sks strobe pulse, ( $Skss$ ), is provided from the TMCC.

$$Skss = Skss$$

$$Skss = 05 01 \overline{04} \overline{Ts} (\overline{A00} (Q3 + Q5) + \overline{C9})$$

$$Q3 + Q5 = T6 - Tr$$

The SKS instruction remains in phase 05 for two cycles to permit the C register outputs, (Cn), to attain a

stable configuration at the external system device. The signal ( $Skss$ ) is generated during the second cycle if C9 is true. ( $Skss$ ) is true for approximately two cycles if  $\overline{C9}$  is true. The response from external system devices, ( $\overline{Ssc}$ ), (false for a skip condition) is received by the TMCC and is sent to the computer as Skrz. If a skip is to occur, the Sk flip-flop is set at Tr time during the second cycle of phase 05.

$$sSk = 05 01 \overline{04} \overline{A00} Tr Sks + \dots$$

$$Sks = Skrz + \dots$$

If a time-share operation occurs during the SKS instruction, phase 05 is repeated for two cycles, thereby permitting the C register outputs, (Cn), to attain a stable configuration prior to the generation of the ( $Skss$ ) probe pulse.

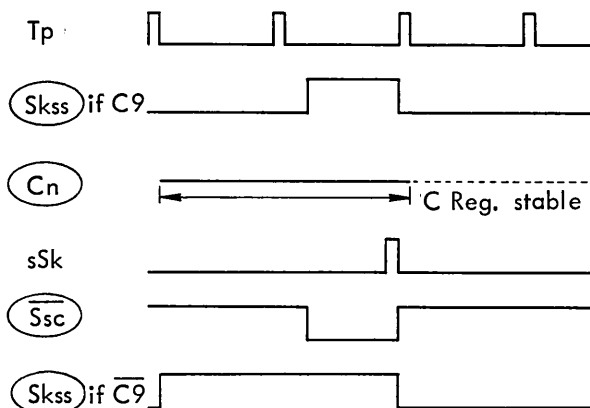


Figure 4-14. 930/9300 Timing Diagram,

( $Skss$ ), (Cn), ( $\overline{Ssc}$ )



4.39 If  $\overline{C9}$  is true, the Skss signal may occur for only one cycle if a time-share operation occurs during the SKS instruction. At the completion of the time-share, however, a two cycle Skss signal occurs. If  $\overline{C9}$  is true and time-share operation occurs, the Skss signal occurs only once, during the last of the two phase 05 cycles.

#### 4.40 TEST PROGRAMS

4.41 Proper operation of the TMCC can be checked by performance of the applicable test program. Operation in the compatible mode of the TMCC can be checked by performing the test program for the input/output device connected to the TMCC. The sample test programs given in tables 4-1 and 4-2 may be performed. Test programs for the extended modes are given in the following paragraphs.

#### 4.42 EXTENDED MODE I/O TEST PROGRAM FOR 925/930 COMPUTERS

4.43 This program tests as many of the extended I/O operations as possible with paper tape. Any 925/930 computer with a typewriter attached to the W channel and a paper-tape punch and reader on any interlaced communication channel may be utilized. The W channel need not be interlaced for the typewriter.

4.44 The program occupies 838<sub>10</sub> locations from 0177 to 1714 octal. It is supplied on paper tape with a self-loading bootstrap. To load, insert tape in tape reader and perform fill procedure.

#### 4.45 Fill

4.46 The fill procedure is as follows:

- a. Set up selected input device with the input program. Initial portion of the program contains the "bootstrap" program.
- b. Set RUN-IDLE-STEP switch to the IDLE position.
- c. Press START switch.
- d. Press PAPER TAPE FILL switch. This causes a WIM 2 (03200002) instruction to be inserted into the instruction register and loads the Index Register with 77777771. The FILL switch also prepares the channel to operate in the forward, binary, four characters per word mode.

#### 4.47 Operation

4.48 To select the reader and punch units to be used enter:

"CU" P to select punch

"CU" R to select reader

The letter C is the channel number and may be any digit 0-7, and the letter U is the unit, either one or two. The reader and punch need not be on the same channel.

4.49 The test is started by entering the letter "S". Control of the test operation is then a function of the Breakpoint Switches. Table 4-3 summarizes the switch functions.

Table 4-3. 925/930 Computers Breakpoint Switch Functions

| Breakpoint Switch | Reset  | Set  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| 1                 | Run in the normal mode as determined by the other switches | Stop and return to keyboard control at the end of the current pass (punch or read) |
| 2                 | Continue to run test selected by switch 3                  | Cycle test runs from punch to read to punch and so on                              |
| 3*                | Selects punch mode   | Selects read mode  |
| 4                 | Stop and type diagnostic messages whenever an error occurs | Do not stop and type on errors but continue to run.                                |

\*Used when switch 2 is reset or when starting test

4.50 When running cyclic tests from punch to read, the tape from the punch should be inserted into the reader.

#### 4.51 Punching

4.52 The program punches four blocks of 64 characters each in one pass. The characters form a counting sequence from 00 to 77g. The first block is started with leader and output with an IOSP. All punching is done in the one character per word mode. When the word count reaches zero, an IOSD is loaded to punch a second block of 64 characters. No leader is punched between the first and second blocks. This results in one physical block 128 characters long. Starting with leader, two additional blocks of 64 characters are then punched with an IOSD.

4.53 At the conclusion of each output operation, the channel address register is stored and compared with the expected value. If they do not agree, the program types the expected and actual values.

4.54 The program tests the channel during the output operation to see if the channel should erroneously disconnect before the word count reaches zero.

#### 4.55 Reading

4.56 Each of the four blocks is read with a different set of commands and counts so as to test as many operations as possible. After reading a block, a general subroutine checks for input parity errors, channel end address for agreement with the expected address, and the data read character by character. Error messages with block numbers are typed in the event of any one of these tests failing. If a test fails, reference should then be made to the test program flow diagram and troubleshooting information in Section 5 of this manual. The handling of each block is as follows:

a. Block 1. The first block is one-half of a 128 character physical block. Reading one character per word, an IOSD with a count of 64 is used to read this block. The program checks to see if the count reaches zero and the channel becomes inactive at the same time.

b. Block 2. This is the second half of the first physical block and is read with an IOSP with a count of 65. The read should terminate because of the end of record. The program checks to see that the word count does not reach zero and the channel remains active after the CIT (inter-record test) instruction skips. The tape is finally stopped with a disconnect before the data is checked.

c. Block 3. Block 3 is a 64-character physical block. It is read with two channel commands. The

first is an IOSP with a count of 32. If the count goes to zero before the channel disconnects, an IORP with a count of 33 is loaded. This should cause the inter-record indicator to be turned on at the end of the record. The count should not reach zero and the channel should remain active. The tape is again stopped with a disconnect before the data is checked.

d. Block 4. This is the third physical block of 64-characters and is read with an IORD with a count of 56. The program waits for the channel to be inactive then checks to see if the channel ignored the last eight characters. If the tape was erroneously stopped after the 56th character it will show up as a failure on the first block of the next read pass.

#### 4.57 Test Program

4.58 Table 4-4 gives the test program for the 925/930 computers I/O extended mode.

#### 4.59 EXTENDED MODE I/O TEST PROGRAM FOR 9300 COMPUTER

4.60 This program tests as many of the extended I/O operations as possible with paper tape. Any 9300 computer with a typewriter attached to the W channel and a paper-tape punch and reader on any interlaced communication channel may be utilized. The W channel need not be interlaced for the typewriter.

4.61 The program occupies 83810 locations from 0177 to 1714g. It is supplied on paper tape with a self-loading bootstrap. To load, insert tape in tape reader and perform fill procedure.

#### 4.62 Fill

4.63 The fill procedure is as follows:

a. Press POWER switch on. When power is on, the switch is lighted.

b. Press IDLE switch.

c. With computer in IDLE, press RESET switch. This clears the D register and the program counter.

d. Press RUN switch. The computer now executes the instruction in the D register (which is a HALT instruction). The program counter advances to 00001.

e. Press PAPER TAPE LOAD switch. This switch causes an AIM 2 (0 32 00002) instruction to be inserted into the D register and clears the HALT instruction. Index 1 is loaded with 001 77771. The LOAD switch also prepares the channel to operate in the forward, binary, four character per word mode.

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 1 of 20)

800001642

MACHINE DEFINITION: 930/925

1 TYPE EQU 930

2 \*

3 \*

4 \* EXTENDED MODE I/O TEST PROGRAM. (925/930/9300 ALL CHANNELS)

5 \*

6 \* A.W. ENGLAND, SDS

7 \*

8 \*

9 \* THIS PROGRAM USES THE PAPER TAPE READER AND PUNCH TO CHECK THE  
 10 \* OPERATION OF THE I/O CHANNELS IN THE EXTENDED INTERLACE MODE OF  
 11 \* OPERATION. THE READER AND PUNCH MAY BE CONNECTED TO ANY INTERLACED  
 12 \* TMCC OR DACC. THEY NEED NOT BE ATTACHED TO THE SAME CHANNEL. THE  
 13 \* PROGRAM ADDRESSES THE KEYBOARD FOR INFORMATION ABOUT UNIT AND CHANNEL  
 14 \* SELECTION.

15 \* TO SELECT PUNCH TYPE: 'CU'P

16 \*

17 \* TO SELECT READER TYPE: 'CU'R

18 \*

19 \*

20 \* WHERE 'C' REPRESENTS CHANNEL NO. AND MAY HAVE THE VALUES 0-7;  
 21 \* AND 'U' REPRESENTS UNIT NO. AND MAY HAVE THE VALUE 1-2. THE LETTER  
 22 \* P OR R CAUSE THE SELECTION TO BE MADE WITH THE TWO PREVIOUS DIGITS.  
 23 \* SPACES SHOULD NOT BE TYPED BETWEEN DIGITS OR CONTROL CHARACTER.

24 \* TO START THE TEST TYPE: S

25 \*

26 \* PAGE

27 \*

28 \* BREAKPOINTS OR SENSE SWITCHES CONTROL THE RUNNING OF THE PROGRAM:

29 \* SWITCH

30 \* RESET

31 \* SET

32 \* -----

33 \* -----

34 \* -----

35 \* BP 1

36 \* RUN IN THE NORMAL MODE

37 \* STOP AT THE END OF THE CURRENT

38 \* SW 1

39 \* AS DETERMINED BY THE

40 \* PASS AND RETURN TO KEY BOARD

41 \* OTHER SWITCHES.

42 \* CONTROL

43 \*

44 \*

45 \*

46 \*

47 \*

48 \*

BP 2 CONTINUE TO RUN THE CYCLE TEST RUNS FROM READ TO  
 SW 2 TEST MODE SELECTED BY PUNCH TO READ, ETC.  
 SWITCH 3.

BP 3 SELECTS PUNCH MODE SELECTS READ MODE.  
 SW 3 (USED WHEN SWITCH 2 IS RESET OR WHEN STARTING THE TEST)

BP 4 STOP AND TYPE DIAGNOSTIC DO NOT STOP OR TYPE ON ERRORS.

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 2 of 20)

|      |  |                      |                              |
|------|--|----------------------|------------------------------|
| 49 * | SW 4   | MESSAGES WHENEVER AN | CONTINUE RUNNING REGARDLESS. |
| 50 * |  | ERROR OCCURS.        |                              |
| 51 * |  |                      |                              |
| 52 * |  |                      |                              |
| 53 * | NOTE: TO RUN CONTINUOUS FROM READ TO PUNCH THE OUTPUT OF THE PUNCH |                      |                              |
| 54 * | SHOULD BE FED INTO THE READER. A LOOP SHOULD BE USED TO RUN        |                      |                              |
| 55 * | CONTINUOUS ON THE READER.  |                      |                              |
| 56 * | PAGE   |                      |                              |
| 57 * |  |                      |                              |
| 58 * | THE FOLLOWING SECTION OF CODE DEFINES EITHER A 925/930 INSTRUCTION |                      |                              |
| 59 * | SET OR A 9300 INSTRUCTION SET. THIS IS DONE ON THE BASIS OF THE    |                      |                              |
| 60 * | MACHINE TYPE STATEMENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DECK.               |                      |                              |
| 61 * |  |                      |                              |
| 62 * |  |                      |                              |
| 63 * |  |                      |                              |
| 64 * |  |                      |                              |
| 65   | PR0C   |                      |                              |
| 66   | DF9300   | NAME                 |                              |
| 67   | \$INST   | FORM                 | 3,6,15                       |
| 68   | P  | PR0C                 | 1                            |
| 69   | \$LDX  | NAME                 | 017                          |
| 70   | \$STX  | NAME                 | 077                          |
| 71   | \$BRX  | NAME                 | 057                          |
| 72   |  | INST                 | (P(*1)*1/2)+1,P(0),P(1)      |
| 73   |  | END                  |                              |
| 74   | P  | PR0C                 | 1                            |
| 75   | \$XAB  | NAME                 | 037733                       |
| 76   | \$ABC  | NAME                 | 037731                       |
| 77   | \$BAC  | NAME                 | 037713                       |
| 78   | \$CLR  | NAME                 | 037711                       |
| 79   |  | INST                 | 0,040,P(0)                   |
| 80   |  | END                  |                              |
| 81   | P  | PR0C                 | 1                            |
| 82   | \$RSH  | NAME                 | 000                          |
| 83   | \$RCY  | NAME                 | 002                          |
| 84   | \$LSH  | NAME                 | 004                          |
| 85   | \$LCY  | NAME                 | 006                          |
| 86   | \$N0D  | NAME                 | 044                          |
| 87   | \$SHFT   | FORM                 | 3,6,6,9                      |
| 88   |  | SHFT                 | P(2),060,P(0),P(1)*0777      |
| 89   |  | END                  |                              |
| 90   | P  | PR0C                 | 1                            |
| 91   | \$MIN  | NAME                 | 071                          |
| 92   | \$MIB  | NAME                 | 030                          |
| 93   | \$BIM  | NAME                 | 032                          |
| 94   |  | INST                 | (P(*1)*1/2)+P(2),P(0),P(1)   |
| 95   |  | END                  |                              |
| 96 * |  |                      |                              |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 3 of 20)

```

97 $X      EQU      1
98 *
99      AORG      0177
100 $E9DC   DATA    04000000
101 *
102 $SWTFRM  FORM     3,6,3,12
103 Q       PRGC     1
104 $BPT    NAME     040000
105 $BVT    NAME     014040
106 $R0V    NAME     04000
107 $S0V    NAME     00040
108        SWTFRM    0,022,0(0)*/(-12)**7,0(0)**07777**+(0(1)>0)*/(6-0(1))
109        END
110        END
111 *
112        PRGC
113 DF930    NAME
114 *
115 * IF NOT A 9300 THEN DO THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS
116 *
117 P
118 $MIB     NAME     1
119 $BIM     NAME     012
120 INST     FORM     032
121        FORM     3,6,1,14
122        INST     P(2),P(0),P(*1),P(1)
123 *
124 $X      EQU      2
125 *
126 *
127        AORG      0177
128 $E9DC   DATA    04000000
129 *
130 *
131 N
132 $S0V    NAME
133        BRR       $,4
134        END
135 *
136 M
137 $BRC     NAME     1
138        DB        M(*1),1,2
139        BRU       M(1)
140        BRU       *$+1
141        PZE       M(1)
142        END
143 P       PRGC     1
144 $DSC     NAME     0

```

DEFINE INDEX IAG \*X\* FOR 2 ON 930

END CONSTANT

END CONSTANT

END CONSTANT

SET OVERFLOW

BRANCH AND CLEAR INTERRUPT

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 4 of 20)

|       |              |                          |   |                               |
|-------|--------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 145   | \$ALC        | NAME                     | 050000                                      |                               |
| 146   | \$ASC        | NAME                     | 012000                                      |                               |
| 147   | \$TSP        | NAME                     | 014000                                      |                               |
| 148   | I            | FORM                     | 3,6,15                                      |                               |
| 149   | I            | I                        | P(1)**2,(P(1)**4)*3++2,P(0)++(P(1)**1)*6    |                               |
| 150   |              | END                      |   |                               |
| 151   | P            | PR8C                     | I   |                               |
| 152   | \$CAT        | NAME                     | 014000                                      |                               |
| 153   | \$CET        | NAME                     | 011000                                      |                               |
| 154   | \$CIT        | NAME                     | 010400                                      |                               |
| 155   | \$CZT        | NAME                     | 012000                                      |                               |
| 156   | I            | FORM                     | 3,6,15                                      |                               |
| 157   | I            | I                        | P(1)**2,040,P(0)++(P(1)**4)*12++(P(1)**1)*6 |                               |
| 158   |              | END                      |   |                               |
| 159   |              | END                      |   |                               |
| 160   |              | D8                       | TYPE=9300                                   |                               |
| 161   |              | DF9300                   |   |                               |
| 162   |              | D8                       | TYPE<9300                                   |                               |
| 163   |              | DF930                    |   |                               |
| 164   |              | PAGE                     |   |                               |
| 165   | *            |                          |   |                               |
| 166   | *            | THE START OF THE PROGRAM |   |                               |
| 167   | *            |                          |   |                               |
| 168   |              | ABRG                     | 0200  | INITIALIZE RECOVERY LOCATIONS |
| 169   | BEGIN        | LDA                      | BRUG8                                       |                               |
| 170   |              | STA                      | I   |                               |
| 171   |              | STA                      | 032   |                               |
| 172   | BRUG8        | BRU                      | KYBD  |                               |
| 173   | KYBD         | EXU                      | RDIS  |                               |
| 174   |              | EXU                      | PDIS  |                               |
| 175   | G82          | CLR                      |   |                               |
| 176   |              | STA                      | T1  |                               |
| 177   |              | RKB                      | 0,1,1                                       |                               |
| 178   | G81          | BIM                      | T1+1  | READ CHARACTER                |
| 179   |              | LDA                      | T1+1  |                               |
| 180   |              | LDB                      | =077  | CHECK FOR CONTROL CHAR.       |
| 181   |              | SKM                      | = P   |                               |
| 182   |              | BRU                      | \$+2  |                               |
| 183   |              | BRU                      | P0  |                               |
| 184   |              | SKM                      | = R   |                               |
| 185   |              | BRU                      | \$+2  |                               |
| 186   |              | BRU                      | R0  |                               |
| 187   |              | SKM                      | = S   |                               |
| 188   |              | BRU                      | \$+2  |                               |
| 189   |              | BRM                      | S0  |                               |
| 190   |              | SKA                      | =070  | CHECK FOR DIGIT               |
| 191   |              | BRU                      | G82   | IF NOT CONTROL OR DIGIT CLEAR |
| 192   |              | LDB                      | T1  |                               |
| 00177 | 00400000     |                          |   |                               |
| 00200 |              |                          |   |                               |
| 00200 | 0 76 0 00203 |                          |   |                               |
| 00201 | 0 35 0 00031 |                          |   |                               |
| 00202 | 0 35 0 00032 |                          |   |                               |
| 00203 | 0 01 0 00234 |                          |   |                               |
| 00204 | 0 23 0 01241 |                          |   |                               |
| 00205 | 0 23 0 01231 |                          |   |                               |
| 00206 | 0 46 30003   |                          |   |                               |
| 00207 | 0 35 0 01444 |                          |   |                               |
| 00210 | 0 02 0 02031 |                          |   |                               |
| 00211 | 0 32 0 01445 |                          |   |                               |
| 00212 | 0 76 0 01445 |                          |   |                               |
| 00213 | 0 75 0 01636 |                          |   |                               |
| 00214 | 0 70 0 01637 |                          |   |                               |
| 00215 | 0 01 0 00217 |                          |   |                               |
| 00216 | 0 01 0 00233 |                          |   |                               |
| 00217 | 0 70 0 01640 |                          |   |                               |
| 00220 | 0 01 0 00222 |                          |   |                               |
| 00221 | 0 01 0 00256 |                          |   |                               |
| 00222 | 0 70 0 01641 |                          |   |                               |
| 00223 | 0 01 0 00225 |                          |   |                               |
| 00224 | 0 43 0 00317 |                          |   |                               |
| 00225 | 0 72 0 01642 |                          |   |                               |
| 00226 | 0 01 0 00236 |                          |   |                               |
| 00227 | 0 75 0 01444 |                          |   |                               |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 5 of 20)

|       |   |    |   |       |       |                               |              |                                      |
|-------|---|----|---|-------|-------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| 00230 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 01446 | 193   | STB                           | T1+2         | SAVE CHANNEL NUMBER IN T1+2          |
| 00231 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 01444 | 194   | STA                           | T1           | SAVE UNIT NUMBER IN T1               |
| 00232 | 0 | 01 | 0 | 00211 | 195   | BRU                           | G01          |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 196   | PAGE                          |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 197 * |                               |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 198 * | PUNCH CHANNEL SET UP ROUTINE  |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 199 * |                               |              |                                      |
| 00233 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 00323 | 200   | PO                            | MAKECH       | GET CHANNEL NO. BUILT. SAVED IN T1+2 |
| 00234 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 01643 | 201   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | UPDATE EOM/EOD'S                     |
| 00235 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 01234 | 202   | LDA                           | PALC+1,X     |                                      |
| 00236 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01644 | 203   | ETR                           | =050277677   |                                      |
| 00237 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01446 | 204   | MGR                           | T1+2         | INSERT CHANNEL DESIGNATION           |
| 00240 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 00235 | 205   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00241 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 00235 | 206   | BRX                           | \$-4         |                                      |
| 00242 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 01645 | 207   | LDX                           | =-3**0177777 | UPDATE SKS'S                         |
| 00243 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 01227 | 208   | LDA                           | PCET+1,X     |                                      |
| 00244 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01646 | 209   | ETR                           | =057737677   |                                      |
| 00245 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01447 | 210   | MGR                           | T1+3         |                                      |
| 00246 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 00243 | 211   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00247 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 00243 | 212   | BRX                           | \$-4         |                                      |
| 00250 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 01643 | 213   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | UPDATE CHANNEL COMMANDS              |
| 00251 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 01212 | 214   | LDA                           | PIOSD+2,X    |                                      |
| 00252 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01647 | 215   | ETR                           | =050277777   |                                      |
| 00253 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01450 | 216   | MGR                           | T1+4         |                                      |
| 00254 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 00251 | 217   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00255 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 00256 | 218   | BRX                           | \$+1         |                                      |
| 00256 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 00251 | 219   | BRX                           | \$-5         | UPDATE UNIT NO.                      |
| 00257 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 01230 | 220   | LDA                           | PTL          |                                      |
| 00260 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01650 | 221   | ETR                           | =-2          |                                      |
| 00261 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01444 | 222   | MGR                           | T1           |                                      |
| 00262 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 01230 | 223   | STA                           | PTL          |                                      |
| 00263 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01651 | 224   | MGR                           | =02000       | MAKE NO L. DER EOM                   |
| 00264 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 01227 | 225   | STA                           | PPT          |                                      |
| 00265 | 0 | 01 | 0 | 00234 | 226   | BRU                           | KYBD         |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 227 * |                               |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 228 * | READER CHANNEL SET UP ROUTINE |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 229 * |                               |              |                                      |
|       |   |    |   |       | 230 * |                               |              |                                      |
| 00266 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 00323 | 231   | PO                            | MAKECH       | GET CHANNEL NO. BUILT                |
| 00267 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 01643 | 232   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | UPDATE EOM/EOD'S                     |
| 00270 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 01244 | 233   | LDA                           | RALC+1,X     |                                      |
| 00271 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01644 | 234   | ETR                           | =050277677   |                                      |
| 00272 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 01446 | 235   | MGR                           | T1+2         |                                      |
| 00273 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 00270 | 236   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00274 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 00270 | 237   | BRX                           | \$-4         |                                      |
| 00275 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 01643 | 238   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | BUILD SKS'S                          |
| 00276 | 2 | 76 | 0 | 01240 | 239   | LDA                           | RCIT+1,X     |                                      |
| 00277 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 01646 | 240   | ETR                           | =057737677   |                                      |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 6 of 20)

|       |              |          |      |   |
|-------|--------------|----------|------|---|
| 00300 | 0 16 0 01447 | MRG      | T1+3 | BUILD CHANNEL COMMAND EOM/EOD'S<br>=10=0177777<br>R1ORD+2,X<br>=070277777 |
| 00301 | 0 35 1 00276 | STA      | S-3  |   |
| 00302 | 0 41 0 00276 | BRX      | S-4  |   |
| 00303 | 0 71 0 01652 | LDX      |      |   |
| 00304 | 2 76 0 01224 | LDA      |      |   |
| 00305 | 0 14 0 01653 | ETR      |      |   |
| 00306 | 0 16 0 01450 | MRG      | T1+4 |   |
| 00307 | 0 35 1 00304 | STA      | S-3  |   |
| 00310 | 0 41 0 00311 | BRX      | S+1  |   |
| 00311 | 0 41 0 00304 | BRX      | S-5  |   |
| 00312 | 0 76 0 01240 | LDA      | RPT  | BUILD RPT WITH UNIT NO.<br>=2   |
| 00313 | 0 14 0 01650 | ETR      |      |   |
| 00314 | 0 16 0 01444 | MRG      | T1   |   |
| 00315 | 0 35 0 01240 | STA      | RPT  |   |
| 00316 | 0 01 0 00204 | BRU      | KYBD |   |
| 256 * |              |          |      |   |
| 257 * |              |          |      |   |
| 258 * |              |          |      |   |
| 259 * |              |          |      |   |
| 260   | SO           | DSC      | 0    |   |
| 261   |              | BPT      | 3    |   |
| 262   |              | BRU      | IN   | DISCONNECT<br>START READ OR PUNCH?<br>READ<br>PUNCH                       |
| 263   |              | BRU      | OUT  |   |
| 264   |              | PAGE     |      |   |
| 265 * |              |          |      |   |
| 266 * |              |          |      |   |
| 267 * |              |          |      |   |
| 268   | MAKECH PZE   |          |      |   |
| 269   | CLR          |          |      |   |
| 270   | LDA          | T1+2     |      |   |
| 271   | SKA          | =4       |      |   |
| 272   | LDB          | EODC     | YES  | GET CH. NO.<br>EOD REQUIRED<br>YES<br>NO, SAVE EOD BIT.                   |
| 273   | STB          | T1+4     |      |   |
| 274   | ETR          | =3       |      |   |
| 275   | STA          | T1+2     |      |   |
| 276   | LDX          | T1+2     |      |   |
| 277   | LDA          | T1+4     |      |   |
| 278   | MRG          | MAKEIB,X |      |   |
| 279   | STA          | T1+2     |      |   |
| 280   | BAC          |          |      |   |
| 281   | SKA          | EODC     |      | BUILD EOM/EOD SELECTION<br>SAVE EOM<br>BUILD SKS SELECTION                |
| 282   | LDB          | =040000  |      |   |
| 283   | XAB          |          |      |   |
| 284   | MRG          | MAKEIB,X |      |   |
| 285   | STA          | T1+3     |      |   |
| 286   | LDA          | T1       |      |   |
| 287   | ETR          | =1       |      |   |
| 288   | EOR          | =1       |      |   |
| 00323 | 0 00 0 00000 |          |      | BUILD CHANNEL NO. SUBROUTINE  |
| 00324 | 0 46 30003   |          |      |   |
| 00325 | 0 76 0 01446 |          |      |   |
| 00326 | 0 72 0 01654 |          |      |   |
| 00327 | 0 75 0 00177 |          |      |   |
| 00330 | 0 36 0 01450 |          |      |   |
| 00331 | 0 14 0 01655 |          |      |   |
| 00332 | 0 35 0 01446 |          |      |   |
| 00333 | 0 71 0 01446 |          |      |   |
| 00334 | 0 76 0 01450 |          |      |   |
| 00335 | 2 16 0 00352 |          |      | BUILD EOM/EOD SELECTION<br>SAVE EOM<br>BUILD SKS SELECTION                |
| 00336 | 0 35 0 01446 |          |      |   |
| 00337 | 0 46 10012   |          |      |   |
| 00340 | 0 72 0 00177 |          |      |   |
| 00341 | 0 75 0 01656 |          |      |   |
| 00342 | 0 46 00014   |          |      |   |
| 00343 | 2 16 0 00352 |          |      |   |
| 00344 | 0 35 0 01447 |          |      |   |
| 00345 | 0 76 0 01444 |          |      |   |
| 00346 | 0 14 0 01657 |          |      |   |
| 00347 | 0 17 0 01657 |          |      |   |





4-22

|       |              |     |        |                                  |
|-------|--------------|-----|--------|----------------------------------|
| 00422 | 0 23 0 01233 | EXU | PALC   | LOAD CH. 10SD IMAGE,64           |
| 00423 | 0 23 0 01210 | LCH | PI0SD  |                                  |
| 00424 | 0 13 0 01211 |     |        |                                  |
| 00425 | 0 71 0 01643 | LDX | 0UT1   | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE:            |
| 00426 | 0 75 0 01657 | LDB |        | 10SD, 0UTPUT                     |
| 00427 | 0 76 0 00431 | LDA | PCATC  |                                  |
| 00430 | 0 43 0 00610 | BRM | WCZ    | WAIT FOR COUNT EQUAL ZERO        |
| 00431 | 0 23 0 01224 | EXU | PCAT   | CHAN. ACTIVE?                    |
| 00432 | 0 01 0 00431 | BRU | \$-1   | YES                              |
| 00433 | 0 23 0 01226 | EXU | PCET   | NO, ERROR?                       |
| 00434 | 0 40 20040   | BPT | 4      | YES, IS STOP ALLOWED?            |
| 00435 | 0 01 0 00437 | BRU | \$+2   | NO ERROR OR NO STOP              |
| 00436 | 0 01 0 00376 | BRU | 0UT2   | ERROR STOP ALLOWED               |
| 00437 | 0 43 0 00476 | BRM | 0UTPIN | GO PIN AND CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS |
| 00440 | 0 46 30003   | CLR |        |                                  |
| 00441 | 0 35 0 01452 | STA | PRF    | R(PUNCH REPEAT)                  |
| 00442 | 0 23 0 01230 | EXU | PTL    |                                  |
| 00443 | 0 23 0 01233 | EXU | PALC   |                                  |
| 00444 | 0 23 0 01210 | LCH | PI0SD  | LOAD 10SD IMAGE,64               |
| 00445 | 0 13 0 01211 |     |        |                                  |
| 00446 | 0 71 0 01643 | LDX |        | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE:            |
| 00447 | 0 75 0 01657 | LDB |        |                                  |
| 00450 | 0 76 0 00431 | LDA | PCATC  |                                  |
| 00451 | 0 43 0 00610 | BRM | WCZ    |                                  |
| 00452 | 0 23 0 01224 | EXU | PCAT   | CHAN. ACTIVE?                    |
| 00453 | 0 01 0 00452 | BRU | \$-1   | YES                              |
| 00454 | 0 23 0 01226 | EXU | PCET   | NO, CHAN. ERROR                  |
| 00455 | 0 40 20040   | BPT | 4      | YES, IS ERROR STOP ALLOWED       |
| 00456 | 0 01 0 00450 | BRU | \$+2   | NO,NO                            |
| 00457 | 0 01 0 00376 | BRU | 0UT2   | YES                              |
| 00460 | 0 43 0 00476 | BRM | 0UTPIN | GO PIN AND CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS |
| 00461 | 0 53 0 01452 | SKN | PRF    | PUNCH REPEAT                     |
| 00462 | 0 01 0 00454 | BRU | \$+2   | RESET                            |
| 00463 | 0 01 0 00457 | BRU | 0UT3   | SET                              |
| 00464 | 0 76 0 01670 | LDA | =-1    | S(PUNCH REPEAT)                  |
| 00465 | 0 35 0 01452 | STA | PRF    |                                  |
| 00466 | 0 01 0 00442 | BRU | 0UT1A  |                                  |
| 00467 | 0 40 20400   |     |        |                                  |
| 00470 | 0 01 0 00234 |     |        |                                  |
| 00471 | 0 40 20200   |     |        |                                  |
| 00472 | 0 01 0 00640 |     |        |                                  |
| 00473 | 0 40 20100   |     |        |                                  |
| 00474 | 0 01 0 00640 |     |        |                                  |
| 00475 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00476 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00477 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00478 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00479 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00480 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00481 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00482 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00483 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00484 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00485 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00486 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00487 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00488 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00489 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00490 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00491 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00492 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00493 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00494 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00495 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00496 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00497 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00498 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00499 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00500 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00501 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00502 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00503 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00504 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00505 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00506 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00507 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00508 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00509 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00510 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00511 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00512 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00513 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00514 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00515 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00516 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00517 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00518 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00519 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00520 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00521 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00522 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00523 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00524 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00525 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00526 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00527 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00528 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00529 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00530 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00531 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00532 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00533 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00534 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00535 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00536 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00537 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00538 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00539 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00540 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00541 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00542 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00543 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00544 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00545 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00546 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00547 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00548 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00549 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00550 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00551 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00552 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00553 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00554 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00555 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00556 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00557 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00558 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00559 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00560 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00561 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00562 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00563 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00564 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00565 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00566 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00567 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00568 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00569 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00570 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00571 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00572 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00573 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00574 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00575 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00576 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00577 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00578 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00579 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00580 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00581 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00582 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00583 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00584 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00585 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00586 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00587 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00588 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00589 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00590 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00591 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00592 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00593 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00594 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00595 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00596 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00597 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00598 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00599 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00600 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00601 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00602 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00603 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00604 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00605 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00606 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00607 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00608 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00609 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00610 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00611 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00612 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00613 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00614 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00615 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00616 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00617 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00618 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00619 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00620 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00621 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00622 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00623 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00624 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00625 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00626 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00627 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00628 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00629 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00630 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00631 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00632 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00633 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00634 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00635 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00636 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00637 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00638 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00639 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00640 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00641 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00642 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00643 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00644 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00645 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00646 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00647 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00648 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00649 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00650 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00651 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00652 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00653 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00654 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00655 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00656 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00657 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00658 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00659 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00660 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00661 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00662 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00663 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00664 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00665 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00666 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00667 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00668 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00669 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00670 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00671 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00672 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00673 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00674 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00675 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00676 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00677 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00678 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00679 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00680 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00681 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00682 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00683 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00684 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00685 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00686 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00687 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00688 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00689 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00690 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00691 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00692 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00693 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00694 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00695 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00696 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00697 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00698 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00699 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00700 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00701 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00702 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00703 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00704 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00705 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00706 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00707 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00708 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00709 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00710 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00711 | 0 01 0 00356 |     |        |                                  |
| 00712 | 0 01 0 003   |     |        |                                  |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 9 of 20)

| Address   | Operation   | Comments |
|-----------|---|----------|
| 00476     | 0 00 0 00030  |          |
| 00477     | 0 23 0 01232  |          |
| 00500     | 0 33 0 01444  |          |
| 00501     | 0 76 0 01444  |          |
| 00502     | 0 17 0 01671  |          |
| 00503     | 0 72 0 01670  |          |
| 00504     | 0 40 20040  |          |
| 00505     | 0 51 0 00476  |          |
| 00506     | 0 37 0 01445  |          |
| 00507     | 0 46 00014  |          |
| 00510     | 0 16 0 01635  |          |
| 00511     | 0 35 0 00530  |          |
| 00512     | 0 76 0 01671  |          |
| 00513     | 0 43 0 00537  |          |
| 00514     | 0 35 0 00577  |          |
| 00515     | 0 36 0 00630  |          |
| 00516     | 0 76 0 01444  |          |
| 00517     | 0 43 0 00537  |          |
| 00520     | 0 35 0 00635  |          |
| 00521     | 0 36 0 00636  |          |
| 00522     | 0 23 0 01231  |          |
| 00523     | 0 71 0 01672  |          |
| 00524     | 0 02 0 02641  |          |
| 00525     | 2 12 0 00574  |          |
| 00526     | 0 41 0 00525  |          |
| 00527     | 0 71 0 01445  |          |
| 00530     | 0 12 0 00030  |          |
| 00531     | 0 61 0 00530  |          |
| 00532     | 0 41 0 00530  |          |
| 00533     | 0 71 0 01673  |          |
| 00534     | 2 12 0 00610  |          |
| 00535     | 0 41 0 00534  |          |
| 00536     | 0 01 0 00412  |          |
| 413 *     |   |          |
| 414 *     |   |          |
| 415 *     | SUBROUTINE TO MAKE ONE WORD INTO 3 BCD OCTAL DIGITS |          |
| 416 *     |   |          |
| 417 MK9CT | PZE   | 0        |
| 418       | LDX   | 0        |
| 419       | ABC   | 0        |
| 420       | LSH   | 3        |
| 421       | STA   | T1+10,X  |
| 422       | LDA   | =0       |
| 423       | BRX   | \$-3     |
| 424       | CLR   |          |
| 425       | LDX   | 0        |
| 426       | LCY   | 6        |
| 00537     | 0 00 0 00030  |          |
| 00540     | 0 71 0 01674  |          |
| 00541     | 0 46 20005  |          |
| 00542     | 0 6700 003  |          |
| 00543     | 2 35 0 01436  |          |
| 00544     | 0 76 0 01675  |          |
| 00545     | 0 41 0 00542  |          |
| 00546     | 0 46 30003  |          |
| 00547     | 0 71 0 01674  |          |
| 00550     | 0 6720 006  |          |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 10 of 20)

|       |              |            |  |  |
|-------|--------------|------------|--|--|
| 00551 | 2 16 0 01436 | 427        | MRG  | 11+10,X  |
| 00552 | 0 41 0 00550 | 428        | BRX  | \$-2   |
| 00553 | 0 46 00014   | 429        | XAB  |  |
| 00554 | 0 51 0 00537 | 430        | BRR  | MK0CT  |
|       |              | 431 *      |  | EXIT   |
|       |              | 432 *      |  |  |
| 00555 | 52254524     | 433 *      | ERROR MESSAGES FOR CHANNEL ADDRESS TEST SUBROUTINE |  |
| 00556 | 12212424     | 434 *      |  |  |
| 00557 | 51256262     | 435 0TPNM  | BCD  | 52, JEND ADDRESS FROM CHANNEL DID NOT AGREE WITH EXPECTE |
| 00560 | 12265146     |            |  |  |
| 00561 | 44122330     |            |  |  |
| 00562 | 21454525     |            |  |  |
| 00563 | 43122431     |            |  |  |
| 00564 | 24124546     |            |  |  |
| 00565 | 63122127     |            |  |  |
| 00566 | 51252512     |            |  |  |
| 00567 | 66316330     |            |  |  |
| 00570 | 12256747     |            |  |  |
| 00571 | 25236325     |            |  |  |
| 00572 | 24122126     | 436        | BCD  | 8,D AFTER  |
| 00573 | 63255112     | 437        | BCD  | 12, EXPECTED   |
| 00574 | 25674725     |            |  |  |
| 00575 | 23632524     |            |  |  |
| 00576 | 12121212     |            |  |  |
| 00577 | 00000000     | 438 0TPNM1 | DATA   | 0,0  |
| 00600 | 00000000     |            |  |  |
| 00601 | 73121252     | 439        | BCD  | 16,, JRECEIVED   |
| 00602 | 51252325     |            |  |  |
| 00603 | 31652524     |            |  |  |
| 00604 | 12121212     |            |  |  |
| 00605 | 00000000     | 440 0TPNM2 | DATA   | 0,0  |
| 00606 | 00000000     |            |  |  |
| 00607 | 33125252     | 441        | BCD  | 4,, 11   |
|       |              | 442        | PAGE   |  |
|       |              | 443 *      |  |  |
|       |              | 444 *      | WAIT FOR COUNT EQUAL ZERO SUBROUTINE.              |  |
|       |              | 445 *      |  |  |
| 00610 | 0 00 0 00030 | 446 WCZ    | PZE  | ENTRY  |
| 00611 | 0 35 0 00617 | 447        | STA  | SAVE R/PCAT  |
| 00612 | 0 55 0 01657 | 448        | ADD  | MAKE A CZI   |
| 00613 | 0 35 0 00614 | 449        | STA  | SAVE R/PCZI  |
| 00614 | 0 40 12000   | 450        | CZI  | C = 02?  |
| 00615 | 0 01 0 00617 | 451        | BRU  | NO   |
| 00616 | 0 51 0 00610 | 452        | BRR  | YES  |
| 00617 | 0 40 14000   | 453        | CAT  | CHANNEL ACTIVE?  |
| 00620 | 0 01 0 00614 | 454        | BRU  | YES  |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 11 of 20)

|       |   |    |         |           |               |              |                                   |
|-------|---|----|---------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| 00621 | 0 | 40 | 20040   | 455       | BPT           | 4            | NO, INHIBIT ERRORS                |
| 00622 | 0 | 51 | 0 00610 | 456       | BRR           | UCZ          | YES                               |
| 00623 | 0 | 37 | 0 01444 | 457       | STX           | TI           | NO, PRINT ERROR MESSAGE           |
| 00624 | 0 | 46 | 00014   | 458       | XAB           |              |                                   |
| 00625 | 0 | 16 | 0 01635 | 459       | MRG           | MIBX         |                                   |
| 00626 | 0 | 35 | 0 00634 | 460       | STA           | \$+6         |                                   |
| 00627 | 0 | 71 | 0 01676 | 461       | LDX           | LDX          | =-13**0177777                     |
| 00630 | 0 | 02 | 0 02641 | 462       | TYP           | 0,1,4        |                                   |
| 00631 | 2 | 12 | 0 01530 | 463       | MIB           | DISMSG+13,X  |                                   |
| 00632 | 0 | 41 | 0 00631 | 464       | BRX           | \$-1         |                                   |
| 00633 | 0 | 71 | 0 01444 | 465       | LDX           | TI           |                                   |
| 00634 | 0 | 12 | 0 00030 | 466       | MIB           | OU           |                                   |
| 00635 | 0 | 51 | 0 00634 | 467       | MIN           | \$-1         |                                   |
| 00636 | 0 | 41 | 0 00634 | 468       | BRX           | \$-2         |                                   |
| 00637 | 0 | 01 | 0 00412 | 469       | BRU           | G0T9P        |                                   |
|       |   |    |         | 470       | PAGE          |              |                                   |
|       |   |    |         | 471 *     |               |              |                                   |
|       |   |    |         | 472 *     | INPUT SECTION |              |                                   |
|       |   |    |         | 473 *     |               |              |                                   |
| 00640 | 0 | 43 | 0 01177 | 474 IN    | BRM           | STARTP       | START READER                      |
| 00641 | 0 | 02 | 20001   | 475       | ROV           |              |                                   |
| 00642 | 0 | 23 | 0 01243 | 476       | EXU           | RALC         | ALERT                             |
| 00643 | 0 | 23 | 0 01212 | 477       | LCH           | R10SD        | LOAD 10SD BUFFER,64               |
| 00644 | 0 | 13 | 0 01213 |           |               |              |                                   |
| 00645 | 0 | 23 | 0 01235 | 478 INOB  | EXU           | RCZT         | C=0                               |
| 00646 | 0 | 01 | 0 00657 | 479       | BRU           | INC          | NO                                |
| 00647 | 0 | 23 | 0 01234 | 480 RCATC | EXU           | RCAT         | YES, CHAN. ACTIVE                 |
| 00650 | 0 | 40 | 20040   | 481       | BPT           | 4            | YES, ERROR STOP PERMITTED         |
| 00651 | 0 | 01 | 0 00670 | 482       | BRU           | INOA         | NO, NO CONT.                      |
| 00652 | 0 | 71 | 0 01676 | 483       | LDX           | LDX          | YES                               |
| 00653 | 0 | 02 | 0 02641 | 484       | TYP           | 0,1,4        |                                   |
| 00654 | 2 | 12 | 0 01525 | 485       | MIB           | ERMSG4+13,X  |                                   |
| 00655 | 0 | 41 | 0 00654 | 486       | BRX           | \$-1         |                                   |
| 00656 | 0 | 01 | 0 00412 | 487       | BRU           | G0T9P        |                                   |
|       |   |    |         | 488 *     |               |              |                                   |
| 00657 | 0 | 23 | 0 01234 | 489 INO   | EXU           | RCAT         | CHAN. ACTIVE STILL?               |
| 00660 | 0 | 01 | 0 00645 | 490       | BRU           | INOB         | YES                               |
| 00661 | 0 | 23 | 0 01235 | 491       | EXU           | RCZT         | NO, C=0                           |
| 00662 | 0 | 01 | 0 00654 | 492       | BRU           | \$+2         | NO                                |
| 00663 | 0 | 01 | 0 00670 | 493       | BRU           | INOA         | YES                               |
| 00664 | 0 | 71 | 0 01645 | 494       | LDX           | LDX          | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE              |
| 00665 | 0 | 75 | 0 01677 | 495       | LDB           | =-3**0177777 |                                   |
| 00666 | 0 | 76 | 0 00647 | 496       | LDA           | RCATC        |                                   |
| 00667 | 0 | 43 | 0 00610 | 497       | BRM           | WCZ          | GO DO DISCONNECT ERROR TEST       |
| 00670 | 0 | 76 | 0 01730 | 498 INOA  | LDA           | LDA          | BL9CK NO. 1                       |
| 00671 | 0 | 75 | 0 01731 | 499       | LDB           | =033120152   | END ADDRESS EXPECTED              |
| 00672 | 0 | 43 | 0 01055 | 500       | BRM           | =BUFFER+64   | GO CHECK DATA                     |
| 00673 | 0 | 43 | 0 01177 | 501 INI   | BRM           | CHECK        | START READER IF DATA CHECKED O.K. |
|       |   |    |         |           |               | STARTP       |                                   |

4-26

|       |       |      |         |     |               |                           |
|-------|-------|------|---------|-----|---------------|---------------------------|
| 502   | 00674 | 0 02 | 20001   | R0V | R0C           | LOAD I0SP BUFFER,65       |
| 503   | 00675 | 0 23 | 0 01243 | EXU | R0C           |                           |
| 504   | 00676 | 0 23 | 0 01214 | LCH | R10SP         |                           |
| 505   | 00700 | 0 76 | 0 01670 | LDA | --1           |                           |
| 506   | 00701 | 0 35 | 0 01451 | STA | SPF           | S(I0SP INPUT)             |
| 507   | 00702 | 0 23 | 0 01237 | EXU | RCIT          | INTERRECORD CONDITION     |
| 508   | 00703 | 0 01 | 0 00735 | BRU | \$+2          | N0                        |
| 509   | 00704 | 0 01 | 0 00732 | BRU | IN2           | YES                       |
| 510   | 00705 | 0 23 | 0 01234 | EXU | RCAT          | CHAN. ACTIVE              |
| 511   | 00706 | 0 01 | 0 00716 | BRU | IN1A          | YES                       |
| 512   | 00707 | 0 40 | 20040   | BPT | 4             | N0, ERROR STOP PERMITTED  |
| 513   | 00710 | 0 01 | 0 00732 | BRU | IN2           | N0                        |
| 514   | 00711 | 0 71 | 0 01672 | LDX | --15**0177777 | YES                       |
| 515   | 00712 | 0 02 | 0 02641 | TYP | 0,1,4         |                           |
| 516   | 00713 | 2 12 | 0 01547 | MIB | ERMSG6+15,X   |                           |
| 517   | 00714 | 0 41 | 0 00713 | BRX | \$-1          |                           |
| 518   | 00715 | 0 01 | 0 00412 | BRU | G0T0P         |                           |
| 519 * |       |      |         |     |               |                           |
| 520   | 00716 | 0 23 | 0 01235 | EXU | RCZT          | C=0                       |
| 521   | 00717 | 0 01 | 0 00732 | BRU | IN4           | N0                        |
| 522   | 00720 | 0 23 | 0 01237 | EXU | RCIT          | YES, CHAN. INTER-RECORD   |
| 523   | 00721 | 0 01 | 0 00732 | BRU | IN2           | N0                        |
| 524   | 00722 | 0 40 | 20040   | BPT | 4             | YES, ERROR STOP PERMITTED |
| 525   | 00723 | 0 01 | 0 00732 | BRU | IN2           | N0                        |
| 526   | 00724 | 0 23 | 0 01241 | EXU | RDIS          | YES, STOP TAPE            |
| 527   | 00725 | 0 71 | 0 01732 | LDX | --17**0177777 |                           |
| 528   | 00726 | 0 02 | 0 02641 | TYP | 0,1,4         |                           |
| 529   | 00727 | 2 12 | 0 01570 | MIB | ERMSG7+17,X   |                           |
| 530   | 00730 | 0 41 | 0 00727 | BRX | \$-1          |                           |
| 531   | 00731 | 0 01 | 0 00412 | BRU | G0T0P         |                           |
| 532 * |       |      |         |     |               |                           |
| 533   | 00732 | 0 23 | 0 01236 | EXU | RCET          | IF CHANNEL ERROR          |
| 534   | 00733 | 4 51 | 0 00733 | S0V |               | SET OVERFLOW              |
| 535   | 00734 | 0 23 | 0 01241 | EXU | RDIS          | STOP TAPE                 |
| 536   | 00735 | 0 53 | 0 01451 | SKN | SPF           | I0SP INPUT FLAG           |
| 537   | 00736 | 0 01 | 0 00756 | BRU | IN3           | RESET                     |
| 538   | 00737 | 0 76 | 0 01733 | LDA | =033120252    | SET, GET BLOCK N0. 2      |
| 539   | 00740 | 0 75 | 0 01444 | LDB | BUFFER+64     | END ADDRESS EXPECTED      |
| 540   | 00741 | 0 43 | 0 01055 | BRM | CHECK         | CHECK DATA INPUT          |
| 541 * |       |      |         |     |               | IF CORRECT CONTINUE.      |
| 542   | 00742 | 0 43 | 0 01177 | BRM | STARTP        | START TAPE                |
| 543   | 00743 | 0 02 | 20001   | R0V |               |                           |
| 544   | 00744 | 0 23 | 0 01243 | EXU | R0LC          | ALERT                     |
| 545   | 00745 | 0 23 | 0 01216 | LCH | R10SP1        | LOAD I0SP BUFFER,32       |
| 546   | 00746 | 0 13 | 0 01217 | LDX | --3**0177777  | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE      |
| 547   | 00747 | 0 71 | 0 01645 | LDB | =ERMSG8       |                           |
|       | 00750 | 0 75 | 0 01734 |     |               |                           |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program. (Sheet 13 of 20)

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 14 of 20)

|       |              |                |                              |               |
|-------|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| 01027 | 0 46 30003   | 594            | CLR                          |               |
| 01030 | 2 76 0 01444 | 595            | LDA                          | BUFFER+64,X   |
| 01031 | 0 6700 003   | 596            | LSH                          | 3             |
| 01032 | 2 16 0 01444 | 597            | MRG                          | BUFFER+64,X   |
| 01033 | 0 14 0 01710 | 598            | ETR                          | =0707         |
| 01034 | 0 16 0 01711 | 599            | MRG                          | =052120000    |
| 01035 | 0 6700 006   | 600            | LSH                          | 6             |
| 01036 | 2 35 0 01055 | 601            | STA                          | MSGIMG+8,X    |
| 01037 | 0 41 0 01030 | 602            | BRX                          | IN3D          |
| 01040 | 0 71 0 01712 | 603            | LDX                          | =-19**0177777 |
| 01041 | 0 02 0 02641 | 604            | TYP                          | 0.1,4         |
| 01042 | 2 12 0 01616 | 605            | MIB                          | ERMSG9+19,X   |
| 01043 | 0 41 0 01042 | 606            | BRX                          | \$-1          |
| 01044 | 0 02 14000   | 607            | TOP                          | 0             |
| 01045 | 0 40 14000   | 608            | CAT                          | 0             |
| 01046 | 0 01 0 01045 | 609            | BRU                          | \$-1          |
| 01047 | 0 02 0 02041 | 610            | TYP                          | 0.1,1         |
| 01050 | 0 71 0 01674 | 611            | LDX                          | =-8**0177777  |
| 01051 | 2 12 0 01055 | 612            | MIB                          | MSGIMG+8,X    |
| 01052 | 0 41 0 01051 | 613            | BRX                          | \$-1          |
| 01053 | 0 12 0 01533 | 614            | MIB                          | ERMSG1+3      |
| 01054 | 0 01 0 00412 | 615            | BRU                          | GOTOP         |
|       |              | 616 *          |                              |               |
| 01055 |              | 617 *          |                              |               |
|       |              | 618 MSGIMG RES | 8                            |               |
|       |              | 619            | PAGE                         |               |
|       |              | 620 *          |                              |               |
|       |              | 621 *          | CHECK INPUT DATA SUBROUTINE. |               |
|       |              | 622 *          |                              |               |
| 01065 | 0 00 0 00030 | 623            | CHECK                        | PZE           |
| 01066 | 0 35 0 01626 | 624            | STA                          | ERMSG0+6      |
| 01067 | 0 23 0 01236 | 625            | EXU                          | RCET          |
| 01070 | 0 01 0 01141 | 626            | BRU                          | PARERR        |
| 01071 | 0 40 20001   | 627            | 0VT                          |               |
| 01072 | 0 01 0 01141 | 628            | BRU                          | PARERR        |
| 01073 | 0 23 0 01242 | 629            | EXU                          | RASC          |
| 01074 | 0 33 0 01444 | 630            | PIN                          | T1            |
| 01075 | 0 36 0 01445 | 631            | SIB                          | T1+1          |
| 01076 | 0 76 0 01444 | 632            | LDA                          | T1            |
| 01077 | 0 17 0 01445 | 633            | EOR                          | T1+1          |
| 01100 | 0 72 0 01670 | 634            | SKA                          | =-1           |
| 01101 | 0 01 0 01154 | 635            | BRU                          | PINERR        |
| 01102 | 0 71 0 01650 | 636            | CHECK2                       | LDX           |
| 01103 | 0 76 0 01675 | 637            | LDA                          | =0C           |
| 01104 | 0 75 0 01636 | 638            | LDB                          | =077          |
| 01105 | 2 70 0 01444 | 639            | SKM                          | BUFFER+64,X   |
| 01106 | 0 01 0 01112 | 640            | BRU                          | CHECK1        |
| 01107 | 0 55 0 01657 | 641            | ADD                          | =1            |

SAVE BLOCK NO.  
CHECK FOR ERROR  
GO TO PARITY ERROR ROUTINE  
CHECK FOR PREVIOUSLY NOTED ERROR  
GO TO PARITY ERROR ROUTINE  
STORE CHANNEL ADDRESS  
  
SAVE EXPECTED  
  
COMPARE ACTUAL WITH EXPECTED  
AGREE  
NO  
YES  
  
CHECK INPUT BUFFER  
ERROR



Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 15 of 20)

|       |              |        |               |                                |
|-------|--------------|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 01110 | 0 41 0 01135 | BRX    | \$-3          | EXIT IF ALL CORRECT            |
| 01111 | 0 51 0 01055 | BRR    | CHECK         |                                |
| 642   |              |        |               |                                |
| 643   |              |        |               |                                |
| 644 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 645   | 0 40 20040   | BPT    | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED?          |
| 646   | 0 51 0 01055 | BRR    | CHECK         | NO, EXIT                       |
| 647   | 0 35 0 01444 | STA    | T1            | YES                            |
| 648   | 0 6700 003   | LSH    | 3             | FORMAT EXPECTED                |
| 649   | 0 16 0 01444 | MRG    | T1            |                                |
| 650   | 0 14 0 01710 | ETR    | =0707         |                                |
| 651   | 0 6700 006   | LSH    | 6             |                                |
| 652   | 0 16 0 01713 | MRG    | =012000052    |                                |
| 653   | 0 35 0 01631 | STA    | ERMSG0+9      | STORE EXPECTED                 |
| 654   | 2 76 0 01444 | LDA    | BUFFER+64,X   | FORMAT RECEIVED                |
| 655   | 0 5600 003   | ASH    | 3             |                                |
| 656   | 2 76 0 01444 | LDA    | BUFFER+64,X   |                                |
| 657   | 0 6700 003   | LSH    | 3             |                                |
| 658   | 0 14 0 01710 | ETR    | =0707         |                                |
| 659   | 0 6700 006   | LSH    | 6             |                                |
| 660   | 0 16 0 01713 | MRG    | =012000052    |                                |
| 661   | 0 35 0 01634 | STA    | ERMSG0+12     | STORE RECEIVED                 |
| 662   | 0 71 0 01676 | LDX    | =-13**0177777 |                                |
| 663   | 0 23 0 01241 | EXU    | RDIS          | DISCONNECT READER CHANNEL      |
| 664   | 0 02 0 02641 | TYP    | 0.1,4         |                                |
| 665   | 2 12 0 01635 | MIB    | ERMSG0+13,X   |                                |
| 666   | 0 41 0 01136 | BRX    | \$-1          |                                |
| 667   | 0 01 0 00412 | BRU    | G0T0P         |                                |
| 668 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 669 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 670 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 671   | 0 40 20040   | PARERR | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED?          |
| 672   | 0 51 0 01055 | BRR    | CHECK         | NO                             |
| 673   | 0 23 0 01241 | EXU    | RDIS          | YES, DISCONNECT READER CHANNEL |
| 674   | 0 02 0 02641 | TYP    | 0.1,4         |                                |
| 675   | 0 71 0 01714 | LDX    | =-9**0177777  |                                |
| 676   | 2 12 0 01627 | MIB    | ERMSGP+9,X    | OUTPUT PARITY ERROR MESSAGE    |
| 677   | 0 41 0 01146 | BRX    | \$-1          |                                |
| 678   | 0 02 14000   | T0P    | 0             |                                |
| 679   | 0 40 14000   | CAT    | 0             |                                |
| 680   | 0 01 0 01151 | BRU    | \$-1          |                                |
| 681   | 0 01 0 01132 | BRU    | CHECK2        | RETURN TO CHECK NUMBERS        |
| 682 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 683 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 684 * |              |        |               |                                |
| 685   | 0 40 20040   | PINERR | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED           |
| 686   | 0 01 0 01132 | BRU    | CHECK2        | NO                             |
| 687   | 0 76 0 01444 | LDA    | T1            | YES                            |
| 688   | 0 43 0 00537 | BRM    | MK0CT         | EXPAND ACTUAL TO BCD           |
| 689   | 0 35 0 00635 | STA    | 0TPNM2        | SAVE                           |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 16 of 20)

|       |              |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
|-------|--------------|-------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 01161 | 0 36 0 00636 | 690   | STB                          | 0TPNM2+1      |                                 |  |
| 01162 | 0 76 0 01445 | 691   | LDA                          | T1+1          | EXPAND EXPECTED TO BCD          |  |
| 01163 | 0 43 0 00537 | 692   | BRM                          | MK6CT         |                                 |  |
| 01164 | 0 35 0 00577 | 693   | STA                          | 0TPNM1        | SAVE                            |  |
| 01165 | 0 36 0 00630 | 694   | STB                          | 0TPNM1+1      |                                 |  |
| 01166 | 0 23 0 01241 | 695   | EXU                          | RDIS          | DISCONNECT READER               |  |
| 01167 | 0 02 0 02641 | 696   | TYP                          | 0.1.4         |                                 |  |
| 01170 | 0 71 0 01672 | 697   | LDX                          | =-J5**0177777 |                                 |  |
| 01171 | 2 12 0 00574 | 698   | MIB                          | 0TPNM+15.X    | OUTPUT GENERAL MESSAGE          |  |
| 01172 | 0 41 0 01171 | 699   | BRX                          | \$-1          | OUTPUT BLOCK NO.                |  |
| 01173 | 0 12 0 01624 | 700   | MIB                          | ERMSG0+4      |                                 |  |
| 01174 | 0 12 0 01625 | 701   | MIB                          | ERMSG0+5      |                                 |  |
| 01175 | 0 12 0 01626 | 702   | MIB                          | ERMSG0+6      |                                 |  |
| 01176 | 0 01 0 00533 | 703   | BRU                          | 0TPIN2        | GO OUTPUT RECEIVED AND EXPECTED |  |
|       |              | 704 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 705 * | START TAPE READER SUBROUTINE |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 706 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01177 | 0 00 0 00030 | 707   | STARTP                       | PZE           |                                 |  |
| 01200 | 0 71 0 01650 | 708   | LDX                          | =-64**0177777 |                                 |  |
| 01201 | 0 46 30003   | 709   | CLR                          |               |                                 |  |
| 01202 | 2 35 0 01444 | 710   | STA                          | BUFFER+64.X   | CLEAR BUFFER                    |  |
| 01203 | 0 41 0 01232 | 711   | BRX                          | \$-1          |                                 |  |
| 01204 | 0 23 0 01240 | 712   | EXU                          | RPT           | START TAPE                      |  |
| 01205 | 0 51 0 01177 | 713   | BRK                          | STARTP        | EXIT                            |  |
|       |              | 714   | PAGE                         |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 715 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 716 * | I/O CHANNEL COMMANDS         |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 717 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01206 | 002 146 0 30 | 718   | P10SP                        | I0SP          | IMAGE,64                        |  |
| 01207 | 0100 01244   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01210 | 002 142 0 30 | 719   | P10SD                        | I0SD          | IMAGE,64                        |  |
| 01211 | 0100 01244   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 720 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01212 | 002 142 0 30 | 721   | R10SD                        | I0SD          | BUFFER,64                       |  |
| 01213 | 0100 01344   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01214 | 002 146 0 30 | 722   | R10SP                        | I0SP          | BUFFER,65                       |  |
| 01215 | 0101 01344   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01216 | 002 146 0 30 | 723   | R10SP1                       | I0SP          | BUFFER,32                       |  |
| 01217 | 0040 01344   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01220 | 002 144 0 30 | 724   | R10RP                        | I0RP          | BUFFER+32,33                    |  |
| 01221 | 0041 01404   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01222 | 002 140 0 30 | 725   | R10RD                        | I0RD          | BUFFER,56                       |  |
| 01223 | 0070 01344   |       |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 726 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 727 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 728 * | I/O CHANNEL INSTRUCTIONS.    |               |                                 |  |
|       |              | 729 * |                              |               |                                 |  |
| 01224 | 0 40 14000   | 730   | PCAT                         | CAT           | 0                               |  |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 17 of 20)

|       |              |       |                                      |      |   |
|-------|--------------|-------|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| 01225 | 0 40 12000   | 731   | PCZI                                 | CZI  | 0   |
| 01226 | 0 40 11000   | 732   | PCET                                 | CET  | 0   |
|       |              | 733 * |                                      |      |   |
| 01227 | 0 02 0 02044 | 734   | PPT                                  | PPT  | 0,1,1   |
| 01230 | 0 02 0 00044 | 735   | PTL                                  | PTL  | 0,1,1   |
| 01231 | 0 02 00000   | 736   | PDIS                                 | DSC  | 0   |
| 01232 | 0 02 12000   | 737   | PASC                                 | ASC  | 0   |
| 01233 | 0 02 50000   | 738   | PALC                                 | ALC  | 0   |
|       |              | 739 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 740 * |                                      |      |   |
| 01234 | 0 40 14000   | 741   | RCAT                                 | CAT  | 0   |
| 01235 | 0 40 12000   | 742   | RCZI                                 | CZI  | 0   |
| 01236 | 0 40 11000   | 743   | RCET                                 | CET  | 0   |
| 01237 | 0 40 10400   | 744   | RCIT                                 | CIT  | 0   |
|       |              | 745 * |                                      |      |   |
| 01240 | 0 02 0 02034 | 746   | RPT                                  | RPT  | 0,1,1   |
| 01241 | 0 02 00000   | 747   | RDIS                                 | DSC  | 0   |
| 01242 | 0 02 12000   | 748   | RASC                                 | ASC  | 0   |
| 01243 | 0 02 50000   | 749   | RALC                                 | ALC  | 0   |
|       |              | 750 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 751 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 752 * | OUTPUT IMAGE AREA, INPUT BUFFER AREA |      |   |
|       |              | 753 * |                                      |      |   |
| 01244 |              | 754   | IMAGE                                | RES  | 64  |
| 01344 |              | 755   | BUFFER                               | RES  | 64  |
|       |              | 756 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 757 * | TEMPORARY STORAGE AND FLAGS          |      |   |
|       |              | 758 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 759 * |                                      |      |   |
| 01444 |              | 760   | T1                                   | RES  | 13  |
| 01461 |              | 761   | SPF                                  | RES  | 1   |
| 01462 |              | 762   | PRF                                  | RES  | 1   |
|       |              | 763   |                                      | PAGE |   |
|       |              | 764 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 765 * | ERROR AND STATUS MESSAGES.           |      |   |
|       |              | 766 * |                                      |      |   |
|       |              | 767   | DISMSG                               | BCD  | 52,1CHANNEL ERRORROUSLY DISCONNECTED BEFORE C=0, DURING |
| 01463 | 52233021     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01464 | 45452543     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01465 | 12255151     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01466 | 46514664     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01467 | 62437012     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01470 | 24316223     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01471 | 46454525     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01472 | 23632524     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01473 | 12222526     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01474 | 46512512     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01475 | 23130073     |       |                                      |      |   |
| 01476 | 12246451     |       |                                      |      |   |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 18 of 20)

|       |          |                |  |           |  |
|-------|----------|----------------|--|-----------|--|
| 01477 | 31452712 |                |  |           |  |
| 01500 | 31466247 | 768 ERMSG1 BCD | 16,10SP, 0UTPUT. 11                                    |           |  |
| 01501 | 73124664 |                |  |           |  |
| 01502 | 63476463 |                |  |           |  |
| 01503 | 33125252 |                |  |           |  |
| 01504 | 31466224 | 769 ERMSG2 BCD | 16,10SD, 0UTPUT. 11                                    |           |  |
| 01505 | 73124664 |                |  |           |  |
| 01506 | 63476463 |                |  |           |  |
| 01507 | 33125252 |                |  |           |  |
| 01510 | 52233021 | 770 ERMSG4 BCD | 52,1CHANNEL DID NOT DISCONNECT WHEN C=0 0N 10SD INPUT1 |           |  |
| 01511 | 45452543 |                |  |           |  |
| 01512 | 12243124 |                |  |           |  |
| 01513 | 12454663 |                |  |           |  |
| 01514 | 12243162 |                |  |           |  |
| 01515 | 23464545 |                |  |           |  |
| 01516 | 25236312 |                |  |           |  |
| 01517 | 66302545 |                |  |           |  |
| 01520 | 12231300 |                |  |           |  |
| 01521 | 12464512 |                |  |           |  |
| 01522 | 31466224 |                |  |           |  |
| 01523 | 12314547 |                |  |           |  |
| 01524 | 64635212 |                |  |           |  |
| 01525 | 31466224 | 771 ERMSG5 BCD | 12,10SD, INPUT1  |           |  |
| 01526 | 73123145 |                |  |           |  |
| 01527 | 47646352 |                |  |           |  |
| 01530 | 52233021 | 772 ERMSG6 BCD | 52,1CHANNEL DISCONNECTED DURING 10SP INPUT, CIT NEVER  |           |  |
| 01531 | 45452543 |                |  |           |  |
| 01532 | 12243162 |                |  |           |  |
| 01533 | 23464545 |                |  |           |  |
| 01534 | 25236325 |                |  |           |  |
| 01535 | 24122464 |                |  |           |  |
| 01536 | 51314527 |                |  |           |  |
| 01537 | 12314662 |                |  |           |  |
| 01540 | 47123145 |                |  |           |  |
| 01541 | 47646373 |                |  |           |  |
| 01542 | 12233163 |                |  |           |  |
| 01543 | 12452565 |                |  |           |  |
| 01544 | 25511212 |                |  |           |  |
| 01545 | 63516425 | 773            | BCD  | 8,TRUE. 1 |  |
| 01546 | 33125212 |                |  |           |  |
| 01547 | 52246451 | 774 ERMSG7 BCD | 48,1DURING 10SP INPUT C=0 INDICATING E0R PAST BUT C    |           |  |
| 01550 | 31452712 |                |  |           |  |
| 01551 | 31466247 |                |  |           |  |
| 01552 | 12314547 |                |  |           |  |
| 01553 | 64631223 |                |  |           |  |
| 01554 | 13001231 |                |  |           |  |
| 01555 | 45243123 |                |  |           |  |
| 01556 | 21633145 |                |  |           |  |

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 19 of 20)

Table 4-4. 925/930 Computers, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 20 of 20)

| 784 * | 785 *    | 786 | END | BEGIN |
|-------|----------|-----|-----|-------|
| 01636 | 00000200 |     |     |       |
| 01637 | 00000077 |     |     |       |
| 01640 | 00606047 |     |     |       |
| 01641 | 00606051 |     |     |       |
| 01642 | 00606062 |     |     |       |
| 01643 | 00000070 |     |     |       |
| 01644 | 00177774 |     |     |       |
| 01645 | 50277677 |     |     |       |
| 01646 | 00177775 |     |     |       |
| 01647 | 57737677 |     |     |       |
| 01648 | 50277777 |     |     |       |
| 01650 | 77777776 |     |     |       |
| 01651 | 00002000 |     |     |       |
| 01652 | 00177766 |     |     |       |
| 01653 | 70277777 |     |     |       |
| 01654 | 00000004 |     |     |       |
| 01655 | 00000003 |     |     |       |
| 01656 | 00040000 |     |     |       |
| 01657 | 00000001 |     |     |       |
| 01660 | 00177700 |     |     |       |
| 01661 | 01000000 |     |     |       |
| 01662 | 00001500 |     |     |       |
| 01663 | 52121225 |     |     |       |
| 01664 | 51514651 |     |     |       |
| 01665 | 12246451 |     |     |       |
| 01666 | 31452712 |     |     |       |
| 01667 | 00001504 |     |     |       |
| 01670 | 77777777 |     |     |       |
| 01671 | 00001344 |     |     |       |
| 01672 | 00177761 |     |     |       |
| 01673 | 00177764 |     |     |       |
| 01674 | 00177770 |     |     |       |
| 01675 | 00000000 |     |     |       |
| 01676 | 00177763 |     |     |       |
| 01677 | 00001525 |     |     |       |
| 01700 | 33120152 |     |     |       |
| 01701 | 00001444 |     |     |       |
| 01702 | 00177757 |     |     |       |
| 01703 | 33120252 |     |     |       |
| 01704 | 00001570 |     |     |       |
| 01705 | 33120352 |     |     |       |
| 01706 | 33120452 |     |     |       |
| 01707 | 00001434 |     |     |       |
| 01710 | 00000707 |     |     |       |
| 01711 | 52120000 |     |     |       |
| 01712 | 00177755 |     |     |       |
| 01713 | 12000052 |     |     |       |
| 01714 | 00177767 |     |     |       |

#### 4.64 Operation

4.65 To select the reader and punch units to be used enter:

"CU" P to select punch,

"CU" R to select reader.

The letter C is the channel number and may be any digit 0-7 and the letter U is the unit, either one or two. The reader and punch need not be on the same channel.

4.66 The test is started by entering the letter "S". Control of the test operation is then a function of the Breakpoint Switches. Table 4-5 summarizes the switch functions.

4.67 When running cyclic tests from punch to read, the tape from the punch should be inserted into the reader.

#### 4.68 Punching

4.69 The program punches four blocks of 64 characters each in one pass. The characters form a counting sequence from 00 to 77g. The first block is started with leader and output with an IOSP. All punching is done in the one character per word mode. When the word count reaches zero, an IOSD is loaded to punch a second block of 64 characters. No leader is punched between the first and second blocks. This results in one physical block 128 characters long. Starting with leader, two additional blocks of 64 characters are then punched with an IOSD.

4.70 At the conclusion of each output operation, the channel address register is stored and compared with the expected value. If they do not agree, the program types the expected and actual values.

4.71 The program tests the channel during the output operation to see if the channel should erroneously disconnect before the word count reaches zero.

#### 4.72 Reading

4.73 Each of the four blocks is read with a different set of commands and counts so as to test as many operations as possible. After reading a block, a general subroutine checks for input parity errors, for channel end address agreement with the expected address, and the data read character by character. Error messages with block numbers are typed in the event of any one of these tests failing. In the event of a test failing, reference should then be made to the test program flow diagram and troubleshooting information contained in Section 5 of this manual. The handling of each block is as follows:

a. Block 1. The first block is one-half of a 128 character physical block. Reading one character per word, an IOSD with a count of 64 is used to read this block. The program checks to see if the count reaches zero and the channel becomes inactive at the same time.

b. Block 2. This is the second half of the first physical block and is read with an IOSP with a count of 65. The read should terminate because of the end of record. The program checks to see that the word count does not reach zero and the channel remains active after the CIT (inter-record test) instruction skips. The tape is

Table 4-5. 9300 Computer Breakpoint Switch Functions

| Breakpoint Switch | Reset  | Set  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| 1                 | Run in the normal mode as determined by the other switches | Stop and return to keyboard control at the end of the current pass (punch or read) |
| 2                 | Continue to run test selected by switch 3                  | Cycle test runs from punch to read to punch and so on                              |
| 3*                | Selects punch mode   | Selects to punch and so on   |
| 4                 | Stop and type diagnostic messages whenever an error occurs | Do not stop and type on errors but continue to run                                 |

\*Used when switch 2 is reset or when starting test

finally stopped with a disconnect before the data is checked.

c. Block 3. Block 3 is a 64 character physical block. It is read with two channel commands. The first is an IOSB with a count of 32. If the count goes to zero before the channel disconnects, an IORP with a count of 33 is loaded. This should cause the inter-record indicator to be turned on at the end of the record. The count should not reach zero and the channel should remain active. The tape is again stopped with a disconnect before the data is checked.

d. Block 4. This is the third physical block of 64 characters and is read with an IORD with a count of 56. The program waits for the channel to be inactive then checks to see if the channel ignored the last eight characters. If the tape was erroneously stopped after the 56th character, it will show up as a failure on the first block of the next read pass.

#### 4.74 Test Program

4.75 Table 4-6 gives the test program for the 9300 computer I/O extended mode.



Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 1 of 20)

00022124

| 1  | TYPE | EQU | 9300 | MACHINE DEFINITION: 9300  |
|----|------|-----|------|---|
| 2  | *    |     |      |   |
| 3  | *    |     |      |   |
| 4  | *    |     |      | EXTENDED MODE I/O TEST PROGRAM. (925/930/9300 ALL CHANNELS)           |
| 5  | *    |     |      |   |
| 6  | *    |     |      | A.V. ENGLAND, SDS   |
| 7  | *    |     |      |   |
| 8  | *    |     |      |   |
| 9  | *    |     |      | THIS PROGRAM USES THE PAPER TAPE READER AND PUNCH TO CHECK THE        |
| 10 | *    |     |      | OPERATION OF THE I/O CHANNELS IN THE EXTENDED INTERLACE MODE OF       |
| 11 | *    |     |      | OPERATION. THE READER AND PUNCH MAY BE CONNECTED TO ANY INTERLACED    |
| 12 | *    |     |      | TMCC OR DACC. THEY NEED NOT BE ATTACHED TO THE SAME CHANNEL. THE      |
| 13 | *    |     |      | PROGRAM ADDRESSES THE KEYBOARD FOR INFORMATION ABOUT UNIT AND CHANNEL |
| 14 | *    |     |      | SELECTION.  |
| 15 | *    |     |      |   |
| 16 | *    |     |      | TO SELECT PUNCH TYPE: 'CU'P   |
| 17 | *    |     |      |   |
| 18 | *    |     |      | TO SELECT READER TYPE: 'CU'R  |
| 19 | *    |     |      |   |
| 20 | *    |     |      | WHERE 'C' REPRESENTS CHANNEL NO. AND MAY HAVE THE VALUES 0-7;         |
| 21 | *    |     |      | AND 'U' REPRESENTS UNIT NO. AND MAY HAVE THE VALUE 1-2. THE LETTER    |
| 22 | *    |     |      | P OR R CAUSE THE SELECTION TO BE MADE WITH THE TWO PREVIOUS DIGITS.   |
| 23 | *    |     |      | SPACES SHOULD NOT BE TYPED BETWEEN DIGITS OR CONTROL CHARACTER.       |
| 24 | *    |     |      |   |
| 25 | *    |     |      | TO START THE TEST TYPE: S   |
| 26 | *    |     |      | PAGE  |
| 27 | *    |     |      |   |
| 28 | *    |     |      |   |
| 29 | *    |     |      | BREAKPOINTS OR SENSE SWITCHES CONTROL THE RUNNING OF THE PROGRAM:     |
| 30 | *    |     |      |   |
| 31 | *    |     |      | SWITCH RESET SET  |
| 32 | *    |     |      | -----   |
| 33 | *    |     |      |   |
| 34 | *    |     |      | BP 1 RUN IN THE NORMAL MODE STOP AT THE END OF THE CURRENT            |
| 35 | *    |     |      | SW 1 AS DETERMINED BY THE PASS AND RETURN TO KEY BOARD                |
| 36 | *    |     |      | OTHER SWITCHES. CONTROL   |
| 37 | *    |     |      |   |
| 38 | *    |     |      |   |
| 39 | *    |     |      | BP 2 CONTINUE TO RUN THE CYCLE TEST RUNS FROM READ TO                 |
| 40 | *    |     |      | SW 2 TEST MODE SELECTED BY PUNCH TO READ, ETC.                        |
| 41 | *    |     |      | SWITCH 3.   |
| 42 | *    |     |      |   |
| 43 | *    |     |      |   |
| 44 | *    |     |      | BP 3 SELECTS PUNCH MODE SELECTS READ MODE.                            |
| 45 | *    |     |      | SW 3 (USED WHEN SWITCH 2 IS RESET OR WHEN STARTING THE TEST)          |
| 46 | *    |     |      |   |
| 47 | *    |     |      |   |
| 48 | *    |     |      | BP 4 STOP AND TYPE DIAGNOSTIC DO NOT STOP SP TYPE ON ERRORS.          |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 2 of 20)

```

49 * SW 4 MESSAGES WHENEVER AN CONTINUE RUNNING REGARDLESS.
50 * ERROR OCCURS.
51 *
52 *
53 * NOTE: TO RUN CONTINUOUS FROM READ TO PUNCH THE OUTPUT OF THE PUNCH
54 * SHOULD BE FED INTO THE READER. A LOOP SHOULD BE USED TO RUN
55 * CONTINUOUS ON THE READER.
56 * PAGE
57 *
58 * THE FOLLOWING SECTION OF CODE DEFINES EITHER A 925/930 INSTRUCTION
59 * SET OR A 9300 INSTRUCTION SET. THIS IS DONE ON THE BASIS OF THE
60 * MACHINE TYPE STATEMENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DECK.
61 *
62 *
63 *
64 *
65 * PROC
66 DF9300 NAME
67 $INST FORM
68 P PROC
69 $LDX NAME
70 $STX NAME
71 $BRX NAME
72 INST (P(*1)*2)+1,P(0),P(1)
73 END
74 P PROC
75 $XAB NAME
76 $ABC NAME
77 $BAC NAME
78 $CLR NAME
79 INST 0,040,P(0)
80 END
81 P PROC
82 $RSH NAME
83 $RCY NAME
84 $LSH NAME
85 $LCY NAME
86 $NOD NAME
87 $SHFT FORM
88 SHFT
89 END
90 P PROC
91 $MIN NAME
92 $MIB NAME
93 $RIM NAME
94 INST (P(*1)*2)+P(2),P(0),P(1)
95 END
96 *

```

3,6,15  
1  
017  
077  
057  
(P(\*1)\*2)+1,P(0),P(1)

1  
037733  
037731  
037713  
037711  
0,040,P(0)

1  
000  
002  
004  
006  
044  
3,6,6,9  
P(2),060,P(0),P(1)\*\*0777

1  
071  
030  
032  
(P(\*1)\*2)+P(2),P(0),P(1)

DEFINE INDEX OP'S TO IMPLY X1.

DEFINE COMPATIBLE REGISTER OP'S

DEFINE COMPATIBLE SHIFTS

DEFINE MISC. COMPATIBLE OP'S.

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 3 of 20)

```

97 $X EQU 1
98 *
99 AORG 0177
100 $E9DC DATA 04000000
101 *
102 $$SWTRM FORM 3,6,3,12
103 Q PROC 1
104 $BPT NAME 040000
105 $BVT NAME 014040
106 $R0V NAME 04000
107 $S0V NAME 00040
108 SWTRM 0,022,Q(0)*/(-12)**7,Q(0)**07777++(Q(1)>0)*/(6-Q(1))
109 END
110 END
111 *
112 PROC
113 DF930 NAME
114 *
115 * IF NOT A 9300 THEN DO THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS
116 *
117 P PROC 1
118 $MIB NAME 012
119 $BIM NAME 032
120 INST FORM 3,6,1,14
121 INST P(2),P(0),P(*1),P(1)
122 END
123 *
124 $X EQU 2
125 *
126 *
127 AORG 0177
128 $E9DC DATA 04000000
129 *
130 *
131 N PROC 1
132 $S0V NAME $,4
133 BRR END
134 *
135 *
136 M PROC 1
137 $BRC NAME M(*1),1,2
138 D0 BRU M(1)
139 BRU *$+1
140 PZE M(1)
141 END
142 P PROC 1
143 P NAME 0
144 $DSC

```

DEFINE INDEX TAG 'X' FOR X1  
END CONSTANT  
END CONSTANT

DEFINE I/O INSTRUCTIONS

DEFINE INDEX TAG 'X' FOR 2 ON 930  
END CONSTANT  
SET OVERFLOW

BRANCH AND CLEAR INTERRUPT

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 4 of 20)

| ADDRESS   | DATA         | OPERATION | INITIALIZE RECOVERY LOCATIONS | READ CHARACTER | CHECK FOR CONTROL CHAR. | CHECK FOR DIGIT<br>IF NOT CONTROL OR DIGIT CLEAR |
|---|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| 00177   | 04000000     |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00200   | 0 0 16 00203 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00201   | 0 0 76 00001 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00202   | 0 0 76 00032 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00203   | 0 0 01 00204 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00204   | 0 0 21 01241 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00205   | 0 0 21 01231 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00206   | 0 40 37711   |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00207   | 0 0 76 01444 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00210   | 0 02 0 02001 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00211   | 0 32 01445   |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00212   | 0 0 16 01445 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00213   | 0 0 14 01636 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00214   | 0 0 55 01637 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00215   | 0 0 01 00217 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00216   | 0 0 01 00233 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00217   | 0 0 55 01640 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00220   | 0 0 01 00222 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00221   | 0 0 01 00256 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00222   | 0 0 55 01641 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00223   | 0 0 01 00225 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00224   | 0 0 03 00317 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00225   | 0 0 54 01642 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00226   | 0 0 01 00206 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 00227   | 0 0 14 01444 |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 050000  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 012000  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 014000  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 3,6,15  | FORM         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| P(1)**2,(P(1)**4)*/3++2,P(0)**+(P(1)**1)**/6    | I            |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 1   | END          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 014000  | PR6C         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 011000  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 010400  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 012000  | NAME         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 3,6,15  | FORM         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| P(1)**2,040,P(0)**+(P(1)**4)*/12++(P(1)**1)**/6 | I            |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| TYPE=9300                                       | END          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| TYPE<9300                                       | D8           |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| DF9300  | D8           |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| DF930   | PAGE         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| THE START OF THE PROGRAM                        |              |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 165 *   |              |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 166 *   |              |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 167 *   |              |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 168   | AORG         |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 169   | LDA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 170   | STA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 171   | STA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 172   | BRUG0        |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 173   | EXU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 174   | EXU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 175   | CLR          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 176   | STA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 177   | RKB          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 178   | G01          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 179   | LDA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 180   | LDB          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 181   | SKM          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 182   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 183   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 184   | SKM          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 185   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 186   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 187   | SKM          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 188   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 189   | BRM          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 190   | SKA          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 191   | BRU          |           |                               |                |                         |  |
| 192   | LDB          |           |                               |                |                         |  |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 5 of 20)

|       |              |       |                               |              |                                      |
|-------|--------------|-------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| 00230 | 0 0 74 01446 | 193   | SIB                           | T1+2         | SAVE CHANNEL NUMBER IN T1+2          |
| 00231 | 0 0 76 01444 | 194   | STA                           | T1           | SAVE UNIT NUMBER IN T1               |
| 00232 | 0 0 01 00211 | 195   | BRU                           | G01          |                                      |
|       |              | 196   | PAGE                          |              |                                      |
|       |              | 197 * |                               |              |                                      |
|       |              | 198 * | PUNCH CHANNEL SET UP ROUTINE  |              |                                      |
|       |              | 199 * |                               |              |                                      |
| 00233 | 0 0 03 00323 | 200   | PO                            |              |                                      |
| 00234 | 1 17 01643   | 201   | BRM                           | MAKECH       | GET CHANNEL NO. BUILT. SAVED IN T1+2 |
| 00235 | 0 1 16 01234 | 202   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | UPDATE EOM/EOD'S                     |
| 00236 | 0 0 11 01644 | 203   | LDA                           | PALC+1,X     |                                      |
| 00237 | 0 0 13 01446 | 204   | ETR                           | =050277677   |                                      |
| 00240 | 1 0 76 00235 | 205   | MRG                           | T1+2         | INSERT CHANNEL DESIGNATION           |
| 00241 | 1 57 00235   | 206   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00242 | 1 17 01645   | 207   | BRX                           | \$-4         | UPDATE SKS'S                         |
| 00243 | 0 1 16 01227 | 208   | LDX                           | =-3**0177777 |                                      |
| 00244 | 0 0 11 01646 | 209   | LDA                           | PCFT+1,X     |                                      |
| 00245 | 0 0 13 01447 | 210   | ETR                           | =057737677   |                                      |
| 00246 | 1 0 76 00243 | 211   | MRG                           | T1+3         |                                      |
| 00247 | 1 57 00243   | 212   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00250 | 1 17 01643   | 213   | BRX                           | \$-4         | UPDATE CHANNEL COMMANDS              |
| 00251 | 0 1 16 01212 | 214   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 |                                      |
| 00252 | 0 0 11 01647 | 215   | LDA                           | PI0SD+2,X    |                                      |
| 00253 | 0 0 13 01450 | 216   | ETR                           | =050277777   |                                      |
| 00254 | 1 0 76 00251 | 217   | MRG                           | T1+4         |                                      |
| 00255 | 1 57 00256   | 218   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00256 | 1 57 00251   | 219   | BRX                           | \$+1         | UPDATE UNIT NO.                      |
| 00257 | 0 0 16 01230 | 220   | BRX                           | \$-5         |                                      |
| 00260 | 0 0 11 01650 | 221   | LDA                           | PTL          |                                      |
| 00261 | 0 0 13 01444 | 222   | ETR                           | =-2          |                                      |
| 00262 | 0 0 76 01230 | 223   | MRG                           | T1           |                                      |
| 00263 | 0 0 13 01651 | 224   | STA                           | PTL          |                                      |
| 00264 | 0 0 76 01227 | 225   | MRG                           | =02000       | MAKE NO LEADER EOM                   |
| 00265 | 0 0 01 00234 | 226   | STA                           | PPT          |                                      |
|       |              | 227 * | BRU                           | KYRD         |                                      |
|       |              | 228 * | READER CHANNEL SET UP ROUTINE |              |                                      |
|       |              | 229 * |                               |              |                                      |
|       |              | 230 * |                               |              |                                      |
| 00266 | 0 0 03 00323 | 231   | RC                            |              |                                      |
| 00267 | 1 17 01643   | 232   | BRM                           | MAKECH       | GET CHANNEL NO BUILT                 |
| 00270 | 0 1 16 01244 | 233   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 | UPDATE EOM/EOD'S                     |
| 00271 | 0 0 11 01644 | 234   | LDA                           | RALC+1,X     |                                      |
| 00272 | 0 0 13 01446 | 235   | ETR                           | =050277677   |                                      |
| 00273 | 1 0 76 00270 | 236   | MRG                           | T1+2         |                                      |
| 00274 | 1 57 00270   | 237   | STA                           | *\$-3        |                                      |
| 00275 | 1 17 01643   | 238   | BRX                           | \$-4         | BUILD SKS'S                          |
| 00276 | 0 1 16 01240 | 239   | LDX                           | =-4**0177777 |                                      |
| 00277 | 0 0 11 01646 | 240   | LDA                           | RCIT+1,X     |                                      |
|       |              |       | ETR                           | =057737677   |                                      |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 6 of 20)

|       |              |                              |               |                                 |
|-------|--------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| 00300 | 0 0 13 01447 | MRG                          | T1+3          | BUILD CHANNEL COMMAND EOM/EOD'S |
| 00301 | 1 0 76 00276 | STA                          | *\$-3         |                                 |
| 00302 | 1 57 00276   | BRX                          | \$-4          |                                 |
| 00303 | 1 17 01652   | LDX                          | =-10**0177777 |                                 |
| 00304 | 0 1 16 01224 | LDA                          | R10RD+2,X     |                                 |
| 00305 | 0 0 11 01653 | ETR                          | =070277777    |                                 |
| 00306 | 0 0 13 01450 | MRG                          | T1+4          |                                 |
| 00307 | 1 0 76 00334 | STA                          | *\$-3         |                                 |
| 00310 | 1 57 00311   | BRX                          | \$+1          |                                 |
| 00311 | 1 57 00304   | BRX                          | \$-5          |                                 |
| 00312 | 0 0 16 01240 | LDA                          | RPT           | BUILD RPT WITH UNIT NO.         |
| 00313 | 0 0 11 01650 | ETR                          | =-2           |                                 |
| 00314 | 0 0 13 01444 | MRG                          | T1            |                                 |
| 00315 | 0 0 76 01240 | STA                          | RPT           |                                 |
| 00316 | 0 0 01 00234 | BRU                          | KYBD          |                                 |
| 241   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 242   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 243   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 244   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 245   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 246   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 247   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 248   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 249   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 250   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 251   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 252   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 253   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 254   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 255   |              |                              |               |                                 |
| 256   | *            |                              |               |                                 |
| 257   | *            |                              |               |                                 |
| 258   | *            | START TEST RUNNING           |               |                                 |
| 259   | *            |                              |               |                                 |
| 260   | SO           | DSC                          | 0             | DISCONNECT                      |
| 261   |              | BPT                          | 3             | START READ OR PUNCH?            |
| 262   |              | BRU                          | IN            | READ                            |
| 263   |              | BRU                          | OUT           | PUNCH                           |
| 264   |              | PAGE                         |               |                                 |
| 265   | *            |                              |               |                                 |
| 266   | *            | BUILD CHANNEL NO. SUBROUTINE |               |                                 |
| 267   | *            |                              |               |                                 |
| 268   | MAKECH PZE   |                              |               |                                 |
| 269   | CLR          |                              |               |                                 |
| 270   | LDA          | T1+2                         |               | GET CH. NO.                     |
| 271   | SKA          | =4                           |               | EOD REQUIRED                    |
| 272   | LDB          | EODC                         |               | YES                             |
| 273   | SIB          | T1+4                         |               | NO, SAVE EOD BIT.               |
| 274   | ETR          | =3                           |               |                                 |
| 275   | STA          | T1+2                         |               |                                 |
| 276   | LDX          | T1+2                         |               |                                 |
| 277   | LDA          | T1+4                         |               |                                 |
| 278   | MRG          | MAKEIB,X                     |               | BUILD EOM/EOD SELECTION         |
| 279   | STA          | T1+2                         |               | SAVE EOM                        |
| 280   | BAC          |                              |               | BUILD SKS SELECTION             |
| 281   | SKA          | EODC                         |               |                                 |
| 282   | LDB          | =040000                      |               |                                 |
| 283   | XAB          |                              |               |                                 |
| 284   | MRG          | MAKEIB,X                     |               |                                 |
| 285   | STA          | T1+3                         |               | SAVE SKS                        |
| 286   | LDA          | T1                           |               | BUILD UNIT NO. BIT              |
| 287   | ETR          | =1                           |               |                                 |
| 288   | EOR          | =1                           |               |                                 |
| 00317 | 0 02 00000   |                              |               |                                 |
| 00320 | 0 22 4 0013  |                              |               |                                 |
| 00321 | 0 0 01 00640 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00322 | 0 0 01 00356 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00323 | 0 0 00 00030 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00324 | 0 40 37711   |                              |               |                                 |
| 00325 | 0 0 16 01446 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00326 | 0 0 54 01654 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00327 | 0 0 14 00177 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00330 | 0 0 74 01450 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00331 | 0 0 11 01655 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00332 | 0 0 76 01446 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00333 | 1 17 01446   |                              |               |                                 |
| 00334 | 0 0 16 01450 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00335 | 0 1 13 00352 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00336 | 0 0 76 01446 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00337 | 8 40 37713   |                              |               |                                 |
| 00340 | 0 0 54 00177 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00341 | 0 0 14 01656 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00342 | 0 40 37733   |                              |               |                                 |
| 00343 | 0 1 13 00352 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00344 | 0 0 76 01447 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00345 | 0 0 16 01444 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00346 | 0 0 11 01657 |                              |               |                                 |
| 00347 | 0 0 12 01657 |                              |               |                                 |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 7 of 20)

|       |                                  |      |                              |                                     |
|-------|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 00350 | 0 0 76 01444                     | STA  | T1                           | SAVE UNIT NO. BIT                   |
| 00351 | 0 0 41 00323                     | BRR  | MAKECH                       | EXIT                                |
| 00352 | 00000000                         |      |                              |                                     |
| 00353 | 00000100                         |      |                              |                                     |
| 00354 | 20000000                         |      |                              |                                     |
| 00355 | 20000100                         |      |                              |                                     |
| 289   |                                  | STA  | T1                           | SAVE UNIT NO. BIT                   |
| 290   |                                  | BRR  | MAKECH                       | EXIT                                |
| 291 * |                                  |      |                              |                                     |
| 292   | MAKETB DATA                      |      | 0.0100.0200000000.0200000100 |                                     |
| 293   |                                  | PAGE |                              |                                     |
| 294 * |                                  |      |                              |                                     |
| 295 * | PAPER TAPE PUNCH OUTPUT SECTION. |      |                              |                                     |
| 296 * |                                  |      |                              |                                     |
| 297   | OUT                              | LDX  | --64**0177777                | SET UP OUTPUT IMAGE WITH 64 WORDS   |
| 298   |                                  | CLR  |                              |                                     |
| 299   |                                  | STA  | IMAGE+64,X                   |                                     |
| 300   |                                  | ADD  | =01000000                    |                                     |
| 301   |                                  | BRX  | \$-2                         |                                     |
| 302   | OUT4                             | EXU  | PTL                          | START PUNCH WITH LEADER             |
| 303   |                                  | EXU  | PALC                         | ALERT CHANNEL                       |
| 304   |                                  | LCH  | PIOSP                        | LOAD IOSP IMAGE,64                  |
| 305   |                                  | LDX  | --4**0177777                 | SET UP FOR SUBROUTINE TO TYPE:      |
| 306   |                                  | LDB  | =ERMSG1                      | IOSP, OUTPUT                        |
| 307   |                                  | LDA  | PCATC                        |                                     |
| 308   |                                  | BRM  | WCZ                          | WAIT FOR CHANNEL COUNT = ZERO       |
| 309   |                                  | EXU  | PCET                         | ERROR ON OUTPUT                     |
| 310   |                                  | BPT  | 4                            | YES, CHECK BP4 FOR NO STOP          |
| 311   |                                  | BRU  | OUT4A                        | NO, NO STOP ON ERROR                |
| 312   | OUT2                             | EXU  | PDIS                         | ERROR, DISCONNECT CHANNEL           |
| 313   |                                  | TYP  | 0.1.4                        | TYPE GENERAL ERROR MESSAGE          |
| 314   |                                  | MIB  | =052121225                   | 1 E                                 |
| 315   |                                  | MIB  | =051514651                   | RR9R                                |
| 316   |                                  | MIB  | =012246451                   | DUR                                 |
| 317   |                                  | MIB  | =031452712                   | ING                                 |
| 318   |                                  | XAB  |                              | TYPE SPECIFIC ERROR MESSAGE         |
| 319   |                                  | MRG  | MIBX                         |                                     |
| 320   |                                  | STA  | \$+1                         |                                     |
| 321   |                                  | MIB  | 00                           | TO BE REPLACED AT RUN TIME          |
| 322   |                                  | MIN  | \$-1                         |                                     |
| 323   |                                  | BRX  | \$-2                         |                                     |
| 324   | GETOP                            | TOP  | 0                            |                                     |
| 325   |                                  | CAT  | 0                            |                                     |
| 326   |                                  | BRU  | \$-1                         |                                     |
| 327   |                                  | BRU  | KYED                         |                                     |
| 328 * |                                  |      |                              |                                     |
| 329   | OUT4A                            | BRM  | OUTPIN                       | GO PIN AND CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS    |
| 330   |                                  | EXU  | PCAT                         | IF CHANNEL INACTIVE READDRESS PUNCH |
| 331   |                                  | BRU  | \$+2                         |                                     |
| 332   |                                  | EXU  | PPT                          |                                     |
| 00356 | 1 17 01660                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00357 | 0 40 37711                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00360 | 8 1 76 01344                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00361 | 0 0 05 01651                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00362 | 1 57 00360                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00363 | 0 0 21 01230                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00364 | 0 0 21 01233                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00365 | 0 0 21 01236                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00366 | 0 0 31 01207                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00367 | 1 17 01643                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00370 | 8 0 14 01652                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00371 | 0 0 16 00431                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00372 | 0 0 03 00610                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00373 | 0 0 21 01226                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00374 | 0 22 4 0004                      |      |                              |                                     |
| 00375 | 0 0 01 00416                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00376 | 0 0 21 01231                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00377 | 0 02 0 02641                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00400 | 0 30 01663                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00401 | 0 30 01664                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00402 | 0 30 01665                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00403 | 0 30 01666                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00404 | 0 40 37733                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00405 | 0 0 13 01635                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00406 | 0 0 76 00407                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00407 | 0 30 00000                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00410 | 0 71 00407                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00411 | 1 57 00407                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00412 | 0 02 14000                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00413 | 0 20 14000                       |      |                              |                                     |
| 00414 | 0 0 01 00413                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00415 | 0 0 31 00234                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00416 | 0 0 03 00476                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00417 | 0 0 21 01224                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00420 | 0 0 01 00422                     |      |                              |                                     |
| 00421 | 0 0 21 01227                     |      |                              |                                     |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 8 of 20)

|       |   |    |       |       |     |        |                                     |
|-------|---|----|-------|-------|-----|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 00422 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01233 | EXU | PALC   | LOAD CH. I0SD IMAGE,64              |
| 00423 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01210 | LCH | PI0SD  |                                     |
| 00424 | 0 | 0  | 31    | 01211 |     |        | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE:               |
| 00425 | 1 | 17 | 01643 | LDX   |     |        | I0SD, OUTPUT                        |
| 00426 | 0 | 0  | 14    | 01657 | LDB |        | WAIT FOR COUNT EQUAL ZERO           |
| 00427 | 0 | 0  | 16    | 00431 | LDA | PCATC  | CHAN. ACTIVE?                       |
| 00430 | 0 | 0  | 03    | 00610 | BRM | WCZ    | YES                                 |
| 00431 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 01224 | EXU | PCAT   | NO, ERROR?                          |
| 00432 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00431 | BRU | \$-1   | YES, IS STOP ALLOWED?               |
| 00433 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01226 | EXU | PCET   | NO ERROR OR NO STOP                 |
| 00434 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0004  | BPT | 4      | ERROR STOP ALLOWED                  |
| 00435 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00437 | BRU | \$+2   | GO PIN AND CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS    |
| 00436 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00376 | BRU | OUT2   |                                     |
| 00437 | 0 | 0  | 03    | 00476 | BRM | OUTPIN |                                     |
| 00440 | 0 | 40 | 37711 | CLR   |     |        | R(PUNCH REPEAT)                     |
| 00441 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 01452 | STA | PRF    |                                     |
| 00442 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01230 | EXU | PTL    |                                     |
| 00443 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01233 | EXU | PALC   |                                     |
| 00444 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01210 | LCH | PI0SD  | LOAD I0SD IMAGE,64                  |
| 00445 | 0 | 0  | 31    | 01211 |     |        | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE:               |
| 00446 | 1 | 17 | 01643 | LDX   |     |        |                                     |
| 00447 | 0 | 0  | 14    | 01657 | LDB |        |                                     |
| 00450 | 0 | 0  | 16    | 00431 | LDA | PCATC  |                                     |
| 00451 | 0 | 0  | 03    | 00610 | BRM | WCZ    | CHAN. ACTIVE?                       |
| 00452 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01224 | EXU | PCAT   | YES                                 |
| 00453 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00452 | BRU | \$-1   | NO, CHAN. ERROR                     |
| 00454 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01226 | EXU | PCET   | YES, IS ERROR STOP ALLOWED          |
| 00455 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0004  | BPT | 4      | NO, NO                              |
| 00456 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00450 | BRU | \$+2   | YES                                 |
| 00457 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00376 | BRU | OUT2   |                                     |
| 00460 | 0 | 0  | 03    | 00476 | BRM | OUTPIN | GO PIN AND CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS    |
| 00461 | 0 | 0  | 53    | 01452 | SKN | PRF    | PUNCH REPEAT                        |
| 00462 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00454 | BRU | \$+2   | RESET                               |
| 00463 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00457 | BRU | OUT3   | SET                                 |
| 00464 | 0 | 0  | 16    | 01670 | LDA | \$-1   | S(PUNCH REPEAT)                     |
| 00465 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 01452 | STA | PRF    |                                     |
| 00466 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00442 | BRU | OUT1A  |                                     |
| 00467 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0043  | BPT |        | GO OR STOP                          |
| 00470 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00234 | BRU | 1      | STOP                                |
| 00471 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0023  | BPT | KYBD   | GO, CYCLE?                          |
| 00472 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00640 | BRU | 2      | YES                                 |
| 00473 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0013  | BPT | IN     | ONE ONLY                            |
| 00474 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00640 | BRU | 3      |                                     |
| 00475 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00356 | BRU | IN     |                                     |
| 00476 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00356 | BRU | OUT    |                                     |
| 377 * |   |    |       |       |     |        |                                     |
| 378 * |   |    |       |       |     |        | SUBROUTINE TO CHECK CHANNEL ADDRESS |



Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 9 of 20)

| 379 * | 00476 | 0 0 00 00000 | 380 OUTPIN | PZE | 0             | ALERT TO STORE PUNCH CHANNEL<br>STORE ADDRESS       |
|-------|-------|--------------|------------|-----|---------------|---|
| 381   | 00477 | 0 0 21 01232 | EXU        |     | PASC          |   |
| 382   | 00500 | 0 0 33 01444 | PIN        |     | T1            |   |
| 383   | 00501 | 0 0 16 01444 | LDA        |     | T1            |   |
| 384   | 00502 | 0 0 12 01671 | EDR        |     | =IMAGE+64     | COMPARE WITH EXPECTED                               |
| 385   | 00503 | 0 0 54 01670 | SKA        |     | =-1           |   |
| 386   | 00504 | 0 22 4 0004  | BPT        |     | 4             | NOT EQUAL   |
| 387   | 00505 | 0 0 41 00476 | BRR        |     | OUTPIN        | EQUAL OR ERROR STOP NOT PERMITTED                   |
| 388   | 00506 | 1 77 01445   | STX        |     | T1+1          | SAVE LENGTH OF ERROR MESSAGE                        |
| 389   | 00507 | 0 40 37733   | XAB        |     |               | SET UP ERROR OUTPUTTER                              |
| 390   | 00510 | 0 0 13 01635 | MRG        |     | MIBX          |   |
| 391   | 00511 | 0 0 76 00530 | STA        |     | OTPIN1        |   |
| 392   | 00512 | 0 0 16 01671 | LDA        |     | =IMAGE+64     | GENERATE EXPECTED PIN WORD IN BCD                   |
| 393   | 00513 | 0 0 03 00537 | BRM        |     | MK6CT         |   |
| 394   | 00514 | 0 0 76 00577 | STA        |     | OTPNM1        | SAVE EXPECTED                                       |
| 395   | 00515 | 0 0 74 00630 | STB        |     | OTPNM1+1      |   |
| 396   | 00516 | 0 0 16 01444 | LDA        |     | T1            | GENERATE ACTUAL PIN WORD IN BCD                     |
| 397   | 00517 | 0 0 03 00537 | BRM        |     | MK6CT         |   |
| 398   | 00520 | 0 0 76 00635 | STA        |     | OTPNM2        |   |
| 399   | 00521 | 0 0 74 00636 | STB        |     | OTPNM2+1      |   |
| 400   | 00522 | 0 0 21 01231 | EXU        |     | PDIS          | DISCONNECT PUNCH CHANNEL                            |
| 401   | 00523 | 1 17 01672   | LDX        |     | =-15**0177777 |   |
| 402   | 00524 | 0 02 0 02641 | TYP        |     | 0,1,4         |   |
| 403   | 00525 | 1 30 00574   | MIB        |     | OTPNM+15,X    | OUTPUT MESSAGE                                      |
| 404   | 00526 | 1 57 00525   | BRX        |     | \$-1          |   |
| 405   | 00527 | 1 17 01445   | LDX        |     | T1+1          | OUTPUT SPECIAL MESSAGE                              |
| 406   | 00530 | 0 30 00000   | OTPIN1     | MIB | 00            |   |
| 407   | 00531 | 0 71 00530   | MIN        |     | \$-1          |   |
| 408   | 00532 | 1 57 00530   | BRX        |     | \$-2          |   |
| 409   | 00533 | 1 17 01673   | OTPIN2     | LDX | =-12**0177777 | OUTPUT RECEIVED AND EXPECTED MESSAGE                |
| 410   | 00534 | 1 30 00610   | MIB        |     | OTPNM2+3,X    |   |
| 411   | 00535 | 1 57 00534   | BRX        |     | \$-1          |   |
| 412   | 00536 | 0 0 01 00412 | BRU        |     | GT0P          |   |
| 413 * |       |              |            |     |               |   |
| 414 * |       |              |            |     |               |   |
| 415 * |       |              |            |     |               | SUBROUTINE TO MAKE ONE WORD INTO 8 BCD OCTAL DIGITS |
| 416 * |       |              |            |     |               |   |
| 417   | 00537 | 0 0 00 00000 | MK6CT      | PZE | 0             |   |
| 418   | 00540 | 1 17 01674   | LDX        |     | =-8**0177777  |   |
| 419   | 00541 | 0 40 37731   | ABC        |     |               | 0 TO WORD TO B                                      |
| 420   | 00542 | 0 60 04 003  | LSH        |     | 3             | SHIFT OUT OCTAL DIGIT                               |
| 421   | 00543 | 0 1 76 01456 | STA        |     | T1+10,X       | SAVE BCD CHARACTER                                  |
| 422   | 00544 | 0 0 16 01675 | LDA        |     | =0            | CLEAR A   |
| 423   | 00545 | 1 57 00542   | BRX        |     | \$-3          |   |
| 424   | 00546 | 0 40 37711   | CLR        |     |               |   |
| 425   | 00547 | 1 17 01674   | LDX        |     | =-8**0177777  | REASSEMBLY BCD CHARACTERS INTO A + B.               |
| 426   | 00550 | 0 60 06 005  | LCY        |     | 6             |   |

4-46

|       |              |  |                 |   |
|-------|--------------|--|-----------------|---|
| 00551 | 0 1 13 01456 |  | MRG             | T1+10,X   |
| 00552 | 1 57 00550   |  | BRX             | \$-2  |
| 00553 | 0 40 37733   |  | XAB             |   |
| 00554 | 0 0 41 00537 |  | BRR             | MK0CT<br>EXIT   |
| 00555 | 52254524     |  | 431 *           |   |
| 00556 | 12212424     |  | 432 *           |   |
| 00557 | 51256262     |  | 433 *           | ERROR MESSAGES FOR CHANNEL ADDRESS TEST SUBROUTINE      |
| 00560 | 12265146     |  | 434 *           |   |
| 00561 | 44122330     |  | 435 0TPNM BCD   | 52,JEND ADDRESS FROM CHANNEL DID NOT AGREE WITH EXPECTE |
| 00562 | 21454525     |  |                 |   |
| 00563 | 43122431     |  |                 |   |
| 00564 | 24124546     |  |                 |   |
| 00565 | 63122127     |  |                 |   |
| 00566 | 51252512     |  |                 |   |
| 00567 | 66316330     |  |                 |   |
| 00570 | 12256747     |  |                 |   |
| 00571 | 25236325     |  | 436 BCD         | 8,D AFTER   |
| 00572 | 24122126     |  |                 |   |
| 00573 | 63255112     |  | 437 BCD         | 12,EXPECTED   |
| 00574 | 25674725     |  |                 |   |
| 00575 | 23632524     |  |                 |   |
| 00576 | 12121212     |  |                 |   |
| 00577 | 00000000     |  | 438 0TPNM1 DATA | 0,0   |
| 00600 | 00000000     |  |                 |   |
| 00601 | 73121252     |  | 439 BCD         | 16,, RECEIVED   |
| 00602 | 51252325     |  |                 |   |
| 00603 | 31652524     |  |                 |   |
| 00604 | 12121212     |  |                 |   |
| 00605 | 00000000     |  | 440 0TPNM2 DATA | 0,0   |
| 00606 | 00000000     |  |                 |   |
| 00607 | 33125252     |  | 441 BCD         | 4,, 11  |
|       |              |  | 442 PAGE        |   |
|       |              |  | 443 *           |   |
|       |              |  | 444 *           | WAIT FOR COUNT EQUAL ZERO SUBROUTINE.                   |
|       |              |  | 445 *           |   |
| 00610 | 0 0 00 000J0 |  | 446 WCZ         | PZE ENTRY   |
| 00611 | 0 0 76 00617 |  | 447 STA         | SAVE R/PCAT \$+6  |
| 00612 | 0 0 05 01657 |  | 448 ADD         | =1 MAKE A CZT   |
| 00613 | 0 0 76 00614 |  | 449 STA         | \$+1 SAVE R/PCZT  |
| 00614 | 0 20 12000   |  | 450 CZT         | 00 C = 02?  |
| 00615 | 0 0 01 00617 |  | 451 BRU         | \$+2 NO   |
| 00616 | 0 0 41 00610 |  | 452 BRR         | WCZ YES   |
| 00617 | 0 20 14000   |  | 453 CAT         | 00 CHANNEL ACTIVE?                                      |
| 00620 | 0 0 01 00614 |  | 454 BRU         | \$-4 YES  |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 11 of 20)

|       |               |           |               |               |                                   |
|-------|---------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 00621 | 0 0 22 4 0004 | 455       | BPT           | 4             | NO, INHIBIT ERRORS                |
| 00622 | 0 0 41 00610  | 456       | BRR           | WCZ           | YES                               |
| 00623 | 1 77 01444    | 457       | STX           | T1            | NO, PRINT ERROR MESSAGE           |
| 00624 | 0 40 37733    | 458       | XAB           |               |                                   |
| 00625 | 0 0 13 01635  | 459       | MRG           | MIBX          |                                   |
| 00626 | 0 0 76 00634  | 460       | STA           | \$+6          |                                   |
| 00627 | 1 17 01676    | 461       | LDX           | ==13**0177777 |                                   |
| 00630 | 0 02 0 02641  | 462       | TYP           | 0.1.4         |                                   |
| 00631 | 1 30 01500    | 463       | MIB           | DISMSG+13.X   |                                   |
| 00632 | 1 57 00631    | 464       | BRX           | \$-1          |                                   |
| 00633 | 1 17 01444    | 465       | LDX           | T1            |                                   |
| 00634 | 0 30 00000    | 466       | MIB           | 00            |                                   |
| 00635 | 0 71 00634    | 467       | MIN           | \$-1          |                                   |
| 00636 | 1 57 00634    | 468       | BRX           | \$-2          |                                   |
| 00637 | 0 0 01 00412  | 469       | BRU           | GOTOP         |                                   |
|       |               | 470       | PAGE          |               |                                   |
|       |               | 471 *     |               |               |                                   |
|       |               | 472 *     | INPUT SECTION |               |                                   |
|       |               | 473 *     |               |               |                                   |
| 00640 | 0 0 03 01177  | 474 IN    | BRM           | STARTP        | STARTI READER                     |
| 00641 | 0 22 0 4003   | 475       | R6V           |               |                                   |
| 00642 | 0 0 21 01243  | 476       | EXU           | RALC          | ALERT                             |
| 00643 | 0 0 21 01212  | 477       | LCH           | R10SD         | LOAD 10SD BUFFER,64               |
| 00644 | 0 0 31 01213  |           |               |               |                                   |
| 00645 | 0 0 21 01235  | 478 INOB  | EXU           | RCZT          | C=0                               |
| 00646 | 0 0 01 00657  | 479       | BRU           | INO           | NO                                |
| 00647 | 0 0 21 01234  | 480 RCATC | EXU           | RCAT          | YES, CHAN. ACTIVE                 |
| 00650 | 0 22 4 0004   | 481       | BPT           | 4             | YES, ERROR STOP PERMITTED         |
| 00651 | 0 0 01 00670  | 482       | BRU           | INO           | NO, NO CONT.                      |
| 00652 | 1 17 01676    | 483       | LDX           | ==13**0177777 | YES                               |
| 00653 | 0 02 0 02641  | 484       | TYP           | 0.1.4         |                                   |
| 00654 | 1 30 01525    | 485       | MIB           | ERMSG4+13.X   |                                   |
| 00655 | 1 57 00654    | 486       | BRX           | \$-1          |                                   |
| 00656 | 0 0 01 00412  | 487       | BRU           | GOTOP         |                                   |
|       |               | 488 *     |               |               |                                   |
| 00657 | 0 0 21 01234  | 489 INO   | EXU           | RCAT          | CHAN. ACTIVE STILL?               |
| 00660 | 0 0 01 00645  | 490       | BRU           | INO           | YES                               |
| 00661 | 0 0 21 01235  | 491       | EXU           | RCZT          | NO, C=0                           |
| 00662 | 0 0 01 00654  | 492       | BRU           | \$+2          | NO                                |
| 00663 | 0 0 01 00670  | 493       | BRU           | INO           | YES                               |
| 00664 | 1 17 01645    | 494       | LDX           | ==3**0177777  | SET UP ERROR MESSAGE              |
| 00665 | 0 0 14 01677  | 495       | LDB           | =ERMSG5       |                                   |
| 00666 | 0 0 16 00647  | 496       | LDA           | RCATC         |                                   |
| 00667 | 0 0 03 00610  | 497       | BRM           | WCZ           | GO DO DISCONNECT ERROR TEST       |
| 00670 | 0 0 16 01700  | 498 INOA  | LDA           | =03120152     | BL0CK NO. 1                       |
| 00671 | 0 0 14 01701  | 499       | LDB           | =BUFFER+64    | END ADDRESS EXPECTED              |
| 00672 | 0 0 03 01055  | 500       | BRM           | CHECK         | GO CHECK DATA                     |
| 00673 | 0 0 03 01177  | 501 INI   | BRM           | STARTP        | START READER IF DATA CHECKED O.K. |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 12 of 20)

| ADDRESS | OPERATION    | DATA | COMMENT       |
|---------|--------------|------|---------------|
| 00674   | 0 22 0 4003  | R0V  |               |
| 00675   | 0 0 21 01243 | EXU  | RALC          |
| 00676   | 0 0 21 01214 | LCH  | RIASP         |
| 00677   | 0 0 31 01215 |      |               |
| 00700   | 0 0 16 01670 | LDA  | --1           |
| 00701   | 0 0 76 01451 | STA  | SPF           |
| 00702   | 0 0 21 01237 | EXU  | RCIT          |
| 00703   | 0 0 01 00735 | BRU  | \$+2          |
| 00704   | 0 0 01 00732 | BRU  | IN2           |
| 00705   | 0 0 21 01234 | EXU  | RCAT          |
| 00706   | 0 0 01 00716 | BRU  | IN1A          |
| 00707   | 0 22 4 0004  | BPT  | 4             |
| 00710   | 0 0 01 00732 | BRU  | IN2           |
| 00711   | 1 17 01672   | LDX  | --15**0177777 |
| 00712   | 0 02 0 02641 | TYP  | 0,1,4         |
| 00713   | 1 30 01547   | MIB  | ERMSG6+15,X   |
| 00714   | 1 57 00713   | BRX  | \$-1          |
| 00715   | 0 0 01 00412 | BRU  | GOTOP         |
| 00716   | 0 0 21 01235 | EXU  | RCZT          |
| 00717   | 0 0 01 00732 | BRU  | IN4           |
| 00720   | 0 0 21 01237 | EXU  | RCIT          |
| 00721   | 0 0 01 00732 | BRU  | IN2           |
| 00722   | 0 22 4 0004  | BPT  | 4             |
| 00723   | 0 0 01 00732 | BRU  | IN2           |
| 00724   | 0 0 21 01241 | EXU  | RDIS          |
| 00725   | 1 17 01702   | LDX  | --17**0177777 |
| 00726   | 0 02 0 02641 | TYP  | 0,1,4         |
| 00727   | 1 30 01570   | MIB  | ERMSG7+17,X   |
| 00730   | 1 57 00727   | BRX  | \$-1          |
| 00731   | 0 0 01 00412 | BRU  | GOTOP         |
| 00732   | 0 0 21 01236 | EXU  | RCET          |
| 00733   | 0 22 0 0043  | S0V  |               |
| 00734   | 0 0 21 01241 | EXU  | RDIS          |
| 00735   | 0 0 53 01451 | SKN  | SPF           |
| 00736   | 0 0 01 00756 | BRU  | IN3           |
| 00737   | 0 0 16 01733 | LDA  | =033120252    |
| 00740   | 0 0 14 01444 | LDB  | BUFFER+64     |
| 00741   | 0 0 03 01055 | BRM  | CHECK         |
| 00742   | 0 0 03 01177 | BRM  | STARTP        |
| 00743   | 0 22 0 4003  | R0V  |               |
| 00744   | 0 0 21 01243 | EXU  | RALC          |
| 00745   | 0 0 21 01216 | LCH  | RIASPI        |
| 00746   | 0 0 31 01217 |      |               |
| 00747   | 1 17 01645   | LDX  | --3**0177777  |
| 00750   | 0 0 14 01734 | LDB  | =ERMSG8       |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 13 of 20)

4-50

[illegible]

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 15 of 20)

|       |   |    |       |       |       |                              |               |                                |
|-------|---|----|-------|-------|-------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 01111 | 0 | 0  | 41    | 01055 | 643   | BRR                          | CHECK         | EXIT IF ALL CORRECT            |
| 01112 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0004  | 644 * | CHECK1 BPT                   | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED?          |
| 01113 | 0 | 0  | 41    | 01055 | 645   | BRR                          | CHECK         | NO, EXIT                       |
| 01114 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 01444 | 646   | STA                          | T1            | YES                            |
| 01115 | 0 | 60 | 04    | 003   | 647   | LSH                          | 3             | FORMAT EXPECTED                |
| 01116 | 0 | 0  | 13    | 01444 | 648   | MRG                          | T1            |                                |
| 01117 | 0 | 0  | 11    | 01710 | 649   | ETR                          | =0707         |                                |
| 01120 | 0 | 60 | 04    | 005   | 650   | LSH                          | 6             |                                |
| 01121 | 0 | 0  | 13    | 01713 | 651   | MRG                          | =012000052    |                                |
| 01122 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 01631 | 652   | STA                          | ERMSG0+9      | STORE EXPECTED                 |
| 01123 | 0 | 1  | 16    | 01444 | 653   | LDA                          | BUFFER+64,X   | FORMAT RECEIVED                |
| 01124 | 0 | 50 | 00    | 003   | 654   | RSH                          | 3             |                                |
| 01125 | 0 | 1  | 16    | 01444 | 655   | LDA                          | BUFFER+64,X   |                                |
| 01126 | 0 | 60 | 04    | 003   | 656   | LSH                          | 3             |                                |
| 01127 | 0 | 0  | 11    | 01710 | 657   | ETR                          | =0707         |                                |
| 01130 | 0 | 60 | 04    | 005   | 658   | LSH                          | 6             |                                |
| 01131 | 0 | 0  | 13    | 01713 | 659   | MRG                          | =012000052    |                                |
| 01132 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 01634 | 660   | STA                          | ERMSG0+12     | STORE RECEIVED                 |
| 01133 | 1 | 17 | 01676 |       | 661   | LDX                          | =-13**0177777 | DISCONNECT READER CHANNEL      |
| 01134 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01241 | 662   | EXU                          | RDIS          |                                |
| 01135 | 0 | 02 | 0     | 02641 | 663   | TYP                          | 0,1,4         |                                |
| 01136 | 1 | 30 | 01635 |       | 664   | MIB                          | ERMSG0+13,X   |                                |
| 01137 | 1 | 57 | 01136 |       | 665   | BRX                          | \$-1          |                                |
| 01140 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 00412 | 666   | BRU                          | G0T0P         |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 667   |                              |               |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 668 * | PARITY ERROR SUBROUTINE      |               |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 669 * |                              |               |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 670 * |                              |               |                                |
| 01141 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0004  | 671   | PARERR BPT                   | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED?          |
| 01142 | 0 | 0  | 41    | 01055 | 672   | BRR                          | CHECK         | NO                             |
| 01143 | 0 | 0  | 21    | 01241 | 673   | EXU                          | RDIS          | YES, DISCONNECT READER CHANNEL |
| 01144 | 0 | 02 | 0     | 02641 | 674   | TYP                          | 0,1,4         |                                |
| 01145 | 1 | 17 | 01714 |       | 675   | LDX                          | =-9**0177777  | OUTPUT PARITY ERROR MESSAGE    |
| 01146 | 1 | 30 | 01627 |       | 676   | MIB                          | ERMSGP+9,X    |                                |
| 01147 | 1 | 57 | 01146 |       | 677   | BRX                          | \$-1          |                                |
| 01150 | 0 | 02 | 14000 |       | 678   | T0P                          | 0             |                                |
| 01151 | 0 | 20 | 14000 |       | 679   | CAT                          | 0             |                                |
| 01152 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 01151 | 680   | BRU                          | \$-1          |                                |
| 01153 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 01132 | 681   | BRU                          | CHECK2        | RETURN TO CHECK NUMBERS        |
|       |   |    |       |       | 682 * |                              |               |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 683 * | PIN ADDRESS ERROR SUBROUTINE |               |                                |
|       |   |    |       |       | 684 * |                              |               |                                |
| 01154 | 0 | 22 | 4     | 0004  | 685   | PINERR BPT                   | 4             | ERROR STOP PERMITTED           |
| 01155 | 0 | 0  | 01    | 01132 | 686   | BRU                          | CHECK2        | NO                             |
| 01156 | 0 | 0  | 16    | 01444 | 687   | LDA                          | T1            | YES                            |
| 01157 | 0 | 0  | 03    | 00537 | 688   | BRM                          | MK0CT         | EXPAND ACTUAL TO BCD           |
| 01160 | 0 | 0  | 76    | 00635 | 689   | STA                          | 0TPNM2        | SAVE                           |
| 01161 | 0 | 0  | 74    | 00636 | 690   | STB                          | 0TPNM2+1      |                                |

4-52

|       |                           |     |               |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------------------------|
| 01162 | 0 0 16 01445              | LDA | T1+1          | EXPAND EXPECTED T9 BCD          |
| 01163 | 0 0 03 00537              | BRM | MK8CT         |                                 |
| 01164 | 0 0 76 00577              | STA | 8TPNM1        | SAVE                            |
| 01165 | 0 0 74 00630              | STB | 8TPNM1+1      |                                 |
| 01166 | 0 0 21 01241              | EXU | RDIS          | DISCONNECT READER               |
| 01167 | 0 02 0 02641              | TYP | O.1.4         |                                 |
| 01170 | 1 17 01672                | LDX | =-15**0177777 | OUTPUT GENERAL MESSAGE          |
| 01171 | 1 30 00574                | MIB | 8TPNM+15,X    |                                 |
| 01172 | 1 57 01171                | BRX | \$-1          | OUTPUT BLOCK NO.                |
| 01173 | 0 30 01624                | MIB | ERMSG0+4      |                                 |
| 01174 | 0 30 01625                | MIB | ERMSG0+5      |                                 |
| 01175 | 0 30 01626                | MIB | ERMSG0+6      |                                 |
| 01176 | 0 0 01 00533              | BRU | 8TPIN2        | G9 OUTPUT RECEIVED AND EXPECTED |
| 704 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 705 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 706 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 707   | STARTP PZE                |     |               |                                 |
| 708   | LDX                       |     | =-64**0177777 |                                 |
| 709   | CLR                       |     | BUFFER+64,X   | CLEAR BUFFER                    |
| 710   | STA                       |     | \$-1          |                                 |
| 711   | BRX                       |     | RPT           | START TAPE                      |
| 712   | EXU                       |     | STARTP        | EXIT                            |
| 713   | BRR                       |     |               |                                 |
| 714   | PAGE                      |     |               |                                 |
| 715 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 716 * | I/O CHANNEL COMMANDS      |     |               |                                 |
| 717 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 718   | PI0SP I0SP                |     | IMAGE,64      |                                 |
| 719   | PI0SD I0SD                |     | IMAGE,64      |                                 |
| 720 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 721   | RI0SD I0SD                |     | BUFFER,64     |                                 |
| 722   | RI0SP I0SP                |     | BUFFER,65     |                                 |
| 723   | RI0SP1 I0SP               |     | BUFFER,32     |                                 |
| 724   | RI0RP I0RP                |     | BUFFER+32,33  |                                 |
| 725   | RI0RD I0RD                |     | BUFFER,56     |                                 |
| 726 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 727 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 728 * | I/O CHANNEL INSTRUCTIONS. |     |               |                                 |
| 729 * |                           |     |               |                                 |
| 730   | PCAT CAT                  |     | 0             |                                 |
| 731   | PCZT CZT                  |     | 0             |                                 |
| 01224 | 0 20 14000                |     |               |                                 |
| 01225 | 0 20 12000                |     |               |                                 |



Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 17 of 20)

|       |              |            |                                      |       |  |
|-------|--------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 01226 | 0 20 11000   | 732 PCET   | CET                                  | 0     |  |
| 01227 | 0 02 0 02044 | 733 *      |                                      |       |  |
| 01230 | 0 02 0 00044 | 734 PPT    | PPT                                  | 0,1,1 |  |
| 01231 | 0 02 00000   | 735 PTL    | PTL                                  | 0,1,1 |  |
| 01232 | 0 02 12000   | 736 PDIS   | DSC                                  | 0     |  |
| 01233 | 0 02 50000   | 737 PASC   | ASC                                  | 0     |  |
|       |              | 738 PASC   | ASC                                  | 0     |  |
|       |              | 739 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 740 *      |                                      |       |  |
| 01234 | 0 20 14000   | 741 RCAT   | CAT                                  | 0     |  |
| 01235 | 0 20 12000   | 742 RCZT   | CZT                                  | 0     |  |
| 01236 | 0 20 11000   | 743 RCET   | CET                                  | 0     |  |
| 01237 | 0 20 10400   | 744 RCIT   | CIT                                  | 0     |  |
|       |              | 745 *      |                                      |       |  |
| 01240 | 0 02 0 02034 | 746 RPT    | RPT                                  | 0,1,1 |  |
| 01241 | 0 02 00000   | 747 RDIS   | DSC                                  | 0     |  |
| 01242 | 0 02 12000   | 748 RASC   | ASC                                  | 0     |  |
| 01243 | 0 02 50000   | 749 RALC   | ALC                                  | 0     |  |
|       |              | 750 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 751 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 752 *      | OUTPUT IMAGE AREA, INPUT BUFFER AREA |       |  |
|       |              | 753 *      |                                      |       |  |
| 01244 |              | 754 IMAGE  | RES                                  | 64    |  |
| 01344 |              | 755 BUFFER | RES                                  | 64    |  |
|       |              | 756 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 757 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 758 *      | TEMPORARY STORAGE AND FLAGS          |       |  |
|       |              | 759 *      |                                      |       |  |
| 01444 |              | 760 T1     | RES                                  | 13    |  |
| 01461 |              | 761 SPF    | RES                                  | 1     |  |
| 01462 |              | 762 PRF    | RES                                  | 1     |  |
|       |              | 763        | PAGE                                 |       |  |
|       |              | 764 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 765 *      | ERROR AND STATUS MESSAGES.           |       |  |
|       |              | 766 *      |                                      |       |  |
|       |              | 767 DISMSG | BCD                                  | 52,1  | CHANNEL ERROROUSLY DISCONNECTED BEFORE C=0, DURING |
| 01463 | 52233021     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01464 | 45452543     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01465 | 12255151     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01466 | 46514664     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01467 | 62437012     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01470 | 24316223     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01471 | 46454525     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01472 | 23632524     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01473 | 12222526     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01474 | 46512512     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01475 | 23130073     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01476 | 12246451     |            |                                      |       |  |
| 01477 | 31452712     |            |                                      |       |  |

Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 18 of 20)

|       |          |     |        |           |   |
|-------|----------|-----|--------|-----------|---|
| 01500 | 31466247 | 768 | ERMSG1 | BCD       | 16,I0SP, OUTPUT. 11                                   |
| 01501 | 73124664 |     |        |           |   |
| 01502 | 63476463 |     |        |           |   |
| 01503 | 33125252 |     |        |           |   |
| 01504 | 31466224 | 769 | ERMSG2 | BCD       | 16,I0SD, OUTPUT. 11                                   |
| 01505 | 73124664 |     |        |           |   |
| 01506 | 63476463 |     |        |           |   |
| 01507 | 33125252 |     |        |           |   |
| 01510 | 52233021 | 770 | ERMSG4 | BCD       | 52,ICHANNEL DID NOT DISCONNECT WHEN C=0 ON I0SD INPUT |
| 01511 | 45452543 |     |        |           |   |
| 01512 | 12243124 |     |        |           |   |
| 01513 | 12454663 |     |        |           |   |
| 01514 | 12243162 |     |        |           |   |
| 01515 | 23464545 |     |        |           |   |
| 01516 | 25236312 |     |        |           |   |
| 01517 | 66302545 |     |        |           |   |
| 01520 | 12231300 |     |        |           |   |
| 01521 | 12464512 |     |        |           |   |
| 01522 | 31466224 |     |        |           |   |
| 01523 | 12314547 |     |        |           |   |
| 01524 | 64635212 | 771 | ERMSG5 | BCD       | 12,I0SD, INPUT  |
| 01525 | 31466224 |     |        |           |   |
| 01526 | 73123145 |     |        |           |   |
| 01527 | 47646352 |     |        |           |   |
| 01530 | 52233021 | 772 | ERMSG6 | BCD       | 52,ICHANNEL DISCONNECTED DURING I0SP INPUT, CIT NEVER |
| 01531 | 45452543 |     |        |           |   |
| 01532 | 12243162 |     |        |           |   |
| 01533 | 23464545 |     |        |           |   |
| 01534 | 25236325 |     |        |           |   |
| 01535 | 24122464 |     |        |           |   |
| 01536 | 51314527 |     |        |           |   |
| 01537 | 12314662 |     |        |           |   |
| 01540 | 47123145 |     |        |           |   |
| 01541 | 47646373 |     |        |           |   |
| 01542 | 12233163 |     |        |           |   |
| 01543 | 12452565 |     |        |           |   |
| 01544 | 25511212 |     |        |           |   |
| 01545 | 63516425 | 773 | BCD    | 8,TRUE. 1 |   |
| 01546 | 33125212 |     |        |           |   |
| 01547 | 52246451 |     |        |           |   |
| 01550 | 31452712 | 774 | ERMSG7 | BCD       | 48,I DURING I0SP INPUT C=0 INDICATING EOR PAST BUT C  |
| 01551 | 31466247 |     |        |           |   |
| 01552 | 12314547 |     |        |           |   |
| 01553 | 64631223 |     |        |           |   |
| 01554 | 13001231 |     |        |           |   |
| 01555 | 45243123 |     |        |           |   |
| 01556 | 21633145 |     |        |           |   |
| 01557 | 27122546 |     |        |           |   |
| 01560 | 51124721 |     |        |           |   |



Table 4-6. 9300 Computer, Extended Mode I/O Test Program (Sheet 20 of 20)

786            END        BEGIN

|       |          |
|-------|----------|
| 01636 | 00000200 |
| 01637 | 00000077 |
| 01640 | 00606047 |
| 01641 | 00606051 |
| 01642 | 00606062 |
| 01643 | 00000070 |
| 01644 | 00177774 |
| 01645 | 50277677 |
| 01646 | 00177775 |
| 01647 | 57737677 |
| 01650 | 50277777 |
| 01651 | 77777776 |
| 01652 | 00002000 |
| 01653 | 00177766 |
| 01654 | 70277777 |
| 01655 | 00000004 |
| 01656 | 00000003 |
| 01657 | 00040000 |
| 01660 | 90000001 |
| 01661 | 00177700 |
| 01662 | 01000000 |
| 01663 | 00001500 |
| 01664 | 52121225 |
| 01665 | 51514651 |
| 01666 | 12246451 |
| 01667 | 31452712 |
| 01670 | 00001504 |
| 01671 | 77777777 |
| 01672 | 00001344 |
| 01673 | 00177761 |
| 01674 | 90177764 |
| 01675 | 00177770 |
| 01676 | 00000000 |
| 01677 | 00177763 |
| 01700 | 00001525 |
| 01701 | 33120152 |
| 01702 | 00001444 |
| 01703 | 00177757 |
| 01704 | 33120252 |
| 01705 | 00001570 |
| 01706 | 33120352 |
| 01707 | 33120452 |
| 01710 | 00001434 |
| 01711 | 00000707 |
| 01712 | 52120000 |
| 01713 | 00177755 |
| 01714 | 12000052 |
|       | 00177767 |

## SECTION V TROUBLESHOOTING

### 5.1 GENERAL

5.2 This section contains information useful when troubleshooting the Model 932XX series TMCCs.

5.3 Troubleshooting information contained herein is based on the test programs given in Section 4 of this manual. When an error is indicated during performance of the tests given in Section 4, reference should first be made to the Programming Flow Charts illustrated in figure 5-1 and then to the applicable referenced data.

### 5.4 TEST PROGRAM FLOW CHART

5.5 Figure 5-1 illustrates the programming flow data for the extended mode test programs given in Section 4. An example of the usage of the flow charts is given in the following paragraphs.

### 5.6 FLOW CHART EXAMPLE

5.7 In presenting the example of usage of the flow charts, the following points will be assumed:

- a. Paper tape reader connected to one of the interlaced channels.
- b. Breakpoint 1 switch reset.
- c. Breakpoint 2 switch reset.
- d. Breakpoint 3 switch set.
- e. Breakpoint 4 switch reset.
- f. An error exists in block 4.

5.8 At the initialization of the test, the channel number has been inserted on the typewriter, the unit number being used, and the character "R" for the paper tape reader. The program begins at the top of sheet 1 of figure 5-1. The program initializes restart location, disconnects all channels, addresses the keyboard and reads the character typed. As the character typed is an "R", the flow proceeds to the right from CHAR: R to = R and is picked up again on sheet 2. The program then builds channel and unit mask words, and builds: RPT, RCAT, RCET, RCZT, RCIT, RALC, and RDIS (Read Paper Tape, Channel Active Test, Channel Error Test, Channel Zero Count Test, Channel Inter-Record Test, Alert Channel, and Disconnect Channel, respectively). The EOM/EOD commands are then constructed and the keyboard addressed to determine if the letter "S" has

been inserted to start the test. The program returns to sheet 1, KYBD, where the keyboard is addressed, the character "S" is read and Breakpoint Switch 3 is inter-rogated. As Breakpoint Switch 3 is set (paragraph 5.7d) the line S is followed to IN.

5.9 The program proceeds to sheet 8 (circle labeled IN), the tape is started, IOSD 64 is loaded (block 1), a check is made to determine if the count reaches zero and the channel is inactive. As the count has reached zero and the channel is not active, the program then proceeds to check the data as given on sheet 12. The subroutine is then performed to check End Address, Parity, and Input Data. The block number is then saved, no error exists, the channel address is stored and checked against the expected and the input data is compared. As the input data does compare, the program exits from the subroutine and is picked back up again on sheet 8 and proceeds to IN 1.

5.10 IN 1 continues on sheet 9, the tape is started again and IOSP 65 is loaded (block 2). The program checks that the word count does not reach zero and the inter-record test occurs (CIT). It then proceeds from CIT? to IN 2.

5.11 The program then checks to determine if an error exists (sheet 10) and stops the tape before the data is checked. While the tape is stopped, the data check subroutine is performed (sheet 12). After comparison of the data, block no. 2 is entered and the program exists from the subroutine and proceeds (sheet 10) to start the tape (sheet 13) and then loads IOSP 32 (block 3).

5.12 Subsequent to loading IOSP, the subroutine Wait For Count Zero (sheet 6) is again performed. When the count equals zero, the program exits from the subroutine and returns to the main program (sheet 10). As no error existed and the channel is not active, the tape is started again (sheet 13) and IORP 33 is loaded, SPF is reset, and the inter-record indicator (CIT, sheet 9) is turned on at the end of the record. The count should not reach zero and the channel should remain active. As no error exists (sheet 10), the tape is stopped and SPF is inter-rogated. SPF has been reset and the program then continues to IN 3 (sheet 11). The data is then checked (sheet 12) and as it does compare, the program exits from the subroutine, block no. 3 is entered, and the tape is started again (sheet 11). The program then loads IORD 56 (block 4), waits for the channel to be inactive and checks to determine if the channel ignored the last eight characters. As the last eight words were not ignored (paragraph 5.7f), an error exists and the program

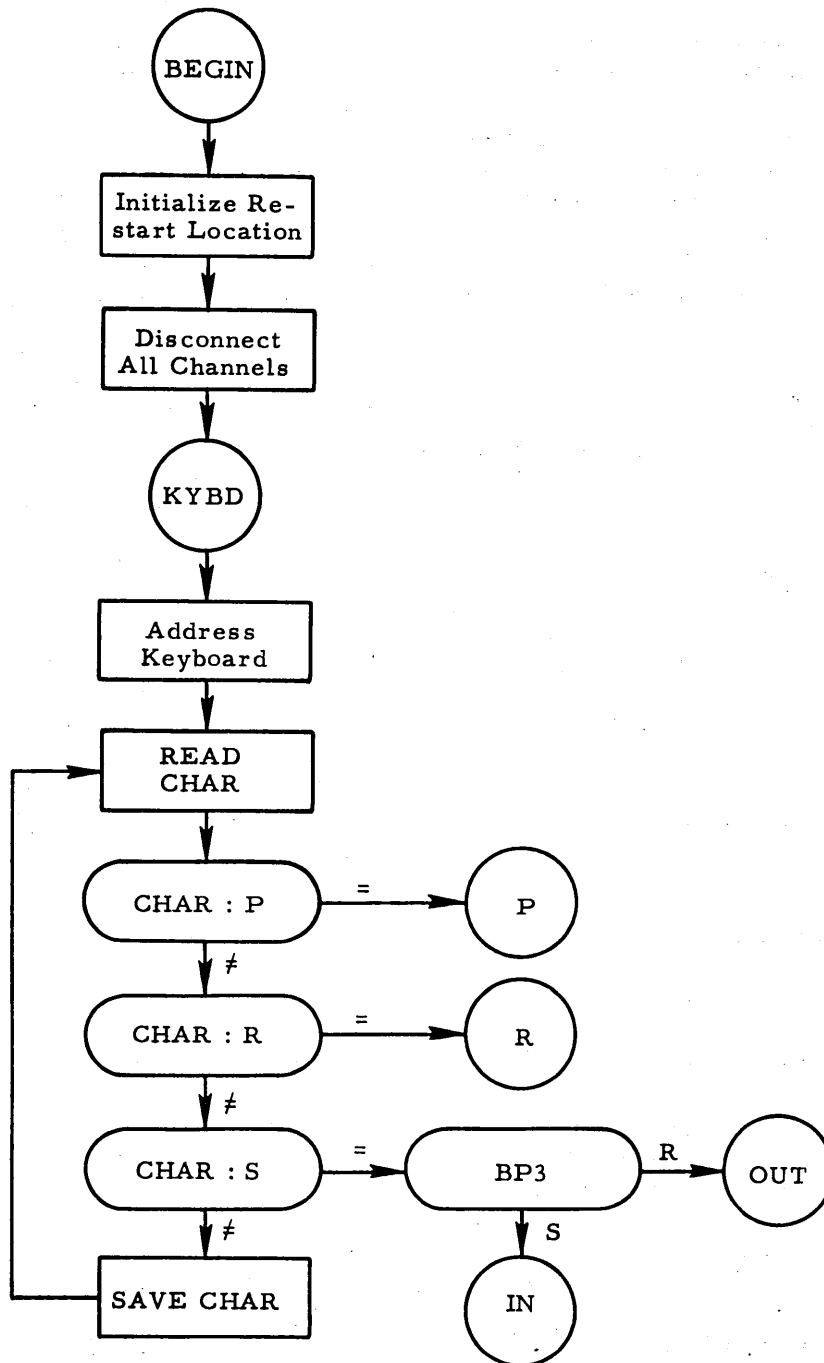


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 1 of 13)

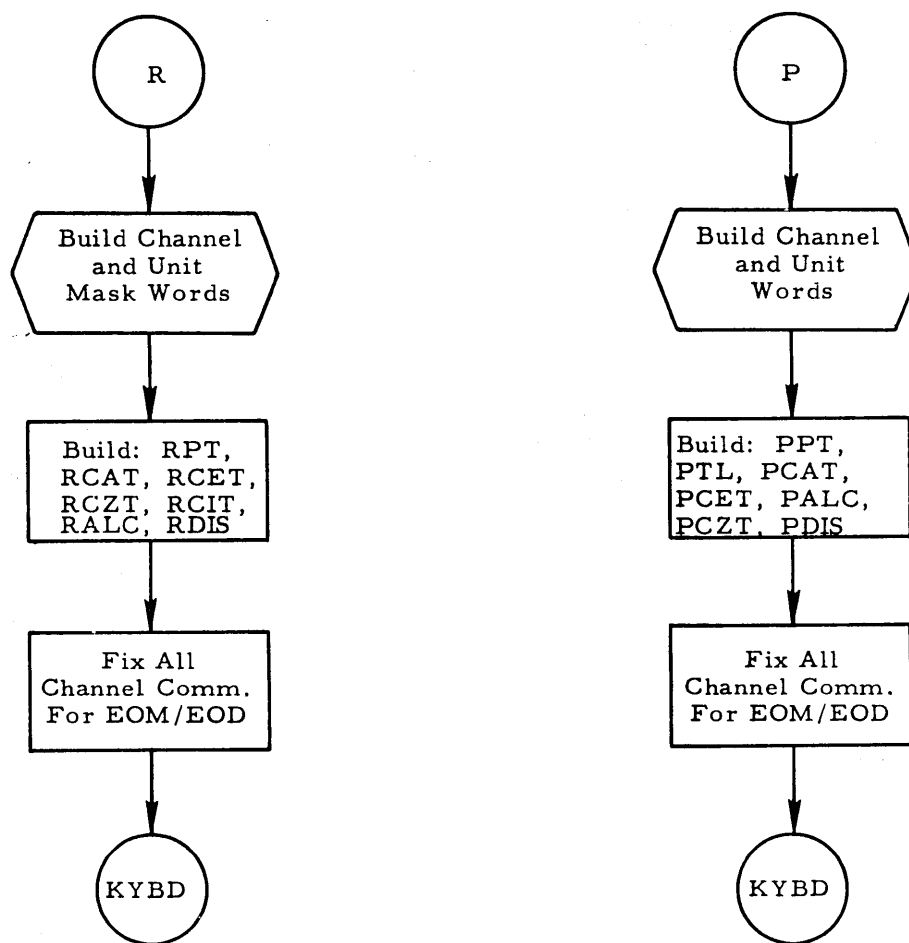


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 2 of 13)

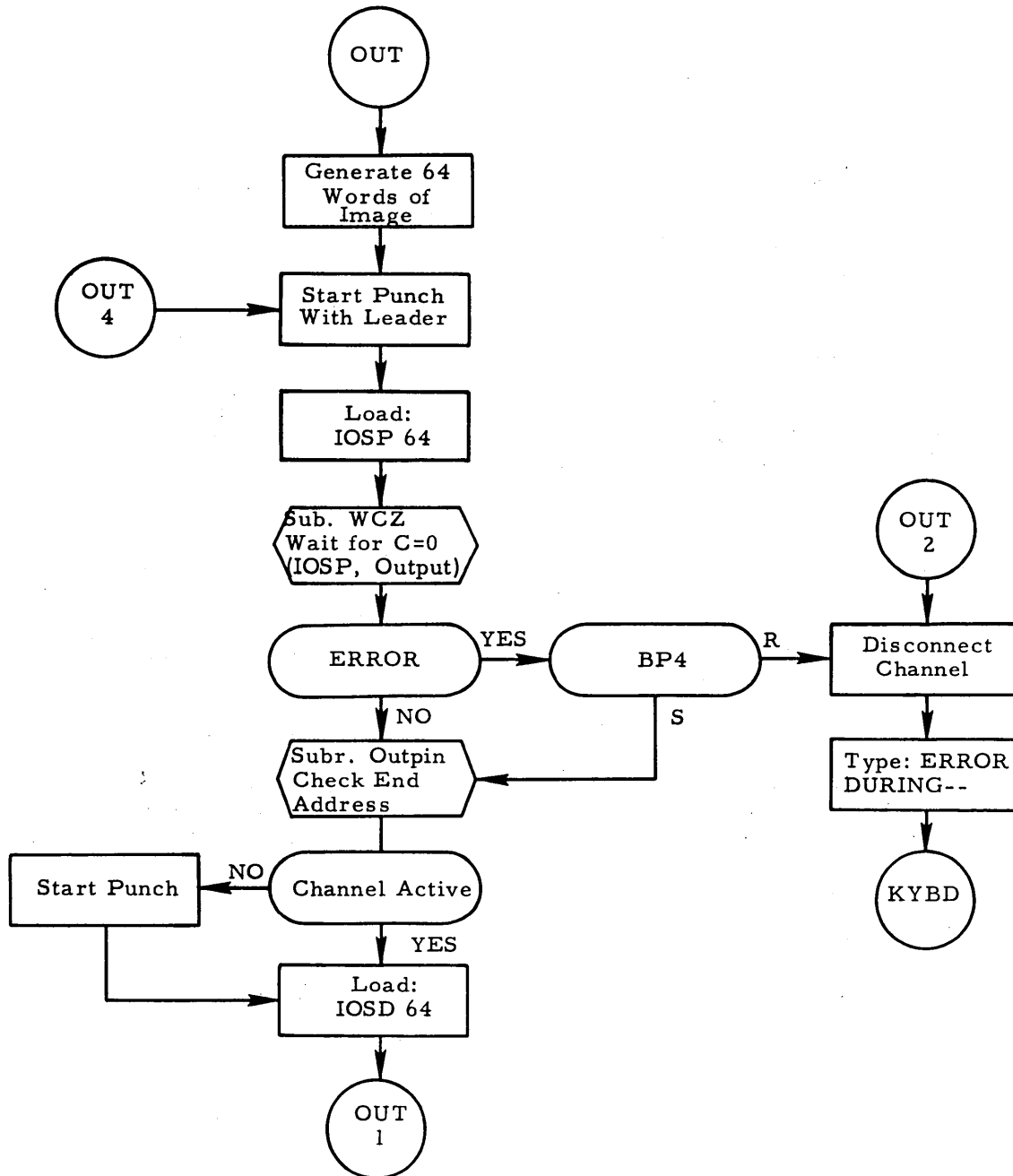


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 3 of 13)



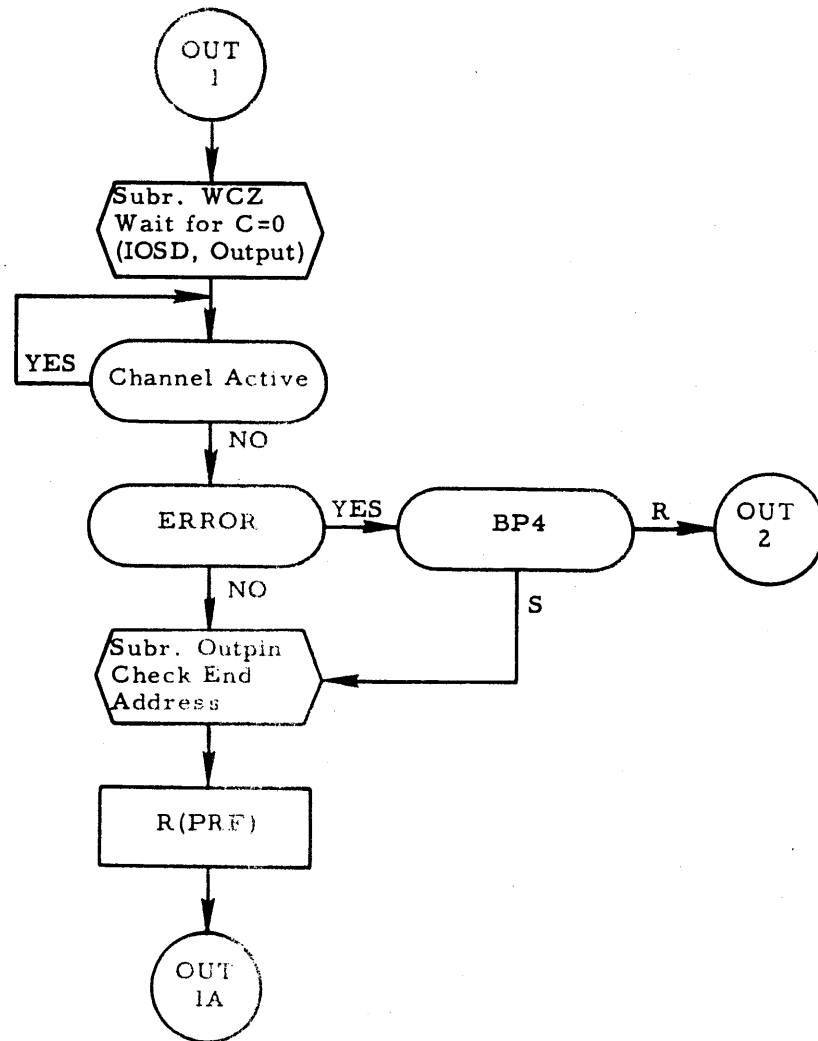


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 4 of 13)

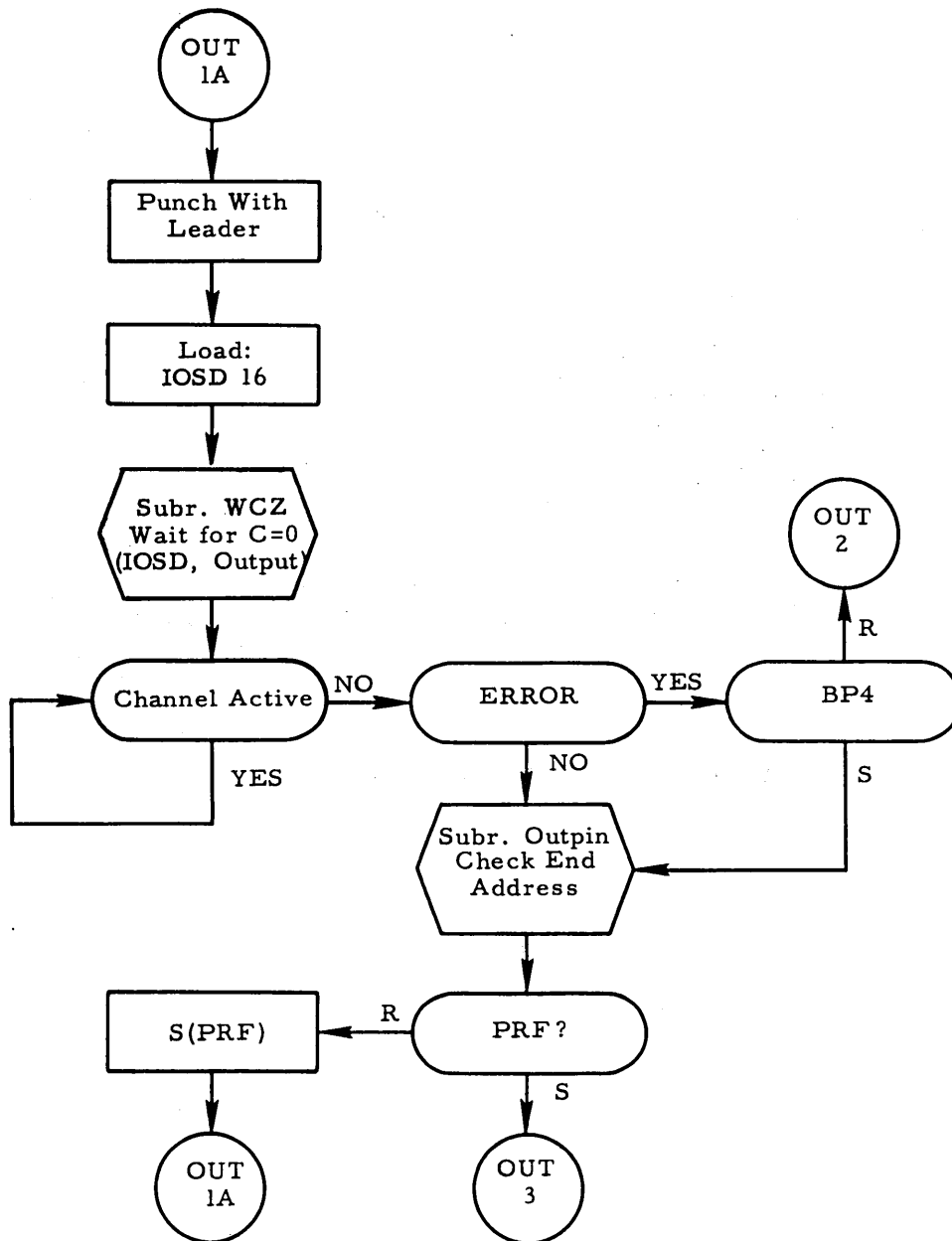


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 5 of 13)

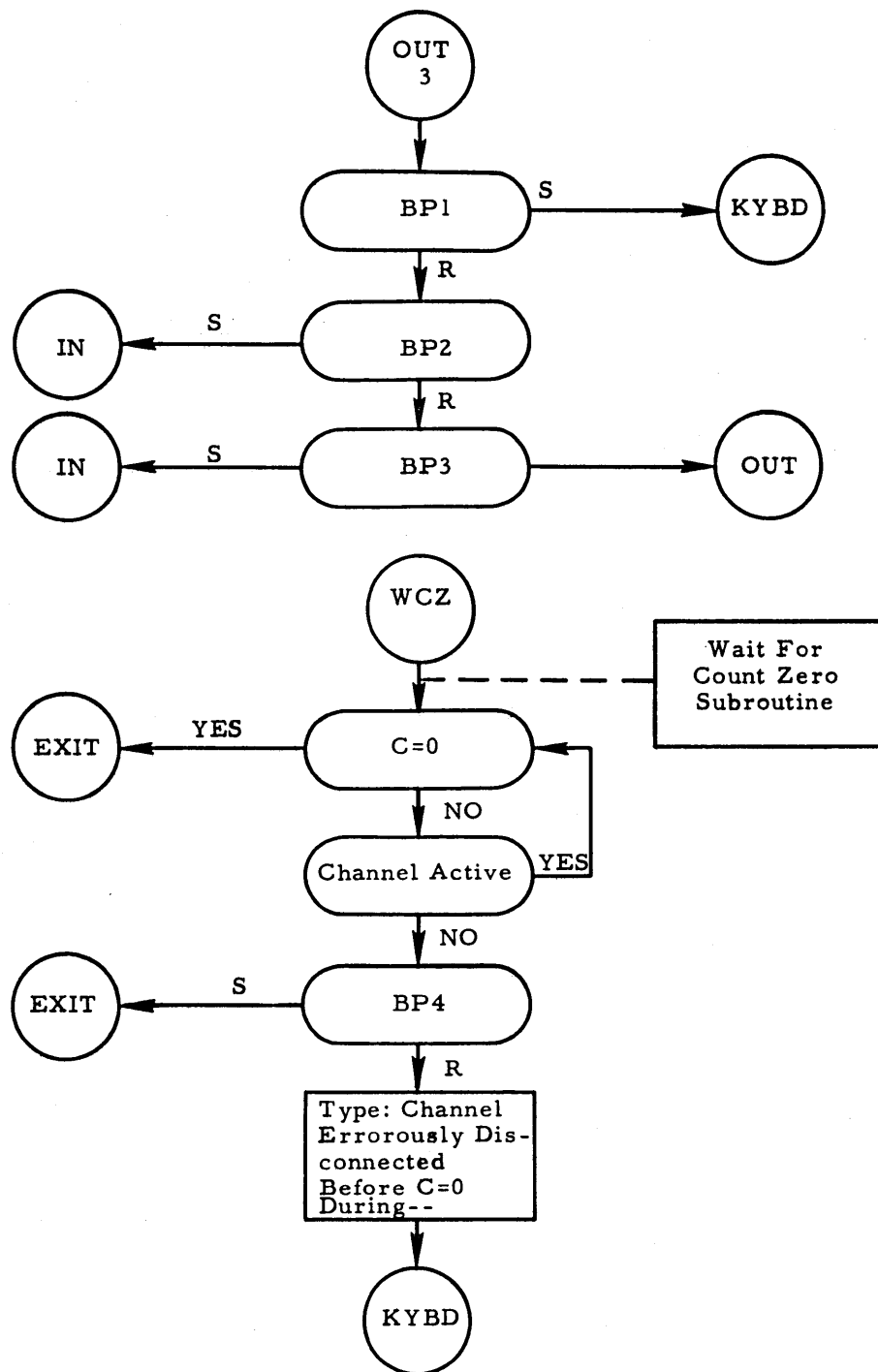


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 6 of 13)

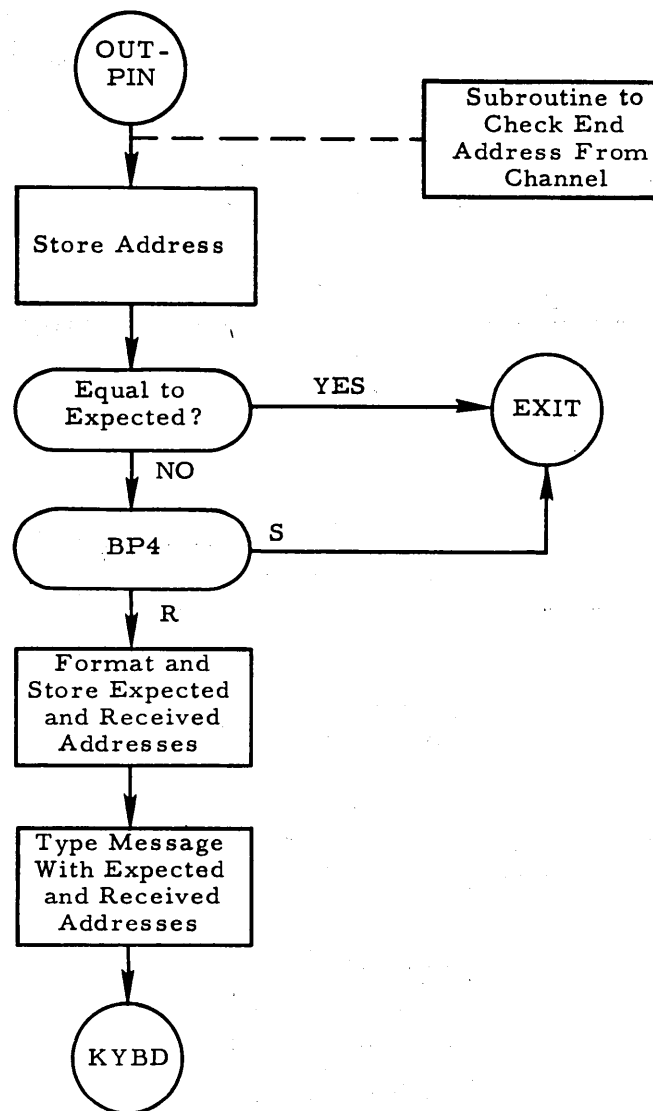


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 7 of 13)

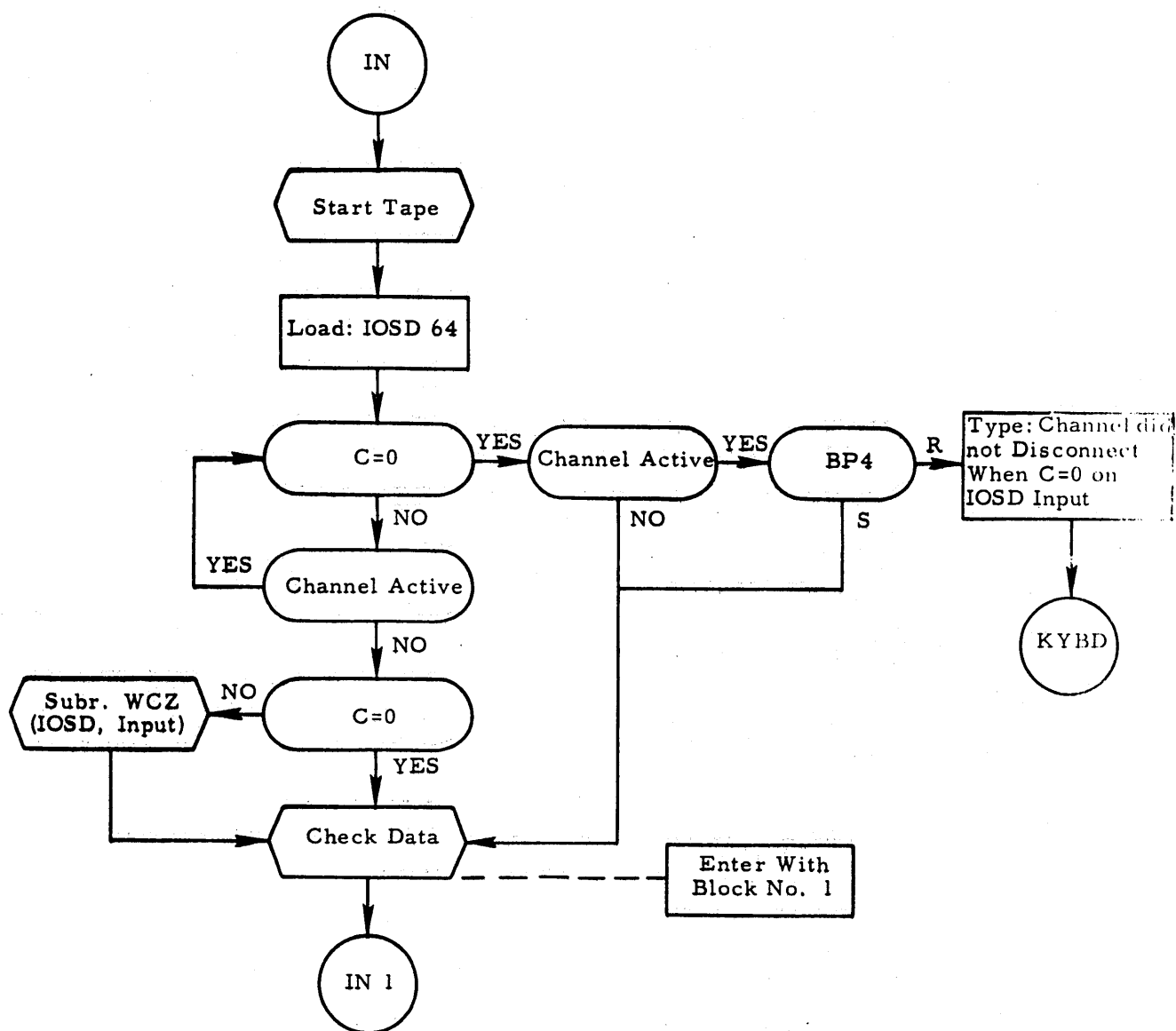


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 8 of 13)

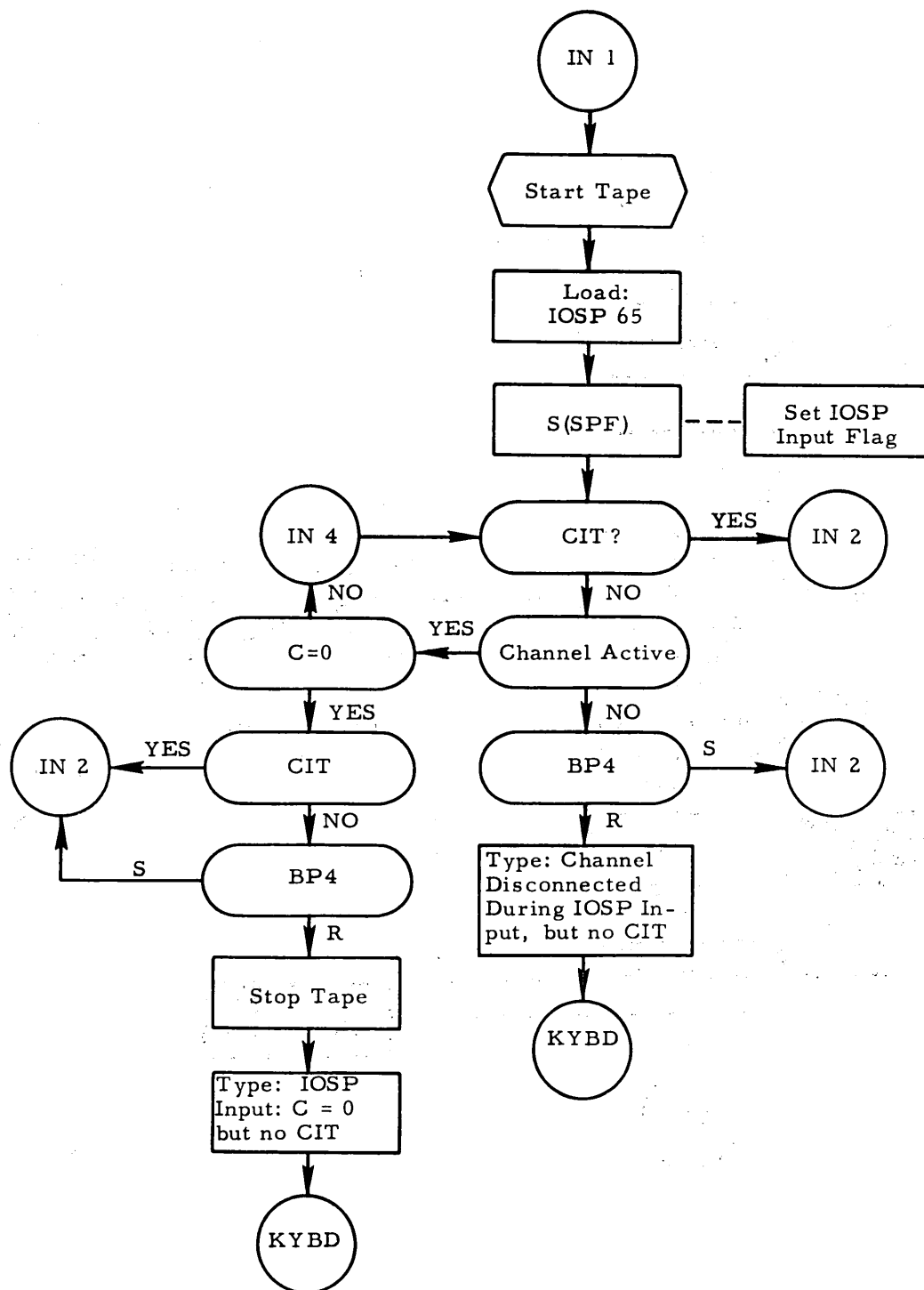


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 9 of 13)

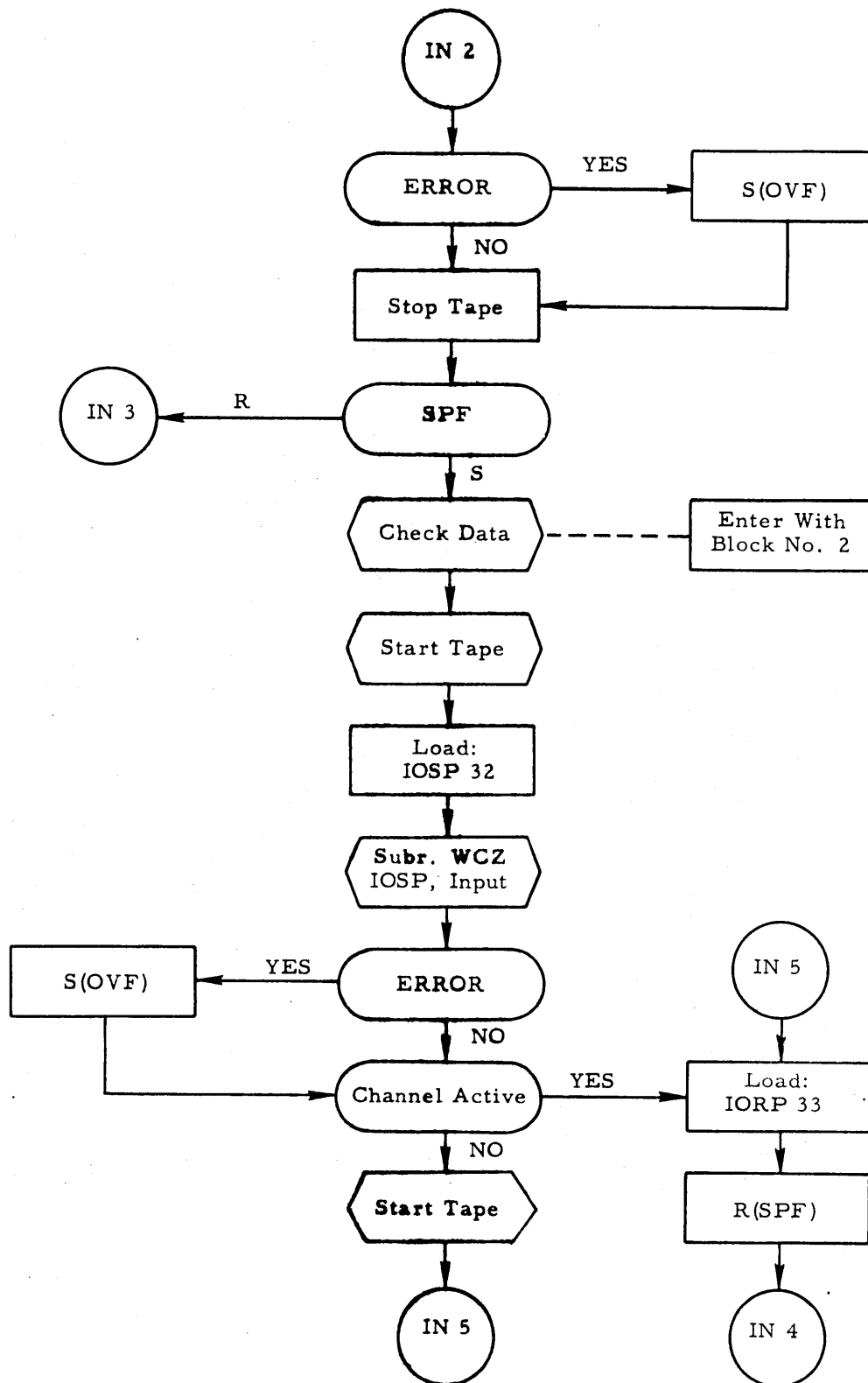


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 10 of 13)

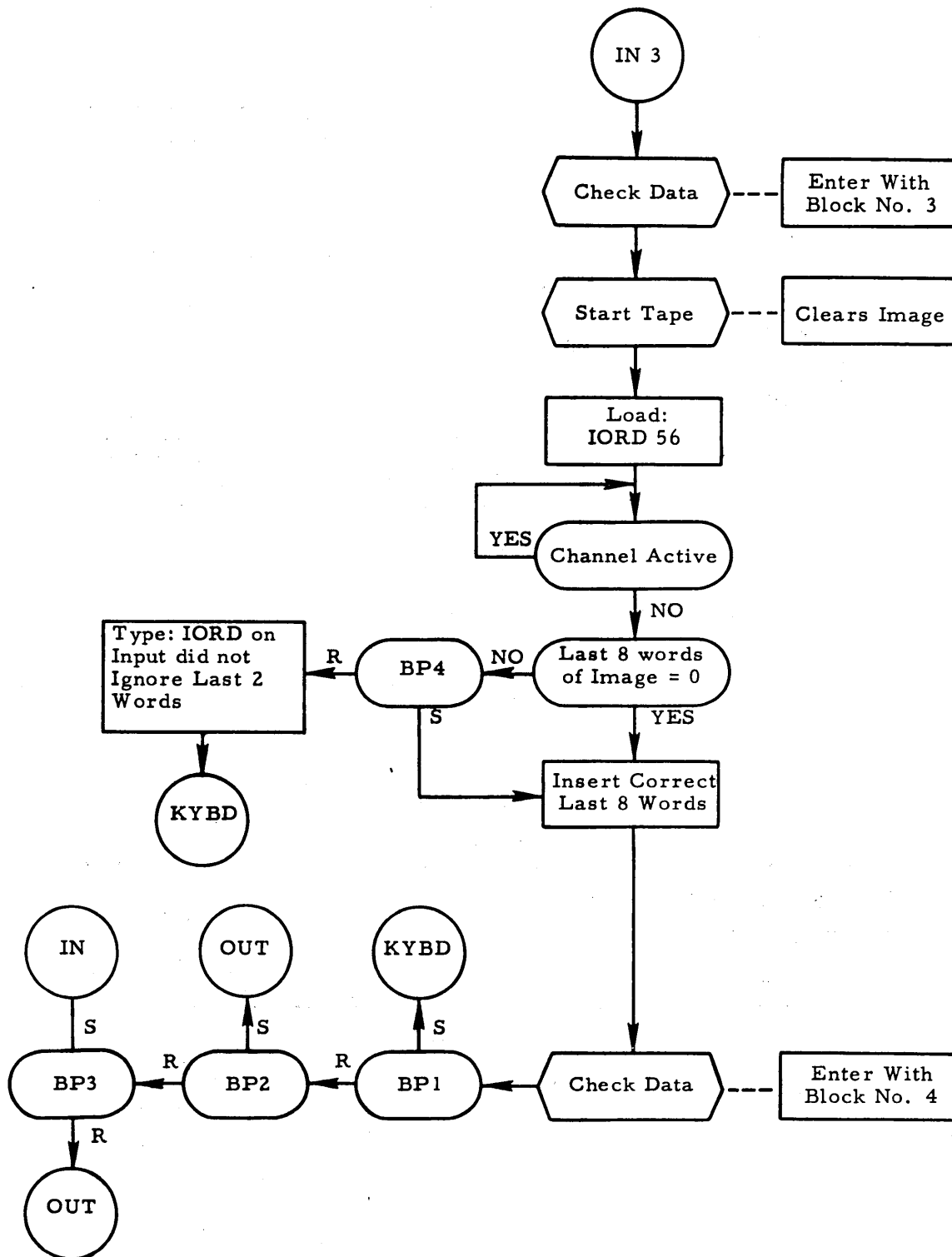


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 11 of 13)



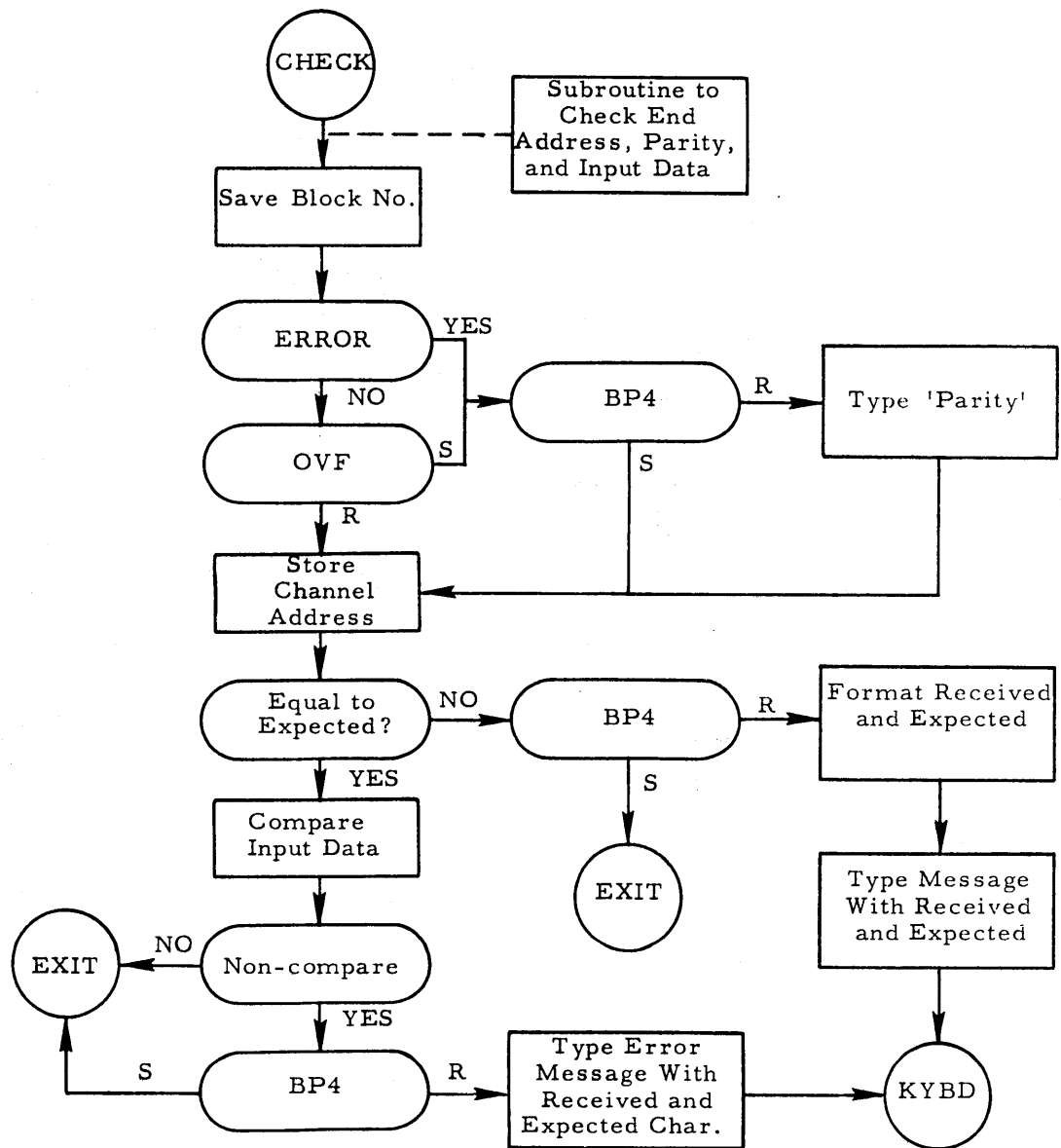


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 12 of 13)

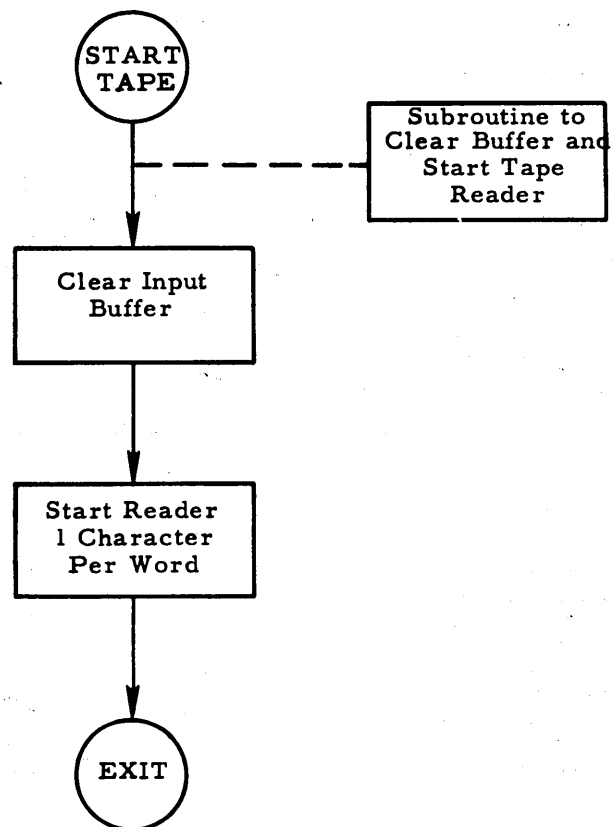


Figure 5-1. Test Program Flow Chart (Sheet 13 of 13)

interrogates Breakpoint Switch 4. Breakpoint Switch 4 is reset (paragraph 5.7e), therefore, the program types out: IORD on Input did not ignore last two words. Reference should then be made to table 5-8 for information concerning IORD on Input.

### 5.13 TROUBLESHOOTING INFORMATION

5.14 The error printout during the test program is determined by the type of device used with the program. If the device is an output device, the following type of error codes may be printed out:

- a. Typewriter -- Error during IOSD output
- b. Paper Tape -- Error during IORD/IOSD output
- c. Cards -- Error during IOSD/IORD output
- d. Printer -- Error during IOSD/IORD output
- e. Magnetic Tape -- Error during IORD/IORP output.

5.15 If the device is an input device, the following types of error codes may be printed out:

- a. Typewriter -- Error during IOSD input
- b. Paper Tape -- Error during IORD/IOSD/IORP input
- c. Cards -- Error during IORD/IOSD input
- d. Magnetic Tape -- Error during IORD/IORP input.

### 5.16 TROUBLESHOOTING

5.17 If a failure occurs during performance of the test program and an error message is printed out, determination must be made whether the malfunction is in the central processor unit (CPU), in the input/output device, or in the TMCC. Normally, this can be determined by performing a portion of the applicable test routine for the input/output device and checking for proper operation.

5.18 If the determination is made that the malfunction is in the TMCC, reference should then be made to the applicable table (tables 5-1 thru 5-10) for that function. The table describes the function and references the paragraphs in the Theory of Operation section (Section 3) where a detailed description of that function is described.

5.19 The logic equations pertaining to the particular function can be determined from the description in the theory of operations. A comparison of the logic equations and terms will indicate the particular terms peculiar to the function which has failed. Reference to the logic layout drawings (listed in Section 1) will indicate the module in which the term is used, the physical location of the module, and the terminal connections where the term can then be found.

5.20 Normal troubleshooting procedures can be performed to pinpoint the malfunction to a particular component or terminal.

5.21 Physical location of components and schematics of each module can be found in Section 6.

Table 5-1. IOSP Output Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Output Function   | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|---|--------------------------|
| 1   | 1   | 1   | <p>1. 1lw at Iwf if Iwk</p> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (1lw), if armed (Iwk), indicating the program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue writing in the same record. Failure to reload the interlace before the buffer transmits all of the characters in its registers and before the peripheral device requests the next character from the buffer sets the channel error indicator.</p> | 3. 152<br>thru<br>3. 157 |

Table 5-2. IORP Output Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Output Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 1   | 0   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. At Iwf, reset W0</li> <li>3. I2w at Mtgw or Whs W11 if Iwj</li> <li>4. At Whs W11, disconnect</li> </ol> <p>When the channel interlace counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk), notifying the channel buffer that it has received the last word that is to be output. At zero word count (Iwf), the Halt Interlock flip-flop, W0, is reset to inhibit additional time-share requests. When the device receives the last word from the buffer, it sends an End-of-Record response (Whs W11) back to the buffer. If armed, (Iwj), the buffer generates an End-of-Record Interrupt (I2w) and sets the inter-record indicator. If the device is magnetic tape, an End-of-Record response (tape gap signal, Mtgw,) signal is sent to the buffer but the tape continues to move. If the program does not execute an EOM to write a new tape before the tape gap signal drops, the channel disconnects (Whs W11) and the tape stops.</p> | 3. 144<br>thru<br>3. 151 |

Table 5-3. IOSD Output Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Output Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 0   | 1   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. At Iwf, reset W0</li> <li>3. Disconnect at Iwf W11 or Whs</li> <li>4. I2w at disconnect, if Iwj</li> </ol> <p>When the channel interlace counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk), indicating the last character has been transmitted. At zero word count (Iwf), the Halt Interlock flip-flop (W0) is reset inhibiting additional time-share requests. For devices other than magnetic tape (W11), the Halt Detector flip-flop (Wh) is set on reaching zero word count (Iwf) when the last character has been clocked from the buffer. The Halt Detector also sets on occurrence of a Halt Signal (Whs). Setting of the Halt Detector initiates a buffer disconnect sequence. The Signal Complete flip-flop (Wcs) is set and if the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable (Iwj) has been previously armed, an End-of-Record Interrupt (I2w) is generated.</p> | 3. 140<br>thru<br>3. 143 |

Table 5-4. IORD Output Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Output Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 0   | 0   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. At Iwf, reset W0</li> <li>3. Disconnect at Whs</li> <li>4. I2w at disconnect, if Iwj</li> </ol> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk), indicating that the last characters have been transmitted. At zero word count (Iwf), the Halt Interlock flip-flop (W0) is reset inhibiting additional time-share requests. If Halt Signal (Whs) is received, the Halt Detector (Wh) is set and a disconnect occurs. The Signal Complete flip-flop (Wsc) is set and, if armed (Iwj), an End-of-Record Interrupt (I2w) is generated.</p> | 3. 134<br>thru<br>3. 139 |

Table 5-5. IOSP Input Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Input Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|---|--------------------------|
| 1   | 1   | 1   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. At Mtgw or Whs W11, flush and store last character(s) if Iwf</li> <li>3. I2w at Mtgw or Whs W11 if Iwj</li> <li>4. Disconnect at Whs W11</li> </ol> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk), indicating the program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue reading the record. If the End-of-Record (Mtg or Whs W11) occurs before zero word count (Iwf), the buffer is flushed and the completed word is stored in memory. If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable (Iwi) has been armed, an End-of-Record interrupt (I2w) is generated when a tape gap (Mtgw) or halt signal (Whs) is detected from the device. For magnetic tape operation (W11), a new EOM may be given within one millisecond from the occurrence of I2w to permit the tape system to proceed to a new record. Failure to give an EOM results in the tape stopping and the buffer disconnecting.</p> | 3. 176<br>thru<br>3. 179 |

Table 5-6. IORP Input Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Input Function   | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 1   | 0   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. Inhibit rate errors if Iwf</li> <li>3. At Mtgw or Whs W11, flush and store last character(s) if Iwf</li> <li>4. I2w at Mtgw or Whs W11 if Iwj</li> <li>5. Disconnect at Whs W11</li> </ol> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk), indicating the program should reload the interlace portion of the channel to continue reading the record. Additional characters entering the channel after zero word count are precessed into the W register. Parity and rate errors cannot occur after zero word count because of Iwf. Detection of magnetic tape gap (Mtgw) or a halt signal (Whs) sets the End-of-Record detector. If the End-of-Record detector is set before zero word count has occurred (Iwf), the buffer is flushed and the completed word is stored in memory. If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable (Iwj) has been armed, an End-of-Record interrupt (I2w) occurs. Failure to reload the interlace within one millisecond of I2w results in the tape stopping and the buffer disconnecting.</p> | 3. 168<br>thru<br>3. 175 |

Table 5-7. IOSD Input Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Input Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|---|--------------------------|
| 1   | 0   | 1   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. At Whs, flush and store last character(s) if Iwf</li> <li>3. Disconnect at Iwf W11 or Whs</li> <li>4. I2w at disconnect if Iwj</li> </ol> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk). Should an End-of-Record (Whs) occur before zero word count (Iwf) is established, any characters remaining in the W register are flushed and stored. The Halt Detector is now permitted to set by Iwf W11 or Whs W11 and the channel is disconnected. If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable (Iwj) has been armed, an End-of-Record interrupt (I2w) occurs.</p> | 3. 164<br>thru<br>3. 167 |

Table 5-8. IORD Input Function, W (A) Channel

| Iwg | Iwh | Iwi | Input Function   | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|-----|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 0   | 0   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1w at Iwf if Iwk</li> <li>2. Inhibit rate errors if Iwf</li> <li>3. At Mtgw or Whs W11, flush and store last character(s) if Iwf</li> <li>4. Disconnect at Whs</li> <li>5. I2w at disconnect if Iwj</li> </ol> <p>When the channel counts C down to zero (Iwf), the channel generates a zero word count interrupt (I1w), if armed (Iwk). Parity and rate errors (We) are inhibited by Iwf after zero word count is established. Should an End-of-Record (Mtgw or Whs W11) occur before zero word count is established (Iwf), the End-of-Record detector is set and any characters remaining in the W register are flushed and stored. The Halt Detector (Wh) is permitted to set by Whs, the buffer is cleared and the channel disconnected. If the End-of-Record Interrupt Enable (Iwj) has been armed, an End-of-Record interrupt (I2w) occurs.</p> | 3. 158<br>thru<br>3. 163 |

Table 5-9. Output Functions, Y Channel

| Iyg  | Iyh | Iyi | Output Function  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|--|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1  | 1   | 1   | IOSP<br><ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1y at Iyf if Iyk</li> </ol>   | 3. 152<br>thru<br>3. 157 |
| 1  | 1   | 0   | IORP<br><ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1y at Iyf if Iyk</li> <li>2. At Iyf, reset Y0</li> <li>3. I2y at Mtgy or Yhs Y11 if Iyj</li> <li>4. At Yhs Y11, disconnect</li> </ol>   | 3. 144<br>thru<br>3. 151 |
| 1  | 0   | 1   | IOSD<br><ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1y at Iyf if Iyk</li> <li>2. At Iyf, reset Y0</li> <li>3. Disconnect at Iyf Y11 or Yhs</li> <li>4. I2y at disconnect, if Iyj</li> </ol> | 3. 140<br>thru<br>3. 143 |
| 1  | 0   | 0   | IORD<br><ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. I1y at Iyf if Iyk</li> <li>2. At Iyf, reset Y0</li> <li>3. Disconnect at Yhs</li> <li>4. I2y at disconnect, if Iyj</li> </ol>            | 3. 134<br>thru<br>3. 139 |
| The output functions for the Y channel are identical to those of the W channel given in tables 5-1, 5-2, 5-3, and 5-4. The only difference is the substitution of the letter "y" for "w" in the logic terms. |     |     |  |                          |

Table 5-10. Input Functions, Y Channel

| Iyg   | Iyh | Iyi | Input Functions  | Sec. 3, Par. Ref.        |
|---|-----|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1   | 1   | 1   | IOSP<br>1. Ily at Iyf if Iyk<br>2. At Mtgy or Yhs Y11, flush and store last character(s) if Iyf<br>3. I2y at Mtgy or Yhs Y11 if Iyj<br>4. Disconnect at Yhs Y11                                  | 3. 176<br>thru<br>3. 179 |
| 1   | 1   | 0   | IORP<br>1. Ily at Iyf if Iyk<br>2. Inhibit rate errors if Iyf<br>3. At Mtgy or Yhs Y11, flush and store last character(s) if Iyf<br>4. I2y at Mtgy or Yhs Y11 if Iyj<br>5. Disconnect at Yhs Y11 | 3. 168<br>thru<br>3. 175 |
| 1   | 0   | 1   | IOSD<br>1. Ily at Iyf if Iyk<br>2. At Yhs, flush and store last character(s) if Iyf<br>3. Disconnect at Iyf Y11 or Yhs<br>4. I2y at disconnect if Iyj  | 3. 164<br>thru<br>3. 167 |
| 1   | 0   | 0   | IORD<br>1. Ily at Iyf if Iyk<br>2. Inhibit rate errors if Iyf<br>3. At Mtgy or Yhs Y11, flush and store last character(s) if Iyf<br>4. Disconnect at Yhs<br>5. I2y at disconnect if Iyj          | 3. 158<br>thru<br>3. 163 |
| The input functions for the Y channel are identical to those of the W channel given in tables 5-5, 5-6, 5-7, and 5-8. The only difference is the substitution of the letter "y" for "w" in the logic terms. |     |     |  |                          |



## SECTION VI DRAWINGS

### 6.1 GENERAL

6.2 This section contains drawings useful when troubleshooting and maintaining the TMCC.

### 6.3 SCOPE OF SECTION

6.4 Included in this section are assembly drawings, schematic diagrams, and material lists for each module.

6.5 The type and quantity of each module are listed in Section 1, table 1-4. Physical location of each module is illustrated in Section 4, figure 4-4.

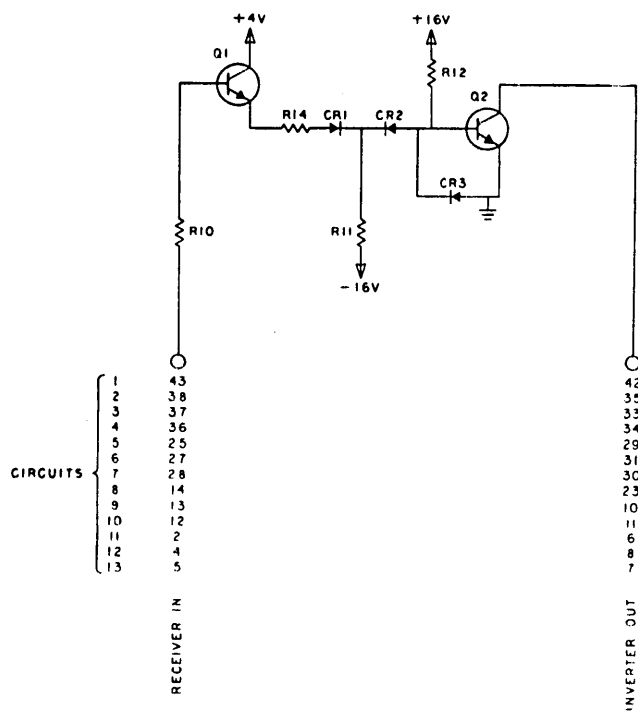
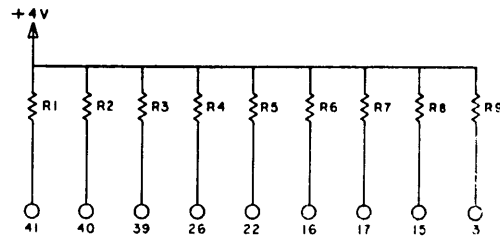
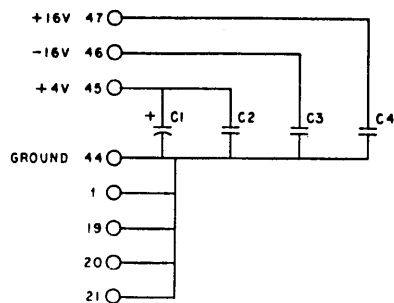
6.6 Also included in this section is the Semiconductor Cross Reference which provides a cross-reference between Scientific Data Systems semiconductor numbers, commercial Electronic Industries Association (EIA) numbers, specification numbers, and replacements for obsolete semiconductors.

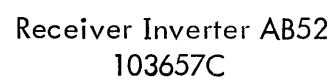
103655/A

| REV | DESCRIPTION    | DATE    | BY       |
|-----|----------------|---------|----------|
| 1   | RELEASE TO WPG | 10/1/64 | 103655/A |

| REV | DESCRIPTION                  | DATE    | BY       |
|-----|------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1   | RELEASE TO WPG               | 10/1/64 | 103655/A |
| 2   | SCHEMATIC, RECEIVER INVERTER |         |          |
| 3   |                              |         |          |
| 4   |                              |         |          |
| 5   |                              |         |          |
| 6   |                              |         |          |
| 7   |                              |         |          |
| 8   |                              |         |          |
| 9   |                              |         |          |
| 10  |                              |         |          |
| 11  |                              |         |          |
| 12  |                              |         |          |
| 13  |                              |         |          |
| 14  |                              |         |          |
| 15  |                              |         |          |
| 16  |                              |         |          |
| 17  |                              |         |          |
| 18  |                              |         |          |
| 19  |                              |         |          |
| 20  |                              |         |          |
| 21  |                              |         |          |
| 22  |                              |         |          |
| 23  |                              |         |          |
| 24  |                              |         |          |
| 25  |                              |         |          |
| 26  |                              |         |          |
| 27  |                              |         |          |
| 28  |                              |         |          |
| 29  |                              |         |          |
| 30  |                              |         |          |
| 31  |                              |         |          |
| 32  |                              |         |          |
| 33  |                              |         |          |
| 34  |                              |         |          |
| 35  |                              |         |          |
| 36  |                              |         |          |
| 37  |                              |         |          |
| 38  |                              |         |          |
| 39  |                              |         |          |
| 40  |                              |         |          |
| 41  |                              |         |          |
| 42  |                              |         |          |
| 43  |                              |         |          |
| 44  |                              |         |          |
| 45  |                              |         |          |
| 46  |                              |         |          |
| 47  |                              |         |          |
| 48  |                              |         |          |
| 49  |                              |         |          |
| 50  |                              |         |          |
| 51  |                              |         |          |
| 52  |                              |         |          |
| 53  |                              |         |          |
| 54  |                              |         |          |
| 55  |                              |         |          |
| 56  |                              |         |          |
| 57  |                              |         |          |
| 58  |                              |         |          |
| 59  |                              |         |          |
| 60  |                              |         |          |
| 61  |                              |         |          |
| 62  |                              |         |          |
| 63  |                              |         |          |
| 64  |                              |         |          |
| 65  |                              |         |          |
| 66  |                              |         |          |
| 67  |                              |         |          |
| 68  |                              |         |          |
| 69  |                              |         |          |
| 70  |                              |         |          |
| 71  |                              |         |          |
| 72  |                              |         |          |
| 73  |                              |         |          |
| 74  |                              |         |          |
| 75  |                              |         |          |
| 76  |                              |         |          |
| 77  |                              |         |          |
| 78  |                              |         |          |
| 79  |                              |         |          |
| 80  |                              |         |          |
| 81  |                              |         |          |
| 82  |                              |         |          |
| 83  |                              |         |          |
| 84  |                              |         |          |
| 85  |                              |         |          |
| 86  |                              |         |          |
| 87  |                              |         |          |
| 88  |                              |         |          |
| 89  |                              |         |          |
| 90  |                              |         |          |
| 91  |                              |         |          |
| 92  |                              |         |          |
| 93  |                              |         |          |
| 94  |                              |         |          |
| 95  |                              |         |          |
| 96  |                              |         |          |
| 97  |                              |         |          |
| 98  |                              |         |          |
| 99  |                              |         |          |
| 100 |                              |         |          |

POLARIZING PINS: 18 & 22



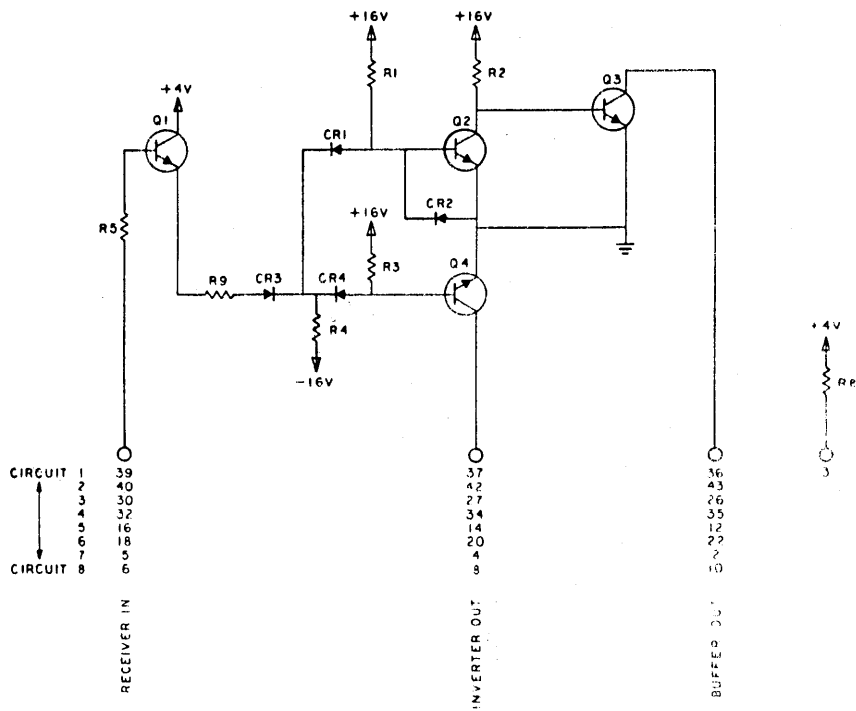
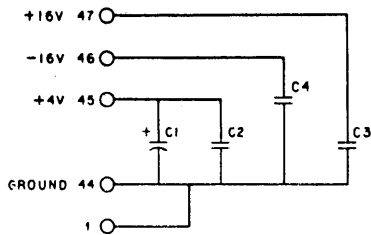


[illegible]

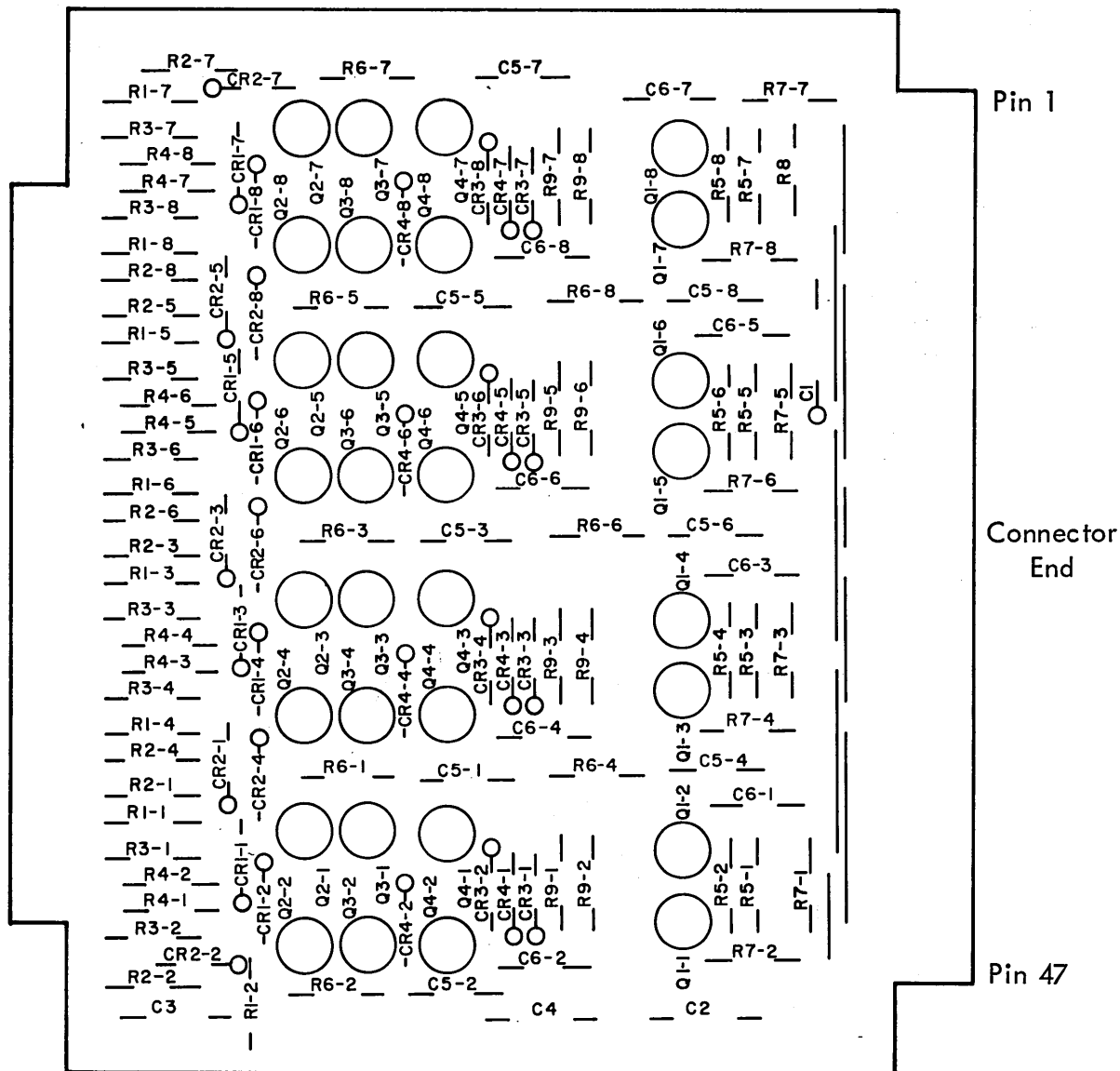
103724 A

RECEIVED TO DATE

POLARIZING PINS: 20 & 44



|             |  |  |  |                       |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| DRAWING NO. |  | DESCRIPTION                              |  | REFERENCE DESIGNATION |  |
| A853        |  | SCHEMATIC<br>RECEIVER INVERTER<br>BUFFER |  | 103724 A              |  |
| DATE        |  | DESIGNED BY                              |  | CHECKED BY            |  |
| 10/1/54     |  | J. MASTERS                               |  | J. MASTERS            |  |
| APPROVED BY |  | APPROVED BY                              |  | APPROVED BY           |  |
| 7           |  | 7  |  | 7                     |  |
| 103724      |  | 103724                                   |  | 103724                |  |
| A853        |  | A853                                     |  | A853                  |  |
| 10/1/54     |  | 10/1/54                                  |  | 10/1/54               |  |

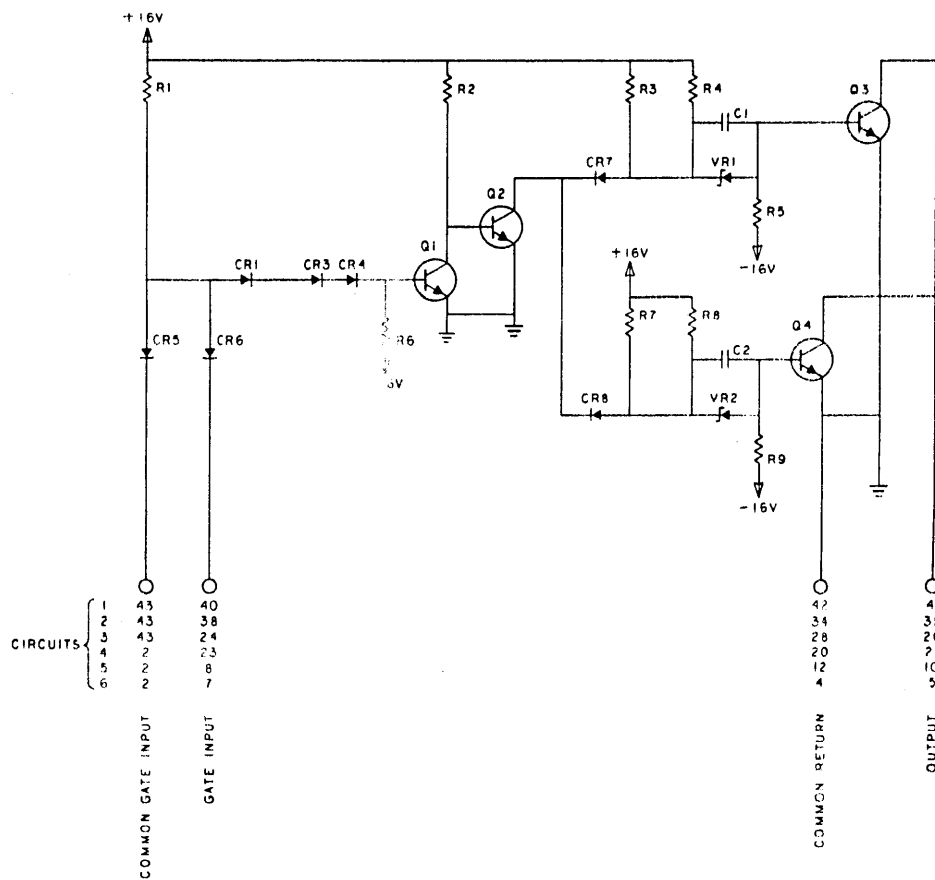
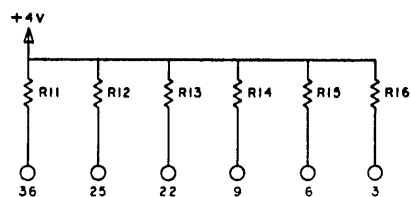
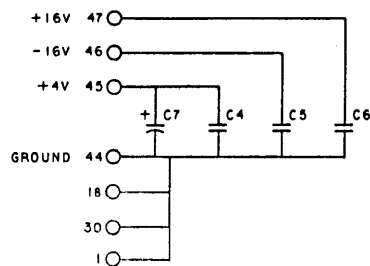


Receiver Inverter Buffer AB53  
103726A

[illegible]

| REV | DESCRIPTION       | DATE    | BY  |
|-----|-------------------|---------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG   | 12/1/64 | WJL |
| B   | SEE REVISION E.O. | 12/1/64 | WJL |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.      | 12/1/64 | WJL |

POLARIZING PINS: 32 &amp; 46

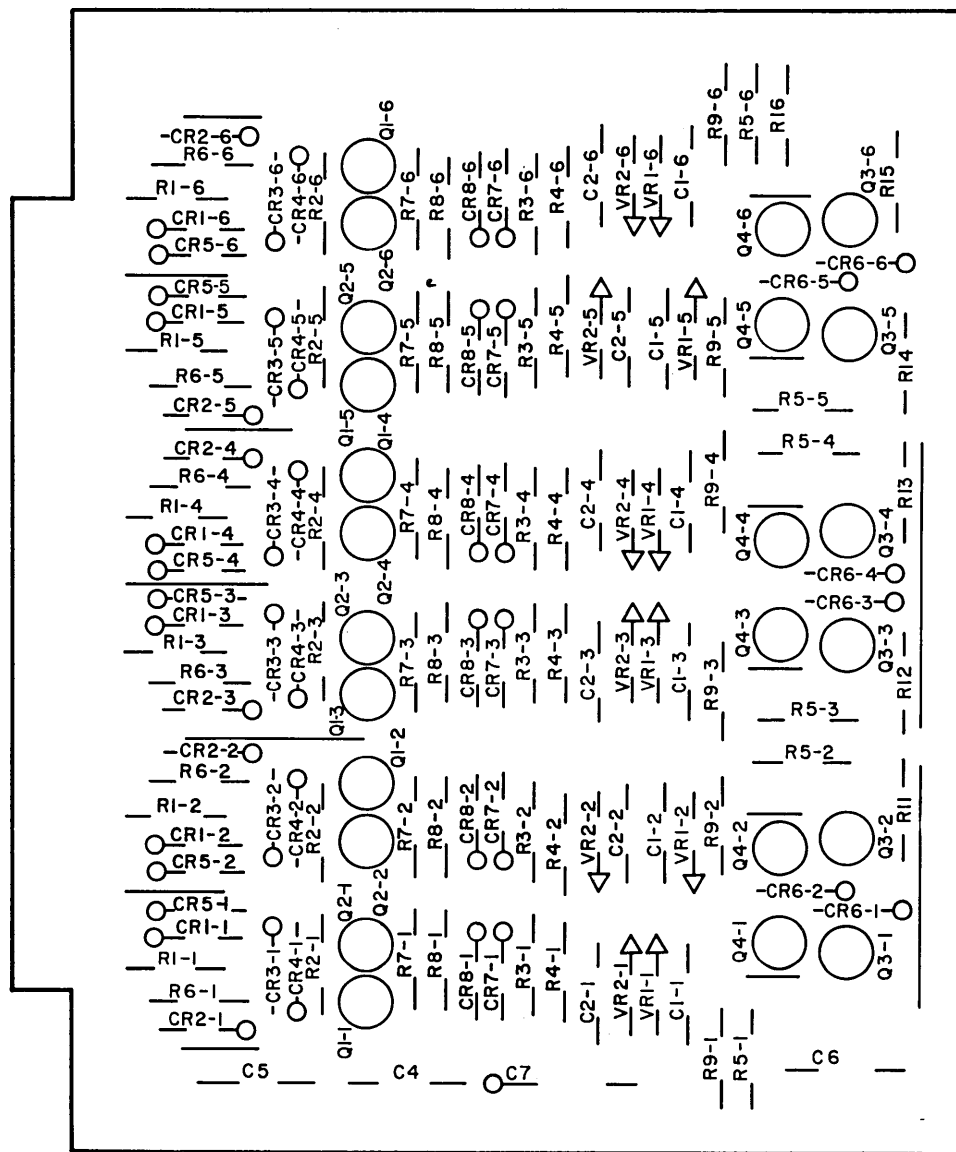


| REV | DESCRIPTION       | DATE    | BY  |
|-----|-------------------|---------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG   | 12/1/64 | WJL |
| B   | SEE REVISION E.O. | 12/1/64 | WJL |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.      | 12/1/64 | WJL |

|              |        |
|--------------|--------|
| DRAWING NO.  | AB55   |
| REVISION NO. | 104840 |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |
| SCALE        |        |
| DATE         |        |
| BY           |        |
| CHECKED      |        |
| APPROVED     |        |
| DESIGNED     |        |
| ENGINEER     |        |
| PROJECT      |        |





Pin 1

Connector  
End

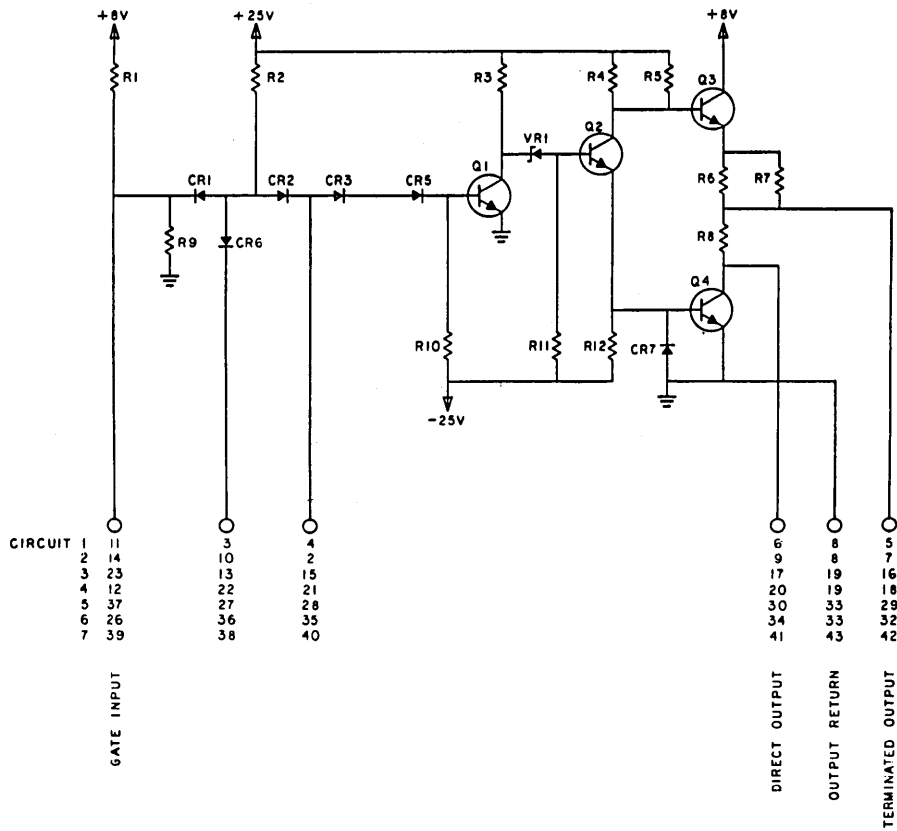
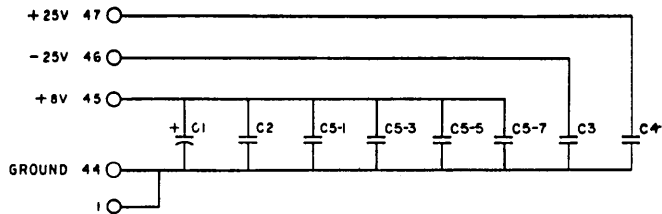
Pin 47

Cable Driver No. 2 AB55  
104840E



| REV | DESCRIPTION  | DATE    | BY       |
|-----|--------------|---------|----------|
| A   | DEL. TO MFG. | 10/1/64 | W. J. H. |
| B   | SEE REV E.O. | 10/1/64 | W. J. H. |

POLARIZING PINS 34 &amp; 40



| REV | DESCRIPTION  | DATE    | BY       |
|-----|--------------|---------|----------|
| A   | DEL. TO MFG. | 10/1/64 | W. J. H. |
| B   | SEE REV E.O. | 10/1/64 | W. J. H. |

|                         |                         |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 2. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 3. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 4. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 5. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 6. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 7. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 8. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 9. APPROVED FOR RELEASE  | 10. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 11. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 12. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 13. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 14. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 15. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 16. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 17. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 18. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 19. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 20. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 21. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 22. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 23. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 24. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 25. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 26. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 27. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 28. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 29. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 30. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 31. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 32. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 33. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 34. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 35. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 36. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 37. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 38. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 39. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 40. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 41. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 42. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 43. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 44. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 45. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 46. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 47. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 48. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 49. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 50. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 51. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 52. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 53. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 54. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 55. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 56. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 57. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 58. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 59. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 60. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 61. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 62. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 63. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 64. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 65. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 66. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 67. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 68. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 69. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 70. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 71. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 72. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 73. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 74. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 75. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 76. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 77. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 78. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 79. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 80. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 81. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 82. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 83. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 84. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 85. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 86. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 87. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 88. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

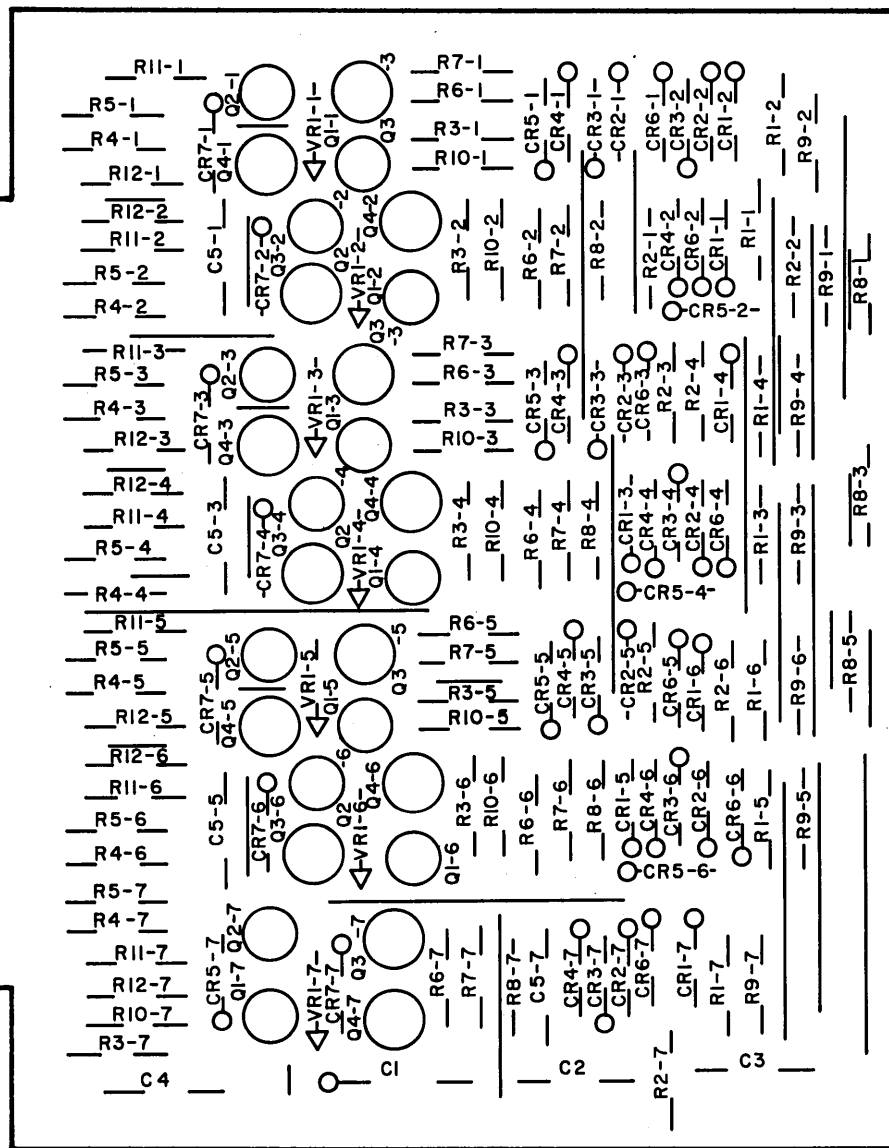
  

|                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 89. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 90. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 91. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 92. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
| 93. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 94. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 95. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 96. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |

|                          |                          |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 97. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 98. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 99. APPROVED FOR RELEASE | 100. APPROVED FOR RELEASE |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|

Cable Driver AK53  
106317D



Pin 1

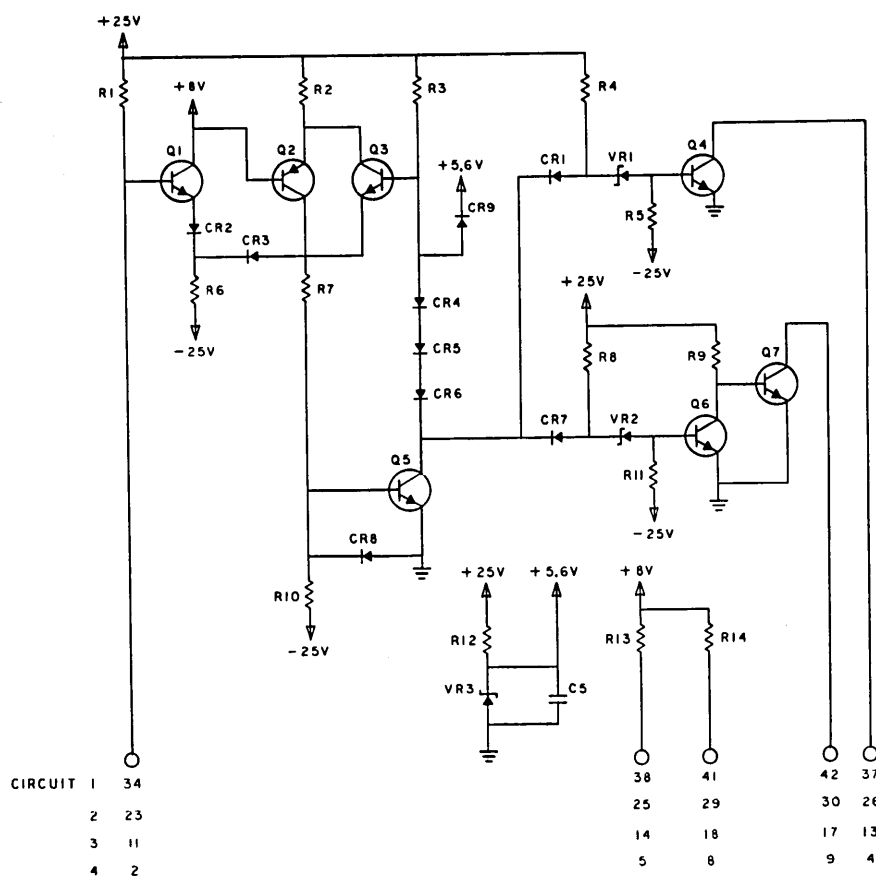
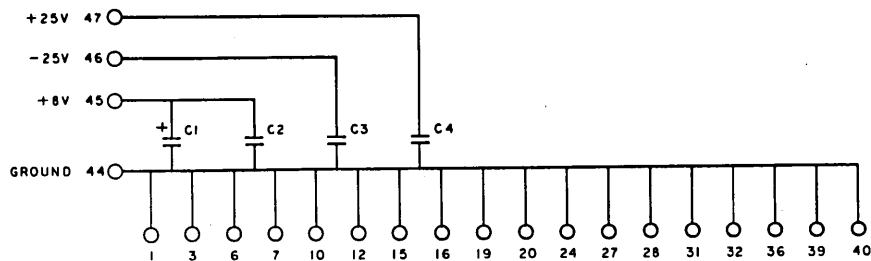
Connector  
End

Pin 47

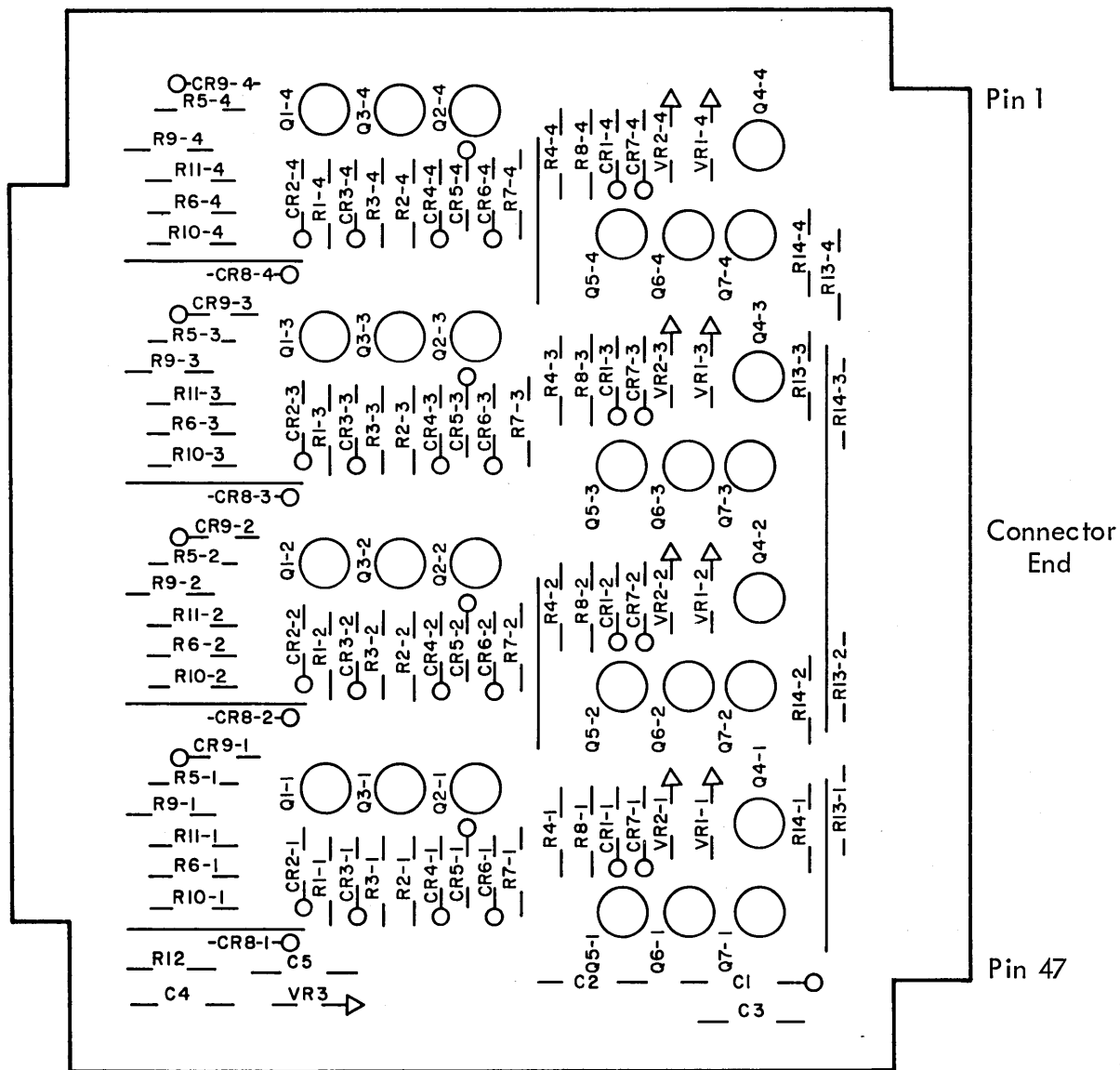
[illegible]

✓ | RELEASING TO MRAG

POLARIZING PINS: 3 & 31



| FORM NO. 104-101 (Rev. 1-65)  |  | REFERENCE DESIGNATION        |  | H                        |  |
|---|--|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| DRAWING NO.   |  | DESCRIPTION                  |  | MATERIAL SPEC.           |  |
| DIVISION: <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>PROJECT: <b>NEW YORK</b><br>DRAWING: <b>7</b><br>SHEET: <b>1</b>  |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>6. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>7. <b>NEW YORK</b> |  | <b>AK54</b><br><b>107234</b> |  | <b>5256A</b><br><b>5</b> |  |
| 1. <b>ENGINEERING</b><br>2. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>3. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>4. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>5. <b>NEW YORK</b><br>   |  |                              |  |                          |  |



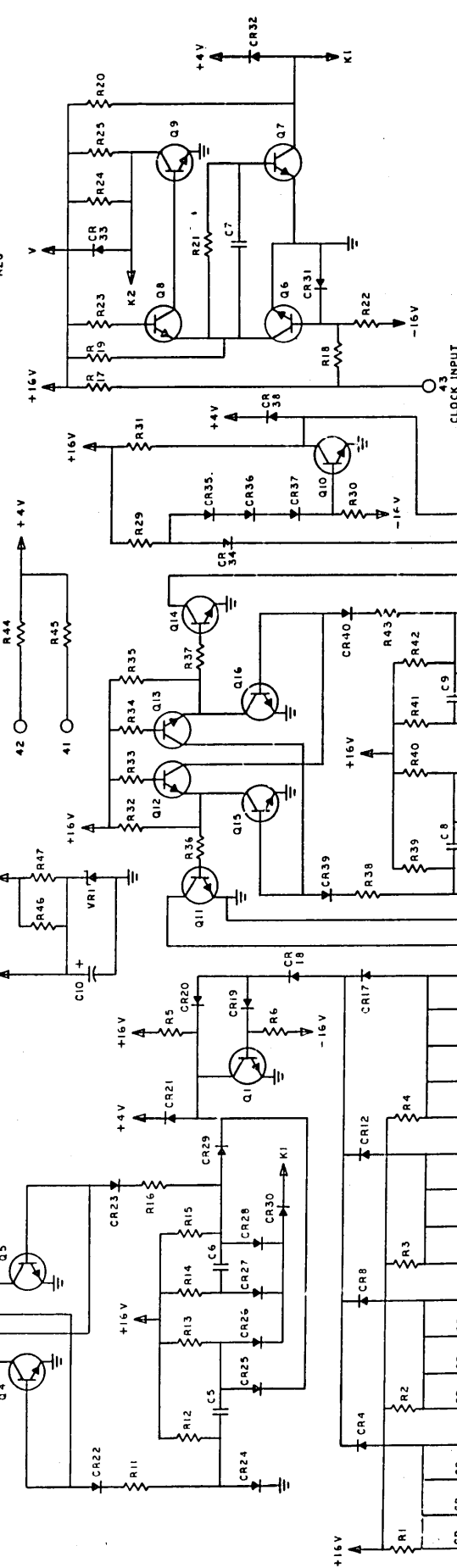
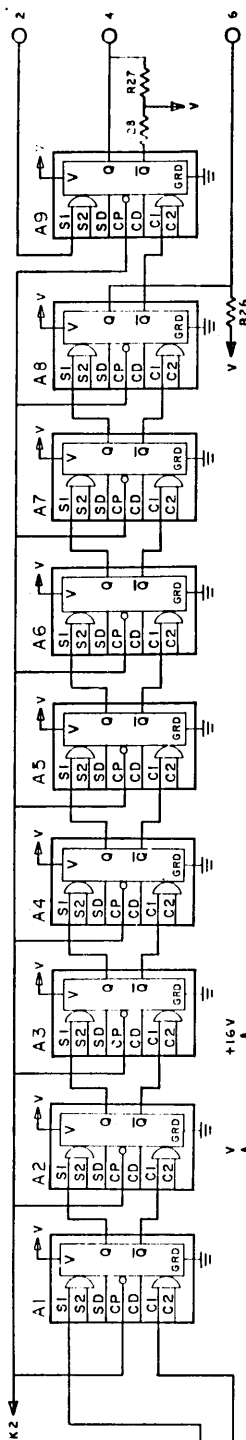
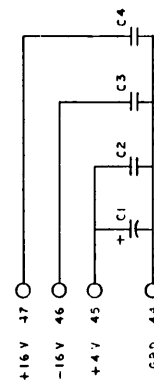
Schmitt Trigger AK54  
107234A





| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE  | BY |
|-----|-----------------|-------|----|
| 1   | RELEASED TO VCS | 11/73 | 1  |

POLARIZING PINS: 32 & 44



| REV  | DESCRIPTION     | DATE  | BY |
|--|-----------------|-------|----|
| 1 <td>RELEASED TO VCS</td> <td>11/73</td> <td>1</td> | RELEASED TO VCS | 11/73 | 1  |

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| DATE     | 11/73    |
| DESIGNER | W. J. S. |
| CHECKED  | W. J. S. |
| APPROVED | W. J. S. |
| REVISION | 7        |

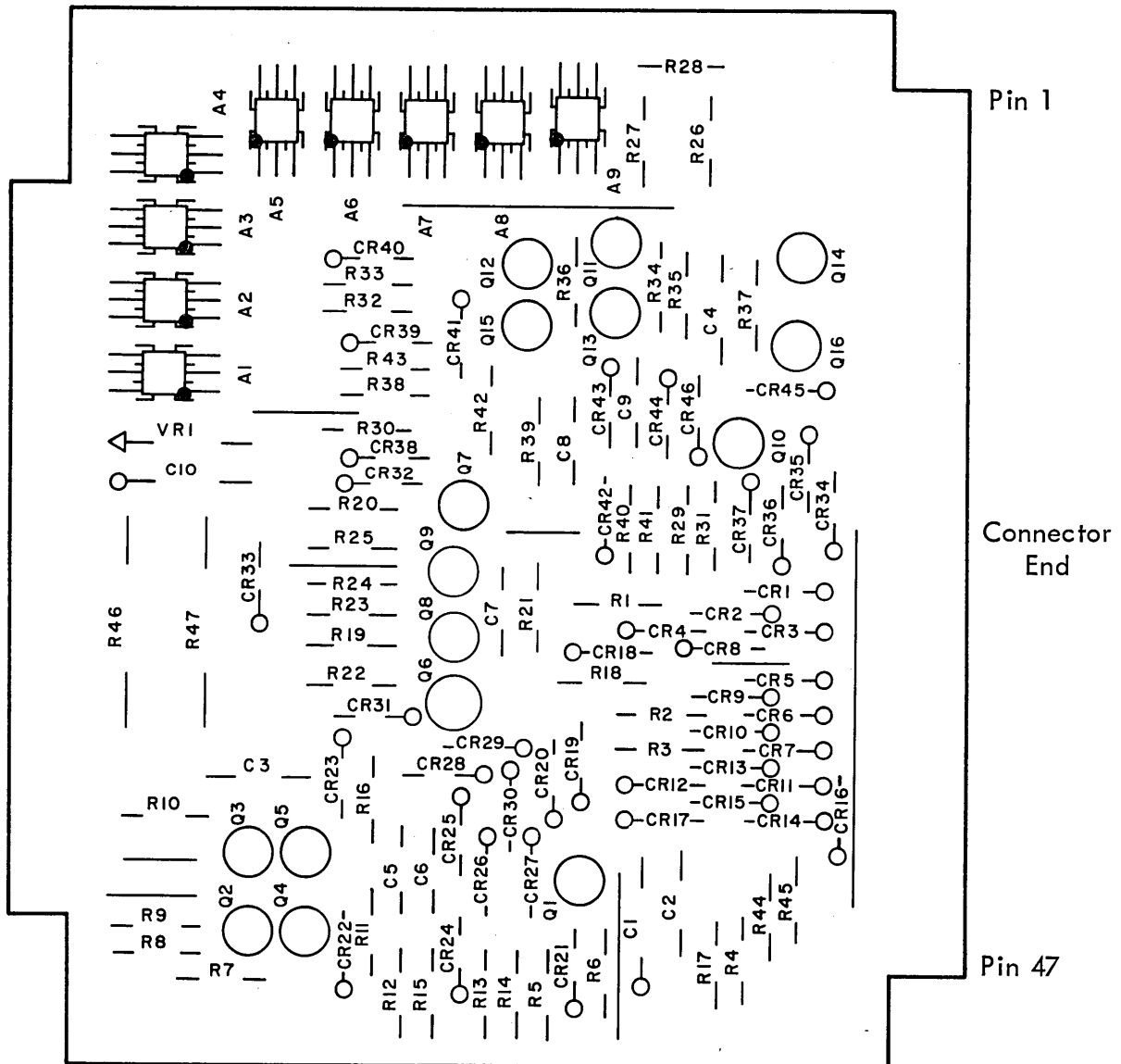
  

|                       |        |
|-----------------------|--------|
| DRAWING NO.           | DB50-2 |
| REVISION NO.          | 111741 |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | 111739 |

|           |                |
|-----------|----------------|
| SCHEMATIC | SHIFT REGISTER |
| DATE      | 11/73          |
| DESIGNER  | D              |
| CHECKED   | D              |
| APPROVED  | D              |
| REVISION  | 1              |

Shift Register DB50-2  
111741B



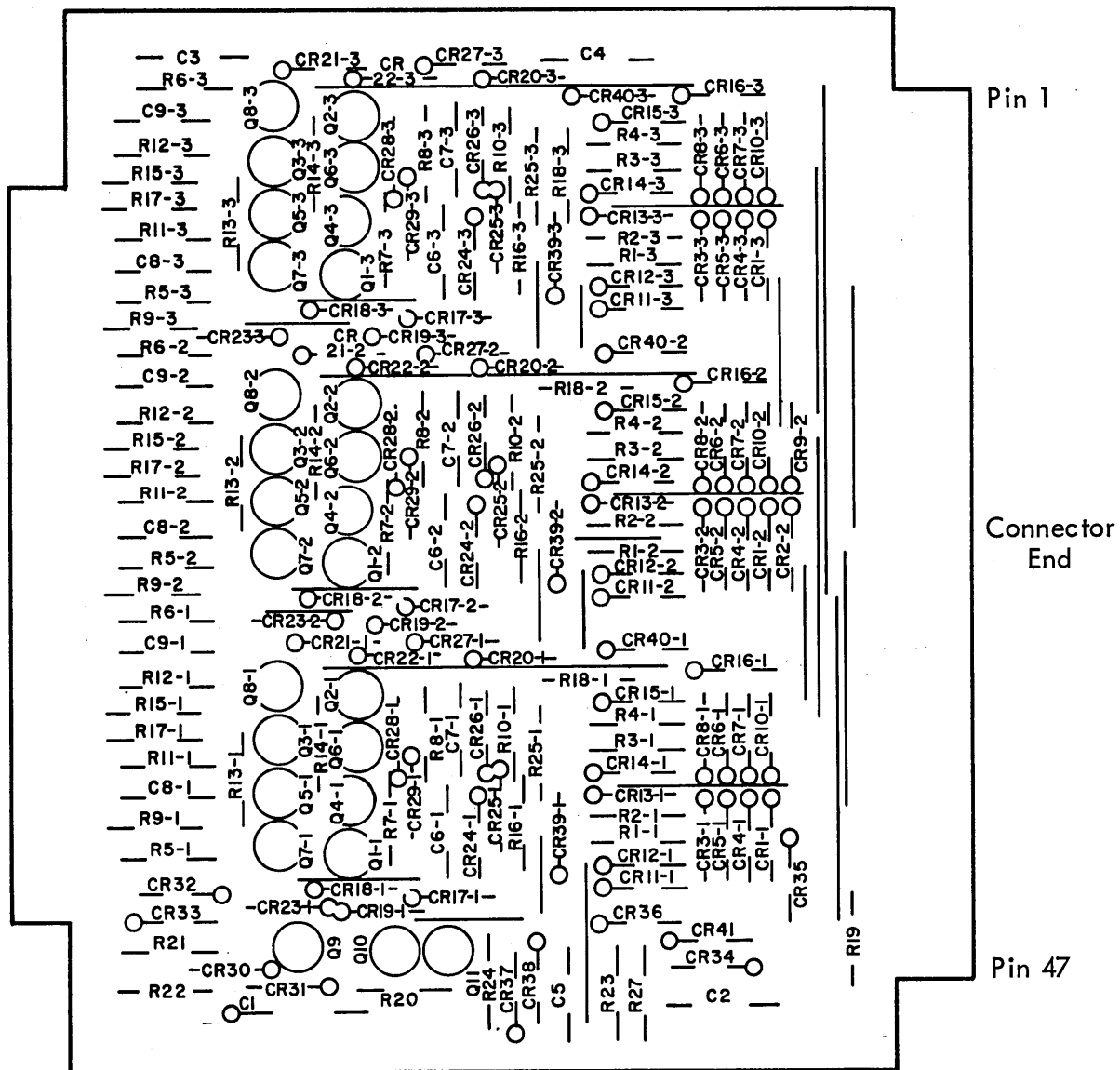
| DRAWING NO. | REV.                         | B | SCIENTIFIC DATA SYSTEMS |          | MATERIAL LIST                      |  | ML        | DRAWING NO. | REV.   |
|-------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------|--------|
|             |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  |           | 111741      |        |
|             |                              |   | DRAWING TITLE           |          | Assy. PW Shift Register            |  | MODEL NO. |             | DB50-2 |
|             |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  | DATE      |             | 1/8/65 |
|             |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  | SHEET     |             | 2 OF 3 |
| ITEM NO.    | DRAWING TITLE                |   | CWG. NO.                | NO. REQ. | REMARKS ON CKT. DESIG.             |  |           |             |        |
| 1           | Board, Printed Wiring        |   | 111740                  | 1        |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 2           | Handle, Circuit Card         |   | 100016                  | 1        |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 3           | Eyelet, Tubular              |   | 103896-016              | 2        |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 4           | Strip, Marker                |   | 100197                  | 1        |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 5           | Contact, Conn. Upper         |   | 100097                  | 23       |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 6           | Contact, Conn. Lower         |   | 100098                  | 24       |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 7           | Transistor, SDS 216          |   | 103242                  | 10       | Q1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16 |  |           |             |        |
| 8           | Transistor, SDS 220          |   | 106781                  | 5        | Q2, 3, 12, 13, 8                   |  |           |             |        |
| 9           | Diode, SDS 103               |   | 100091                  | 46       | CR1 thru CR46                      |  |           |             |        |
| 10          | Integrated Ckt, SDS 301      |   | 108217                  | 9        | A1 thru A9                         |  |           |             |        |
| 11          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-332              | 5        | R1, 2, 3, 4, 29                    |  |           |             |        |
| 12          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-222              | 5        | R5, 26, 31, 27, 28                 |  |           |             |        |
| 13          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-153              | 2        | R6, 30                             |  |           |             |        |
| 14          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-102              | 8        | R7, 10, 13, 14, 24, 25, 40, 41     |  |           |             |        |
| 15          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-562              | 4        | R8, 9, 33, 34                      |  |           |             |        |
| 16          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-101              | 5        | R11, 16, 38, 43, 21                |  |           |             |        |
| 17          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-822              | 4        | R12, 15, 39, 42                    |  |           |             |        |
| 18          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-122              | 2        | R20, 19                            |  |           |             |        |
| 19          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-182              | 1        | R17                                |  |           |             |        |
| 20          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-681              | 1        | R18                                |  |           |             |        |
| 21          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-103              | 1        | R22                                |  |           |             |        |
| 22          |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 23          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-302              | 3        | R32, 35, 23                        |  |           |             |        |
| 24          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-470              | 2        | R36, 37                            |  |           |             |        |
| 25          | Resistor, $\frac{1}{2}$ Watt |   | 100111-151              | 2        | R44, 45                            |  |           |             |        |
| 26          | Capacitor, Tantalum          |   | 100312-156              | 2        | C1, 10                             |  |           |             |        |
| 27          | Capacitor, Mylar             |   | 100308-103              | 3        | C2, 3, 4                           |  |           |             |        |
| 28          | Capacitor, Mica              |   | 100107-820              | 4        | C5, 6, 8, 9                        |  |           |             |        |
| 29          | Capacitor, Mica              |   | 100107-221              | 1        | C7                                 |  |           |             |        |
| 30          |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 31          |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  |           |             |        |
| 32          |                              |   |                         |          |                                    |  |           |             |        |

SDS-E-106B

[illegible]



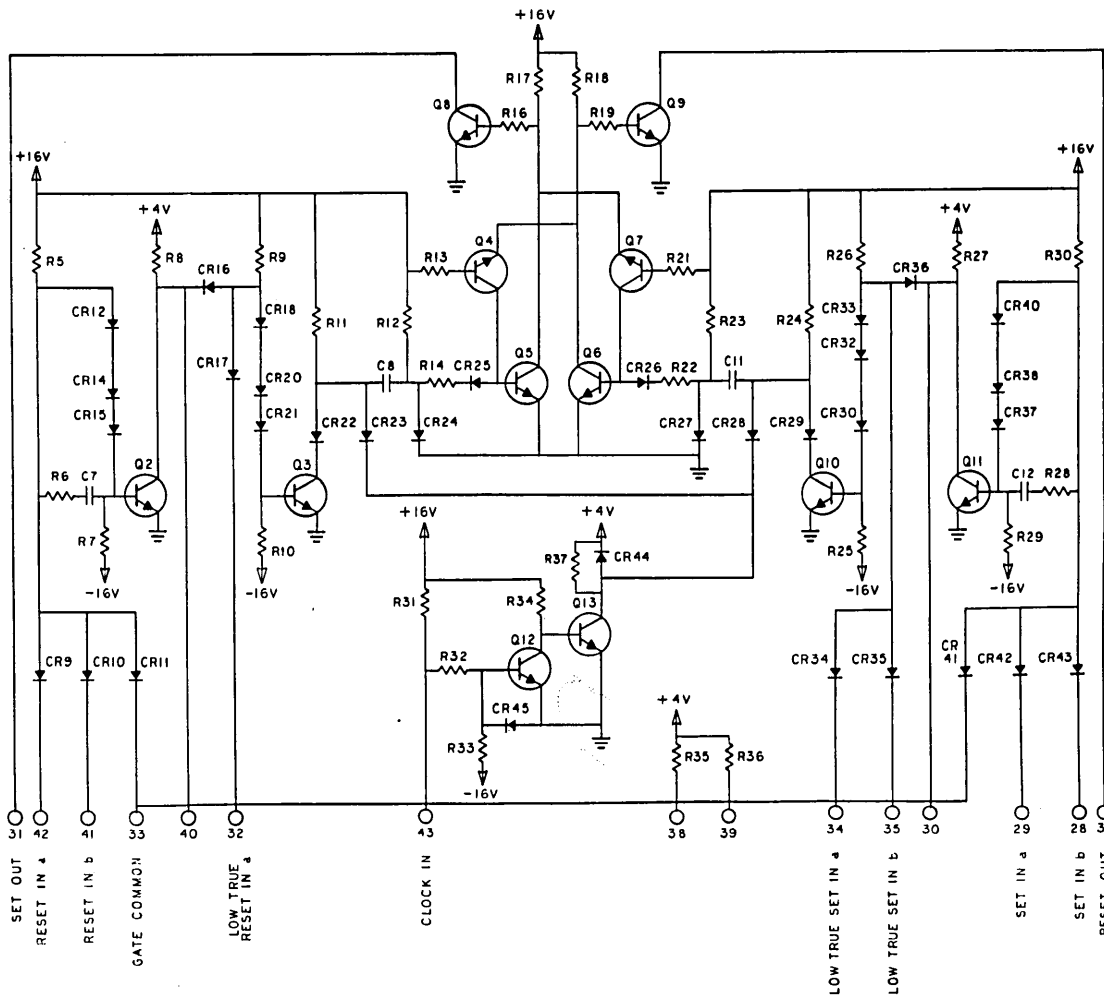
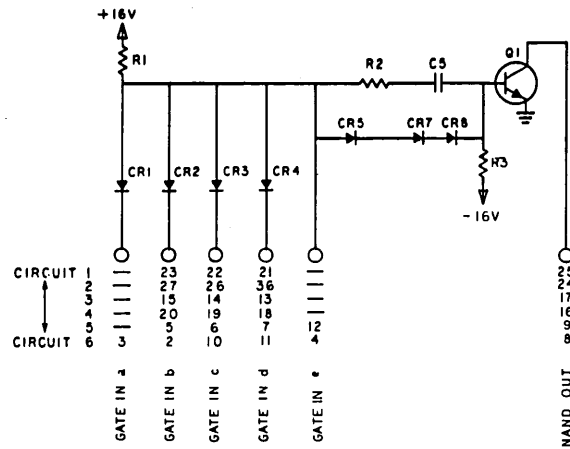
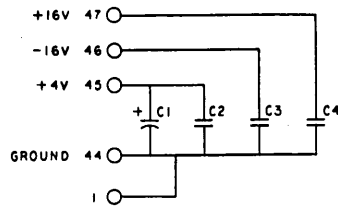
Triple Flip-Flop FB52  
104203D



| REV      |  | D        |  | MATERIAL LIST |  | 8/D/S                 |  | SCIENTIFIC DATA SYSTEMS |  | ML         |  | DVG. NO.                  |  | REV          |  |
|----------|--|----------|--|---------------|--|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|--|------------|--|---------------------------|--|--------------|--|
| DVG. NO. |  | 104203   |  | DVG. TITLE    |  | ASSEMBLY, P. W.       |  | TRIPLE FLIP FLOP        |  | MOD # FB52 |  | DATE 12/4/38              |  | SHEET 2 OF 2 |  |
| ML       |  | DVG. NO. |  | ITEM          |  | DVG. TITLE            |  | DVG. NO.                |  | NO. REQ    |  | REMARKS ON CKT, DESIG.    |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 1             |  | Board, Printed Wiring |  | 104202                  |  | 1          |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 2             |  | Handle, Circuit Card  |  | 100016                  |  | 1          |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 3             |  | Eyelet, Tubular       |  | 103896-016              |  | 2          |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 4             |  | Strip, Marker         |  | 100197                  |  | 1          |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 5             |  | Contact, Conn. Upper  |  | 100097                  |  | 23         |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 6             |  | Contact, Conn. Lower  |  | 100098                  |  | 24         |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 7             |  | Transistor, SDS 216   |  | 103242                  |  | 21         |  | Q1 thru Q4, Q7 thru Q11   |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 8             |  | Transistor, SDS 220   |  | 106781                  |  | 6          |  | Q5, 6                     |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 9             |  | Diode, SDS 103        |  | 100091                  |  | 92         |  | CR1 thru CR35, 37, 38, 41 |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 10            |  | Capacitor, Mica       |  | 100107-220              |  | 7          |  | C8, 9, 5                  |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 11            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-103              |  | 1          |  | R21                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 12            |  | Capacitor, Mica       |  | 100107-820              |  | 6          |  | C6, 7                     |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 13            |  | Capacitor, Mylar      |  | 100308-103              |  | 3          |  | C2, 3, 4                  |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 14            |  | Capacitor, Tantalum   |  | 100312-156              |  | 1          |  | C1                        |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 15            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-102              |  | 3          |  | R25                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 16            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-562              |  | 6          |  | R17, 18                   |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 17            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-302              |  | 6          |  | R15, 16                   |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 18            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-470              |  | 7          |  | R13, 14, 23               |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 19            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-151              |  | 6          |  | R11, 12                   |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 20            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-101              |  | 6          |  | R7, 8                     |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 21            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-822              |  | 6          |  | R9, 10                    |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 22            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-153              |  | 6          |  | R5, 6,                    |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 23            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-332              |  | 13         |  | R1, 2, 3, 4, 27           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 24            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-122              |  | 1          |  | R22                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 25            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-681              |  | 1          |  | R20                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 26            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-182              |  | 1          |  | R19                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 27            |  | Resistor, 1/2 watt    |  | 100111-563              |  | 1          |  | R24                       |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 28            |  | Wire, Solid Bare      |  | 100042-024              |  | 35 in.     |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 29            |  | Tubing Teflon         |  | 100274-022              |  | 35 in.     |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  | 30            |  | Capacitor, Mica       |  | 100107-470              |  | 1          |  | C5                        |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |
|          |  |          |  |               |  |                       |  |                         |  |            |  |                           |  |              |  |

| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY           | CHKD |
|-----|-----------------|----------|--------------|------|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 10/14/77 | H. H. HANSON |      |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |

POLARIZING PINS: 32 &amp; 38

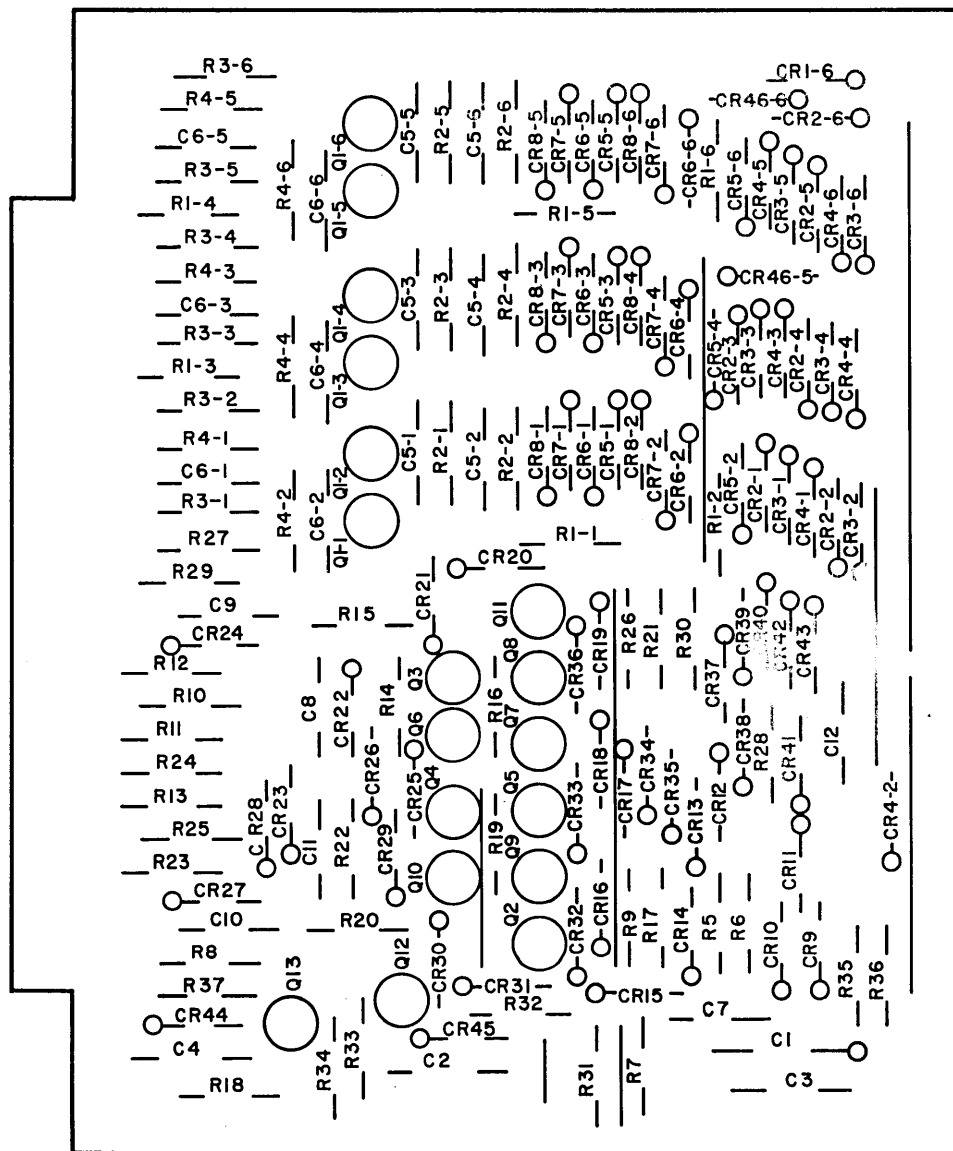


| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY           | CHKD |
|-----|-----------------|----------|--------------|------|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 10/14/77 | H. H. HANSON |      |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |

| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY           | CHKD |
|-----|-----------------|----------|--------------|------|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 10/14/77 | H. H. HANSON |      |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |

| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY           | CHKD |
|-----|-----------------|----------|--------------|------|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 10/14/77 | H. H. HANSON |      |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |
| C   | SEE REV E.O.    |          |              |      |





Pin 1

Connector  
End

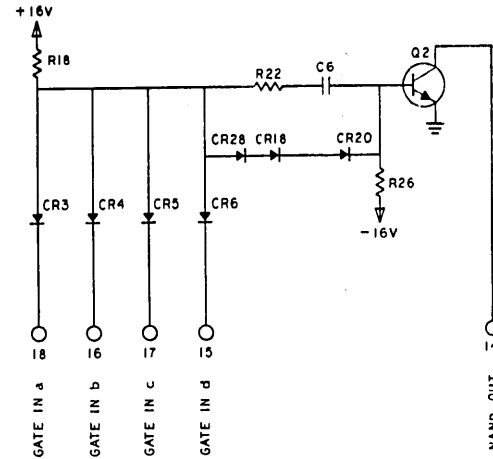
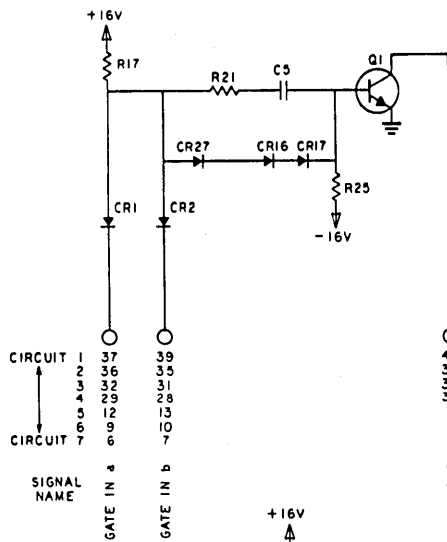
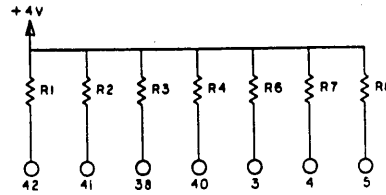
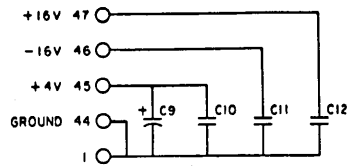
Pin 47

NAND Flip-Flop FB54  
104563E

[illegible]

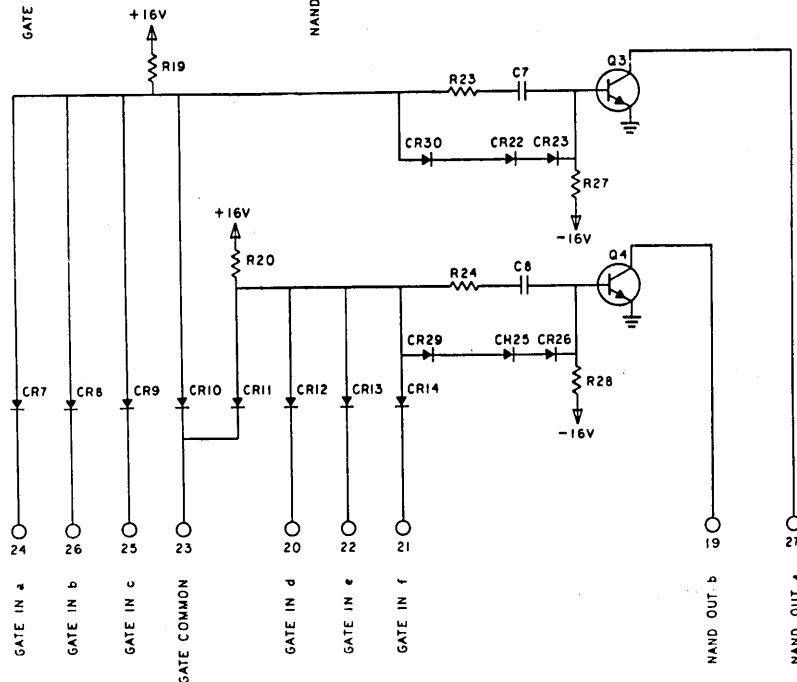
| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY  |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO WFS | 10/17/50 | WFS |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    | 10/17/50 | WFS |

POLARIZING PINS: 12 &amp; 32



CIRCUIT 1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29  
30  
31  
32  
33  
34  
35  
36  
37  
38  
39  
40  
41  
42  
43  
44  
45  
46  
47

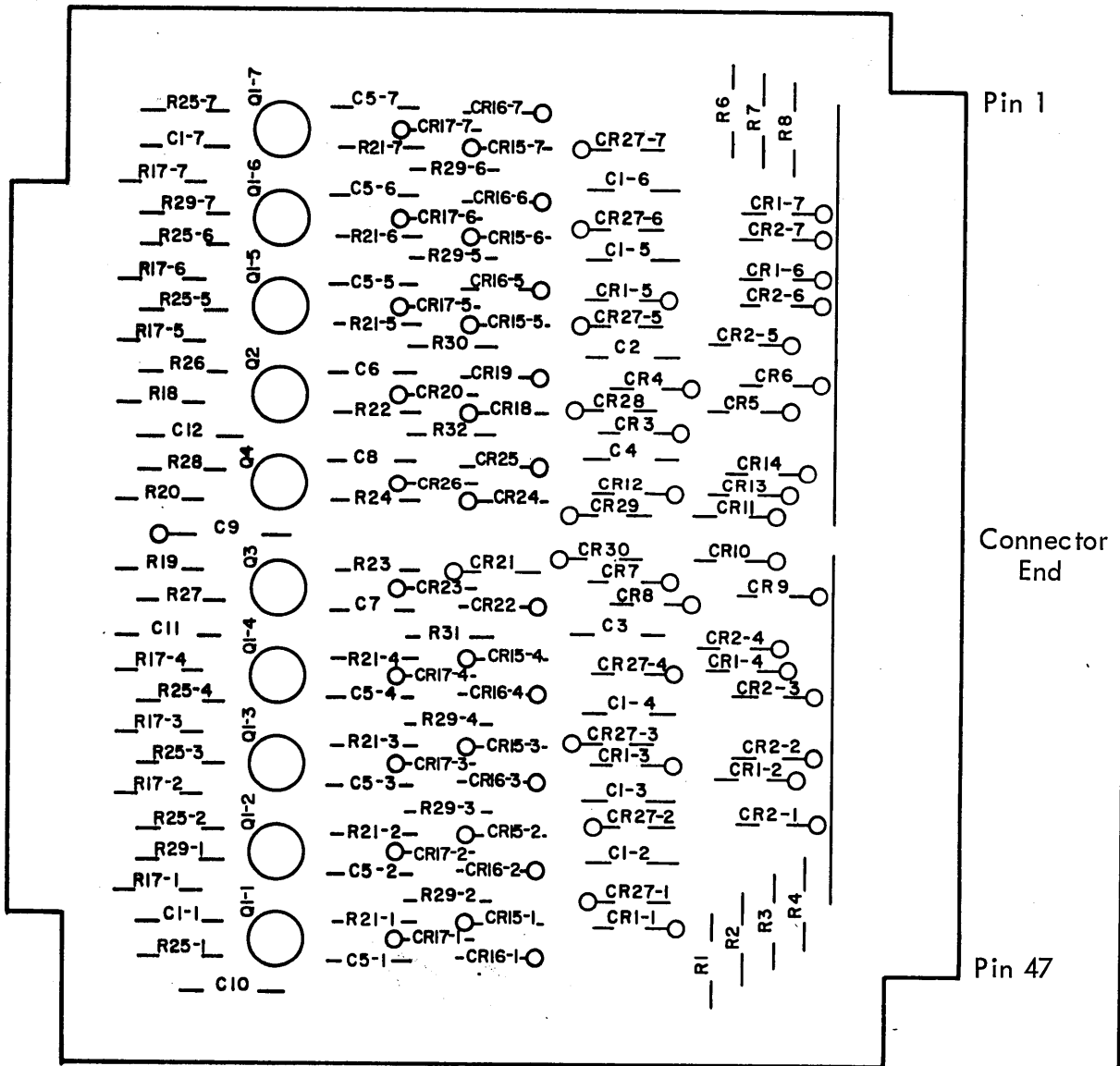
SIGNAL NAME



| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY  |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO WFS | 10/17/50 | WFS |
| B   | SEE REV E.O.    | 10/17/50 | WFS |

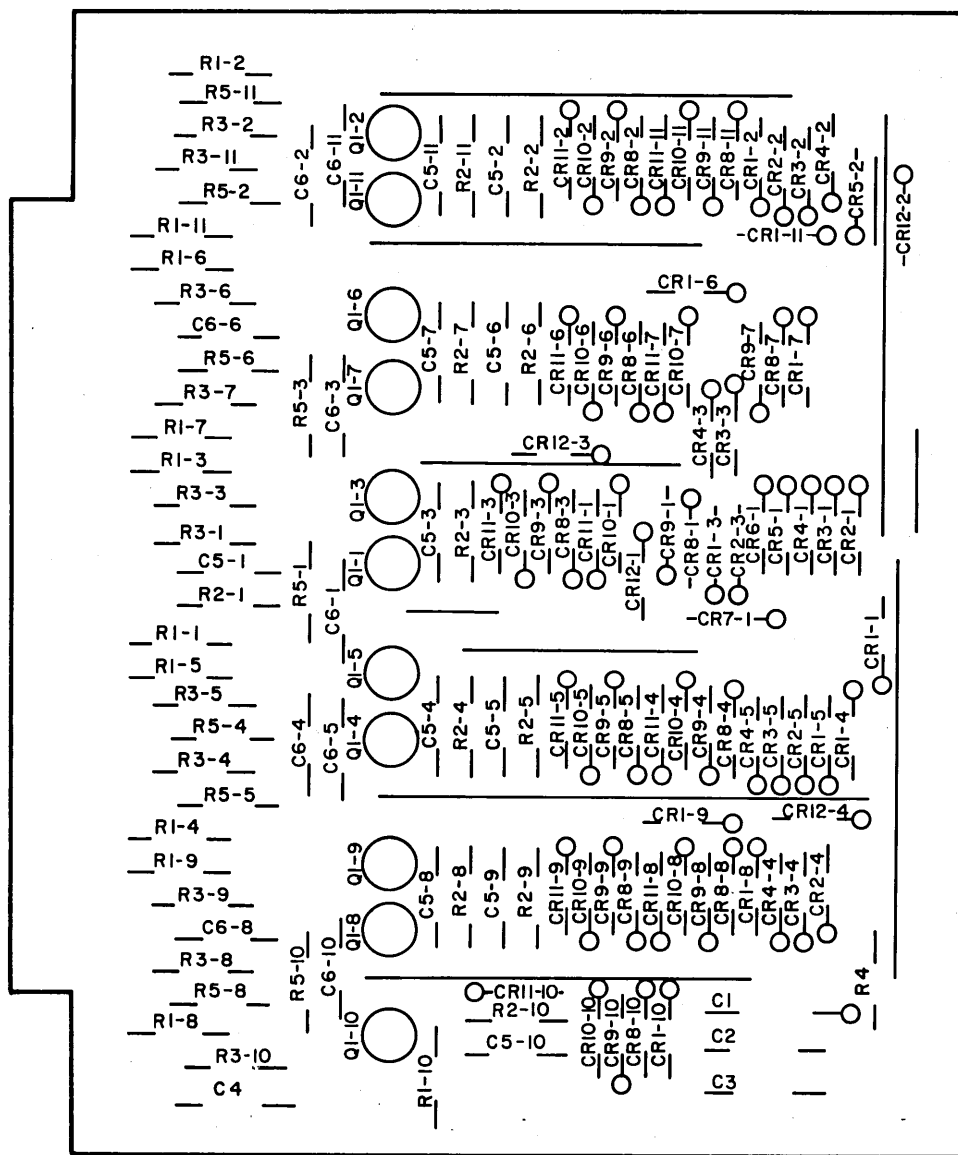
|          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|
| 103882 B | 103882 B | 103882 B |
| 103882 B | 103882 B | 103882 B |
| 103882 B | 103882 B | 103882 B |



NAND Module IB52  
103884D

[illegible]





Pin 1

Connector  
End

Pin 47

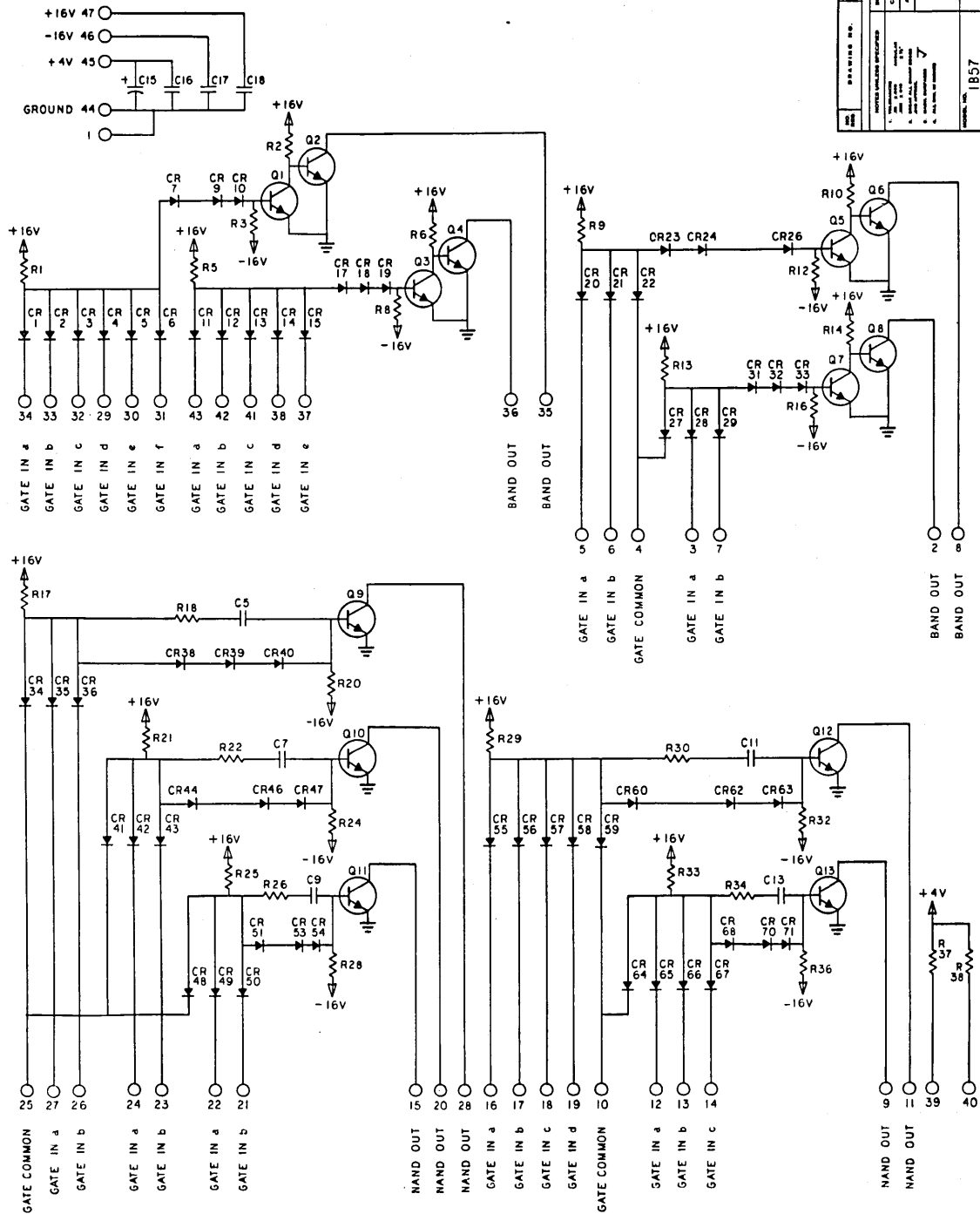
NAND No. 2 IB56  
104556E

[illegible]



| REV | DESCRIPTION       | DATE | BY |
|-----|-------------------|------|----|
| 1   | SEE REV E.O.      |      |    |
| 2   | REVISIONS TO WING |      |    |
| 3   |                   |      |    |
| 4   |                   |      |    |
| 5   |                   |      |    |
| 6   |                   |      |    |
| 7   |                   |      |    |
| 8   |                   |      |    |
| 9   |                   |      |    |
| 10  |                   |      |    |

POLARIZING PINS: 30 &amp; 44

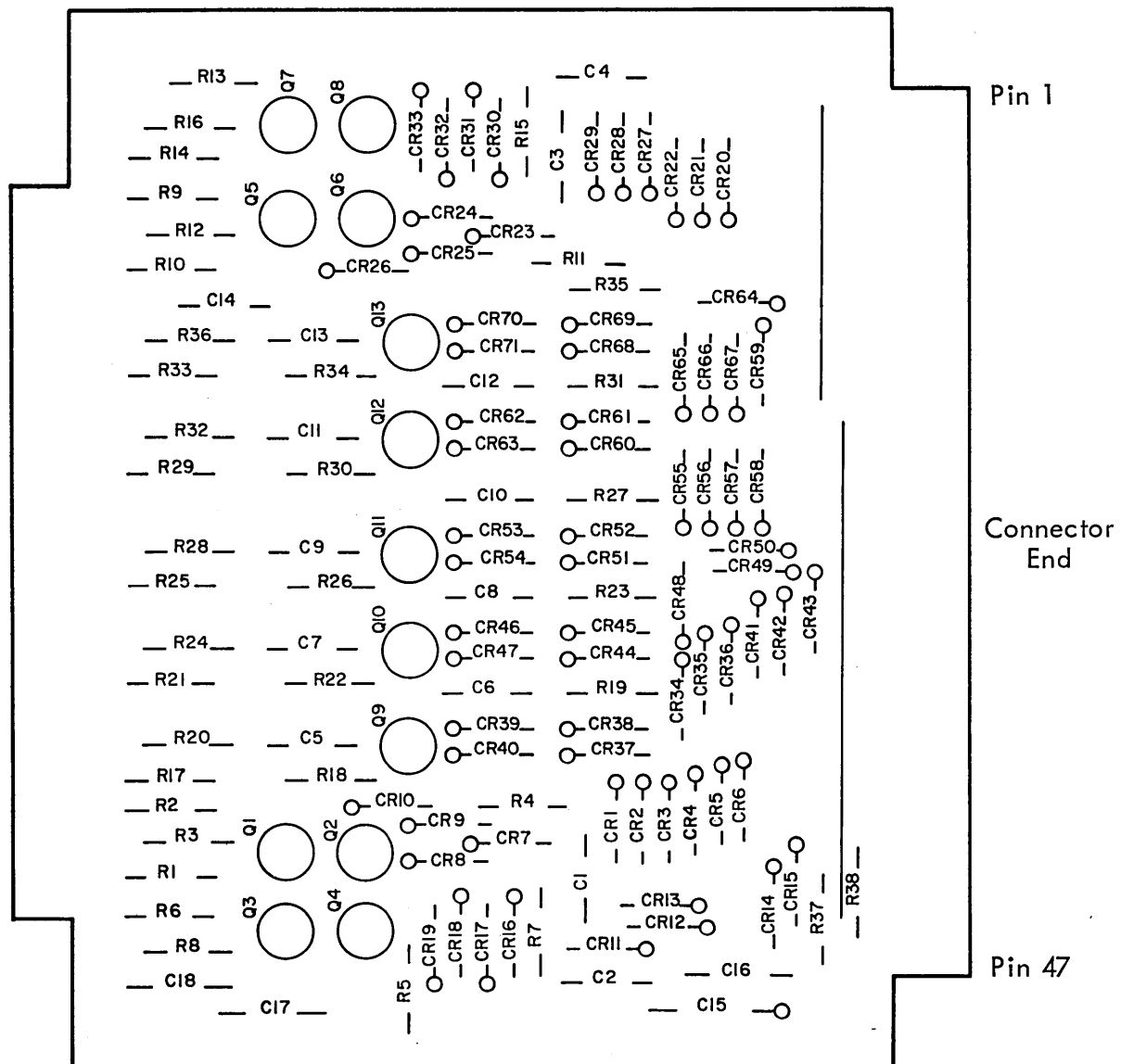


| REV | DESCRIPTION       | DATE | BY |
|-----|-------------------|------|----|
| 1   | SEE REV E.O.      |      |    |
| 2   | REVISIONS TO WING |      |    |
| 3   |                   |      |    |
| 4   |                   |      |    |
| 5   |                   |      |    |
| 6   |                   |      |    |
| 7   |                   |      |    |
| 8   |                   |      |    |
| 9   |                   |      |    |
| 10  |                   |      |    |

SCHEMATIC  
BAND-NAND104486  
B

1 OF 1

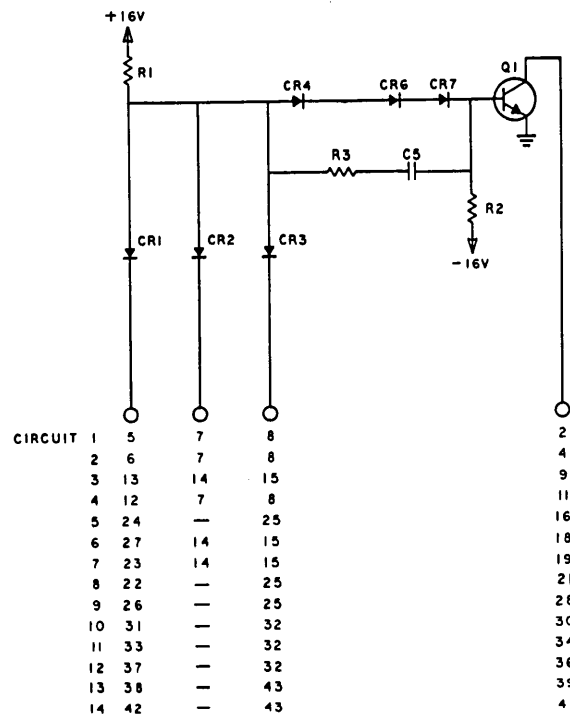
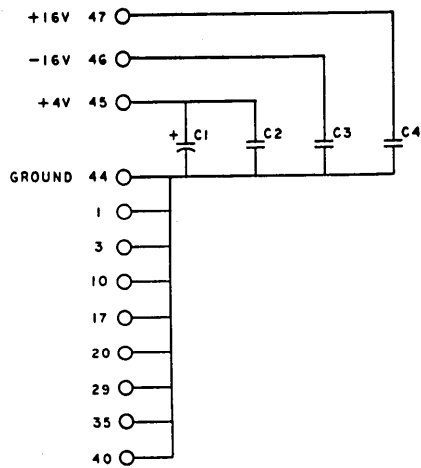
BAND NAND IB57  
104488D



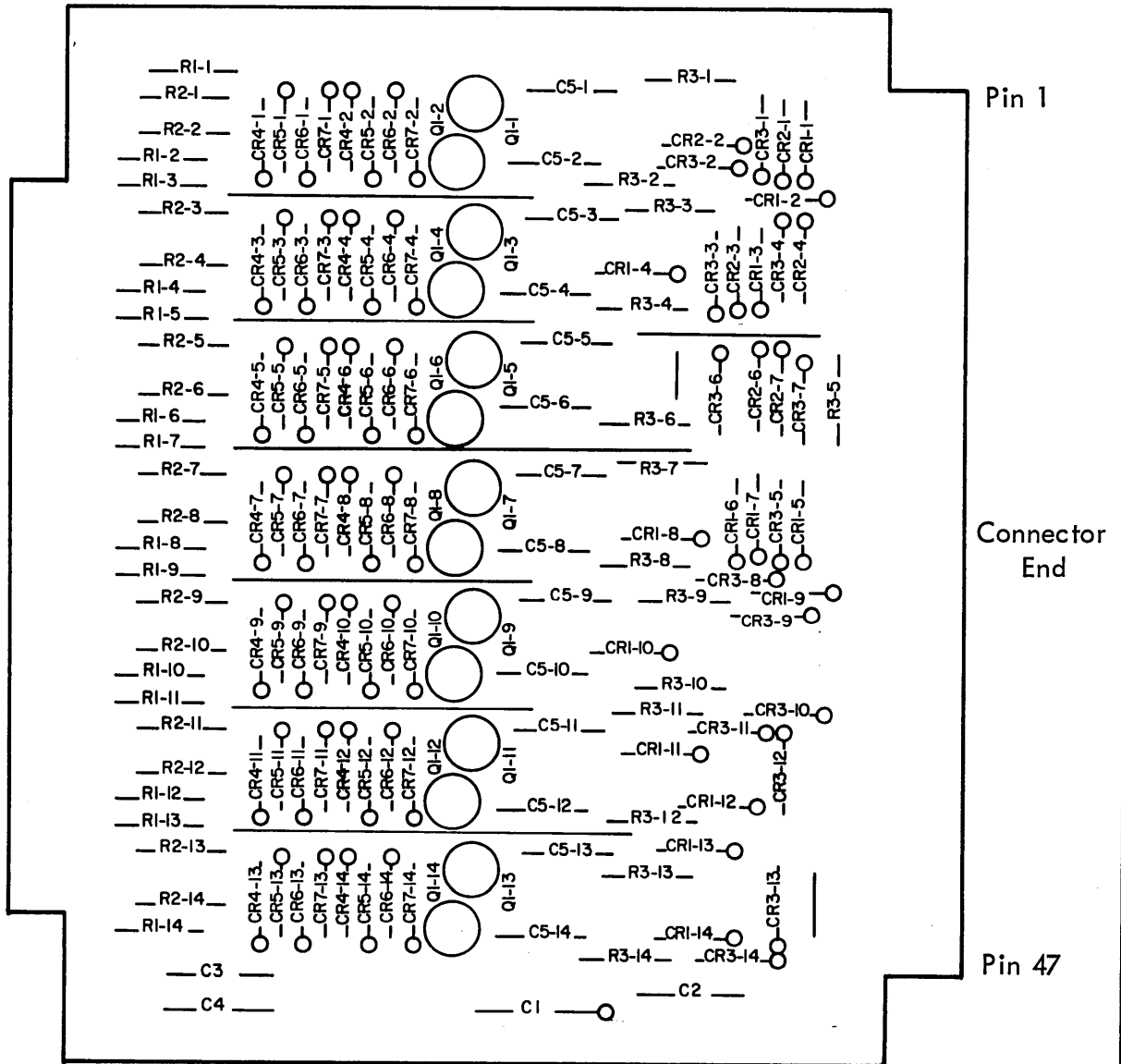


| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE   | BY     |
|-----|-----------------|--------|--------|
| A   | RELEASED TO MSG | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| B   | SEE REV D       |        |        |

POLARIZING PINS: 42 &amp; 46



|                       |                              |        |        |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| DRAWING NO.           | 1859                         | 104894 | B      |
| DESCRIPTION           | SCHEMATIC, NAND # 4          |        |        |
| REFERENCE DESIGNATION | 104894                       |        |        |
| DATE                  | 1/1/64                       | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| BY                    | 1/1/64                       | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| CHKD                  | 1/1/64                       | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| APP'D                 | 1/1/64                       | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| TESTED                | 1/1/64                       | 1/1/64 | 1/1/64 |
| REVISIONS             | A. SEE REV D<br>B. SEE REV D |        |        |

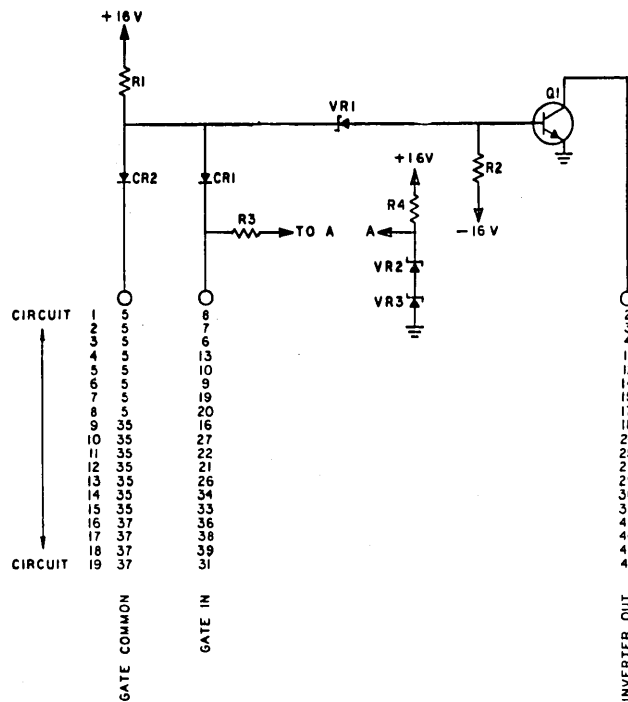
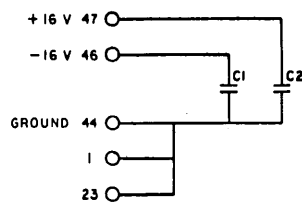


NAND No. 4 IB59  
104896D

[illegible]

| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY  |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 12/11/64 | WJL |
| B   | SEE REV. E.O.   | 12/11/64 | WJL |

POLARIZING PINS : 28 &amp; 40



| REV | DESCRIPTION     | DATE     | BY  |
|-----|-----------------|----------|-----|
| A   | RELEASED TO MFG | 12/11/64 | WJL |
| B   | SEE REV. E.O.   | 12/11/64 | WJL |

SCHEMATIC

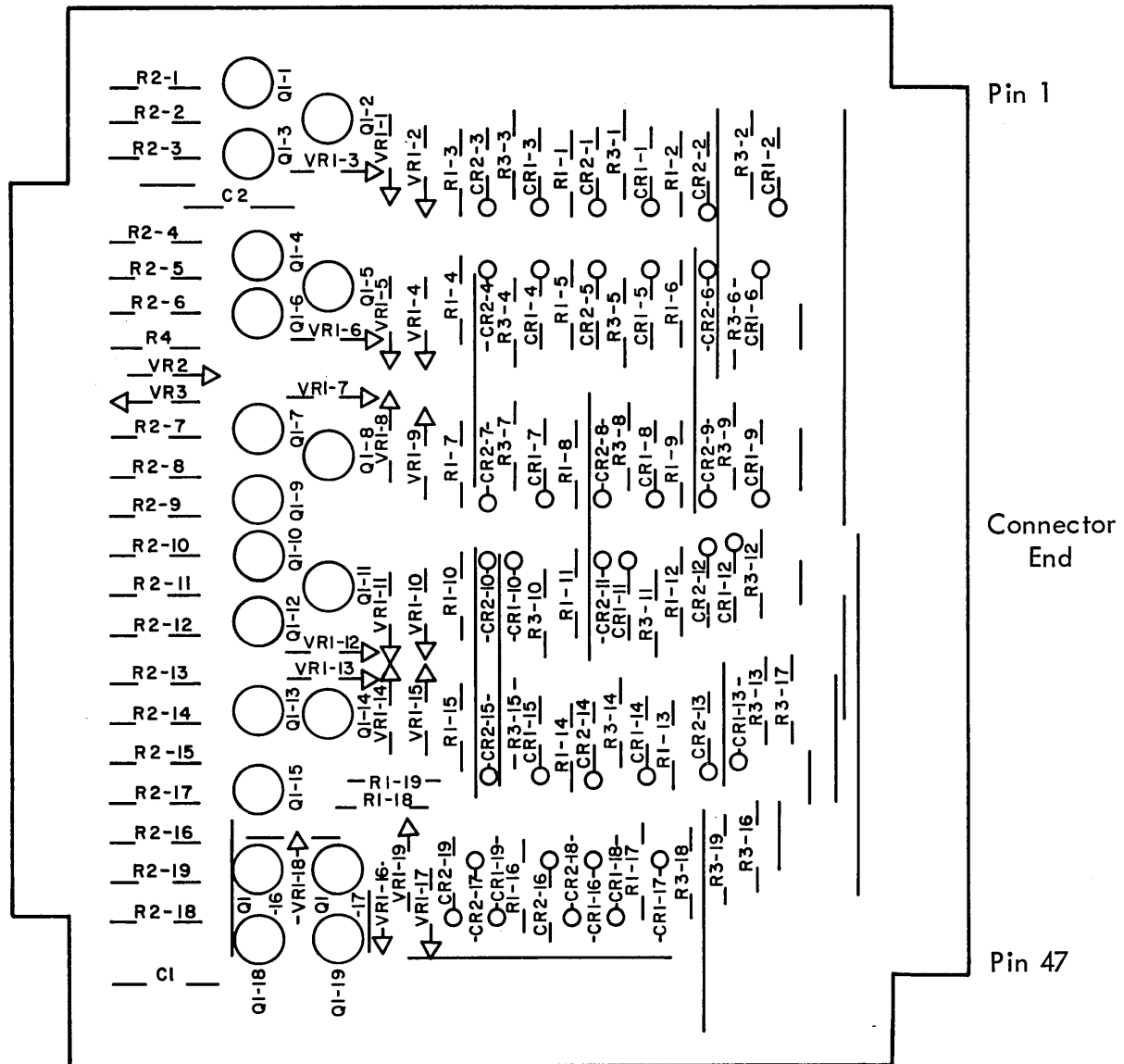
+8 TO +4 INTERFACE

104641

D

B

+8 To +4 Interface NB50  
104642C





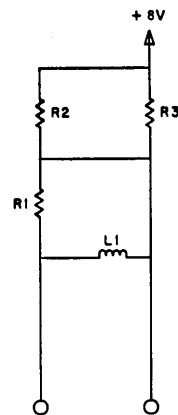
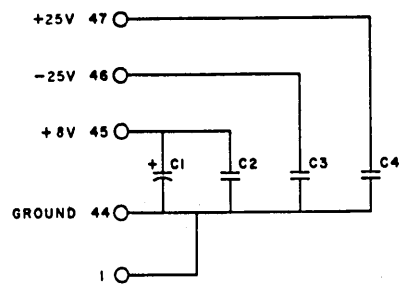
[illegible]

|   |                 |        |        |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------|
| A | RELEASED TO MFG | 1/4/68 | 1/4/68 |
| B | SEE REV E.O.    | 1/4/68 | 1/4/68 |
| C | SEE REV E.O.    | 1/4/68 | 1/4/68 |

**POLARIZING PINS 34 & 38**

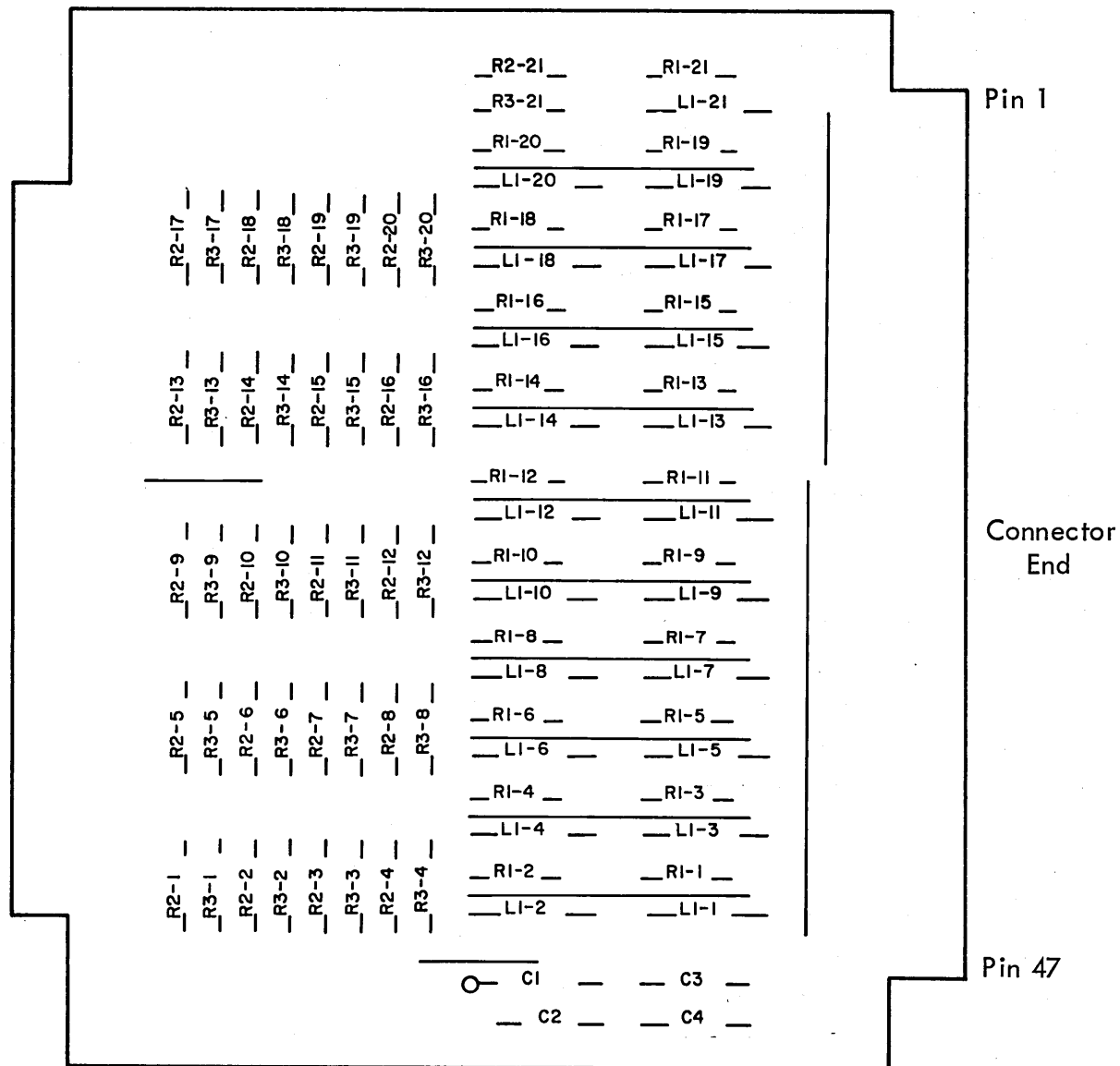
## NOTES

1.R3 IS OMITTED ON NB58.



| CIRCUIT | 1  | 42 | 43 |
|---------|----|----|----|
|         | 2  | 40 | 41 |
|         | 3  | 38 | 39 |
|         | 4  | 36 | 37 |
|         | 5  | 34 | 35 |
|         | 6  | 32 | 33 |
|         | 7  | 30 | 31 |
|         | 8  | 28 | 29 |
|         | 9  | 26 | 27 |
|         | 10 | 24 | 25 |
|         | 11 | 22 | 23 |
|         | 12 | 20 | 21 |
|         | 13 | 18 | 19 |
|         | 14 | 16 | 17 |
|         | 15 | 14 | 15 |
|         | 16 | 12 | 13 |
|         | 17 | 10 | 11 |
|         | 18 | 8  | 9  |
|         | 19 | 6  | 7  |
|         | 20 | 4  | 5  |
|         | 21 | 2  | 3  |

[illegible]



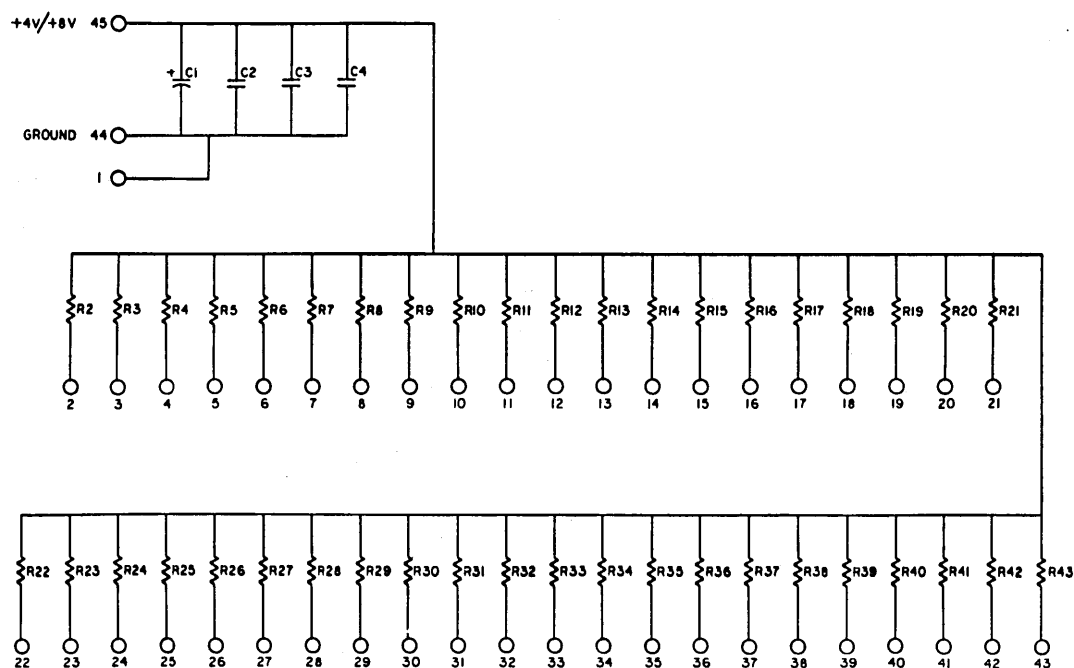
Drive Cable Interface NB52  
104866B

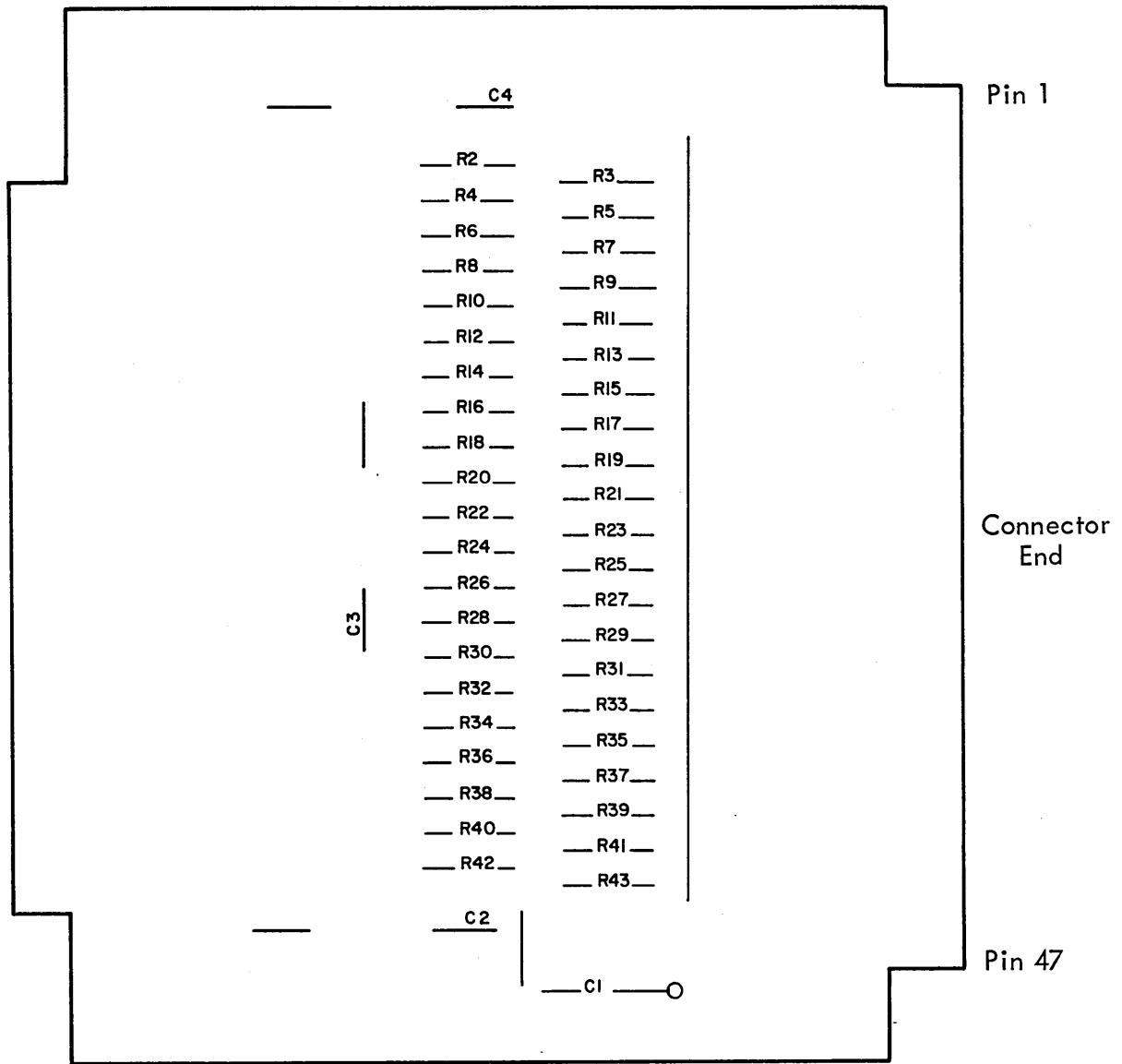
[illegible]

| DATE    | TIME  | REVISIONS | REV. |
|---------|-------|-----------|------|
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 1.0       | 1    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 2.0       | 2    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 3.0       | 3    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 4.0       | 4    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 5.0       | 5    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 6.0       | 6    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 7.0       | 7    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 8.0       | 8    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 9.0       | 9    |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 10.0      | 10   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 11.0      | 11   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 12.0      | 12   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 13.0      | 13   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 14.0      | 14   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 15.0      | 15   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 16.0      | 16   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 17.0      | 17   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 18.0      | 18   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 19.0      | 19   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 20.0      | 20   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 21.0      | 21   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 22.0      | 22   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 23.0      | 23   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 24.0      | 24   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 25.0      | 25   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 26.0      | 26   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 27.0      | 27   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 28.0      | 28   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 29.0      | 29   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 30.0      | 30   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 31.0      | 31   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 32.0      | 32   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 33.0      | 33   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 34.0      | 34   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 35.0      | 35   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 36.0      | 36   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 37.0      | 37   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 38.0      | 38   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 39.0      | 39   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 40.0      | 40   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 41.0      | 41   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 42.0      | 42   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 43.0      | 43   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 44.0      | 44   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 45.0      | 45   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 46.0      | 46   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 47.0      | 47   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 48.0      | 48   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 49.0      | 49   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 50.0      | 50   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 51.0      | 51   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 52.0      | 52   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 53.0      | 53   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 54.0      | 54   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 55.0      | 55   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 56.0      | 56   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 57.0      | 57   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 58.0      | 58   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 59.0      | 59   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 60.0      | 60   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 61.0      | 61   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 62.0      | 62   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 63.0      | 63   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 64.0      | 64   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 65.0      | 65   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 66.0      | 66   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 67.0      | 67   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 68.0      | 68   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 69.0      | 69   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 70.0      | 70   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 71.0      | 71   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 72.0      | 72   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 73.0      | 73   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 74.0      | 74   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 75.0      | 75   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 76.0      | 76   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 77.0      | 77   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 78.0      | 78   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 79.0      | 79   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 80.0      | 80   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 81.0      | 81   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 82.0      | 82   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 83.0      | 83   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 84.0      | 84   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 85.0      | 85   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 86.0      | 86   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 87.0      | 87   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 88.0      | 88   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 89.0      | 89   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 90.0      | 90   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 91.0      | 91   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 92.0      | 92   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 93.0      | 93   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 94.0      | 94   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 95.0      | 95   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 96.0      | 96   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 97.0      | 97   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 98.0      | 98   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 99.0      | 99   |
| 10/1/68 | 10:00 | 100.0     | 100  |

[illegible]

**POLARIZING PINS: 12 & 40**

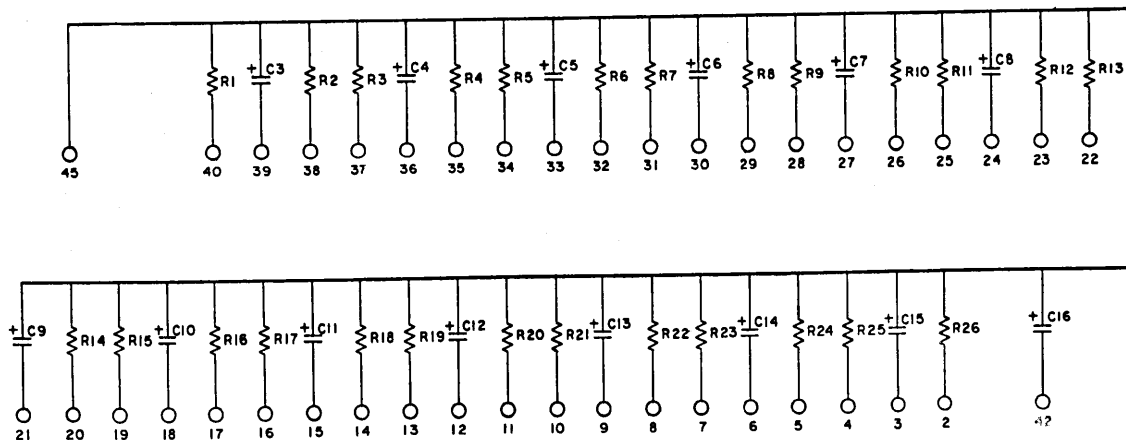
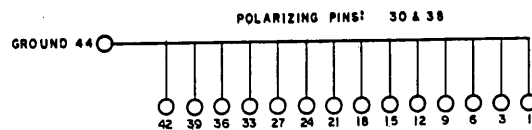




Termination Module +4 ZB50  
104016A

[illegible]

| REVISIONS |                  | DESCRIPTION  | DATE     | BY         | CHKD       |
|-----------|------------------|--|----------|------------|------------|
| A         | PRERELEASED      | ADDED R27, R28, C16 & REMOVED JUMPER FROM PIN 43 TO PIN 45 | 11/17/71 | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |
| B         | RELEASED TO MFG. | RELEASED TO MFG.   | 11/17/71 | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |
| C         | SEE REV E.O.     |  | 1/22/72  | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |



| REVISIONS |                  | DESCRIPTION  | DATE     | BY         | CHKD       |
|-----------|------------------|--|----------|------------|------------|
| A         | PRERELEASED      | ADDED R27, R28, C16 & REMOVED JUMPER FROM PIN 43 TO PIN 45 | 11/17/71 | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |
| B         | RELEASED TO MFG. | RELEASED TO MFG.   | 11/17/71 | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |
| C         | SEE REV E.O.     |  | 1/22/72  | W. J. HALL | W. J. HALL |

SCHEMATIC  
CABLE TERMINATION  
MODULE

104329

C

D

104329

C

104329

C

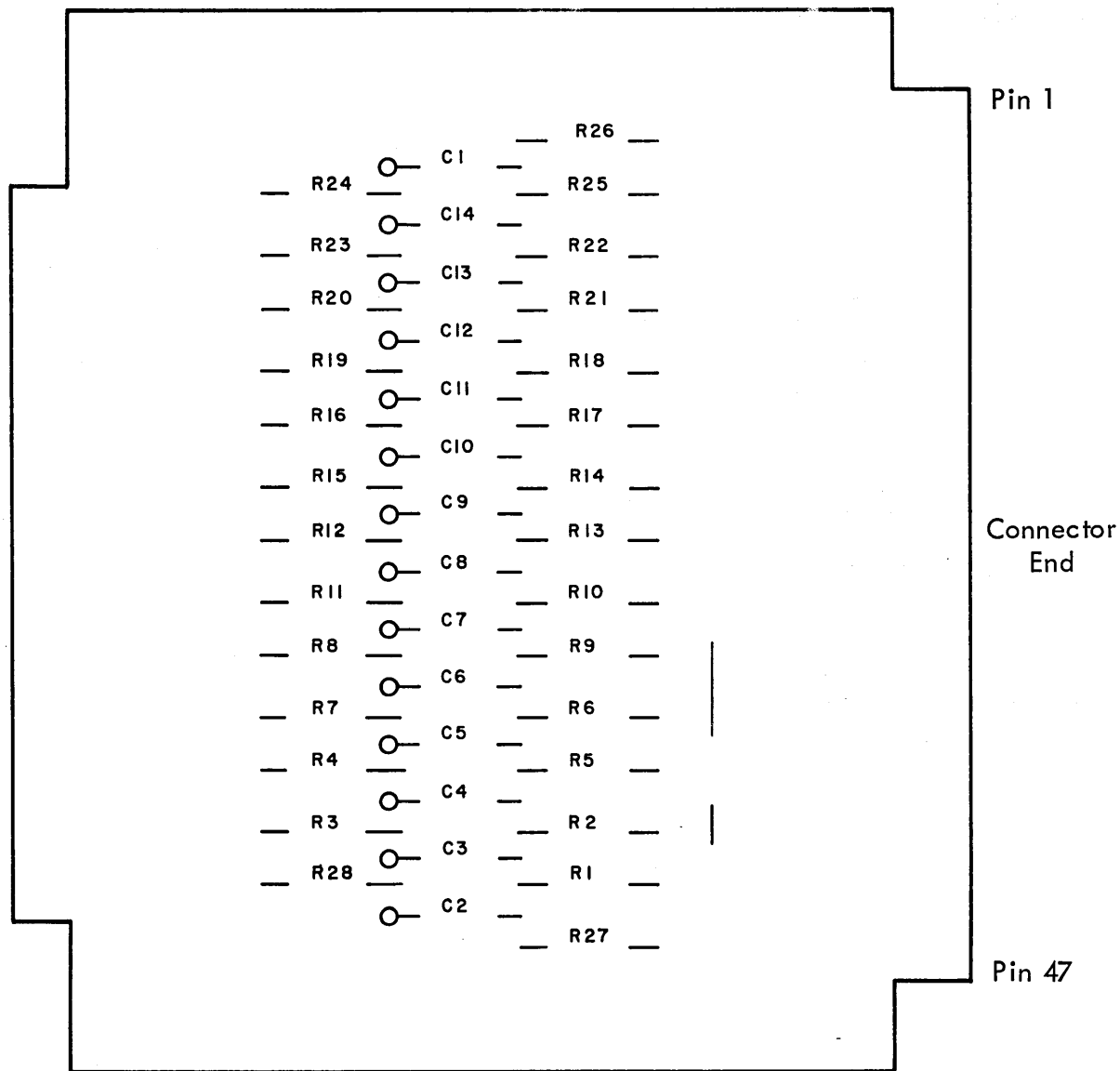
104329

C

104329

C






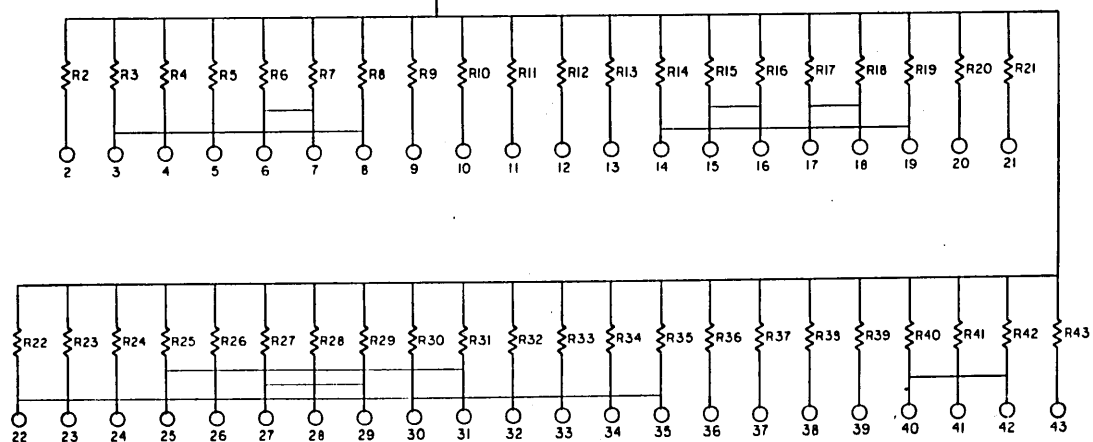
Cable Termination Module ZB52  
104331E

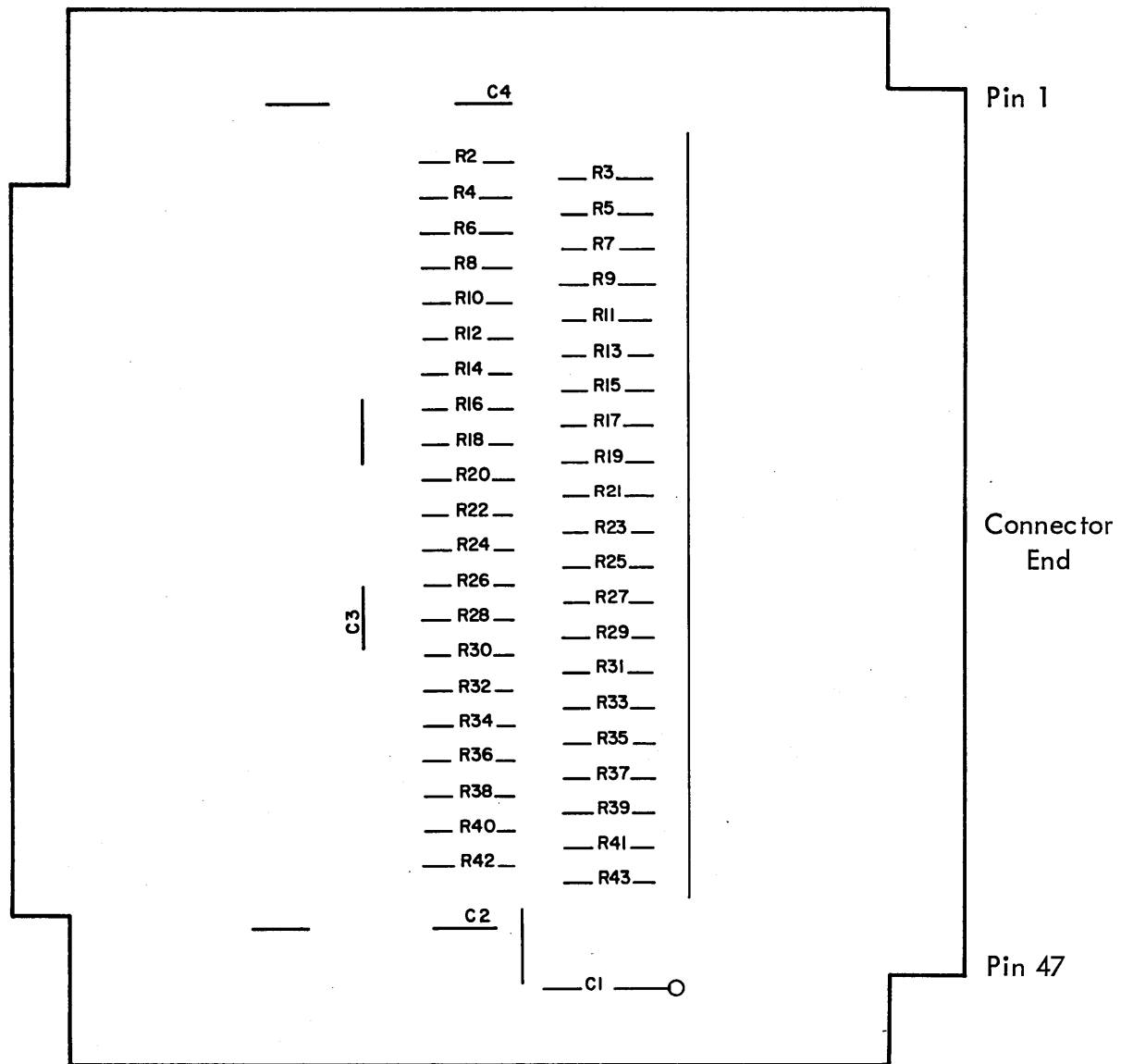
[illegible]

| REV. | DESCRIPTION     | DATE | APPROVED |
|------|-----------------|------|----------|
| A    | RELEASED TO MFG |      |          |

|   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| FORM NO. 104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)   | DRAWING NO. |  | DESCRIPTION  |  | REFERENCE DESIGNATION  |  |
| USE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:<br>1. DATE OF ISSUE: 10/1/68<br>2. DATE OF REVISION: 7/1/68<br>3. REVISION: 7/1/68<br>4. REVISION: 7/1/68<br>5. REVISION: 7/1/68 |             |  | MATERIAL LIST<br>WWW 104993<br>CHECK 7/1/68<br>DATE 7/1/68   |  | <br>SCHEMATIC,<br>TERMINATION MODULE        |  |
| 104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)                                  |             |  | 104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65) |  | 104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65)<br>104-101 (Rev. 10-6-65) |  |

1. R3, R5 THRU R9, R11, R14 THRU R33,  
R35, R40, R41 & R42 ARE OMITTED.





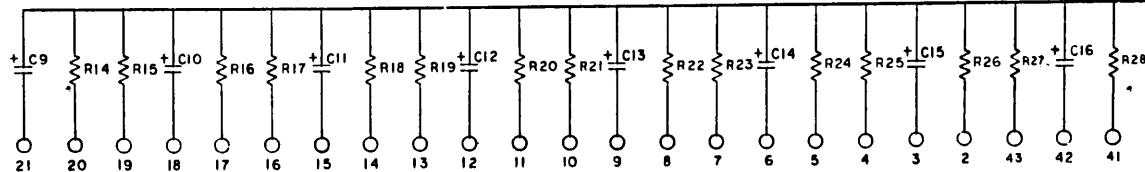
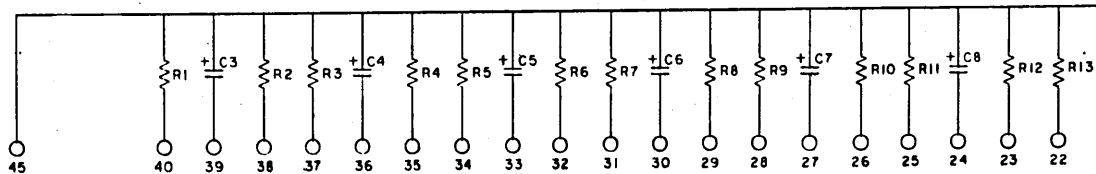
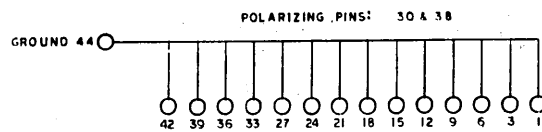
Termination Module ZB55  
104994B

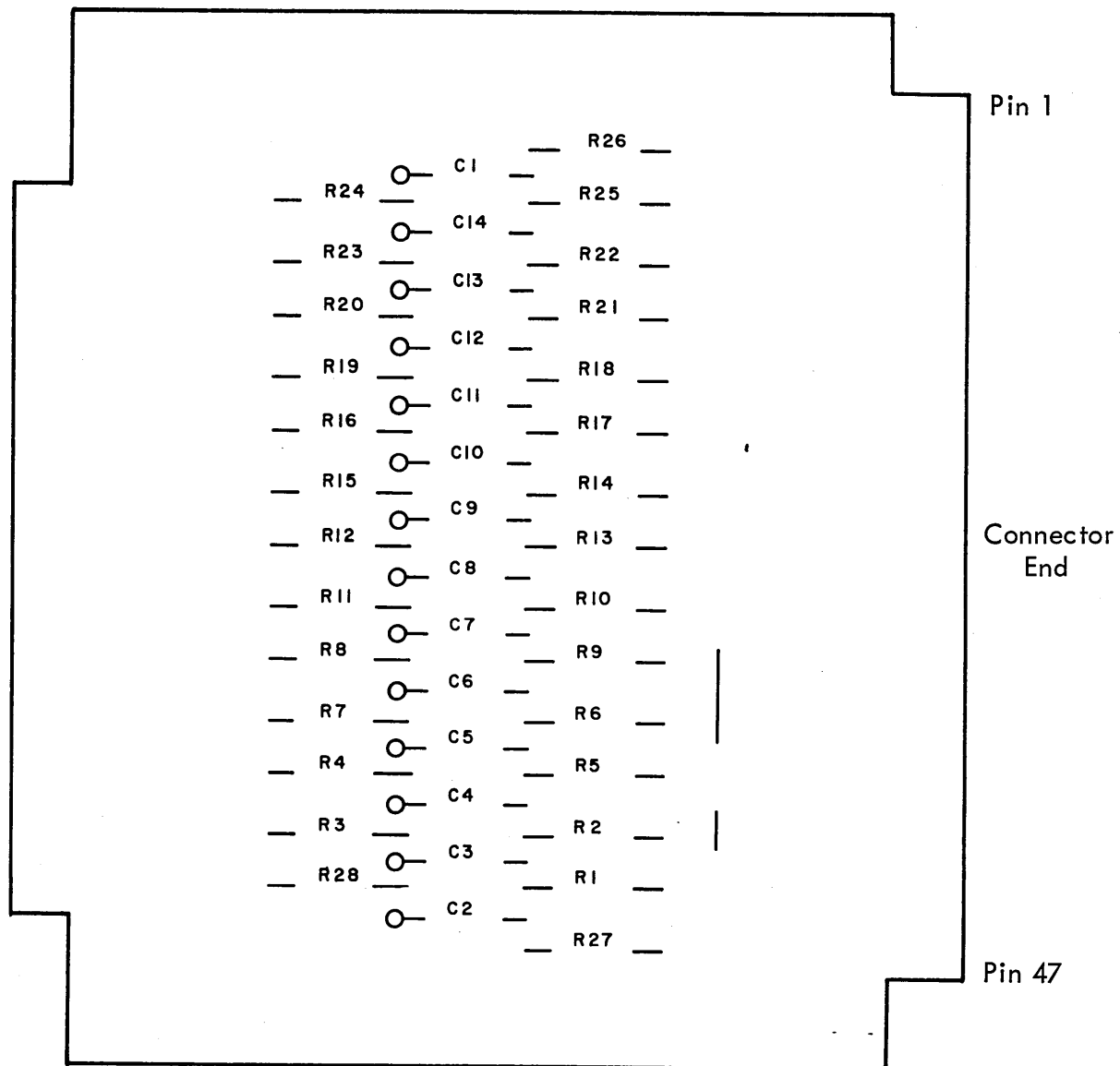
[illegible]

113043 A

|             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| REVISION    | 113043 A  |
| DESCRIPTION | SCHEMATIC |
| RELEASED    | 113043 A  |
| DATE        | 11/19/91  |
| BY          | 11/19/91  |

|             |           |          |
|-------------|-----------|----------|
| DRAIN       | EL        | 11/19/91 |
| CHECK       | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |
| APPR        | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |
| DATE        | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |
| BY          | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |
| REVISION    | 113043 A  | 11/19/91 |
| DESCRIPTION | SCHEMATIC | 11/19/91 |
| RELEASED    | 113043 A  | 11/19/91 |
| DATE        | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |
| BY          | 11/19/91  | 11/19/91 |





Cable Termination Module ZB73  
111991A

[illegible]

SDS-E-106B